"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Friday, with moderate temperature; moderate northeast and east winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 23,203. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1921. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

KING VICTOR ORDERS SPECIAL OBSEQUIES IN CARUSO'S HONOR

Public Funeral in Structure Like Pantheon to Follow Day of Mourning in Naples.

THRONGS VIEW TENOR'S BODY

Ambassador Child Sends Message to Mrs. Caruso on Behalf of America.

NO TRACE OF WILL FOUND

Kept Affairs to Himself and None of Friends Can Estimate Value of Estate.

NAPLES, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—All day today the body of Enrico Caruso was viewed by both the great and humble folk of his native city. The body lay in state in the hotel room where he died, for at the last moment it was decided that the burial should not take place until tomorrow.

By special permission of King Victor Emmanuel, services will be held in the basilica of the Church of San Francesco di Paola, a famous edifice resembling the Pantheon at Rome, constructed by Ferdinand I. in 1817-31.

After this ceremony the body will be taken to the cemetery and placed in the family vault. The Mayor and Prefect of Naples will speak in behalf of the city and national Governments, respectively, and it is probable that the American Consul will deliver a brief address in behalf of the American Government and the City of New York, which Caruso called his second home.

Naples is in truth a city of mourning, and from all parts of Italy have come expressions of grief, many of them of a tender nature, because of late years Caruso had by the mastery of his art and his kindness of heart found his way into the warm affections of the people. Therefore, of the thousands who passed his bier today there was none whose personal grief was not apparent.

Caruso's Last Words, "Let Me Sleep."

Mrs. Caruso today told The Associated Press that her husband's last words were "Let me sleep."

Until a few hours before death, Mrs. Caruso added, the singer had expressed the hope that he would recover, saying, "I must get well, because I must return to the United States and fulfill my contract."

One of the most touching scenes occurred when the godmother of the singer, Signora Maria Castaldi, came to the hotel to inquire how Caruso was faring. She was met at the entrance by Giolio Staffelli, the impresario, who informed her of Caruso's death. The aged woman was overcome with grief; then entered the chapelle ardente and knelt beside the body and prayed.

The little daughter, Gloria, was taken in to see the body of her father today. She only knew that something dreadful had happened, as her father could not speak to her. Mrs. Caruso is bearing her sorrow with fortitude.

The American Ambassador, Richard Washburn Child, has sent the following message to her:

"All the personnel of the Embassy join with me in expressing our profound grief at your loss, which is a loss to the whole world. America feels as much as Italy the loss of him whose heart and voice were of gold. We are at your disposal for whatever can be done."

Estimate Fortune at 30,000,000 Lire.

Caruso, according to estimates in the newspapers, left a fortune of about 30,000,000 lire. (At the normal value of the lire this would represent about the sum of $6,000,000. At the present rate of exchange it would be equivalent to $1,263,000.)

The sculptor Cibariello today took a death mask of Caruso. The Mayor and Municipal Council of Naples solemnly commemorated the famous singer, whose death the Mayor declared was an irreparable loss to Italian lyric art.

Neapolitans of every class stood in line for many hours to file past the bier of Caruso at his hotel. From time to time the silent procession would pause while some man or woman would kneel for a moment beside the body and offer prayer.

The body was clad in evening clothes and over it was shed the mellow light of four candles, two at the head and two at the feet. At the dead tenor's side were garlands of roses arranged personally by Mrs. Caruso.

The master singer, who had for nearly a quarter of a century enacted roles in which death was an unseen player, apparently was cognizant of his critical condition following his sudden illness on Monday.

Just before he sank into the coma which was the prelude to the end he said to his son Rodolfo:

"I feel very ill. This time it will be difficult to escape."

Newspapers of this city, in telling of the death of Caruso, quote one of the attending physicians as saying:

"I and my colleagues believe Caruso never fully recovered from his illness in New York last Winter. His long sickness from pleurisy weakened his resistance."

Italy Mourns as Once for King.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

ROME, Aug. 4.—Since the tragic days twenty-one years ago when the Italian

Continued on Page Three.

Mrs. Caruso to Contest Will, Not Providing for Gloria

Special Cable to The New York Times.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Milan correspondent of The London Times says:

"By his last will Caruso left 40,000,000 lire to two sons of his first wife, Rudolph and Harry. The bequest is dated New York, 1919.

"Mme. Caruso has made application to set aside this will, as it does not provide for her daughter, Gloria."

ASPIRIN FOR INDIGESTION. KEEP IT HANDY. DON'T FORGET.—Adv.

Can't Use Footrail or Counter In Wisconsin Soft Drink Bars

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 3.—Consumers of non-intoxicating drinks in Wisconsin must stand far enough away from the bar to be unable to place a foot on the rail or to set a glass on the counter in order to keep from violating the new State Prohibition law, according to an opinion today by J. E. Messerschmidt, Assistant Attorney General.

The opinion came at the height of a controversy over the exact meaning of a provision of the new law relating to bars, which, according to some officers, required the removal of all bars and screens.

PENN. R. R. BALKS AT OPEN LABOR BALLOT

Officials Object to Labor Board Rule Abolishing Secret System.

GIVES WEAPON TO UNIONS

Officials See Danger of Closed Shop Issue Being Raised at New Election.

The reason for the indecision on the part of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company system in accepting the Federal Railroad Board recent drastic order calling for a new election by the employes of the Pennsylvania system was revealed yesterday by men intimately acquainted with the entire controversy between the Pennsylvania Railroad officials and the American Federation of Labor affiliated organizations.

The main stumbling block appears to be the phraseology of the ballot ordered by the United States Railroad Labor Board. The wording of this ballot was an unpleasant surprise to the Pennsylvania officials. The Pennsylvania management used a secret form of ballot in the recent election of delegates among its employes. The new ballot, however, demands the name of the voter.

Object to Signed Ballot.

The requirement that each voter shall sign his name would, according to officials, practically prevent a democratic ballot. It is pointed out that any member of the two American Federation of Labor organizations in good standing who would vote the company employe representation ballot and then sign his name would be a marked man if he should ever leave the Pennsylvania system and engage with another railroad where the American Federation of Labor had working agreements.

One authority stated: "The Railroad Labor Board bulletin states that in this sophisticated land of popular elections no political party would submit to having its primary held and managed by the opposing party.' Quite true. But no political party in a free country ever compelled the voter to sign his name on the ballot, which would in many cases cost the voter his job.

"The Australian ballot guarantees freedom, but the fundamental principle of that freedom is in the secret ballot. The signed ballot, as ordered by the Labor Board, simply means that no union men in good standing would dare to vote the employe representation ballot with his signature attached. Therefore, if such an election was held, the railroad company would not get the votes of union men employed by the organization, no matter how favorable they were to the company's plan.

Employes Free Under Old System.

"The Pennsylvania ballots issued in the recent election were not only secret but gave every employe of the organization absolute choice in designating the man he wished to have represent him in negotiating with the company officials. The ballot itself stated specifically that the company would recognize and negotiate with every delegate elected by a majority ballot whether union or non-union.

"Furthermore, no representatives of the company, foremen, assistant foremen, master mechanics or superintendents, were allowed in any way to influ-

Continued on Page Ten.

BASEBALL LEADERS WON'T LET WHITE SOX RETURN TO THE GAME

Judge Landis, Ban Johnson and Comiskey Not Moved by Jury Verdict.

HOLD CROOKEDNESS SHOWN

And the Decision in Court Was Only Technical Under State Law.

"BUCK" WEAVER MAY SUE

But the Other Accused Men Are Not Likely to Attempt Reinstatement.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The rulers of organized baseball promptly declared today that the acquitted White Sox players would not be reinstated despite the verdict of the jury last night.

Charles A. Comiskey, the White Sox owner; Judge Landis, who is official arbitrator, and Ban Johnson, President of the American League, issued separate statements, each of which contributed its bit toward destroying any hopes the players may have had for reinstatement.

"Cicotte confessed to me that he had been 'crooked,'" said Mr. Comiskey, "and implicated seven other players. Until they all are able to explain this to my satisfaction none of them will play with the Sox."

Judge Landis gave out this statement:

"Regardless of the verdict of juries, no player that throws a ball game; no player that undertakes or promises to throw a ball game; no player that sits in a conference with a bunch of crooked players and gamblers where the ways and means of throwing games are planned and discussed and does not promptly tell his club about it, will ever play professional baseball.

"Of course, I don't know that any of these men will apply for reinstatement, but if they do, the above are at least a few of the rules that will be enforced. Just keep in mind that, regardless of the verdict of juries, baseball is entirely competent to protect itself against crooks, both inside and outside the game."

President Johnson said:

"The trial of the indicted players and gamblers which closed yesterday uncovered the greatest crime it was possible to commit in baseball. The fact that the men were freed by a Cook County jury does not alter the conditions one iota or minimize the magnitude of such offenses."

"The energetic prosecution of the State clearly indicates that crimes of this character will not be permitted to go unchallenged."

Speculation as to whether there will be any further prosecution of the indicted players was definitely disposed of by the State's Attorney, Robert E. Crowe.

"As far as I am concerned the case is closed," said Mr. Crowe. "There are several other indictments against the men, but the one under which they were tried contained virtually all the charges. We shall quash the remaining indictments."

Despite the statements of Judge Landis, Comiskey and Johnson, not all of the "Black Sox" have abandoned hope for reinstatement.

"I am entirely innocent and the jury has proved that," said Risberg. "I leave my future in the hands of organized baseball."

"I never had anything to do with the so-called conspiracy," said Happy Felsch. "The jury has cleared my name."

"If it had not been for those two liars, Bill Burns and Billy Maharg, I would not have been mixed up in this," said "Chick" Gandil. "Anyway, it's all over now."

Eddie Cicotte refused to discuss the case.

"I talked once on this, never again," he said. "All I want is to get back to Detroit."

Joe Jackson, former outfielder, said he was through with baseball. He and Claude Williams are said to have prospered with a Chicago poolroom, and it

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Alpine Ascents by Airplane Promised; Swiss Hope to Start Service Next Summer

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

BERNE, Aug. 2.—Trips to Alpine resorts by airplane are promised for next Summer. The safe landing of the airman Durafour on the snow fields of the Dôme du Gouter, at a height of 14,210 feet, or 1,572 feet below the summit of Mont Blanc, is, according to the officials of a Swiss airplane company, only the beginning of a new era in Alpine tours.

The ordinary ascent of Mont Blanc from Chamonix takes sixteen hours, and the night must be spent at a height of 10,000 feet. The ascent from the hut must be begun not later than two hours after midnight, so that the ascent and descent can be made before the snow is much softened by the sun. By airplane tourists will be able to leave Chamonix about an hour and a half before sunrise and reach the Dôme du Gouter in about twenty minutes. Then, with a guide, they can reach the summit in another hour and watch the sunrise from the highest European mountain. Similarly, it will be possible to see the sunset from the summit.

Alpine airplanes will be stationed at all climbing centres, such as Zermatt, Arola, Grindelwald and Pontresina. Airplanes will be able to take passengers to the summits of certain mountains, for instance, from Kermatt to that of the Breithorn, which is 13,685 feet high, or from Zermatt to that of the Weissenkuppe, 12,830 feet high. But for mountains crowned with slender ridges of rock and snow or fos rock peaks like the Matterhorn airplanes will land passengers on the snow plateau below the summit, whence they will be taken the rest of the way by guides.

The guides are alarmed at this prospect, but the airplane people say that more tourists will be ascending peaks for the sake of the view from the summits than ever ascended for the sake of climbing proper, and that the fees obtained for taking aerial passengers from the landing places to the actual summits will exceed those now earned from climbers.

Possible landing places in the high Alps are already being carefully examined by air pilots and mechanics, and airplanes will be specially constructed for landing on snow. The recent disaster to the airplane which landed on a snow field of the Aletsch Glacier near the Jungfrau was due to the fact that the machine had not been equipped for such a landing.

Each airplane will carry six passengers and six guides, and the passengers will be provided with the necessary equipment for the final ascent. The expense of an ordinary ascent, including that of spending the night in a hut, is hardly less than $40 for one person, and the cost of the airplane trip is expected not to exceed $25, including pay for the services of a guide from the landing place to the summit.

The best writing papers are WATERMAN'S.—Adv.

Commons Lifts Part of War Liquor Curb; Lady Astor Cries 'Shame!' at New Terms

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—After an all night session the House of Commons at 4 o'clock this morning passed the Licensing bill, which now goes to the Lords and will probably become a law within three weeks. The bill permits light beers, saying that liquors of not more than 2 per cent. alcohol are not to be held as intoxicating.

The measure does not do away with all the restrictions on the sale of alcoholic liquors imposed during the war, but at the same time it extends the hours during which liquor can be sold on licensed premises to 8 per diem in the provinces and 9 in the London area.

In London hotels and restaurants, supper parties will be able to consume alcoholic beverages with their food up till 12:30 A. M., provided the orders be given before midnight.

One of the features of the new bill is that with it there disappears what used to be known as the travelers' privilege of getting a drink during the prohibited hours. In pre-war days, a man had only to go three miles from home to become a "traveler" and, as such, entitled to obtain whatever liquid refreshment his soul hankered for.

The Attorney General was deaf to pleas on behalf of the traveler, bona fide or otherwise. In the old days, he said, the so-called traveler walked his statutory three miles to quench his thirst, but today he could cover the distance without using his legs at all.

"I think the time has arrived," said the Attorney General, "to bid him farewell with whatever degree of lachrymosity may be appropriate."

There was nothing in the bill, added the Attorney General, to prevent the supply of liquor to a real traveler arriving at any time at a hotel at which he was going to stop.

"He can drink for the rest of the night," he said.

"Shame!" cried Lady Astor, who, although unaccustomed to attend night sessions of the House, had sat this one through.

Sir Donald MacLean stated that he and his fellow Liberals did not regard the bill as a complete and final measure, but they could welcome it as far as it goes because it would enable the country to retain considerable ground gained during the war, and would save the nation from backsliding into the bad "old times."

One of the arguments put forward by the most of the speakers in favor of restrictions was the necessity of temperance if there was to be successful competition with dry America.

GILROY COMPLETES COALITION TICKET

Nephew of Former Tammany Mayor Designated for President of Aldermanic Board.

SUPPORTED HYLAN IN 1917

Local Fusion Conferences to Be Held to Select Candidates for Minor Offices.

The anti-Tammany coalition forces now have a complete city ticket in the field. To the names of Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, and Senator Charles C. Lockwood of Brooklyn, already designated as candidates for Mayor and Controller respectively, that of Vincent Gilroy of Manhattan was added yesterday afternoon as candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Gilroy is an independent Democrat.

The vote designating Mr. Gilroy was taken at an adjourned meeting of the Anti-Tammany Conference Committee in the Hotel Commodore. It was unanimous. The committee then adjourned subject to the call of the Chair. It probably will not be called together until the time has arrived for adopting a Coalition platform, three or four weeks hence.

Mr. Gilroy was not first choice of the independents for Aldermanic President. He was named only after Cyrus C. Miller, former Borough President of the Bronx and an independent Democrat, had declined to run. Mr. Miller was reached by telephone at Greenboro, Vt., by Richard W. Lawrence, Republican leader of the Bronx. He told Mr. Lawrence it would be impossible for him to become a candidate because of his law practice.

Mr. Gilroy actively supported Mayor Hylan four years ago, but in a speech after he had been designated by the coalitionists he said he had inside knowledge of some things in the Hylan administration that required correction.

Nephew of Late Tammany Mayor.

"It was for that reason I came to serve on this committee," he said. "I wanted to help in the selection of a ticket that would sweep from power the incompetent administration which is giving this city the worst misgovernment within living memory, but I never had any idea that I would be on it myself."

Mr. Gilroy is a nephew of the late Thomas F. Gilroy, a Tammany Mayor who preceded the late Mayor Strong. He is a lawyer, connected with Gilroy & Townsend of 31 Park Row. He is 52 years old, looks boyish, but is vigorous and alert, with a natural gift for oratory. Members of the Conference Committee say he showed so much common sense in the deliberations that he made a decided impression.

Until three years ago Mr. Gilroy was a regular member of the Tammany organization, although always anti-Murphy. He supported Ross Williams in the old Seventeenth Assembly District on the upper west side and went down to defeat with that anti-Murphy leader. Murphy, it was learned, had made overtures to get him to return to the Tammany fold, but always in vain. He served one year in the Assembly. He resides at 121 Post Street, in the Inwood section of Manhattan, which is on the border of the Bronx. He is said to be strong with labor organizations, and the Coalition leaders look to him for an active campaign.

Price Presents Gilroy's Name.

Mr. Gilroy's name was presented to the Conference Committee by Joseph M. Price, Chairman of the Coalition Committee.

"He not only will make a good candidate, but a straight and upright, as well as capable, official should he be elected," said Mr. Price.

John Gerdes, a Brooklyn member of the Citizens Union, moved for an hour's recess after Mr. Gilroy's name was presented, and the appointment of a committee of five to deliberate on the candidate's qualifications. He found no second, and his motion was not entertained by Charles D. Hillis, Republican National Committeeman, who wielded the gavel.

Miss Helen Varick Boswell, Vice Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee, was the first of a long line of seconders of the nomination.

"Four years ago this young man was with Mayor Hylan on the platform all through his campaign," she said. "He has learned his lesson so well in the four years that have elapsed since that now he is with us. We are glad to have him with us and will elect him

Continued on Page Eight.

REPORT AMERICANS FREED BY SOVIET

Rumor Is Current in Riga, but Is Without Official Confirmation as Yet.

MOSCOW READY FOR A SIEGE

Trenches Dug and Guns Installed to Keep Out Famine Armies Moving on the City.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

RIGA, Aug. 3.—The astonishing feature of the Moscow newspapers of July 29 and 30, which have been received here today, is that the sole news item from the famine area is the announcement that student and other bodies have given parts of their rations and pay for the benefit of the sufferers.

To appreciate this, suppose that the whole Middle West was dying of starvation and that the New York press was carrying only such item. Indeed, similar announcements about subscriptions are the only reference to the famine at all, with the exception of an editorial by Radek in the Pravda, entitled "Not Bread, but a Stone," decrying the possibilities of outside help and suggesting that any such work is a disguise for the preparation of a counter-revolution.

This does not promise well for the success of the Hoover negotiations—of which there is absolutely no mention in the Moscow papers. Nor is there any allusion to the American prisoners, although the Soviet Mission here stated today that it believed "they had already been released from confinement," but had no definite information on the subject.

It seems clear that the opinions of the Soviet leaders are divided. Lenin's desire for moderation and the reopening of relations with the outer world is opposed by the radical elements. It is stated here that the issue will probably be decided by Trotsky, but no one, Bolshevik or otherwise, professes to know which side the War Minister espouses.

RIGA, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—American prisoners in Russia have been released from confinement, according to unofficial reports at the Bolshevist Legation Press Bureau here today; but there was no word as to the number released or when, how, or where they would be delivered across the border.

When Walter L. Brown, European Director of the American Relief Administration, arrives here from London for the purpose of distributing relief in the famine districts of Russia, he will find scores of all classes of Russian, some American and people of other nationalities anxious, on one pretext or another, to accompany the relief administration's forces into Russia. Local American relief headquarters is being besieged by applicants volunteering to make the trip, some out of mere curiosity, some anxious really to be of assistance and others frankly saying that they are trying to get into Russia to see what has happened to relatives, friends or their property.

Moscow newspapers received here, and also a wireless dispatch from the Rosta News Agency, tell in detail of the collections that are being taken up and of the suffering in Russia, but they shed little light on the actual situation in the Volga region. Baltic newspapers today print a number of rumors regarding events in Russia. One is to the effect that Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Minister of War, has been named Food Dictator, and that heavy reinforcements of troops have been rushed into the famine district to control the starving masses, who are pictured as beating down the guards, invading cities and eating everything they find.

All such rumors are without any sort of confirmation and are considered here as unworthy of much credence, although fears of danger arising from the migrations of the starving masses have been mentioned in the official Bolshevist newspapers received here from Russia. Stern control over this migration was recently ordered.

In Moscow, according to recent arrivals, there was no indication of famine. Small numbers of refugees had managed to reach that city, but it was said that the Government was attempting to direct the masses into the fruitful regions of Siberia and the Ukraine, instead of permitting them to go to the cities.

Owing to the fact that many villages where starvation prevails are far from

Continued on Page Six.

STOP GOV. HARDING IN RUSH WITH FIST UPON J. S. WILLIAMS

Persons at Hearing on Federal Reserve Credits Prevent Fight When Charges Are Made.

LIE IS PASSED TO STRONG

Ex-Controller Severely Criticises Reserve Chief and Head of New York Bank.

ASSAILS LOAN METHODS

Declares High Rates Are Charged and Banks in Farming Districts Are Restricted.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Criticism of Federal Reserve system credit policies, which was continued today before a Congressional commission by John Skelton Williams, former Controller of the Currency, aroused resentment on the part of the system's two highest officers, Governor Harding of the Reserve Board and Governor Strong of the New York Reserve Bank. In one of the frequent verbal interchanges Governor Harding charged across the committee room, swinging his fist, but was halted by struggling associates just in front of his adversary, who remained cool, but was rising for the threatened encounter.

A few minutes later Mr. Strong, while reading to the commission a report which charged Mr. Williams with "false and misleading statements," was interrupted by the former Controller, who shouted:

"That statement of yours is false."

Governor Strong, however, continued to read, and presently referred to Mr. Williams as being "jealous of his prerogatives."

"And that's a lie, too," Mr. Williams interjected.

"At this point, I request the committee to require the Controller to make oath whether he has stated the whole truth or not," Governor Strong exclaimed.

Chairman Anderson ruled amid confusion that it was "not feasible to adopt the policy at this stage of the game."

Both Federal Reserve officials, with a number of associates, had sat, apparently unmoved, during two days along with an audience which numbered many Senators and Representatives allied with the "agricultural group" in Congress while Mr. Williams elaborated three general charges. He said first that the board had countenanced undue lendings to a New York banking group during the last two years, for speculative uses, while forcing liquidation in Southern and Western agricultural districts, that it had allowed extortionate interest charges and generally failed to "ease down" inflation.

Gov. Harding Demands a Hearing.

Governor Harding rose out of the audience and demanded a hearing on personal grounds, to deny allegations concerning himself, as Mr. Williams had made them. Presently with Governor Strong, he produced from the confidential files of the Reserve offices correspondence and reports to combat Mr. Williams's criticisms.

To answer letters and memoranda read by Mr. Williams, and which he said he had sent to associates on the Reserve Board during 1920 and 1921, protesting against their policy and course, Governor Harding demanded and received permission to read a single letter of response which the board made to Mr. Williams in 1921.

"The Federal Reserve Board feels constrained to say," the letter read, "that your action * * * has demonstrated the futility of discussions with you on questions of honor and fair play."

Mr. Williams's criticisms of the board's handling of credit problems as contained in the correspondence and repeated to the Congressional commission were characterized in Governor Harding's letter as "ignorant, inaccurate and misleading."

"The object seems to have been merely to make a record during your tenure of office of statements to be handed to the public later," the letter read in part, "as an appeal to prejudices and sympathies and not to reason."

The letter further set forth that Mr. Williams's criticisms generally were "trivial, irrelevant or susceptible of no definite constructive interpretation."

As to the criticism of lending to New York banks, the Harding letter said that

Continued on Page Three.

Proposals to Withdraw Troops From Coblenz Are Shelved

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Several resolutions relating to withdrawal of American occupation forces from Germany, long pending before the House Foreign Affairs Committee, are not expected to be acted on this session, if at all.

Chairman Porter announced today that he had discussed the situation with the State Department and that it was not believed the committee would be justified in taking action at this time.

"It is my personal view," Mr. Porter said, "that American soldiers will remain in Germany until we have adjusted our affairs with that country, which I trust will take place in the next sixty or ninety days."

HOST OF CRIMINALS IN MAIL THEFT GANG

Burglar Is Indicted as Implicated in Operations Centring in Chicago.

SWINDLERS ARE HUNTED

New York Man Under Arrest Said to Have Asked Coupons From a Stolen Bond.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—A tangled trail of swindles, peculiar stock deals, bank crashes and stolen securities from 1902 until the present time was being followed today by Federal officials engaged in revealing the machinations of John W. Worthington and the Central Securities Company.

From witness after witness details were learned which show an astonishing conspiracy, according to John V. Clinnin, Assistant United States Attorney.

All sorts of criminals are being connected with the doings of the concern. The name of "Big Tim" Murphy who is under indictment for the Pullman and the Dearborn Station mail robberies, was linked with that of Worthington. Discovery of a letter in Worthington's office, according to Mr. Clinnin, indicates the two had dealings in common.

Other new names appearing in the case today were those of Melville Reeves, known to the police as "the skyscraper burglar," and John Henry Stroenider, who served a term in Joliet Penitentiary for swindling Dr. William T. Kirby out of $20,000 by a wire-tapping scheme.

Reeves, it became known today, was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury last week on charges of active participation in the "Robbers' Trust" headed by Worthington. A warrant was issued for Reeves and Federal agents left at once for a Western city, where he is believed to be spending his vacation.

Whether Reeves was concerned in the $3,000,000 Sinclair Oil robbery in New York, the Dearborn Station mail robbery in Chicago and the Council Bluffs mail robbery, Mr. Clinnin would not say.

A fruitful story was told today by Joseph Stout, an Oak Park broker arrested last night. Mr. Stout, who was at first thought to be implicated in the gang, gave Mr. Clinnin dates and figures in Worthington deals for a decade. He himself lost $30,000 in a swindle alleged to have been operated by Worthington. It was to get this back, he said, that he went in with Worthington.

To aid the Government, Mr. Stout will appear as a witness before the Grand July and later at the trial. He was released on his personal recognizance.

"His story is important," Mr. Clinnin said. "Many of the things that puzzled us have been checked up through him. His testimony will prove invaluable."

Stout's statement went back as far as 1902 and included operations which wrecked a Chicago and several out of town banks and a large insurance company. It is not a confession, but merely a statement."

A phone call received late this afternoon at the District Attorney's office announced that early tomorrow Alva Harshman of Milwaukee, one of the men for whom warrants had been issued, would surrender at the Federal Building here.

Arthur K. Goldsmith of New York, who has been arrested as being the head of the New York branch of the "trust," figured twice in today's developments. The Federal officers seized $355 worth of washed savings stamps sent by special delivery to Worthington by Goldsmith. This shipment had been followed through the mails by Government agents for three months.

It is stated that when arrested in New York Goldsmith had in his possession

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Armistice Day Is Formally Proposed For Opening of Disarmament Parley

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The United States has proposed to the principal allied and associated powers and China that the international conference on disarmament, the Pacific and the Far East, shall assemble in Washington on Armistice Day, Nov. 11.

This date has been mentioned frequently as that which would be most acceptable to the United States for the opening of the conference, but it had not been officially suggested to the powers. It was President Harding who first intimated that his preference was for Armistice Day. This intimation was given at one of the President's semi-weekly conferences with newspaper men. It was put out by him as his own suggestion, and he would not say that it had been adopted officially by the Government.

There has been reference to Armistice Day as the date for the opening of the conference in press dispatches from Europe. Evidently the President's suggestion was being considered by the powers prior to any formal proposal of that date.

President Harding was not insistent that Armistice Day should be chosen. He liked the date, because of the sentiment attached to it, but indicated that in hoping it would be selected he would not put sentiment above convenience.

That Washington will be the place of the conference is regarded as having been practically decided, although there has been no formal expression on that point from the invited nations.

In the absence of replies from the various Governments as to the acceptability of Nov. 11, there can be no definite assurance that the conference will be fixed for that date. Administration officials are exceedingly optimistic that it will be chosen. Real obstacles are thrown in the way of an agreement on Nov. 11, the Administration would be willing to accept some date preferably in September or October.

Under Secretary of State Fletcher today conferred with Budget Commissioner Dawes on the subject of funds defraying the expenses of the American delegation in the conference. An estimate for the purpose must be in the hands of Mr. Dawes by Aug. 15.

BRITAIN TO CONTINUE HER NAVY BUILDING, PENDING CONFERENCE

Commons Votes Four Battle Cruisers After Much Talk on Disarming.

SPOKESMEN EXPLAIN PLAN

Seeking to Confer Here Only on Equal Terms With Other Powers.

ONE-POWER STANDARD NOW

Competition Not Encouraged, but Churchill Says Delay Might Mean Inferior Position.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 4.—The House of Commons accepted the revised Navy estimates last night.

The Financial Secretary of the Admiralty, Colonel Amery, had the task of explaining the Admiralty's policy. He emphasized that the policy of laying down four capital ships was not one of competition or challenge but simpy the replacing of obsolete ships. The Grand Fleet, not only by the actual wear and tear of the war but by experience of war, had become in large measure obsolete.

"At the present moment," he declared impressively, "there are under construction whole battle fleets of vessels of a type incomparably more powerful than anything afloat at the battle of Jutland, in the face of whose battering shell fire all ships of earlier design are liable to instant destruction by penetration of their magazines."

Japan had already under construction eight of these ships. She was voting money for eight more and the United States would by 1925 have twelve of these supreme engines of war. Great Britain, Colonel Amery said, had only one post-Jutland battleship, the Hood, and she was equipped with only 15-inch guns.

Not only was there no challenge in the Government's modest program of four new capital ships to be completed by 1925, but the Admiralty was open to the charge that it was allowing the navy to fall below the standard announced by the Government in March, 1920.

Great Britain's small program could not affect in any way the program before the Washington conference. Britain depended still on the high moral and professional efficiency of the personnel of the navy, "but we cannot sustain that efficiency indefinitely on obsolete material."

Colonel Amery said that four ships would be battle cruisers of the Hood type, with improved armament of sixteen-inch guns and bilge protection. They would be built by contract.

As one more important fact he mentioned that the problem of the future naval defense of the empire was considered at the recent conference of Premiers and embodied in a resolution recognizing the necessity of co-operation and holding that equality with the naval strength of any other power was the minimum standard, and declaring that defiuition of such co-operation should be a matter for final determination by the several Parliaments concerned after the coming conference on disarmament.

"That resolution," Colonel Amery declared amid approving cheers, "is an important landmark in British naval policy." Mr. Asquith suggested the armament problem might be solved at the Washington conference by an agreement on the maximum shipbuilding figure.

Rear Admiral Sueter made a speech in criticism of the proposal. As air expert he was naturally an anti-capital ship man. The perfection of the submarine had, he said, definitely limited the value of the capital ship. Defense of these islands could be carried out by submarines, destroyers and aircraft. "The capital ship," he said, "does not come into the picture at all."

Lady Astor Speaks.

Lady Astor said the Government seemed to have a progressive program conducted by stern necessity. She was all for keeping this country as a first-class naval power, though she had great faith in the English-speaking nations and believed they did not want to fight. She believed the American President was thoroughly in earnest in summoning the conference on the subject of disarmament, but it was no use for Britain to go to that conference as a third-class power.

Commander Bellairs considered it was the Japanese program that was leading to the race in armaments today.

Mr. Churchill deputized for the First Lord of the Admiralty. In summarizing the debate he defended with great earnestness the capital ship program and warned the committee against weakening the navy. Britain might cultivate the good-will of other countries, but she should exist only on sufferance.

"We have never done that," he said. "We have always been able to answer by ourselves for the essential sources of British security."

Britain was sincere, added Mr. Churchill, in hoping for a happy result from the Washington conference, but she was not going to accept a position of certain and permanent naval inferiority.

"We look forward to a long peace," said Mr. Churchill in conclusion, "to a peace which, when the present period of exhaustion is over, as it will be in a few years, will lead to a period of prosperity. But whether good or bad, let us stand on our own feet. Only in this way will we be able to play the part of a real peacemaker, only in this way will we be able to walk hand in hand with the United States, not as a supplicant but

protection but as an equal partner in the common victory and an equal partner in the future of the world."

Finally the vote of £11,845,000 asked for by Colonel Amery for the Navy was put and carried.

Speaks for an International Sea Force.

The Daily News, commenting on the Commons naval debate, says:

"We are not the only possessors of obsolescent ships. To start replacing them is to initiate a new naval program and so far as that lies within us to enter new international competition in shipbuilding and to prejudice the issue of the Washington conference. The attempt has been made to show we are not building against anybody or in competition with anybody. We are building as it were, in vacuo for the mere security of our dominions and our trade. That is not true. Colonel Amery disproved it when he justified our program last night by comparing it with those of America and Japan.

All nations want security. Are they to go on seeking it by competitive armaments? The obvious post-war road to security is an international naval force to police the seas. Let us seek that at Washington. When we have a commission from the League of Nations or Association of Nations to build ships for an international police force we can go ahead with a clear conscience. Let us postpone competitive building at least till we see whether or not Washington can give such a commission."

The Daily Chronicle, on the other hand, says:

"The naval standard now accepted as governing our policy—that we should have a navy not inferior to that of any other single power—can scarcely be thought excessive when one remembers the unique dependence both of our island and of our empire upon the sea."

As regards the question of saving on the navy without compromising the country's defense, The Chronicle says one way is to get an agreement with the United States and Japan limiting further expansion of the world's three leading navies.

"This must remain a very important object of our statesmanship," it says, "but if it is achieved, it will hardly affect the four ships under discussion, since their American and Japanese equivalent are already on the stocks."

Would Avoid Competition.

LONDON, Aug. 3 (Associated Press.)—Alluding to the navy building programs of the United States and Japan, Colonel Amery in the House today argued that the Admiralty by proposing the completion of only four ships by 1925 was laying itself open to the charge of accepting the risk that the British navy would temporarily be inferior in strength to the naves of other powers, but the Government was facing this risk in order to avoid any step tending to invite fresh competition on the eve of a conference for disarmament.

The object of the disarmament conference, he said, was an endeavor to secure by agreement no further expansion of the navies of the three greatest naval powers, but as it was quite unlikely that the other powers participating in the conference would offer to scrap the ships already built or under construction, it was obvious that the building of these four ships, or even twice their number, could not in any way affect the problem before the conference.

Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for the Colonies, replying in the debate for the Government, made reference to the big building programs in both the United States and Japan. He contended that there could be no conceivable cause for a quarrel with either of these countries. Still, the fact remained that if England delayed another year the construction of necessary vital units she would have to face a position of definite and perhaps final naval inferiority. She would sink to the third naval power, and, once sunk there, might never be able to recover.

During Colonel Amery's statement he said that submarines had come to stay, but their power depended upon concealment, necessitating a sacrifice in speed. He added that the offensive power of the airplane had become indispensable to sea warfare, but that its scope at present was circumscribed.

It was announced in the House today that the Imperial Cabinet had considered the entire problem of the naval security of the empire and that the conclusions reached were embodied in the following resolutions passed at a meeting of the Premiers of the empire:

"While recognizing the necessity of co-operation of the various portions of the empire in providing such naval defense as may prove to be essential for security, and while holding that equality with the naval strength of any other power is the minimum standard for that purpose, the conference is of the opinion that the method and extent of such co-operation are matters for the final determination of the several Parliaments concerned and any recommendations thereon should be deferred until after the forthcoming conference of disarmament."

MYSTERIOUS MURDER IN A FRENCH TRAIN

Merchant Found Shot and Robbed in Local Suburban Train at a Paris Station.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—Before Paris has had time to recover from the excitement caused by the Marseilles train hold-up and the shooting of the bandits by the police outside a Paris café last Saturday another train murder sensation within the suburbs of the city has developed.

When the after-luncheon train from the little residential town of St. Germain, some fifteen miles from the city, arrived at the Gare St. Lazare this afternoon a cleaner found in a first class carriage a well-dressed man, apparently asleep. When he tried to wake him he found blood trickling from his hair, and a closer examination showed a bullet-hole behind his right ear.

The cleaner at once called the station police and other officials and it was found that the man was still living. He died, however, before he could be removed to a hospital and the police are faced with an apparently clueless mystery as to how he met his death in a suburban local train in a fifteen-mile run in the middle of the day.

In the carriage there was no revolver or arm of any kind. In the pocket of the dead man were no papers and no pocketbook, all that there was by which to identify him were the initials "M. J." engraved on his watchcase and the name of his tailor at St. Germain on a label on his coat. Through this tailor within half an hour the dead man was identified as a merchant, Maurice Janin, living near St. Germain. The police at once got into communication with Mme. Janin and before breaking the news of his death to her obtained the information that he was traveling with a considerable sum of money in his pocketbook.

That he was shot and robbed between two stations on the line seems certain; but, except for the vague description of a man seen leaving a first-class compartment at a small station, the police are absolutely without a clue to the murderer. Even in the records of recent Paris crimes so bold a murder has not been known.

From Marseilles this evening comes the news that last night train robbers made a haul of 5,000 francs and some jewelry from three sleeping passengers in a first-class carriage on the way to Avignon.

During the last few days, Paris gunsmiths report, there has been a very considerable increase in the purchase of revolvers, presumably by citizens anxious to protect themselves against the bandits who are operating everywhere with so much boldness.

Ford Files Revised Freight Cut.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Henry Ford's Toledo, Detroit & Ironton Railroad has filed again the tariff, reducing by 20 per cent. rates on stone from Sibley, Mich., to Detroit, which was rejected by the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday because of a technical violation of regulations. It has now been filed properly, and will become effective Sept. 1, it was stated, having been rejected yesterday because it proposed without special permission a reduction on traffic which already had been reduced less than [illegible] previously.

NEW PARLEY FEELER DROPPED SUDDENLY

London Revival of Desire for Prior Conference on the Pacific Caused Surprise.

TOKIO PRESSURE IS DENIED

Prompt Opposition by Washington Is Believed to Have Ended the Movement Finally.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—There seems to be more than meets the eye in a diplomatic passage which began, as far as the public is concerned, with a prominently displayed article in Tuesday's Daily Chronicle and closed with an editorial today in the same paper. So far as I have seen, this evidently significant political-journalistic demarche has not evoked comment in any other English newspaper.

While the press ignores the matter it has attracted attention in political and diplomatic circles. Under its new ownership The Daily Chronicle became a Lloyd George organ and its utterances have acquired a new importance since Philip Kerr, for years the Prime Minister's secretary and adviser on foreign affairs, entered upon his duties as political director of the paper.

Tuesday's article seemed to indicate a sudden and determined intention of the British Government to press Washington for a preliminary conference on Pacific problems to be held in America immediately and to be attended by Lloyd George himself, accompanied by the Premiers of Canada, Australia and New Zealand and representatives of America and Japan. As the fact had been generally accepted that debate on this question had been closed by America's refusal to divide the Washington conference into two separate conferences, The Chronicle's announcement caused some surprise. Moreover, it was remarked that the proposal did not mention China as a participant in the conference to be held at once "in some convenient spot in the United States."

Another evidence of haste and urgency noted by those concerned in meeting President Harding's wishes was that The Chronicle announcement was prepared at a late hour Monday night, as it did not appear in the regular editions of the paper but only in a late edition extra.

Japanese Influence Was Suspected.

No plan proposed since the armistice has evoked such strong public favor in England as President Harding's proposal for a disarmament conference and the hope it holds out for Anglo-American friendship. In his warm co-operation in this proposal Lloyd George has the support not only of his own party but of all parties in the House of Commons. Indeed, the only division is between the overwhelming majority which follows the Prime Minister's lead in supporting President Harding and the smaller body which carries its support to the point of criticising the Prime Minister for not going far enough and keeps a watchful eye on him lest he should give too much consideration to British obligations under the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

The latter element was much perturbed at The Chronicle announcement, and many of this element contended that the persuasion which caused insistence on a preliminary meeting had come to Lloyd George not from the Dominion Premiers but from an entirely different quarter. They saw in it the fine hand of Tokio diplomacy. As spelled by them, Japan had repented of her consent given in preliminary conversations to the admission of China and was now bringing pressure through Lloyd George to have essential matters in the Pacific settled in advance without China's participation.

This view was bolstered up by citing the Prime Minister's recent activities in disinterring the Anglo-Japanese treaty from its resting place in the vaults of the League of Nations which disinterment was accomplished through the intervention of the Lord Chancellor, whose functions are political as well as legal. Critics contended that Lord Birkenhead's decision was merely a political opinion intended to support the policy of the Government of which he is a member.

After canvassing sentiment in these quarters, I tried to obtain an Government explanation of the proposal in The Chronicle. Mr. Lloyd George is always difficult to get at, and being about to leave for Wales could not be seen. It was possible, however, to talk with a well-informed member of his entourage whom I told of the criticisms above referred to.

He denied most emphatically that there was any ground for them. He said that there was no intention of leaving China out of the proposed preliminary conference in America. If such a conference were held, China would certainly be invited. Probably the reason why China was not mentioned in The Chronicle article was that the particular matter being treated of was Pacific armament and China possessed no navy. He said that the proposal put forward in The Chronicle did not originate from any suggestion or pressure from Japan but had its origin solely in the thought that the November conference would be greatly facilitated at a previous meeting at which the British Premier, with Messrs. Meighen, Hughes and Massey and representatives of Japan, could come in contact with President Harding and Secretary Hughes personally and make sure of a thorough understanding as to what was in each other's mind.

Wanted Dominions to Agree.

It was not possible, he continued, for Britain to take final action in conformity with President Harding's plan without the consent of the British dominions. There were certain differences between the Dominion Premiers which unless reconciled might cause difficulty and delay. For example, Canada was opposed to renewing the Anglo-Japanese treaty, while Australia and New Zealand favored its renewal.

There could be only one real reason, it was declared, for Mr. Lloyd George's willingness to leave the tremendous responsibilities of Europe and go to America at this time, and that was his profound and earnest desire to effectuate the purposes for which President Harding had called the Washington conference. If there were any contrary purposes the very last way to accomplish them would be by the British Premier going to America for a preliminary conference which every American would scrutinize closely. It was to secure effectiveness to prepare carefully the case for disarmament by a face to face discussion and to avoid the dangers of a confusing discussion participated in by delegations representing secondary interests, which proved such handicaps at Paris, that any plans were to forward for a preliminary conference in the United States.

It is fair to infer that the latest proposals for a preliminary conference were very promptly negatived by Washington, for The Standard, an evening paper which supports the Government, contained an article not mentioning the proposal in The Chronicle but giving the program of the Washington conference as of November and stating that Mr. Lloyd George would attend it, leaving England in October. This was followed this morning by a leader in The Chronicle explaining yesterday's article and concluding as follows:

"It is reported that the United States rejects the British suggestion in terms which preclude the hope of making it acceptable by any mere modification of date or detail. American opinion is said to have hardened against any plan for a small meeting in advance of the big one on the ground that it would invite suspicion of secret diplomacy and of preferential dealings with certain powers as distinct from the main body.

"Very respectfully we suggest that these grounds have no sufficient footing in reality for them to count against those which inspired the British suggestion. But if they continue to prevail with President Harding and Mr. Hughes the British Government will no doubt fall in with the American wish. It will continue to give its heartiest co-operation to make the Washington project a success, and if it thinks that the method chosen is not the best one, it will not on that account work any the less hard to get practical results."

LEADING JAPANESE WRITE ON AMERICA

Many Articles Discuss Relations and Points of Difference Between Two Countries.

TOKIO, Aug. 2 (Associated Press).—A series of articles depicting how Japanese view the United States is now appearing in leading Japanese magazines. The articles are written by several well-known Japanese public men, among them being Professor Sazuko Yoshino of Tokio Imperial University, Dr. Kiroku Hayashi, Councillor of the Foreign Office, and Dr. Yujiro Miyake, editor-in-chief of the Nihon Oyobi Nihonjin.

The articles all point out the tremendous differences between the United State and Japan as regards area and natural wealth and show, while the country with the larger extent of territory and richer national resources has comparatively few people to support, the other, overcrowded and lacking indispensable natural needs, is daily faced with the problem of seeking expansion. Japanese fail to understand, say the writers, why America should grudge Japan's efforts to expand on the continent of Asia in view of the fact that the United States established a Monroe Doctrine to ward off European encroachment on the New World.

"There are two misconceptions in Japan as regards the attitude of the United States vis-à-vis the world," writes Dr. Yoshino.

"One of these is the belief that the United States is determined to carry out her wishes in spite of others, and the other is that America is a country which stands for the justice and righteousness of Washington and Lincoln. Those who see the United States through her latest economic activity generally fall into the error of having a superficial view of that country. They believe that the United States is hostile to Japan, and take it for granted that the next country Japan must fight is the United States. Neither of these two sets of views is correct."

Dr. Yoshino terms the anti-Japanese agitation in the United States a "passing phenomenon which arises from a certain special cause and has not taken away from America the proud title of a land free and equal to all."

The anti-Japanese agitation arises from a fear that cherished ideals may not be realized, and to call the agitation a racial question is a mistake," he says.

The editor of the Nihon Oyobi Nihonjin thinks it is time that Japan and the United States should openly state what there is that the two countries do not like, and then seek to rectify any mistakes. He suggests that there be invited to this country those Americans who think they have a grievance against Japan and that their views be heard. Similarly, Japanese can go to the United States, and there declare clearly what it is that Japan desires and fears. This will result, says the editor, in clarifying the atmosphere.

The fact remains that the article in Tuesday's Chronicle excluding China from the preliminary conference proposed by Great Britain bore all the appearances of a quick reaction this morning. It seems a fair inference that the British Government has accepted the Washington position, and an incident which appeared menacing is happily closed.

It is well known that Secretary Hughes has not objected to, but, in fact, has heartily approved, the idea of preliminary consultations between the parties interested in both London and Washington, with a view to clearing the way for prompt action at the Washington conference, thus manifesting entire willingness to serve the convenience of the Dominion Premiers and meet the desires of Japan. What could not be considered was the proposal of a brand-new scheme embracing only three powers, contrary to the preposal made by the President and previously accepted without qualifications and approved enthusiastically by all the European powers.

Cleveland Invites Powers' Meeting.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 3.—Directors of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce today telegraphed to President Harding proposing that the disarmament conference be held here if it is decided not to hold it in Washington. The invitation points out that it would lessen the traveling difficulties of delegates from Japan and the British colonies in the Pacific to meet here and that Cleveland was the host of the World Court Congress at its first meeting in 1914.

KAISER THREATENED RETURN TO GERMANY

Used That Argument to Force Prussia to Send Money for a Place in Holland.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—The Kaiser has threatened to return to Germany if the Prussian Republic did not send him money to buy the house in Doorn. This revelation is made by Kurt Heinig, a former official of the Prussian Finance Ministry, who collaborated in the liquidation of some of the Kaiser's real estate in Prussia. According to Heinig, the Kaiser insisted on a big cash advance. The Prussian Government procrastinating, the Kaiser became more insistent.

Finally "it was emphasized very energetically that the King, under no circumstances could longer impose, on Count Bentinck's hospitality without violating the elementary principles of society morals. There remained nothing else except either to buy an estate in Holland or return to Germany. What consequences a reidrn to Germany would have needed no discussion in detail and might be left to the political consideration of the Prussian State Ministry."

The Kaiser's threat proved pure bluff, as the Kaiser was able to make the initial payment on the Doorn house before the Prussian Ministry decided to send the requested cash.

The legal dispute between Prussia and the House of Hohenzollern over real estate and personal property claims of the Kaiser has lasted nearly three years and is still far from settlement. According to Heinig, the Kaiser received advances totaling 60,000,000 marks from the outbreak of the revolution to the end of last year. The biggest item was 40,000,000 marks last September and the proceeds of the sale of 72 and 73 Wilhemstrasse to the German Republic.

REPORT CHOLERA IN POLAND

Berlin Vorwaerts Says It Has Passed the Russian Border.

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BERLIN, Aug. 3.—"Cholera has already passed the Russian frontier, reaching Warsaw and Danzig. Sea resorts must be watched for an outbreak of cholera epidemic."

These statements are made in an appeal for aid in this evening's Socialist organ, Vorwaerts, which continues:

"Medical authorities believe that with governmental aid it will be possible to keep cholera outside German borders."

Fire Threatened Bretton Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Aug. 3.—Fire in the stables of the Bretton Woods Company today threatened the entire resort with destruction, and the Bretton Woods, Bretton Arms and other large hotels in the vicinity were temporarily abandoned, with the Post Office and administration buildings. The danger passed, however, and these structures were untouched. Guests aided the volunteer fire department to fight the fire.

BERLIN OPENS ROAD FOR ENTENTE FORCES

Grants Request for Passage of Troops to Upper Silesia if Judged Necessary.

ALLIES FACE A HARD TASK

Complicated Situations Await Settlement by Supreme Council—Harvey Invited to Attend.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—It is announced that the Ambassadors of England, France and Italy made a common demand upon the Berlin Government this morning to arrange for the passage of additional allied troops to Upper Silesia if they judged it necessary. It is understood that Berlin has granted the request and thus what France regards as an insult by Germany will be wiped off.

But the situation is not so simple as all that. Under the terms of the allied agreement the first thing the Allied Council will discuss when it meets Monday will be whether or not troops are to be sent. England thinks it unwise. France thinks sufficient forces should be on hand to enforce the allied decision on the boundary when this shall have been given. But should the Council decide on Monday that troops should be sent to enforce the decision, those troops could not arrive before a week and in the meanwhile the decision could not be announced. Should it be decided not to send troops and to give the decision at once events would show whether Mr. Lloyd George or M. Briand guessed right.

As to the potential supply of trouble in Silesia, to the layman there seems prospects enough. Only yesterday Chancelior Wirth told audiences that Germans demanded all of Upper Silesia. However, as Lloyd George would give Poland Pless and Rysnik, and inasmuch as France wants Poland to have all the industrial region and Italy is somewhere in between, the evidence indicates that the Germans are due for a disappointment. Anyhow, the decision will probably suit one and the question is whether Poles or Germans will resort again to arms to get what they want. There is danger of it, says Briand. There is no danger of it, says Lloyd George.

Silesia Hotbed of Trouble.

Never was there a situation more full of trouble than that in Upper Silesia. There is England against Poland, France against Germany, Germany against Poland, city against country, capital against labor and Catholics against Protestants. Mix in Hugo Stinnes, Korfanty, Hoefer, a little communism and some German monarchists and the devil's cauldron is brewed into the open in defense of the theories by which you are seeking to overturn the present civil order and to bring about the disintegration and destruction of the British Empire. Of one thing you may be sure, I shall never hesitate if I am challenged to face a British or American jury.

"I accord you my full permission to stand in any public place and at the top of your voice and for as long as you please to call me a liar, an out and out liar, a silly ranter, an excited imbecile, a damned thing, together with any further ultra unmentionable vilifications of me that may serve to relieve your feelings, and I solemnly pledge myself not to take the least notice of you."

The phrase, "My Dear Wells," familiarly punctuated the series of criticisms which Henry Arthur Jones wrote in THE TIMES in November and December, 1920, rebuking H. G. Wells for his articles on "Russia in the Shadow," which were appearing in this paper. Apparently Mr. Jones has taken these as the basis of his new book.

After publication of the Jones articles Mr. Wells remonstrated in a couple of communications to THE TIMES. After attempting to demolish one critic, who had questioned the trustworthiness of his Bolshevist observations, he added:

"I will not, therefore, waste further space upon him. Nor will I argue with Mr. H. A. Jones. I never argue with Mr. H. A. Jones."

His letter was published Jan. 6, 1921. On Jan. 13 came another. It was to announce that the writer had just seen a fourth article by Mr. Jones published in London, "which no doubt you have regaled your readers with the same stuff, in which he says I have called Lenin 'the beloved Lenin.' It is just a lie."

However, in his third article, published on Nov. 21, Mr. Wells had written: "Several of the most interesting Bolshevikі I met were not Jews at all, but blond Nordic men. Lenin, beloved leader of all that is energetic in Russia today, has the Tartar type face and is certainly no Jew."

14,000 ARRESTED IN SERBIA.

Torture Charged of Prisoners Held in Plot to Kill Regent.

VIENNA, Aug. 3.—More than 14,000 persons are under arrest in Serbia in connection with the attempt made the latter part of June to assassinate Prince Alexander, Regent of Jugoslavia, near the National Assembly building in Belgrade, where the Assembly was in session for the purpose of adopting a constitution, according to the Arbeiter Zeitung.

The newspaper asserts that accused persons are being racked and hung in chimneys or over fires in order to force them to give evidence concerning the attempt on the Regent.

BELGIUM TO GET BULK OF GERMAN BILLION

Reparations Commission Announces Allotment of First Indemnity Payment.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Of the first 1,000,000,000 marks indemnity to be paid by Germany, Belgium will get 850,000,000 and France only 70,000,000. This is due to the fact that the Peace Treaty gives Belgium priority on the first 2,500,000,000 paid by Germany.

The Commission on Reparations announced today plans for division of the first billion as well as of 124,000,000,000 gold marks indemnity payments that were in the Treasury on May 1. This latter sum goes to England to be applied to her account for support of her army of occupation.

Germany has actually paid 350,000,000 marks gold of the billion due entirely by Aug. 31. Of this 350,000,000 marks France gets in French francs 70,000,000 and Italy 30,000,000 paid in lire. Belgium gets paid in Belgian francs, dollars, florins and pesetas, but pending negotiations with England will give her most of the amount in pounds sterling, and she will get all of the $850,000,000 marks to be paid this month.

The payment of the first billion by Germany is in a manner different from subsequent payments in that in a general sense Germany's payments in cash will go toward a fund to pay interest on bonds and for sinking fund. Belgium's priority and the cost of the armies of occupation complicate the general system, and that is why the first billion has been divided up as indicated.

Invitations for Council Meeting.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Premier Briand today issued invitations to the next meeting of the Allied Supreme Council. Great Britain, Italy, Japan and the United States were asked to send representatives. If the council discusses the question of war guilty, Belgium also will be invited.

Colonel de St. Aulaire, the French Ambassador in London, will extend an invitation to George Harvey, the American Ambassador, to represent the United States.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—The French and British Ambassadors and the Italian Chargé d'Affaires today delivered to Foreign Minister Rosen, on behalf of their respective Governments, the note asking the German Government to take requisite steps to facilitate the transport of allied troops across Germany. The note declared that the situation in Upper Silesia might at any moment render the sending of troops necessary.

It was learned later on good authority that the Foreign Minister informed the allied representatives that the German Government stood ready to accede to the demand made jointly by the diplomatic representatives of the three powers and would confer with the Minister of Communications on the subject of the transportation of the troops.

H. G. WELLS THREATENS TO SUE PUBLISHERS

Resents a New Book by Henry Arthur Jones on the Lines of His 'My Dear Wells' Articles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Morning Post publishes a two-column letter which Henry Arthur Jones has sent to H. G. Wells. It begins:

"A few weeks ago I sent you the preface to my new book, entitled 'My Dear Wells,' which contains a carefully reasoned analysis of your collectivist and international theories and of your social philosophy generally, together with some playful coaxings which I hope may lead you to examine the political doctrines you are advocating so profusely.

"The book is ready for publication by the Messrs. Dutton of New York and I am also arranging for its appearance in England. I now learn from the Messrs. Dutton that you contemplate bringing legal action against them if they publish the book."

Jones complains that in the early stages of their controversy in The London Evening Standard and THE NEW YORK TIMES Wells did not accept his invitation to meet him with weapons of reason, but evaded all discussion of the issue between them.

"You summarily called me, indirectly or implicitly," says Jones, "a liar, a silly ranter, an excited imbecile, an in and out liar and a damned thing, with other vivid terms of personal abuse. I took all very good naturedly.

"I did not retort in kind. I did not threaten you with action for libel. I treasured your epithets as examples of your method of controversy and as the measure of your prowess in argument. I vainly implored you to substitute reason for abuse. I continued to coax and admonish you and I patted you on the back whenever you showed some glimmering of insight into social problems that are perplexing the world.

"I cannot believe, my dear Wells, that after handling you so urbanely and after your own magnificent performances in vituperation you do really intend to ask a court of law to decide a paltry quibble, whether in certain passages of these letters to 'my dear Wells' I may or may not have heedlessly slipped from saliferies and cajoleries into something that forensic casuistry may or may not succeed in construing as libelous.

Mr. Jones advises Wells to reflect before going to the law court. He says:

"You might be placed in an even more awkward position than myself. You might be asked to justify the palpably actionable terms you applied to me, to stay nothing of your vicious personal attack upon Mr. Winston Churchill and your succinctly libelous definition of your eminently statistical Fabian brother as 'a rotten little incessant egotistical intrigue.'"

Other passages from Mr. Jones's letter read as follows:

"When, after my repeated appeals, you declined to meet me in argument, I felt I was justified in using other means of publicity into which to open in defense of the theories by which you are seeking to overturn the present civil order and to bring about the disintegration and destruction of the British Empire. Of one thing you may be sure, I shall never hesitate if I am challenged to face a British or American jury.

"I accord you my full permission to stand in any public place and at the top of your voice and for as long as you please to call me a liar, an out and out liar, a silly ranter, an excited imbecile, a damned thing, together with any further ultra unmentionable vilifications of me that may serve to relieve your feelings, and I solemnly pledge myself not to take the least notice of you."

The phrase, "My Dear Wells," familiarly punctuated the series of criticisms which Henry Arthur Jones wrote in THE TIMES in November and December, 1920, rebuking H. G. Wells for his articles on "Russia in the Shadow," which were appearing in this paper. Apparently Mr. Jones has taken these as the basis of his new book.

After publication of the Jones articles Mr. Wells remonstrated in a couple of communications to THE TIMES. After attempting to demolish one critic, who had questioned the trustworthiness of his Bolshevist observations, he added:

"I will not, therefore, waste further space upon him. Nor will I argue with Mr. H. A. Jones."

His letter was published Jan. 6, 1921. On Jan. 13 came another. It was to announce that the writer had just seen a fourth article by Mr. Jones published in London, "which no doubt you have regaled your readers with the same stuff, in which he says I have called Lenin 'the beloved Lenin.' It is just a lie."

However, in his third article, published on Nov. 21, Mr. Wells had written: "Several of the most interesting Bolshevikі I met were not Jews at all, but blond Nordic men. Lenin, beloved leader of all that is energetic in Russia today, has the Tartar type face and is certainly no Jew."

BASEBALL LEADERS BAR PLAYERS TRIED

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

is not thought likely either will make much effort to get back on the diamond.

It is said that "Buck" Weaver will probably bring suit to recover payments that stopped when he was suspended.

There were rumors of suits on "injuries to reputations," but attorneys for the defense did not confirm these.

"My clients, so far as I have been informed, will not seek any redress," said Benedict Short, who defended Cicotte, Williams and Jackson. "The jury has cleared them, and I believe they will be content to let it go at that."

Thomas D. Nash and Michael J. Ahern, attorneys for Weaver, Felsch and Risberg, also seemed inclined to "let well enough alone," so far as damage suits were concerned. But Mr. Ahern said that Weaver had a legitimate claim in connection with his contract.

Mr. Comiskey was undisturbed by reports concerning civil action.

"We are prepared for any of these men who want to 'go to law with us,'" said the Old Roman. "They have all been paid every nickel they had coming."

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—None of the former Chicago White Sox players acquitted in Chicago last night will ever be permitted to play in the Pacific Coast Baseball League, said William H. McCarthy of San Francisco, President, today.

"The acquittal of the accused was a technical verdict only," Mr. McCarthy said.

Shock to Baseball Officials Here.

The verdict of the Chicago jury acquitting the players who were on trial there came as a shock to Colonels Rupert and Huston, owners of the Yankees. Each had looked for a verdict against the players after the confessions of Cicotte, Jackson and Williams were admitted as evidence. The Yankees' owners got much satisfaction, however, from the announcement by Judge Landis that none of the players could return to organized baseball. A brief statement issued by the Yankee Colonels read as follows:

"Judge Landis's statement regarding the White Sox players has our unqualified support. These ball players must be barred from the national game at all hazards. Their own confessions make them impossible."

DUBLIN NOW WORKS TO WIN ULSTER OVER

De Valera and His Advisers Examine in Detail Every Possibility of the Peace Offer.

SOME ARE STILL SUSPICIOUS

De Valera Wants to Submit Ulster Solution Along With Decision on the Lloyd George Offer.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 3.—Eamon de Valera and several of his chief colleagues were in consultation again at the Mansion House today. It is understood the delay in forwarding the result of the negotiations to Premier Lloyd George is due to the fact that communications are being conducted with Sir James Craig and the Ulster Unionist leaders with a view to defining the positions. Some time must elapse before these interchanges are concluded, as Ulster is being asked to recognize the unity of Ireland as essential to any settlement acceptable to the republican leaders.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—From an authoritative source on the Sinn Fein side THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the actual position in regard to the discussions now going on in Dublin is as follows:

"De Valera and his Cabinet continue to consider seriatim the points of the Lloyd George proposal, devoting several hours each day to a studied valuation of the questions involved. It can be said confidently that greater progress than is generally assumed has been made toward determining the basis of a permanent understanding, but it is deemed essential that the peace should be of a character finally to settle the long sustained conflict between the two nations and leave behind no elements of future unrest or quarrel. Hence arises the necessity for patient consideration not merely of present facts but of possibilities that might underlie any hasty acceptance or rejection of proposals that have not taken concrete shape.

"It is felt that the inaction of the Government in not releasing the imprisoned Irish representatives who are members of the Dail Eireann or Irish National Parliament, who naturally must be consulted before a final decision is arrived at, tends further to delay a definite declaration as to future policy. Keen disappointment is felt and freely expressed throughout the country, doubts as to the sincerity of the Government's desire for peace are more than hinted, and the suggestion that military and coercionist elements who are notoriously opposed to a settlement have captured the ears of some members of Lloyd George's Cabinet finds growing acceptance."

The Sinn Fein "doubts of the British Government's desire for peace," referred to in the foregoing, are, of course, one of the factors which contribute to make a solution of the Irish problem difficult.

It is believed here, however, that in the long run, with the evidence before them, de Valera and his colleague must become convinced that Lloyd George's outline of a possible settlement is dictated by a sincere desire for peace and should be judged on its merits and not in the sidelight of ill-informed reports that the ears of British Cabinet Ministers have been captured by military and coercionist elements. Lloyd George's proposals received the full consent of all his colleagues in the Cabinet, and, if they find acceptance in Dublin, will be faithfully adhered to in London.

LONDON, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—A dispatch from Dublin to The Press Association confirms a statement made in Dublin today that the delay in the Sinn Fein reply to the British Government on the Irish peace proposals is due to the fact that an attempt is being made to secure the adhesion of Ulster to the peace plan. The dispatch expresses the belief that provided Ulster was disposed to adopt an attitude of give and take, Sinn Fein would be willing to accept the Government's proposals.

The attitude of Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, says the Press Association, appears to be that he is prepared to enter the conference in London, but that until such a conference is arranged he is not called upon to participate in the present deliberations. On the other hand Eamon de Valera is disinclined to summon the Dail Eireann until he is in a position to submit both the Government's proposals and Ulster's attitude toward it. This may entail a long delay, and Mr. de Valera's reply may be postponed for a few weeks.

DUBLIN, Aug 3 (Associated Press).—Every effort is being made behind the scenes, it is declared, to induce Ulster to accept a share in the powerful body which it is planned to make the All-Ireland Parliament, while retaining her own local autonomy. So far these efforts, although benevolently regarded by the Government, have been unsuccessful.

The expectation of an arrangement with Ulster has not yet been abandoned, however. Should it fail to be brought about, the Republicans, it is pointed out, must consider whether they will accept for the twenty-six counties outside of Ulster the terms offered or renew war. Some of the Republican leaders express the view that eventual unity would be more speedily reached by such acceptance.

CRAIG HELPED FRAME TERMS.

Birkenhead Reveals Ulster Premier Safeguarded His Province.

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LONDON, Aug. 3.—Speaking during the ceremony in connection with the presentation of a gift to Sir James Craig, the Premier of Ulster, by the House of Commons, Lord Birkenhead said the Ulster leader took part in the framing of the Government's terms to Ireland. He said that Sir James devoted his ingenuity to the formation of a scheme whereby Ulster should possess rights which could never be invaded except by the force of invasion. Today Ulster occupies that position, declared Lord Birkenhead.

Sir James Craig told the House that he had refused to take any side except that of Great Britain and the empire. He said he believed it was not wise for leaders or individuals to press anything in the midst of the present negotiations, for even a guess sometimes created much more harm than the originator intended.

JANE ADDAMS THANKED BY GERMAN PRESIDENT

Ebert and the Red Cross Praise Her Efforts for the Reconciliation of Nations.

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BERLIN, Aug. 3.—Jane Addams, of Chicago Hull House fame, is called "the kindest loan of the United States," and is given the official thanks of the German republic in popular addresses, one signed by the German Red Cross and the other by President Ebert and sent to Salzberg, where Miss Addams is teaching in the school of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom.

President Ebert has addressed the following to Miss Addams:

"Much revered Miss Addams: In the name of the German Government and people, I take advantage of your presence in Europe to express our deepfelt thanks for everything you have accomplished in such warm love of reconciliation of nations, and your bighearted humanity. Shortly after hostilities ceased, you and a number of similarly-minded women visited Central Europe, suffering under terrible consequences of war and upsetting changes. Germany's condition then was nearly unknown in your country. I must thank you for your reports for necessary understanding of these conditions and for the fact of many broadly conceived relief conditions, especially children's relief work of American Quakers, made available.

"Now you are untiringly active in relieving suffering of mankind as Chairman of the Constitutional Women's League for Peace and Freedom, leader of new relief organizations, public congresses and circles. The world now needs more than ever minds which are sharp for the troubles of nations and work for solutions. Only through cessation of hatreds created by sanguinary years of war and through determination of nations to join hands in the task of reconstruction may we count upon extricating ourselves from the present emergency.

"May these principles always advocated by you finally assert themselves and social and national peace crown your work.

"This expression my highest esteem.

"EBERT."

BURY HATFIELD AMID STORM

Drenched Crowd Hear Eulogist Denounce the Killing.

MATEWAN, W. Va., Aug. 3.—Sid Hatfield and his former Lieutenant, "Ed" Chambers, shot in a gun fight at Welch, W. Va., on Monday were buried amid a rain storm on a point in the mountains overlooking Buskirk, Ky., opposite here. Several hundred persons stood in the storm while the Rev. J. C. Holbrook of the Methodist Episcopal Church recited the funeral service.

A eulogy over the bodies was delivered by Samuel B. Montgomery, former State Senator and candidate in the November election for Governor on the Labor ticket. He charged in his talk that the killing was planned in advance and committed in "cold blood."

"There can be no peace in West Virginia," he said, "until the enforcement of the law is removed from the hands of private detective agencies, and from those of Deputy Sheriffs who are paid, not by the State but by great corporations."

CONDEMN FIFTY GREEKS.

Kemalists Sentence Prisoners and Natives of Anatolia to Death.

ANGORA, Asia Minor, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—A Turkish Nationalist court-martial today sentenced to death fifty Greek prisoners and natives of Samsun and Brusa. The natives are regarded as Turkish subjects.

LONDON, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—The Allies have warned Greece that an advance on Constantinople by her troops, which are now engaged in war with the Turkish Nationalists, will not be tolerated, it is authoritatively stated here.

HOST OF CRIMINALS IN MAIL THEFT GANG

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

one of the Liberty bonds which was stolen at the time of the Dearborn Station robbery in this city. He had cashed coupons from this bond at a branch post office.

In searching Goldsmith's effects the authities hope to find Nos. 1808330, 1808595, 180831, 1808332, 1808334, 1808594 and 1808395 of the fourth Liberty Loan and bond No. 90964 of another issue. All are for $1,000.

Telegrams have been sent to Cleveland, Pittsburgh and other Eastern cities. Two men have been dispatched to the Pacific Coast to make arrests.

Examination of the securities taken in the raid on Worthington's office is still under way. It is expected that this examination will be completed tomorrow.

Stolen Bonds Sought Here.

Patrick T. Roche, special agent of the Internal Revenue Bureau, came to this city yesterday from Chicago with a certified copy of the indictments returned in Chicago against John W. Worthington, alias Whitehouse, and his partner, Owen E. Evans, who are held in Chicago in connection with the theft from the mails of Liberty and Victory bonds of an aggregate value believed to be as much as $6,000,000.

Roche procured for Maxwell S. Mattuck, United States Attorney, several search warrants enabling him to search the house of Arth

CARUSO RECORDS ARE IMPERISHABLE

Voice of the Master Tenor Preserved for Future Generations in the Phonograph.

HEIRS TO GET ROYALTIES

Contract Under Which He Was Singing Was to Have Run Until 1935.

The voice of Caruso in all his greatest roles is preserved intact for the ages as long as singers wish to study his marvellous technique and to compare his tonal beauty with that of other great tenors yet to come, or as long as the public wishes to hear the arias of the greatest singer of his time.

The voice of the great Maria was stilled with his death, but the voice of Caruso is recorded in about 200 songs, arias, hymns and duets, in metal matrices that are virtually imperishable. Millions more of phonographic records may be added to the several millions already in existence without any deterioration in the metal disks that first took the impression of "the golden voice."

For twenty years Caruso has been making records in this country and in Europe, and his total income from this source alone since 1906 is estimated by experts at about $1,500,000. The largest sale of his records was in the last two years and his yearly income from royalties was said to be more than $150,000.

The voice of Caruso was heard all over town yesterday, many owners of records having put them on the machines, and many having purchased new records after his death. Dealers in records had many inquiries about the continuance of the records.

About 162 records of Caruso's already are in the catalogue of the Victor Talking Machine Company, for whom Caruso made records exclusively for about eighteen years, and it was learned that between twenty and thirty have not yet been released. These were made at the recording laboratories of the company in Camden, N. J., in June and September, 1920.

Caruso's Heirs to Get Royalties.

The contract under which Caruso was making records was made in 1911 and was to have run until 1935. Under its terms Caruso was to have a guarantee of a certain amount of royalties each year—it never went under the guarantees and some years nearly doubled it—and his heirs were to receive the same royalties on the records after his death and just as long as Caruso records were made. This royalty was 10 per cent. of the catalogue or selling price of each record.

Caruso's first records for this country were made in 1902, the year before he joined the Metropolitan Opera Company. They were taken by the Gramaphone Company in London, which at that time had a working agreement with the Victor company in this city. C. G. Child, now director of the recording laboratories of the Victor company, met Caruso the next year in Europe, but it was not until 1906 that an arrangement was made for him to make records in this country for Victor dealers.

For these first years he worked on a case basis for each record—how much has not been disclosed—but Mr. Child said yesterday that it was reported at the arrangement to his company some of the officials told him that it would ruin the company. This arrangement was continued for about two years, and then a new contract was drawn which provided for royalties. It was the custom to run this contract for five-year periods until 1921, when Caruso informed the company that he desired to make a new contract. Twenty-five years was the period finally decided upon.

In 1911 Caruso had an offer from another company to make records for a large sum, and he delegated his intimate friend, Antonio Scotti, to tell the Victor Company about this and to ask whether it would be possible to make a few records for the second company. A representative of the Victor Company called upon Caruso, who asked what was permissible under the contract. The situation of a new contract came up.

Offered $25,000 for New Contract.

"I will give you $25,000 cash just to sign a new contract," said the representative.

"When will you bring the money?" asked Caruso.

"It's Saturday now," was the reply, "and I cannot get it until Monday. I'll have it here Monday noon."

"Twenty-five thousands dollars just for a new contract," mused Caruso.

"And will you let me write my own contract? No? Well, see this contract."

Caruso pulled over a piece of paper and wrote: "For the rest of his life Caruso sings only for you."

"That wouldn't be a legal contract," said the representative. "It's indeterminate."

"Then fifty years," said Caruso.

"Twenty-five would be better," replied the representative.

"All right, twenty-five years," replied Caruso, "and never mind bringing that $25,000 check. Caruso has confidence in you."

Mr. Child, who has known Caruso intimately for nearly twenty years, said that it was typical of him to trust his friends implicitly, and recalled that when the first contract was signed Caruso said:

"You say this is a good contract? Then I'll sign it now."

And he signed the contract, virtually without looking at it. Mr. Child said that there was never the slightest friction over any feature of the contract.

In a formal statement Mr. Child yesterday told of the great work of Caruso as a recorder of his voice and was loath to talk of the records because he feared that the public might believe he was "trying to exploit the calamity of our beloved friend." This feeling of delicacy has been so widely expressed among the officials of the company that there has been discussion of withholding a record listed for October sale.

Records Are Imperishable.

"The requests have been many that we should make some statement as to the records of Caruso's voice, their possible life and selections yet unlisted," said Mr. Child in his formal statement.

"We had thought to evade replies to inquiries of this nature, as we did not wish any one to think we were commercializing Caruso's death, but it is the general opinion and expression of those with whom we have talked that the records of Caruso's voice are for the world in general and their future is of interest to every one who knew or had heard him.

"Records which have been made are preserved in such a way that they can be handed on from generation to generation without loss or deterioration. The master matrices are cared for in such a way that there is absolutely no loss or change, and new records can be made from these indefinitely for all time.

"The June record—Mesdames Solenaelle-Dominica Serafin and Caruso sang a duet from the manuscript by Rossini, which Caruso found in Italy at his last visit there and was chosen by him as a 'Thanks to God' for what we believed at that time was his recovery. The records which will follow in later issues will be in the order chosen by Caruso himself for their appearance."

One of these new pieces from Caruso was Salvators Rosa, a canzonetta, written originally for the violin and piano. Caruso himself wrote the words of a Neapolitan song to go with this music. Among the other preserved pieces are some of Caruso's best work, and the experts who record the human voice believe that he did his best work in the last few years.

Caruso was enthusiastic about his records and worked at them with infinite care. He prepared his work in advance and then spent hours going over the records, and his ear and judgment were so marvelously fine that he could pick a flaw where the experts could discern nothing but perfection. Sometimes he would break off in making a record over again, and this making of records was harder work than in the opera because there was none of the magnetic influence of the audience.

"When an artist makes a mistake on the stage," Caruso was reported as saying, "he can make a gesture of displeasure or glance angrily at the conductor, but not for this machine. It records only the human voice, and all must be perfect."

Pressed for some opinion as to what he believed was Caruso's greatest record, Mr. Child reluctantly expressed the opinion that the best was Handel's Largo."

"That was the greatest ever made, and will be a singing lesson for generations to come," said Mr. Child.

Mr. Child said that Caruso frequently gave playful exhibitions of the vast range of his voice.

"One time I visited him at the old Knickerbocker Hotel while he was being shaved," said Mr. Child, "and I am not so sure that there was not a manicurist working at his hand, too. He said to me: 'Some day I will make a record just for me and you alone, and I will sing it for you now. Fucito, the piano!' And he sang the baritone prelude to 'Pagliacci' with infinite richness. I had never heard it sung better. 'Why make that record only for us?' I asked. 'Why not for everybody?' His reply was: 'If we did, then there would be a baritone war.'"

Sang Bass From Wings.

Mr. Child told also of Caruso's singing of "The Coat Song" from "La Bohème" as substitute for the bass voice of Segurola at a Philadelphia performance about five years ago. Segurola's throat contracted because of cold and he was unable to sing in the last act, and, after brief coaching in the rôle, Caruso stood near him on the stage and sang his lines in farewell to the cast.

Speaking of the great affection felt for Caruso by all his associates, and particularly young singers, to whom he was especially kind, Mr. Child related a story told to him by Geraldine Farrar. Mme. Farrar had never heard Caruso sing before her first performance with him at Monte Carlo, and she was so enthralled by Caruso's voice that she remained transfixed when it was time for her to move to the centre of the stage. Caruso whispered to her the first few words of her lines and added "Go ahead now, you're all right." He knew his operas from beginning to end.

"No business man that I have ever met took more seriously his obligations to the public or more conscientiously tried to keep his promised word," said Mr. Child, in telling how Caruso made a hurried special trip from New Orleans to Atlantic City in July, 1920, merely to keep a singing engagement for which he could receive no fee.

In this connection, Mr. Child told of Caruso's meticulous care in keeping records and filing systems with his own hand. He had cabinets containing lists of the tickets he had given to friends so that he could not be accused of buying publicity in any way. Similarly, he kept his own records of many other transactions with his own hands, and he took the greatest pleasure in writing his letters with his own hand.

He was a collector of stamps and the gold coins of various countries and Mr. Child believed that the Caruso gold coin collection was one of the most valuable in existence.

No Successor for Him, Says Scotti.

Antonio Scotti, lifelong intimate of Caruso, also told about his great associate. It was Scotti who carried to Caruso in Italy the invitation to sing in London.

"I remember after the first big triumph at the Metropolitan when the critics wanted to see him and he asked me to act as his interpreter," said Scotti. "One of them asked Caruso to tell them about the time early in his career when the audience in Palermo hissed him, and Caruso said, after I had translated the question for him: 'Tell them I was drunk.'

"I was horrified. 'Fool,' I said. 'You can't say things like that in America for the papers. If you do you will always be known as the drunken tenor.' He told them that he was ill at that performance, and that was the truth. But the young tenor, new to America, thought that by saying he was drunk he could most quickly and satisfactorily explain his failure.

"No Caruso succeeded no one there can be no successor to him. He is, and always will be, supreme, the one greatest tenor."

Other tributes to the great tenor were voiced yesterday by those who knew him in the opera and by others who measured his influence in the world of music. As its part of the tribute, the Metropolitan Opera Company draped its portals in mourning, and the black will remain there formally for thirty days.

Bruno Zirato, Caruso's secretary, said he had received no direct word from Italy. Zirato had a telegram from Enrico Caruso Jr., at Culver, Ind., saying he had had no direct word from Naples. Romeyn Benjamin, Mrs. Caruso's brother, will go to Italy to assist her.

A memorial mass is to be sung in the Church of Our Lady of Loretto at 303 Elizabeth Street at 10 o'clock next Tuesday morning.

'GOOD COMRADE,' SAYS MELBA.

Sang Abroad in 1902 With Caruso, "Greater Than Tamagno."

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SYDNEY, Aug. 3.—Mme. Nelly Melba, the Australian prima donna, in paying tribute to Enrico Caruso, said the Italian tenor was "a great artist, a good comrade and a charming man, with an unaffected good humor, characterized by a vein of comedy which took the form of spirited pencil caricatures of people around him." She said his sketches were always free from malice, and enabled his delighted victims to smile and jest.

Mme. Melba recalled singing with Caruso at Monte Carlo in 1902 in "La Bohème," when she recognized the charm and power of his voice. She said that she had passed many glorious evenings with him in England and America.

"Caruso with his equalized tones and the charm of his middle register, was a greater artist than Tamagno," she added.

She believed the greatest tenor in the world, however, to be Jean de Reszke, with whom she sang many years in her youthful days.

SEMBRICH RECALLS CARUSO IN DEBUT

Famous Soprano Who Sang Here Eight Years With Him Tells His Kindness on Stage.

"STANCHEST OF FRIENDS"

Few Artists Able to Co-operate So Fully—Handclasp Signaled Top Note When He Had a Cold.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Aug. 3.—"My sense of loss is personal," said Mme. Marcella Sembrich tonight to a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES as she commented at her cottage, The Maples, at the Lake Placid Club, on the passing of Enrico Caruso. "I feel as though I had lost a member of my own family."

"Mr. Caruso's death," said Mme. Sembrich, "probably comes home as keenly to me as to any of his associates on the operatic stage in this country, for it was with me that he made his début in 'Rigoletto' at the Metropolitan Opera House back in November, 1903, and we sang together for eight years, appearing in 'Rigoletto,' 'Lucia,' 'La Traviata,' 'La Bohème,' 'L'Elisir d'Amore,' 'La Sonnambula,' 'Les Huguenots,' 'Marta,' in fact, all the operas in my répertoire.

"Well do I recall his début. He was then the polished artist, and his voice—it was the same golden voice that in after years was to make him famous throughout the world—yet he was then more the lyric tenor than the heroic tenor of his later years.

"I had never met him before, but once I heard him sing I knew him for the great artist that he was. And he—how shall I say it? I know that he appreciated my own efforts and was one of my stanchest friends.

"Possibly there existed between us a mutual inspiration for artistic advancement. Of course every artist on the operatic stage endeavors to do his or her best, but there are conditions aiding or retarding those endeavors, and I can truthfully say that I never at any time, when singing with Caruso, entertained the slightest doubt as to perfect co-operation on his part.

Handclasp His Signal for Top Note.

"His voice was unique. I was impressed the very first time I heard it, with its warmth, its big 'body,' and, then, he knew how to manage it. Oh, how he could manage it!

"There were times when he was suffering from a cold, when he would say to me: 'Unless this cold improves we had best not try the high notes tonight, but if I should feel equal to them I will give you the signal. A pressure of the hand will let you know that I am feeling fit.'

"And then at the critical moment would come that pressure of his hand, and then that voice, rising and soaring away over the audience in those trying measures. Oh, that voice, that wonderful golden tenor voice! I can hear it yet ringing in my ears.

"In those days I learned to appreciate not only Caruso the artist but Caruso the man. I came to know him as the truest of colleagues, of the type so seldom found on the operatic stage.

"His personal character was a revelation; he was so courteous to his associates, so generous to all. Nor was his kindness limited to words only. I have knowledge of many instances in which he helped, in a financial way, friends in need of aid.

"Also he had that inborn instinct of the true artist—the desire to aid someone else to be as great or a greater singer than he was himself. No amateur voice of real merit which came to his attention was allowed to go unnoticed. He investigated and found out all about it, and I have known of his aiding many young singers to better their conditions, and for his compatriots, his countrymen, always he was helping, helping. Oh, he did so much for them."

Ever Nervous in Greatest Roles.

Speaking of intimate characteristics of the great singer as she was able to observe them, Mme. Sembrich said that, like most of the greatest artists, Mr. Caruso was very nervous before going on the stage in one of the great operas.

"He would walk about," she said, "snapping his fingers, moving his hands and giving other indications of the nervousness he felt before the entrance. But once on the stage, perhaps after the first few measures, sometimes not until after the first act, all trace of the nervousness would pass. He was perfectly at home in his part, and then he was—oh, he was Caruso, he was glorious!

"It is a wonderful thing," the famous soprano concluded, "to be able to say of him that he was loved by all of his associates. There never were any jealousies existing between them. He was above all that. He was big-hearted, so broadminded, so much the truly great artist, the perfect gentleman. His death is a great loss to the musical world."

Today Mme. Sembrich cabled her sympathy to Caruso's widow.

FISKE WILL RUN AGAIN.

Eight Times Mayor of Mt. Vernon, He Seeks Chair Once More.

The Executive Committee of the Democratic City Committee of Mount Vernon yesterday endorsed former Mayor Edwin W. Fiske to run again next Fall. Mr. Fiske has served eight terms as Mayor and has been defeated but once. The other candidates endorsed for city offices were Leslie V. Coleman for Controller, John Cordes for Receiver of Taxes and John H. Ragette for Assessor.

SAYS WORLD NOW LACKS A PRE-EMINENT SINGER

Dr. Hollander, British Ethologist, Holds Times Are Unpropitious for Greatness in Arts.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Dr. Bernard Hollander, a well known pathologist and President of the Ethological Society, which he founded for the systematic study of human character, takes a gloomy view of present-day conditions as productive of great men. His homily is based on the death of Caruso, which, he laments, has left the world without one overtowering singer.

"There is no vocalist among women," continues Dr. Hollander, "who has quite the power to thrill which belonged to Patti in her prime, nor has the stage an actor who has magic over crowds as Henry Irving had. Thomas Hardy is no longer writing books and where is the poet who has swayed England like Tennyson?

"There are plenty of men with capacity to become great, but the conditions are mainly against them. The arts and sciences are in for bad times after the war. The gospel is for the poor (We must make money) and the rich are too busy in keeping what they have and trying to get more wealth to care about much else nowadays.

"The paternal injunction is brief but forceful. 'Cut out fame, my son, and go for money; you will starve if you do not invest your talents in things that the world must have.' There is no cash for superfluities. From the financial point of view the reward for the author, artist and man of science is absurdly inadequate when compared with the fortunes made in commerce. Just at present the inadequacy of the reward is being stressed.

"Greatness rising certain lines, at any rate, is always apt to lapse after periods of immense upheaval. Genius, of course, will out, but even genius must have its sustenance and opportunity. I do not doubt that the tremendous events through which the world has recently passed will produce a quota of great men in the end, but that time is not yet. Think of the famous painters given to the world by Holland and Spain at the height of their glory. The arts are children of prosperity."

It is not enough for a man to be an original thinker, Dr. Hollander added, to become great. He needs an endowment of tremendous force of character. He must have this if the world is to accept his message. Many a man of big intellect born in a disadvantageous age gives up what should be the struggle of life and uses his brain power for a short cut to success in some other direction.

LONDON DEBATES SUCCESSOR.

Sees McCormack, Harrold, Hislop Among First After Caruso.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Reports from Naples that Caruso left a fortune equivalent to £2,000,000 sterling are here held to be probably exaggerated, but so far back as 1910 the tenor confided to an English friend that his phonograph records brought him in £24,000 a year.

Ten years ago, when Caruso's voice was at its best, the late Pierpont Morgan offered him £1,200 to sing at an evening party he was giving at Prince's Gate, in the house which is now being fitted up for use as the American Embassy in London.

"I cannot possibly accept your offer," replied the singer, "for my old friend Leoncavallo is dining with me on the night fixed for your party."

The biggest fee ever previously offered to a singer to sing at a private party in London was said to have been £500, paid to Mme. Melba.

Inquiries made here today with the object of ascertaining whether Caruso or John McCormack, who was once felicitously described as "the record tenor," earned greater emoluments in that way, were unproductive, as the statistics necessary for comparison are available only in New York.

Who will take Caruso's place as the chief tenor of the world is the question now being discussed here.

One musical expert writes:

"It must be very consoling to British musical susceptibilities to recognize that three at least of the possibles are of British nationality or origin—Joseph Hislop, John McCormack and Tom Burke, and the fourth. Orville Harrold, who made such a success with Oscar Hammerstein at the London Opera House, is a Irish-American.

"Add to these Martinelli, the Italian, who is well known in London; Ansseau, the young Belgian, who did well at the last Covent Garden season, and the Canadian singer named Johnson, who has sung much in Italy under the name of Giovanni, and the list is complete.

"John McCormack we all know; he has latterly forsaken opera to some extent for concert work, and it is supreme in opera which is the deciding factor. Hislop is a young Scotsman, who learned his singing in Stockholm; he was very successful in the last Covent Garden season and has been acclaimed in Canada and America.

"Martinelli we know. Tom Burke is taking further training in New York; he has a great voice. Johnson is thought very highly of throughout Italy and in America.

"I shall be surprised if Joseph Hislop is not universally recognized as Caruso's successor. He has everything in his favor, youth, enthusiasm and stability of character."

Dr. William Lloyd, a throat specialist who treated Caruso, said to a Daily Mail reporter:

"Caruso was a very big eater, and he was very fond of everything in oil. The result was that he used to get intestinal poisoning. His whole trouble was that he ate a lot but could not digest it, for he never took any exercise.

"Despite the fact that he demanded thousands of pounds in fees, he really cared very little for money. I have known him to refuse £2,000 to sing at a Sunday afternoon concert at Albert Hall, with the remark, 'No, I feel too tired.'

"On another occasion I made him an offer of £4,000 on behalf of Sir Oswald Stoll to sing in London, but he waved it aside with a smile, saying, 'Too much.'"

Speculation as to Successor Mcfe.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—A Milan dispatch to The Daily News today says it is authoritatively stated there that Giovanni Martinelli will succeed Enrico Caruso as the leading tenor at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York.

CARUSO'S SON ARRIVES, WON'T GO ABROAD NOW

'Mimi,' Here From Indiana School, Awaits Further Word on Funeral Plans.

Enrico Caruso Jr., second son of the late tenor, arrived in this city at 7:50 o'clock last evening from the Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind., where he is a cadet. He was met at the Pennsylvania Terminal by Bruno Zirato, formerly confidential secretary to his father, and several friends and immediately went to the Caruso suite in the Vanderbilt Hotel.

Young Caruso, who is about 17 years old, plainly showed his grief over the death of his father, by whom he affectionately was called "Mimi." Mr. Zirato said that the young man had received no word from Italy since the first cable messages from Naples.

"It is the boy's intention to remain in this city until he receives word from Italy," Mr. Zirato explained. "He expects that word of some kind will be sent to him as soon as Mrs. Caruso and other members of the family have recovered sufficiently from their grief to make a decision about the matter. Inasmuch as the funeral of his father will take place tomorrow, as reported, there would be no sense in his starting for Italy right away."

NO TRACE OF WILL, ESTATE A SECRET

Caruso Kept Affairs to Himself and Made Careful Record of Even Small Matters.

NEVER TOLD HIS WEALTH

Had Property in Italy, but It Is Doubtful If He Owned Any Elsewhere.

Inquiry yesterday among friends of Caruso in this city revealed that the great tenor jealously guarded his personal affairs even from his intimates, and that it was probable that there was nobody in America who had the slightest idea of the value of his estate.

Alfred Seligsberg of 15 William Street, who had been Caruso's counsel in this city for many years, said that he had not drawn a will for the dead singer, and had no knowledge of a will having been drawn by any other lawyer in America.

Bruno Zirato, confidential secretary of Caruso, said that he did not believe there was any person in America who could speak with authority on his late employer's affairs.

"Mr. Caruso was the only person who knew the extent of his estate, as far as I know," he said. "I had been in close contact with him during all the time I had acted as his secretary, but never once did he intimate to me the extent of his estate.

"He did his own bookkeeping. He alone, from what I knew of his habits, knew the amount of money he had or the value of his estate in Italy. I am certain that he did not own any property in America. He merely rented the country estate at Easthampton, L. I., where he was robbed of about $400,000 worth of jewelry last Summer. I don't believe that he owned any property in any other country but Italy. Of course, it was generally known that he owned some property in his native country, but I have no idea of its value, and I don't think there is anybody in this country who could estimate his holdings over there."

Sent Many Opera Tickets.

It was learned from another intimate of Caruso that he had a separate cabinet in his suite in the Vanderbilt in which he kept the books relating to his personal affairs. His bookkeeping was carried on in such detail, it was explained, that he even had a record of the tickets he obtained for friends from the Metropolitan Opera House. Caruso, it was explained, took great delight in inviting friends to be his guests, and, although many of them were wealthy, he felt that to purchase tickets for them was the only means by which he could impress his friendship.

It also was explained that not a few of Caruso's guests at the opera were friends and acquaintances who could not afford to attend as often as they desired, and that the singer sought to make them glad on as often as possible by unexpectedly sending tickets.

He maintained a strict business relationship with the Metropolitan management in the purchase of these tickets, it was said, and the total expended in this manner was considerable. But he never was known to speak of the matter to his most intimate friends.

Although Caruso's annual benefactions in this and other cities of America were known to be very liberal none of his friends would even hazard a guess at their total. It was known that his purse always was open to poor people, but he took much pride in concealing the identity of those he had helped. He was not a hard man to approach, and it was said that when the opera season was on in this city he had many visitors to his suite in the Vanderbilt, who, from outward appearances, were not among the host of his well-to-do friends.

Always Had Open Hand.

It was common gossip that many of these visitors came to him with tales of woe, and that he never sent them away without a brighter outlook on the future. Those of his intimates who had free access to his home often noted, it was said, that usually after such visits Caruso was seen to open the case in which he kept his personal books and make certain entries. His bookkeeping, it was said, began when he first took a suite in the Knickerbocker Hotel, and that the case containing his accounts was the subject of his personal interest when his effects were moved to his suite in the Vanderbilt Hotel about two years ago.

It was reported that several months ago when he was convalescing that he sent for one of his friends, Constant J. Sperco, a notary public and an importer at 6 Harrison Street, and asked him to attest a document supposed to be the singer's will. Efforts to interrogate Mr. Sperco last night in his Summer home at Greenwich, Conn., were unavailing. Members of his family refused to disturb him. They added that they had never heard Mr. Sperco discuss the matter.

A friend of the late tenor said that it was hardly likely that Caruso would draw up a will in this country, because of complications which might arise in Italy. He said it was his understanding that the Italian law relating to the will of a subject of that country, placed many restrictions on the executors in probating the instrument.

He said that there was every indication that Caruso's only realty holdings were in Italy, and it was probable that if he held any considerable amount of stock in American enterprises he had conveyed them to Italy on his frequent trips to that country.

TO AID CARUSO MEMORIAL.

McCormack Wants the Enterprise Led by Scotti or the Metropolitan.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 3.—John McCormack, the tenor, said tonight at his home at Collender's Point, Darien, that he would do anything that lay within his power to insure the erection of a memorial to Caruso.

"I had known Caruso for fourteen years," he said, "and one of the things that impressed me most about his character was that I never heard him say an unkind word about a pal. He was not only a wonderful singer but he was also keen of wit. I recall one day in Boston. I was in the habit of calling him the greatest tenor in the world. We met in the morning and I said to him: 'Well, how is the greatest tenor in the world, this morning?' Quick as a flash he retorted, 'Since when have you been a bass?'"

Mr. McCormack said that he was diffident about appearing to be too active in the memorial matter.

"My motives might be misconstrued. There might be some who would accuse me of trying to make capital out of the tragedy that Caruso's death is to his family and friends. I have to be careful to avoid even the appearance of anything like that, but I do hope the suggestion will be acted upon.

"It seems to me that Scotti or the directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company could decorously initiate the movement. A meeting could be called and ideas obtained.

"Personally, I think a memorial should be of a type that would appeal to Caruso were he alive."

The Supreme Council of the Order of Sons of Italy decided yesterday that, following out its plan for a National American Caruso Foundation for the training of young singers, it should try to establish an endowment of $1,000,000. The temporary memorial committee comprises Dr. Antonio Stella, Caruso's physician for many years; F. H. La Guardia, President of the Board of Aldermen; Dr. A. H. Giannini, President of the East River National Bank; Celestino Piva, ex-Chairman of trustees of the Italian Hospital, and Chevalier Stefano Miele, National Master of the Order of Sons of Italy.

CARUSO DID NOT BREAK A RIB.

Dr. Stella Explains What Happened at "Pagliacci" Performance.

A report that Caruso's illness had been caused in part by a broken rib, suffered in a fall on the stage, was denied yesterday by his physicians. The report also was that a sliver of bone had been removed. It was learned that this removal of a small portion of the rib was not unusual in cases of operation for inflammation in the pleural cavity.

"My information is very meager as to the nature of Caruso's fatal illness," said Dr. Antonio Stella, "but I have never known an instance of history of medicine of a patient in a septic condition to gain weight and to be without fever or pain for three months. If there was an abscess forming at the time of his departure his condition would have shown it. He had been without fever for two months before he sailed.

"The wounds were entirely healed and Mr. Caruso was free from any symptoms that might lead to peritonitis. With what little information I have from the press dispatches I am positive that the course of his sickness excludes any possible connection between the two illnesses.

That was not a fall in 'Pagliacci.' What happened was this: The condition which developed into empyema threw Mr. Caruso into a great chill in the midst of his performance and occasioned the story that he fell or wrenched his side."

TO CUT SHIP WORKERS' PAY.

Baltimore Men Will Suffer Another Reduction This Month.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Between seven thousand and eight thousand men in the shipbuilding industry in this city will have their wages reduced this month.

On Jan. 29 last the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company put into effect a reduction of approximately 22 per cent., and on Feb. 1 the Baltimore Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company reduced wages approximately 10 per cent.

Local officials of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company say the coming reduction will be about 10 per cent.

That the future of the shipbuilding industry in Baltimore is viewed "with very grave concern" was the statement made by officials at the big yards at Sparrows Point in discussing the necessity for another wage readjustment. While the number of men employed during the war period reached as high as 21,000, the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company is reported as employing now only about 5,000 and the Baltimore Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company a smaller number.

CIGARETTE RAIDS IN TOPEKA

35 Business Houses Invaded by City and County Authorities.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 3.—City and county authorities united late today in raiding about thirty-five Topeka stores where it was suspected cigarettes have been sold, in violation of the State Anti-Cigarette law.

Officials announced that cigarettes found in business houses would be confiscated as evidence and proprietors arrested.

About seventy policemen participated in the raids, two men being assigned to each drug store cigar shop, pool hall, or other business house.

Officials issued warnings two months ago that the Anti-Cigarette law would be enforced, but violations have continued according to reports of welfare workers.

HELD FOR A DEATH, GIRL ADMITS THEFT.

Postmistress of West Palm Beach Said to Have Admitted She Took $32,000.

PART OF MONEY RECOVERED

Former Post Office Employe Found Shot Through Heart in Her Hotel Room at Orlando.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Aug. 3.—Inspector F. J. G. Pulsipher returned this morning from Orlando with a confession from Miss Lena Clarke, Postmistress of West Palm Beach, admitting that she had stolen $32,000 from the local Post Office Tuesday, July 26. Following directions given in her confession the Postal Inspectors under L. A. Johnson, Chief of the Atlanta Division, located $5,700 of the sum in a house here.

Miss Clarke is held without bond in Orlando in connection with the death of F. A. Miltimore, former employe of the Post Office, who was found shot in her room at a hotel Monday.

Inspector Pulsipher, who obtained the confession from Miss Clarke, is an old friend of the family. The prisoner is the daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. M. T. Clarke, her father being a retired Congregational minister. She was active in Red Cross work and has been identified with the leading local charities. She was Postmistress for two years and for fifteen years previously had been employed in the Post Office.

"I, and I alone, took the money," said Miss Clarke in her statement to Inspector Pulsipher. "There was no one else but me connected with the affair. You will find $5,700 of the stolen money in the home of J. E. Chambers, 328 South Poinsetta Street, West Palm Beach."

According to the Inspector, Miss Clarke indicated that the rest of the money had been used to cover a deficit in the local Post Office and that she carried $1,000 with her to Orlando, which sum she said was contained in the money sacks discovered empty in the room in which Mr. Miltimore was found dead.

It was in Chambers's automobile that Miss Clarke made the trip to Orlando, and, according to the testimony brought out at the inquest, she had wired $100 to Mrs. Chambers in Knoxville, Tenn., from Orlando. Chambers is reported to have left this city about a week ago.

F. A. Miltimore, who was found in the Orlando Hotel room with a bullet wound in his heart, had been employed in the local Post Office several years ago, after which he opened an automobile paint shop and later ran a news agency in the lobby of the Post Office. He left here about a year ago. While here Miltimore came into prominence when he sued T. T. Rese, President of the Farmers' Bank and Trust Company, for $50,000 for alleged improper relations with Miltimore's daughter. This suit was later withdrawn.

The robbery of the $32,000 took place Tuesday, July 26. According to Chief Inspector Johnson, two packages containing the money were sent by the First National Bank here to the Federal Reserve Bank in Atlanta. On arrival it was found that for the original packages there had been substituted two others in which were strips of paper the size of bills wrapped with eighteen $1 bills.

Johnson, with Inspectors McKew, Graham, Brannan and Pulsipher, arrived here Saturday. They learned that the two packages of currency had been delivered to the First National Bank at 11 o'clock in the morning of July 26, and the proper Federal Reserve receipts had been given. The placing of the packages into the pouch had been witnessed by George Farver and Miss Edna Johnson, Miss Clarke's assistant, shortly after 6 o'clock in the evening.

At this time a young woman appeared at the registry window with a letter to be registered to Atlanta. This letter was placed in the pouch. It was later found in the room with the body of Miltimore in Orlando. Farver closed the pouch, recording the number 977 on the lock. It was between shortly after 6 and 6:30 that the pouch was re-opened, Johnson says. Miss Clarke was the only person in the office except Farver and Miss Johnson. The only other chance for a switch would have been on the train, but this was automatically eliminated.

WEST PALM BEACH, Aug. 3.—J. E. Chambers, in whose house part of the money Miss Clarke admits she took was recovered, is her grandfather, with whom she resided.

Beside the body of Miltimore, proprietor of a restaurant in Orlando, who was found dead there Monday night in a hotel room which previously had been reserved by Miss Clarke, were two bags which had apparently been cut open. They were of the type used to carry money or other valuables.

According to the hotel clerk, the Clarke woman registered Monday afternoon and Miltimore went to her room the same evening. No shot was heard and the body was not found until, for reasons not made public, the hotel authorities made an investigation several hours later.

STOP GOV. HARDING IN RUSH WITH FIST

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

out of "a disordered mass of details and statements" forwarded by Mr. Williams it had been "impossible for the board to understand what action" he desired taken. The letter said also that of eighty meetings of the board preceding Mr. Williams's retirement from office he had "attended 18 during their entire time, 19 during a part of the time, and during 44 was absent entirely."

It was charged that Mr. Williams had "circulated outside of the board confidential letters upon credit matters, and refused to tell the board to what person or persons they had been sent."

Sees Threat to Use "Poison Gas."

The examination had branched off when Mr. Williams remarked that Governor Harding had broken a promise to him concerning a board record.

"I deny that I ever made any such promise," Governor Harding exclaimed, rising from his seat. "If personalities like these are going into this record I want an opportunity to meet them at once."

"Governor Harding has threatened to use poison gas," Mr. Williams said.

"I deny that, too," Governor Harding shouted. "There was a boardroom incident when I told Mr. Williams that I wasn't after trouble, that my object was to work out our difficult problems peacefully and effectively, but that I was not afraid of him; that if he intended to fight, I'd fight fair if that was what he wanted, and that if he tried to use poison gas, I'd meet him on that, too. I'll not let these things go unchallenged."

The incident which caused Governor Harding's outburst concerned a report made to the board criticising the former Controller's examination of national banks. Mr. Williams saying that a record had been promised to him.

Governor Strong read extracts from an official confidential report made to the board by him on the New York banking system. It referred to Mr. Williams's semi-official report as "ignorant and misleading" and accused him of "violations of propriety and disloyalty to his associates."

One New York bank, which Mr. Williams said held $130,000,000 in Federal Reserve loans, Governor Strong declared, held also $112,000,000 in Government securities, adding that "most of its loans were made to carry purchases during the war." While it was lending $18,000,000 directly or indirectly to its own officers, Governor Strong said, it held $15,000,000 in Liberty bonds as collateral, and additional securities as well.

Mr. Williams charged that 30 per cent. interest rates in New York money markets meant the starving of farming districts.

"Had the Controller understood the workings of the Reserve system," Governor Strong responded, "he would have understood those rates resulted from the constant withdrawal of funds from New York to send to other sections of the country. Much of the credit pressure resulted from organized movements in various parts of the country to withhold commodities from their usual markets."

"A general denial is hardly an effectual answer to specific charges and complaints," Mr. Williams said when his turn came again. Later he expressed the opinion that the New York bank dealing with Reserve funds "passed money out with prodigality" during periods when borrowers elsewhere were being restricted.

In a clash with Representative Mills, Republican, of New York, Mr. Williams said that he "stood by" his charges that in specific instances Reserve banks required member banks to put up 200 and 300 per cent. collateral in farm paper before lending.

"Do you know that?" Mr. Mills demanded. "Give us an instance."

"Go to the Reserve Board," Mr. Williams retorted. "They have the record."

Later Mr. Williams agreed to furnish details of one Southwestern bank case where he said a law suit against a Reserve bank was being matured by member bank officials.

As a Reserve Board member, Mr. Williams said, he had fought increased interest rates and progressive. Interest rates, which made a bank pay higher interest on rediscounts as its total of borrowing increased.

One cotton bank was charged 31 per cent., he said, "and when its borrowings increased during the cotton moving period the rate went as high as 87 per cent. The practical result was that this little bank was forced to choose between letting its customers face ruin or paying ruinous rates."

These charges were "super-interest," Mr. Williams said, while at the same time "New York banks were getting large amounts at 7 per cent."

"What was the theory of progressive rates?" Mr. Mills asked.

"Go to the Reserve Board," Mr. Williams retorted. "I was in favor of some increase in rates on excessive borrowings, but I never dreamed of the extent to which the board would go."

"But you approved of the principle?" Mr. Mills persisted.

"Not when I found the injustices and abuses which the board allowed," Mr. Williams said.

Suggests Error of Judgment.

Representative Mills tried to get Mr. Williams to say that he did not protest against the progressive rate system until eight months after it went into effect.

"I was ignorant of them for several months after they were established," Mr. Williams said.

"The fact is you not only approved the principle of progressive rates but you approved the details of the specific plan?" Mr. Mills asked Mr. Williams.

"I presume all the records show it that I approved the plan," Mr. Williams replied, "but if so it was an error of judgment and I did not share the error of refusing to change the plans after their workings were disclosed."

Mr. Mills read from board minutes to show that individual plans submitted by district banks had been approved or amended by the board.

"In August, 1920, the Atlanta bank asked permission to suspend the progressive rate until January, 1921," Mr. Mills said, "and on Aug. 31 you with other members of the board voted against the request."

"Because I did not have information the Governor of the board should have given its members," Mr. Williams added.

He concluded his two days' discussion with observations that "there never had been the currency inflation in this country some people believed," that there was "present improvement from the lowering of interest rates," and that "farmers are entitled to get, through the reserve system, nine months' credits on warehouse certificates for their products," thought dealers and profiteers should be restricted."

The reserve officials will have their formal hearing tomorrow.

KING VICTOR ORDERS CARUSO'S OBSEQUIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

nation was plunged into consternation and grief by news of the assassination of King Humbert. It has never been swept away by such a wave of admiration and passionate regret at the passing of any celebrity as at the overwhelmingly sudden death of the people's idol, Caruso.

It was felt that this unrivaled singer, whom the whole world competed to hear, stood for the Italian nation in art as Marconi does in science. Caru

RUM SHIP INQUIRY MADE A MYSTERY

Officials Won't Let Crew Talk and Refuse All Details on Hint of British Protest.

TAKEN OUTSIDE 3-MILE LIMIT

Swann Urges Chief Magistrate to Act Against Police Who Make Unlawful Search.

The Federal authorities yesterday conducted an all-day examination of the members of the crew of the Henry L. Marshall, the liquor-laden fishing schooner seized off Atlantic City Monday night. At the conclusion of the inquiry, which was held at the office of George W. Aldridge, Collector of Customs, the seamen were taken back to the ship under detention.

The examination was conducted by Assistant United States District Attorneys David V. Cahill and Albert C. Rothwell in the presence of a representative of the British Consul General and Assistant District Attorneys Isaac Gross of the New Jersey Federal District and Joseph Weckerman of Brooklyn.

The Federal agents would not permit newspaper men to question the seamen as they came out of the Collector's office, nor would those who participated in the examination make any statement, referring inquirers to Assistant United States District Atttorney John Holley Clark, in charge of the investigation. Mr. Clark said that thus far nothing to indicate the existence of a conspiracy to violate the Volstead act in this district had been brought out, although information had been obtained which indicated infractions of the law in the New Jersey and Long Island districts.

The presence of a representative of the British Government at the inquiry gave rise to a report that British officials were considering a protest to the State Department. Eugene Chamberlain, Commissioner of Navigation, was quoted as saying in Washington that the records proved conclusively that the Henry L. Marshall was operating under British registry at the time of seizure. The actual transfer was said to have taken place in February of this year. Commander Gamble of the Coast Guard cutter Seneca admitted that the Marshall was flying the British flag when he seized the craft outside of the three-mile limit.

Swann Raps Police Search.

Taking cognizance of several letters received at the District Attorney's office from citizens complaining against police methods in seeking evidence of dry law violations, District Attorney Swann yesterday wrote a letter to Chief Magistrate McAdoo recommending that where there was evidence showing a violation of a citizen's rights, the Magistrate before whom the case was heard should direct a charge against the offending officer. The letter read:

"Protests have been made to the District Attorney that individual members of the police force in the course of their efforts to locate violations of the Mullan-Gage act have trespassed upon the rights of innocent citizens by forcibly opening traveling bags being carried by their owners, and, in some instances by forcing the outer door of premises to obtain admission without a search warrant. When a clear case of this kind appears from the evidence before the City Magistrates, it would advance the cause of justice if the City Magistrate would advise that a charge be made then and there against the officer who has so violated the law. A resort to lawlessness in the enforcement of a law is not justified and should be discouraged."

George Peterson, an ex-service man living at 435 State Street, Brooklyn, a volunteer "hootch hunter," was arraigned yesterday in the Bridge Plaza Court on a charge of having on his big a flask believed to have contained liquor. Peterson's arrest grew out of his giving testimony Tuesday against three men whose arrest he had instigated for alleged liquor violations.

Amateur Sleuth on the Job.

William McCallister of 240 Franklin Avenue and Anthony Martinoqitz of 176 Greene Street, Brooklyn, were discharged by the Court, and Dietrich Brauer of 75 Franklin Street was held in $1,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Peterson appeared at the Greenpoint Avenue Station on Tuesday and volunteered his services. "Greenpoint is full of hootch, and I can take an officer to places where he can make arrests," he said.

With Policeman Oakley, Peterson visited three cafés. The policeman remained outside while Peterson went inside, where, according to his statements, he purchased liquor. He then signaled to Oakley to enter and make the arrests.

While Peterson was testifying against the trio, Oakley noticed a suspicious bulge at his hip. Peterson was ordered to produce. He did so, but maintained that he had purchased the fluid in one of the cafés. After consulting with Assistant District Attorney Gallagher, Magistrate Reynolds freed Peterson with this comment:

"I think the police should make sure of having a more intelligent witness."

Policeman John Crosson of the Tottenville (Staten Island) Precinct about midnight Tuesday found 120 quarts of whisky and a quantity of heroin and cocaine in an automobile which had crossed from Perth Amboy. Three men in the car were arrested, according to his statement. They gave their names as Salvatore F. Lcosv and his brother John, living at East 121st Street, and Salvatore Abbomento of 327 East 116th Street. Salvatore Faleo, the chauffeur, was arrested on a charge of violating the Sullivan law. The four were released under bail.

Issy Einstein, Herman Wittenberg and Peter Reager of the Federal "flying squadron" made a tour yesterday, and a number of persons were directed to appear at the office of the United States District Attorney.

NEW RAIDS IN ATLANTIC CITY.

Agents Said to Seek Evidence to Complete Marshall Case.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 3.—A new force of Federal agents swarmed through Atlantic City today for evidence against the men higher up alleged to have financed heavy importations of liquor from Nassau.

Twenty-five special agents, acting on information obtained from the crew of the Henry L. Marshall, it was said, began combing Atlantic City for evidence which, they said, was necessary to complete the case against a group of wealthy men. The agents made it plain that in the present campaign they were not interested in what they termed the "small fry."

Captain John Holdskom, in charge of the Atlantic City Coast Guards, who yesterday scouted the story that the skipper and first mate of the Marshall had escaped in a small boat just before the seizure of that vessel, today changed his mind and expressed the belief that the two officers of the ship, disguised as fishermen, had come ashore in a small launch.

There were reports this afternoon that another whisky-smuggling vessel was standing off shore, but Captain Holdskom refused to credit this story and expressed the belief that other vessels of the whisky fleet would keep clear of Atlantic City and this section of the Jersey coast.

Dry's Deny Anti-Beer Bill Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Reports that the Senate "wets" had mustered votes to recommit the Willis-Campbell Anti-Beer bill were scouted today by the "dry" leaders, although some opponents of the bill expressed confidence of its defeat in its present form. A final vote before the week-end recess Friday is hoped for by the "drys," but opponents promised extensive discussion.

Find Liquor Smuggled in Sloop.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 3.—Fifty cases of liquor, landed at a shore resort since the rum-running sloop Jennie T. was captured here ten days ago, were seized in a raid by Federal prohibition enforcement officials today. The liquor was found in the coal bin of a dwelling. Andrea Anastasio, occupant of the premises, was arrested.

RICH DRUG VICTIMS LISTED BY DR. SIMON

Deputy Commissioner Denies That Names Are Available to the Police.

Dr. Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner in charge of the narcotic division, denied at Police Headquarters last night that the police are in possession of a list of wealthy drug addicts obtained from the former Narcotic Drug Commissioner. Dr. Simon admitted that such a list had been obtained from the address books of secret traffickers who have been arrested, and from friends and relatives of victims, but he said that he alone had the list, which was not available to the police.

"The Narcotic Division has never advocated addicts placing themselves in the care of any specific private institution," he added. "We have made it a rule not to recommend any private institution, special medical treatment or individual specialist. There is no intention on our part to view the poor unfortunate addict in any but the most charitable light. The appalling fact remains that a high percentage of addicts arrested by us are criminals. The cost of the daily dosage of the drug addict who buys from the street peddler is so prohibitive that many of these addicts must become criminals in order to acquire sufficient money to purchase their narcotics.

"Drug Addiction is a menace that enters into every phase of the underworld, spreading its baneful influence and endangering the morals, health and lives of civilization. In behalf of the people of this great city we are combating this, evil and we will shortly again have it under control."

FINDS FLAW IN DRY LAW.

Official Declares Other Laws Must Be Broken to Enforce It.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 3.—The Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States cannot be enforced without violating the Fourth and Fifth Amendments guaranteeing citizens against searches without warrants and due process of law, is the statement of Emerson E. Hunt, from June 13 until yesterday supervising Federal prohibition agent for the West, and whose appointment was sponsored by the Anti-Saloon League.

Mr. Hunt's statement was given today as the reason for the failure of Federal authorities to stop flagrant violation of the prohibition laws in Minneapolis, where more than 400 places are selling alcoholic drinks involving a yearly turnover of $12,000,000.

Mr. Hunt is a former minister and an Anti-Saloon League leader. He was relieved of his duties yesterday and ordered to Washington, where he is to receive a roving commission under the National Prohibition Director.

HIRSHFIELD TO ASK RELIEF.

Wants Almirall Grand Jury Libel Indictment Dismissed.

Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield will apply in the Supreme Court today for the dismissal for lack of prosecution of the indictment returned against him by the Almirall Grand Jury on Nov. 24 last for libel because he gave out for publication testimony concerning the charges against Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith, and asserted that the Almirall Grand Jury "deliberately suppressed facts" in finding the indictment.

Commissioner Hirshfield says he has been ready to go on trial on the indictment and that his attorneys have also insisted that the case be disposed of, but the prosecution has had the case postponed during six terms of court.

SWANN PRAISES HORTON.

Writes Enright in Eulogy of Slain Police Lieutenant.

The late police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, who was shot and killed last December in a pistol fight with Nicholas Laresch, was eulogized yesterday by District Attorney Swann in a letter sent to Police Commissioner Enright. Laresch was convicted in General Sessions last week and sentenced to Sing Sing for from twenty years to life.

"The late Lieutenant Horton deserves the highest praise for his courageous acts in not only killing an armed bandit, who had just committed a robbery, but also for the intelligence shown by him when mortally wounded," the letter read. "The last act he did was to obtain the number of the automobile, which finally led to the capture of the defendant, Nicholas Laresch."

HYLAN DEFENDS SOCIALISTS

Tells Enright to Stop Interference With Their Meetings.

Mayor Hylan sent a letter yesterday to Police Commissioner Enright urging that the Police Department use all of its efforts to prevent disturbances at Socialist open-air meetings. The order was a result of protests received by the Mayor from Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, Socialist candidate for Controller, and Edwin J. Meserole, Socialist attorney.

Mrs. Blatch told the Mayor the Socialist Party believed that there was a concerted move on foot by certain groups to break up Socialist meetings on street corners and intimidate the speakers. She called attention to the interference with a meeting in Harlem last Saturday night, at which, she charged, Henry Jager, the speaker, was mobbed by American Legion members or sympathizers.

DRY OFFICIALS DROPPED.

Thirty in West Virginia Suspended Because of Lack of Funds.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 3.—The thirty enforcement officers operating under the West Virginia Prohibition Bureau were suspended today for two months by Commissioner Walter S. Hallanan because of lack of funds.

"In spite of the serious lawless situation in the State, there was nothing else left for me to do," Commissioner Hallanan said. He explained that the last Legislature made it impossible for any State department to use more than one-fourth of its appropriation during any one quarter, and his allotment for the first quarter of the fiscal year was exhausted already.

SEEK WATER IN BREWERY.

Orange Residents Become Desperate When City Supply Fails.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 3.—Many residents of Orange were forced to go to the Orange brewery for their water supply this morning. The city was without water for several hours after a break in two mains at Forest and South Jefferson Streets.

The break made a hole in the street eighteen feet by twelve feet and seven feet deep. The supply of the city proper was shut off from 2 o'clock until 8 o'clock this morning and until noon in the section where the break occurred. The brewery is situated in this district. The break was caused by a blow-out of a valve.

VIRGINIANS LYNCH NEGRO.

But Mob Leaves Another One in His Cell.

PETERSBURG, Va., Aug. 3.—One of two negroes arrested last night in connection with the murder of Tingley Elmore, Postmaster and storekeeper of Tobacco, Va., on Monday was taken from the Brunswick County Jail at Lawrenceville early today by a mob and lynched. The other negro was not molested.

The lynching was the first in Virginia for many years. The mob was said to have numbered about 2,000. The negro was hanged to a tree at the scene of the murder. He was reported to have confessed his guilt.

COLLIER AND HARPER IN BIG BOOK MERGER

Agreement Between the Two Publishing Firms Restricted to Subscription Works.

MARK TWAIN ROYALTIES

Harpers Paid $84,000 to Estate Last Year — Editions of Poe, Riley, Howells and Kipling Involved.

One of the largest publishing mergers in recent years was disclosed yesterday in the announcement of George D. Buckley of P. F. Collier & Son Company that the extensive subscription book business of Harper & Brothers had been consolidated with that of the Colliers. Mark Twain's works, of which the Harper firm has printed and sold 6,000,000 volumes, now becomes a commercial associate of Dr. Eliot's Five Foot Shelf, of which Colliers has issued and sold 12,000,000 volumes.

"Harper's Magazine and the merchandising through bookstores of the books of all their authors, including Mark Twain, are not affected and remain under Harper management," explains the announcement.

The merger of the subscription book business of the two concerns is also made the occasion of an announcement by Harper & Brothers, containing the history of the agreement made by the late H. H. Rogers for Mark Twain with the Harpers.

"In his lifetime Mark Twain was accounted a poor business man," says the statement. "This charge is not borne out by the business arrangement made before his death, under which his works are published for the benefit of his estate. Last year there was paid by the Harpers to the Twain estate in royalties a sum, which is equal to the interest at 6 per cent. on $1,400,000 ($84,000).

"It is said that the famous humorist, admitting his own shortcomings as a business man, was still shrewd enough to take advantage of the offer of his friend, the late H. H. Rogers, then Vice President of the Standard Oil Company, who said to him on learning that his financial affairs were pretty badly tangled:

"'Mark, you write and I'll underwrite.'

"This they did, and the combination was very successful, as the royalties to the Twain estate show."

The merger is described by the announcement by the Collier firm as a "fulfillment" of the idea conceived by the founder who came to this country as an immigrant boy, "ambitious, hungry and thirsty for books" most of which were beyond the reach of nine out of ten homes in America. The original Collier set forth with a bag of sample books and, according to the statement, "It was a pilgrimage of courage, but out of it developed a business which, even before this merger, included the successful publication and distribution of the works of ninety-seven great authors. Year by year that business has grown. It is a remarkable testimony to the wisdom of uninterrupted sales effort and advertising that even this year the sales of such books as Dr. Eliot's Five Foot Shelf of Books have increased 27.5 per cent. over last year, which was, in its turn, the company's record year."

Among the authors added by the merger of the Collier list are Woodrow Wilson, James Whitcomb Riley, Edgar Allan Poe, Rex Beach, Ralph Waldo Emerson, William Dean Howells, Luther Burbank, Conan Doyle, Bret Harte, Rudyard Kipling and several of the most famous English authors.

"James Harper, founder of the house of his name," says the announcement, "came to New York in homespun and cowhide boots. Books were still printed on hand presses when, in 1817, the firm of J. & J. Harper was established. Later the Harpers operated their presses by a one-horse treadmill erected in the basement of their crude plant. The first effort of the firm was a 2,000 edition of Seneca's Morals.

"The house of Collier was founded in 1875. Peter Fenelon Collier made the purpose of bringing classic literature into the average home his life work, building an organization which now maintains seventy-five branches and sub-branches in all parts of the United States, and employs a selling staff of 3,000 men and women.

"In all the house of Collier has manufactured 105,000,000 volumes—enough to supply every man, woman and child in the continental United States with a book. The total production of the plant would replenish sixteen times over the combined contents of the Congressional Library of Washington, the Metropolitan Public Library of New York and the public libraries of Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. The present production capacity of the plant is about 20,000 books per day."

GIRL ACCUSES CLERK.

Charges She Was Held in Office After Midnight Party.

A midnight celebration by a group of young men and women in the offices of William H. Kemp & Co., stock brokers, on the sixteenth floor of the Commercial Cables Building, 20 Broad Street, led to the intervention of the police early yesterday morning when one of the girls, Miss Florence Rogers, telephoned to her uncle, Carl Novak, 244 West Ninety-sixth Street, accusing a man in the party, Milton Roth, a clerk in the employ of Kemp & Co., who had used his key to the office to hold the carousal there.

Mr. Novak came to the Old Slip Police Station and with three officers went to the Broad Street building, where Miss Rogers was found. She was taken to the station, where Dr. Kenneth R. Ward of the Broad Street Hospital examined her. He said yesterday that the girl was somewhat intoxicated, but that he found no sign of physical violence upon her.

"I had met Milton once or twice before," said Miss Rogers at the Ninety-sixth Street apartment, where her uncle is superintendent. "He called last evening and took me to that office to meet some friends. There were two other men and two girls there when we arrived and we had some drinks and the men played on a violin and a mouth organ for dancing. About 2 o'clock I felt sick and wanted to go home, but when the other girls had left Milton and another man wouldn't let me leave."

The Treasurer of the stock brokers' firm, Mr. Israel, said that Roth had been discharged as soon as he reported for work yesterday morning. The police were looking for him yesterday to question him.

HUSBAND IN JAIL, KILLS HERSELF AND CHILD

Young Wife Gave Up Fight When Doctor Told Her She Had Tuberculosis.

Heartbroken over the imprisonment of her husband, an auto thief, and despondent because a week ago a physician told her she was suffering from tuberculosis, Mrs. Elsa Schmidt, 22 years old, turned on the gas in a little furnished room on the top floor of a tenement at 281 East 156th Street, clasped her 3-year-old daughter Marian in her arms and waited for the end. The bodies were found about noon yesterday under a bed cover, to which a gas tube led.

"My last request is that you send this letter to Arthur and bury my darling with me in my parents' plot," was scribbled on a piece of cardboard. The message had been torn up, but Policeman Levins of the Alexander Avenue Station pieced it together. Mrs. Elinor Pruess, the housekeeper, who discovered the tragedy on her return from a vacation, summoned an ambulance. Dr. Alexander of Lincoln Hospital labored over the two bodies for an hour without result.

A year ago Arthur Schmidt was sentenced to an indeterminate sentence of from eight to ten years in Dannemorra for stealing an automobile in Brooklyn. Seven months ago his wife took the furnished room in which the bodies were found. A week ago, the police learned, Mrs. Schmidt had consulted a physician, who informed her that she had consumption. She brooded over this and is said to have remarked that the malady probably would cause her death before the release of her husband.

Mrs. Pruess said that when she knocked on Mrs. Schmidt's door she smelled gas. Policeman Levins broke in the door. Mrs. Schmidt was last seen alive at 9 o'clock Tuesday night. The bodies will be buried in the Lutheran Cemetery by Mrs. Schmidt's two sisters.

SERVICES FOR MISS COWEN.

Many Women Attend Rites for Her in Bellevue Chapel.

Funeral services for Sara Cambellina Cowen, daughter of the late John K. Cowen, once President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, held yesterday in Bellevue Hospital Chapel, were attended by about fifty persons, the majority women. An autopsy on Monday disclosed that Miss Cowen's death in the Hotel Maryland early Sunday morning was due to excessive use of alcohol and drugs.

The Rev. William Smith of the Universalist Church, Brooklyn, read simple and brief funeral rites. Those who attended included John L. Woods, Miss Cowen's nephew, and Henry B. Voorhees, General Manager of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who had the funeral arrangements in charge. The group of women included several nurses from Post Graduate Hospital, where Miss Cowen took a course in nursing. The coffin was covered with roses and other floral tributes sent by friends and sympathizers. Accompanied by Mr. Woods and other relatives, the body was sent last midnight from the Pennsylvania Station to Aitken, S. C., where it will be buried beside that of Miss Cowen's mother.

STILL SEEK LIEUT. HAMON.

Weehawken Police Mystified by Amnesia Patient's Actions.

The police of Weehawken continued their search yesterday for Lieutenant George Hamon, who has described himself as a second cousin of the late Jake L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman from Oklahoma. The young man was admitted as an amnesia patient at the North Hudson Hospital on July 16. Young Hamon disappeared from that institution on Tuesday, although he had exhibited telegrams saying that his parents were on their way from Tulsa, Okla., to take him home.

Inquiries by the police have failed to establish that any telegrams were received in Weehawken by Lieutenant Hamon from parents in Tulsa. Neither have they established the young man's relationship with the late Jake L. Hamon.

ANNULS HER 2 MARRIAGES.

Brooklyn Court Acts Because Girl Was Under 16 in Both Instances.

Justice Squiers, in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, granted yesterday an application of Florence Cobleigh, through her mother, Mrs. Kate Cobleigh, for the annulment of two marriages. The girl was 16 years old on Monday. Recently she was tried in the Children's Court for bigamy and paroled in the custody of her mother.

On Nov. 24, 1920, while living at 61 Moore Street, Brooklyn, she was married to Robert Brockelhurst. She left him after a few weeks. On April 2, she was married to Otto Berringer. Her arrest for bigamy followed. Justice Squiers annulled both marriages because the child was under age when she entered into the nuptial contracts.

FORD'S PAPER GETS WRIT.

Chicago Court Enjoins Interference With Its Sale on the Street.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—A writ of injunction was filed in the Circuit Court today to prevent city officials from interfering with the street sale of Henry Ford's Dearborn Independent.

Perley W. Johnson, a distributor for the paper, alleged that several weeks ago two boys selling The Dearborn Independent were arrested and charged with disorderly conduct. The petitioner denied there was any disorderly conduct and declared the arrests to be in violation of the right of free speech.

Government May Act in Coal Case.

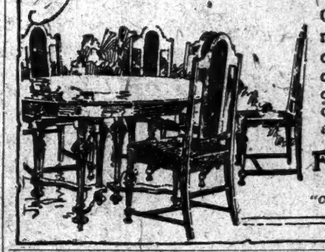
Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—The Federal Government may take independent action against the officers and Directors of the Baltimore Coal Exchange who were indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury, together with the companies they represent, charging conspiracy to create a monopoly in anthracite coal. United States District Attorney Robert R. Carman said today that if the evidence of State's Attorney Robert F. Leach Jr. discloses co-operation on the part of coal operators with the plans and purposes of the Exchange the Sherman Anti-Trust act would clearly apply.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
WATCHES AND WRIST WATCHES
PLAIN AND JEWELED

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.
TODAY
CRÊPE SILK FROCKS
For Mademoiselle (14 to 20 Yrs.)
SLIP-OVER FROCKS OF CRÊPE DE CHINE
18.50
Floating drapery for fashion; coolness for summer; slimness for youth; brown, navy blue or black for color.
MONKEY TRIMMED FROCKS OF JACQUARD CANTON SILK CRÊPE
45.00
Monkey fur makes a feathery fringe for these slip-over frocks; navy blue, black or brown.
MISSES' DRESS SHOP—Second Floor

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street
Specially Prepared Sales Offer Unusual Values
FOR MEN
It is a remarkable thing when one stops to consider how much further one's money reaches these days. This is particularly true in McCreery's. The following items from the Men's Shops offer substantial proof of this fact.
Shirts $1.35
Made of printed Madras and other good wearing materials in an unusual assortment of Summer patterns.
Neckties $1.25
These are Knitted Four-in-Hands and almost any color combination may be had from a large assortment of contrasting stripes. Every tie is hand-framed of pure silk.
Pajamas $1.65
These garments are carefully made of Striped Percale or Plain Colored materials. They are full cut and roomy, assuring comfort to the wearers.
Union Suits 85c
Formerly $1.10 and $1.55
Made of white plaid and self striped Madras; popular athletic model.
(Men's Furnishings—Main Floor)

Flint's Fine Furniture
Annual Summer Sale
FLINT QUALITY · DEPENDABLE FURNITURE

Offering values that, under manufacturing conditions of the day, would be out of the question except for our very unusual factory connections. The designs are new.
Flint & Horner Co. Inc.
20-26 West 36th St.
"Conveniently near Fifth Avenue."

Sale—Men's Fine Shoes!

New Models—Sport Oxfords—plain white and leather trim. Also street oxfords and high shoes—Shoes you will need now and in the months just ahead. Sacrificed to gain stock space—two pairs for the former price of one pair—men of foresight will buy a year's supply. $7.50
Close at 1 o'clock Saturday
ALFRED A. KOHN
505 Fifth Avenue at 42nd

A Mark of Superiority
Those who purchase milk marked Borden's Grade A ... are assured of a product which must stand the test of superiority at every stage of its production.
Let our representative tell you the story of Borden's Grade A service.
BORDEN'S
Farm Products Co. Inc.
Cortlandt 7961.

The Mortgage On This Home—
is held by a Brooklyn Savings Bank and is for $5,000. The property was recently purchased for $13,000 by a Brooklyn business man for his home. It is a two-family, frame house on a plot 50 x 100, and is in one of Richmond Hill's exclusive sections.
This is a good example of the splendid type of Brooklyn and Queens improved realty and of the usual margin of equity that secure the value of the Guaranteed First Mortgages and Guaranteed First Mortgage Bonds of the Home Title Insurance Company. Investors such as Banks, Trust Companies, Executors and Trustees of Estates, as well as individuals, find the mortgages profitable and safe investments. Absolutely guaranteed as to principal and interest at 5½%.
Send for our booklet on Guaranteed Mortgages
HOME TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
BROOKLYN AND JAMAICA

ADVERTISEMENT.
Delicious Ice Cream
delights, cools, refreshes on hot days. And there's no cranking or other toilsome work when you make ice cream in the
AUTO VACUUM ICE CREAM FREEZER
for ice cream literally freezes itself—smooth, rich, delicious—in this remarkable device. Clean, light, sanitary, convenient. No paddles, loose parts or mechanism. A modern kitchen utensil finished in white enamel. You can see it in any leading hardware or department store.
Ask the store—or write us—for complimentary copy of "Desserts That Make Themselves," containing excellent recipes by the former Cookery Editor of The Ladies' Home Journal.
AUTO VACUUM FREEZER CO., Inc. 220 West 42nd Street, New York City

Nearly Back! The $25 All Wool Suit Is Here
Here are well made suits, "well made" is important. $25. There are dark and light colors. Separate trousers for outing and city wear. A splendid assortment, $6 to $12. Closed in August at 1 P. M. Saturdays. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 Sixth Ave., N. Y. City.

YOU need it—
MONEY
WE have it!
LOANS—in any amount—made on diamonds, jewelry, watches, personal property. Deal with the old-established, reliable house.
A. WOLLHEIM & SONS
1483 1st Ave., bet. 77th & 78th. Phone Rhinelander 3723 ESTABLISHED 1880

ADVERTISEMENT.
BANK SALE
TO LIQUIDATE ADVANCES ON
NEW COMET AUTOMOBILES
$1,485
DELIVERED N. Y. INCLUDING WAR TAX.
List Price $3,400.
SPECIFICATIONS
9 N. Red Seal Continental Motor, Borg & Beck Clutch, Stromberg Carburetor, Wagner Ignition System, Columbia Axles, 125-inch Wheelbase, and other units of like standard.
LYRIC GARAGE,
42-44 WEST 63D ST.
OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAYS

PICTURE NEWSPAPERS AND LORD NORTHCLIFFE.

Lord Northcliffe is quoted in the Fourth Estate as saying that "the demand now is for picture newspapers. Don't worry about news. Tell it in pictures." MID-WEEK PICTORIAL answers this description. Twenty-four pages of rotogravure, containing one hundred or more pictures, which show news events in all countries. On news stands, 10c.

Dainty Silver Finished Vanity Cases Special 75c

Lovely vanity cases in silver finish, in engine turned designs, with chain and ring handle and mesh tassel. Inside are compartments for powder and rouge, and powder puffs. *Street Floor*

Broadway at 34th Street

Saks & Company

Specialists in Apparel

Hours of Business 9 a. m. to 5.30 p. m.

Closed ALL DAY Saturdays up to and including September 3rd

Men's Shantung Bath Robes
Special 6.95

Cool, Summer robes of a fine quality cotton shantung—as lustrous as silk and much more serviceable. Collar, cuffs and pockets are in contrasting colors. *Fifth Floor*

Thursday and Friday Only

Hudson Seal Coats

for WOMEN and MISSES

—in selected quality ultra-smart full-flared model

345.00

During recent seasons coats of the same high quality sold for 40% more

Handsome coats of selected Hudson Seal with turn back cuffs and deep shawl collar of skunk, beaver or squirrel. Lined with the most exquisite embroidered silks.

Only One Third Need Be Paid Now

—the balance when your furs are taken from our modern storage vaults in the Fall. *Sixth Floor*

Girls' Slip-Over Frocks

of Britannia Silk

Never before offered at less than 5.95

Special 3.95

These cool, gay little sleeveless frocks—so adorable for Summer wear with fresh white blouses—are simplicity itself to launder, and they come in two lovely soft shades—rose and blue. Sizes 12 to 16.

A Large Collection of

Girls' Organdy, Dotted Swiss and Voile Frocks

Regularly 5.95 to 21.75

Now 2.95 *to* 8.95

None Sent C. O. D., Exchanged or on Approval

Second Floor

300 STURDY

Summer Rompers

for Kiddies of 2 to 6

Thursday Special at

1.35

Adorable, flower-like little rompers of pink, blue, green or pink-checked chambray with fresh white trimmings of poplin. Made so strongly that they will wear indefinitely—and save tremendously on laundry bills! *Fourth Floor*

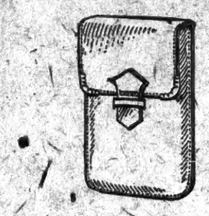
Imported Draw-String Beaded Bags

Regularly 16.50

Now 10.50

—one of the most beautiful collections of beaded bags ever offered at this astonishingly low price—each piece a rare bit of rich coloring and design, executed with the inimitable skill and wonderful perfection that the old French beadworker alone is capable of doing.

All silk lined. *Street Floor*



Men's Imported Pigskin Cigar Cases

2.95

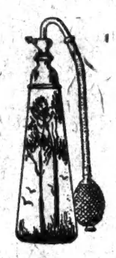
Regularly 6.50—Holds five cigars without crushing. Exceptionally well made and finished with sterling silver corners and monogram tab. *Pictured.*

14 kt. Gold-Mounted Wallets—2.50

Regularly 6.50. Of genuine pin seal, with four card pockets and bill compartment.

14 kt. Gold-Mounted Match Cases—1.95

Regularly 3.50. The handiest match case made. Designed to hold the card-matches so much in use. Of genuine pin seal. *Street Floor*



100 IMPORTED

French Atomizers

Hand-Painted

Special 3.95

Never before have atomizers as lovely as these sold at such a low price.

Imported from France—hand painted in exquisite designs by de Sux—a charming addition to one's dressing table—and an economical one. *Street Floor*

New Net Guimpes with sleeves

in a special sale Thursday

at 1.65

You will find these just right to wear with sleeveless frocks or sweaters. Made of net, trimmed with pretty laces, and one may choose Peter Pan or square collar effects. *Street Floor*

Women's Wraps and Coats

Greatly Reduced

—Plenty of styles, all the most wanted materials, and every Coat a value such as comes to a woman but once a season.

None Sent C.O.D., Exchanged or on Approval

19.75 Sport Coats	7.95
19.75 to 29.50 Sport Coats	10.00
22.50 Knitted Capes	9.75
29.50 Knitted Sport Capes	15.00
29.50 to 35.00 Wraps and Coats	18.75
45.00 to 55.00 Wraps and Coats	27.50
65.00 to 75.00 Wraps and Coats	45.00
85.00 to 95.00 Wraps and Coats	65.00

WOMEN'S and MISSES'

Fine Summer Skirts

to be offered at Special Mid-Summer Reduction—Thursday and Friday

2.95—*Reg. 6.95 to 7.95*

An Extensive Collection of Tub Skirts—Cotton Gabardine and Cotton Tricotine models in a variety of the latest Mid-Summer styles featuring new ideas in pockets and belts. Wonderfully Practical!

7.50—*Reg. 12.75 to 16.95*

Linen Skirts in a splendid variety of swagger tailored styles in white and all the wanted high shades.

8.50—*Reg. 16.50*

Blazer Striped Flannel Skirts featuring the smart trouser-pocket styles. Henna, Pekin, Gold, Navy and Black with white stripes. Also—**Baronette Satin Skirts** of an exceptionally fine lustrous quality in modish net tailored model. White and high shades.

12.75—*Reg. 16.50*

Washable Fan-ta-si Skirts in a stunning new model in black and white plaid, distinctively cut and finished.

15.00—*Reg. 25.00*

A Large Assortment of Flannel and Prunella Cloth Skirts in several ultra smart new pleated and tailored styles in a variance of gay plaids and stripes. *Fourth Floor*

Women's Mid-Summer Frocks

of silk and cotton fabrics—

GREATLY REDUCED

Afternoon and Dinner Frocks—one of a kind. Regularly 75.00 to 95.00	*Now* 49.50
Canton Crepe Frocks Regularly 45.00 to 59.50	*Now* 29.50
Crepe de Chine Frocks Regularly 35.00 to 39.50	*Now* 25.00
Imported Voile and Swiss Frocks Regularly 35.00 to 39.50	*Now* 16.50
Plain and Flowered Voile Frocks Regularly 22.50 to 25.00	*Now* 12.50
French Voile Frocks Regularly 18.50	*Now* 7.95
Frocks that are slightly soiled Regularly 15.00	*Now* 5.00

Fourth Floor

From Paris!

Never has Paris conceived more lovely novelties than these—each a joy to look at and to wear. Paris created them—Saks and Company introduce them to New York.

A Feathered Armlet

is designed to cover the vaccination mark when one appears in formal attire—and chooses for that purpose a wide carved bracelet in a variety of colors, and adds a curled ostrich tip to match—a novel and graceful addition. 5.00

A New Girdle

is just the thing to lend color—and chic—to one's Fall frock. It combines brocaded ribbon with beautiful beads, and ends in a rich silk tassel. 18.50

Colorful Feather Combs

carry out the Parisienne's desire to have feathers on every part of her costume. Gorgeous colorings are combined to form charming effects, and worn in one's hair, they add a vivid touch.

7.50 to 14.50

A Gorgeous Coque Feather Fan

is the most exquisite thing in fans seen in many years. The feathers are in shades to harmonize with one's evening gown—tinted darker at the ends, and are mounted on amber sticks to sway languorously with one's movements, 55.00

Novel Necklaces in many Variations

display the hand of Paris by starting with silk cord, adding lovely beads, and for a pendant, using perhaps lovely painted crystal, a colorful scarab, or a bit of ivory,

3.50 to 12.50

Street Floor

REDUCED!

PARIS HAND-MADE

Lingerie Blouses

Formerly 7.95 to 11.75

Now 5.00

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Reduced for Immediate Disposal!

WOMEN'S and MISSES'

White Pumps and Oxfords

Now 4.95

Buckskin, Canvas and Linen Footwear of the same superior quality of material and workmanship which distinguish all Saks shoes. This special collection includes the latest Mid-Summer models for sport and dressy wear in all white or with modish black or tan trimmings. Louis XV, Cuban or Dolly Heels. Sizes 2½ to 8—Widths AA to D—But not in every style. *Second Floor*

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Women's Hand-Made Philippine Undergarments

At Very Low Prices

At 1.95

A Reg. 3.00 Value

Nightgowns and envelope chemise developed in fine nainsook, entirely hand-made, and adorned with hand embroidery in many attractive designs. Completed with scalloped edges and drawn with ribbon.

At 2.95

A Reg. 5.00 Value

Envelope chemise and nightgowns of sheer, sturdy nainsook. The embroidery is delightfully made in punch-work and effective solid work—finished with scalloped edges, hemstitching, and drawn with ribbon.

Third Floor

Full Size Wardrobe Trunks

—made to withstand the severest usage—

Special 32.50

Without question the best value in a finely constructed Wardrobe Trunk anywhere to be had. Made to our rigid specifications—3-ply veneer body, covered and interlined with vulcanized fibre. Fitted with five drawers, swinging trolley, laundry bag and shoe pockets. At 32.50—unequaled!

Basement

PARIS PRESS URGES SOVIET BE OUSTED

Editors Favor Making the Russians Choose Between Food and Bolshevism.

HOOVER'S TERMS APPROVED

La Liberte Is Sure That He Will Not Let Himself Be Duped by the Red Leaders.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—There is a growing demand in France that famine relief to Russia be accompanied by the exodus of the Bolsheviki from power. Whether as a preliminary condition, as an attendant circumstance, or as the ultimate result is not considered of the highest importance, but the French believe that Russia is suffering much less from drought than from Soviets, and that other nations owe it to Russia and to themselves to see that Russia is not in the same plight again next year. They believe that Russia's sorry condition can best be remedied by removing the causes, namely, Lenin and Trotsky.

Communists in France say that the bourgeois officials are trying to make a change in their Government the price to the starving Russians of a piece of bread. That is unfair. French statesmen have for two years consistently fought the soviets, first by arms and then by diplomacy. They have always held that the Soviet regime would bring to sorrow any country that embraced it. That belief has been back of their rigid suppression of Bolshevism in France and their effort to discourage it in Russia.

The Supreme Council will consider Russia next week, and it goes without saying that compassion for the starving Russians will be accompanied by consideration of whether means are offered to end the activities of the present rulers in Moscow.

Editors Advocate Eliminating Red Rule.

For the last two or three days French newspapers have been publishing voluminous stories of the horrors of the Bolshevist régime, besides the most recent reports of famine and cholera. More than that, a good many editors come right out and say that it is all right for other nations to tax themselves to feed the starving Russians, but that they might as well make a complete job of it and remove the fountain head of Russia's sorrow.

The Echo de Paris today, praising Herbert Hoover's project to save Russian babies and women, says that it is only just to call attention to Trotsky's recent orders for raising fresh regiments "for the approaching war," and declares that Mr. Hoover should be on his guard against strengthening the Red Army.

La Liberté reviews the fine promises of the Bolsheviki and says:

"Look at the result: Transport is disorganized; the Czarist bureaucracy is replaced by a new one, more numerous and more venal; farmers, robbed and persecuted, cease to cultivate except for their own needs, and millions starve. Lenin and his accomplices, shut up in the Kremlin and guarded with more care than any Czar, have been obliged, in order to hold on a little longer, to appeal to the capitalist Governments. Now Europe and America are called to feed a country which used to be a big exporter of grain.

"Hoover is the man to meet the difficulties. He is not the man to let himself be duped by the men of the Soviets. He has made his conditions, as the Supreme Council will make its conditions. What is most important is that the authors of this frightful cataclysm be thrown out. Their failure is such that they must at once give way to others. It is announced that they are consenting to take men of other parties into their councils. That is not enough. They must get out entirely."

The Figaro says:

"Above all, the Soviets must go. The supplies to be sent by the committees of aid should serve to reanimate the great Russian body and not to give new virulence to the germs of death, which are Lenin and Trotsky."

Not Drought, but Bolshevism, the Evil.

The Temps tonight publishes a three-column story of horrible conditions in Russia from an eyewitness who has just returned from that country.

The des Débats, printing a similar article, takes the Russians to task as follows:

"Russia is not suffering from drought; it is suffering from Bolshevism, and whatever sympathy is inspired by the plight of the hundreds of thousands about to die, we do not hesitate to say that a nation of more than a hundred millions which submits to the tyranny of several hundred assassins and profiteers; that a people whose soldiers abandoned their allies—that such a people has in some degree deserved its fate, and that we have the right, before imposing on ourselves sacrifices to save them, to lay down certain conditions."

These conditions, of course, are that the Russians overthrow the soviets.

The Gaulois says that Lenin and Trotsky are now in presence of the fruits of their labors, "and now Lenin and Trotsky are wondering if the fidelity of their Asiatic guard will assure them the last piece of bread in Russia. They have accepted the conditions of Hoover, and they will accept any conditions which permit them to hold on to their misused power, with which they have thrown Russia into the abyss."

The Gaulois says it is childish to blame the Russian famine on the drought, because Russia has always had periodic droughts, but under an efficient Government the supplies of other sections helped out the stricken regions. Bolshevism has taught the farmers the folly of producing to be robbed; transport has decayed and fallen to pieces, and Russia's troubles are due simply to her Soviet Government.

The same paper says that Ambassador Herrick and Ambassador Hardinge of England have discussed with the French Government ways and means of aiding the starving Russians. Not only may grain be had from America, but Bulgaria, Rumania, India, Indo-China and China have available supplies if they can be transported.

URGES ALLIED AID IN RUSSIA.

Briand Wants Supreme Council to Consider Co-operation With Us.

PARIS, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Allied co-operation with the United States in relief work among famine sufferers in Russia has been proposed by Premier Briand for consideration at the coming meeting of the Supreme Council. The official announcement of this decision of the Premier set forth that relief measures would be proposed on solely humanitarian grounds.

The settlement of the Upper Silesian question, however, is to remain the principal topic of the meeting.

MRS. HARRISON IN BERLIN.

Goes Shopping to Repair Russian Ravages Upon Her Wardrobe.

BERLIN, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Mrs. Marguerite E. Harrison, the American newspaper correspondent who recently was released from prison in Russia, arrived in Berlin early this morning from Riga, accompanied by Senator Joseph I. France of Maryland. Mrs. Harrison immediately began a shopping expedition.

"You know, when a woman has been in jail in Russia for many months and gets to a place where there are good shops she cannot resist outfitting herself," said Mrs. Harrison. "When I arrived in Riga I possessed only a miserable soiled and worn gown and was wearing men's shoes. I haven't any clothes at all. That is my complete outfit," pointing to a small travel-worn bed roll.

"I have just received a cablegram from my son, saying he is leaving the United States today, and that he will meet me in London, Aug. 10." Mrs. Harrison continued. "So I must shake off my Russian appearance before then."

Major Hugh H. Young of Baltimore, a member of the American Medical Reserve Corps, and many newspaper friends met Mrs. Harrison at the railway station. She appeared to be animated and greatly delighted to see old acquaintances. She shows the effects of her long imprisonment.

GERMANS ORGANIZE TO AID.

Berlin Relief Committee Plans to Send a Hospital Ship to Russia.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—A meeting under the auspices of the German Red Cross was held this morning to discuss relief action for Russia. It was attended by representatives of medical science and of all political parties as well as of the world of finance, big business and industry. Like all Germany, the meeting was unanimous in favor of helping the Russian people, and those present quickly constituted themselves a Russian relief committee.

But it is not going to do anything rash. The German altruists felt "so uncertain of the possibilities which German relief action might encounter in Soviet Russia," that it was decided "to send only one hospital ship with five doctors and twenty nurses to test Russian conditions and learn if the attitude of the Russians Government would permit undisturbed, useful relief activity."

Its suspicions are apparently justified by the fact that the Soviet Government has not yet answered the questions addressed to it by the German Red Cross regarding the necessary permits to enter Russia as well as immunity for doctors and nurses.

It was also the sense of the meeting of German relief enthusiasts that the United States, as usual, should provide the greater part of the food and funds for saving Russia. The practical Germans are concentrating on Ruhr relief work and on combatting cholera, since its spread into Poland and the Baltic would naturally endanger the health of Germany.

POLITICAL EFFECT OF RELIEF.

Hoover Agent Says Foreign Aid Will Tend to Stabilize Russia.

J. H. Wallis of Dubuque, a representative of the American Relief Administration who returned this week after a five months' survey of the feeding operations in Central and Eastern Europe, expressed the opinion last night before starting for Washington to make his report to Secretary Hoover that the proposed Russian relief would tend to stabilize Russia politically as well as economically. He discounted the idea that the relief work would strengthen Lenin and Trotzky in their aim to Bolshevize the rest of the world. He said:

"I believe the relief work which the American Relief Administration will do in Russia will not only save lives, but will tend to bring stability and progress along rational lines in Russia. It is not too much to hope that it will be an effective and benevolent means of bringing Russia into the family of nations once more—a new democracy of Russia, differing from other democracies, to be sure (for we must not expect Russia to conform to our models), but a democracy not mad and violent, but sane and peaceful."

NO DEBT NEGOTIATIONS.

Paris Denies Any Parleys Have Been Opened With Soviet.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Reports that negotiations for recognition of the Russian debt to France were impending, which have been in circulation for several days, received official denial today.

The denial seems to have been prompted by a circumstantial statement, declared to be on reliable authority, printed here this morning, that such negotiations had been begun last night by Louis Loucheur, French Minister of Liberated Regions, and Leonid Krassin, Russian Soviet Minister of Trade and Commerce.

Before the collapse of the Czarist régime in Russia that Government had contracted a debt to France approximating $5,000,000,000. When the Soviet administration of Russia was established the Bolsheviki refused to acknowledge this debt, and to this fact has been attributed the refusal of France to enter into any negotiations with representatives of the Bolsheviki or to arrange a trade agreement such as was recently entered into between Great Britain and Soviet Russia.

EXPLOIT SENATOR FRANCE.

German Communists Use as Propaganda His Approval of Soviets.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—Senator France arrived here this morning from Riga. To callers, who found him in his shirt-sleeves, toiling with his secretary, Mr. Watson, over notes and manuscripts in his suite in the Hotel Bristol, the Senator had nothing to say for publication on any subject. More specifically, he refused to give his version of the dispute with Colonel Ryan in Riga. He expects to leave Berlin tomorrow for London.

Under the headline "A Bourgeois on the Soviet Government's Situation" the Berlin Communist organ, Die Rote Fahne, features Senator France's testimonial to the stability of the Soviet Government, basing its article on the report of the interview given by Senator France to the Riga correspondent of the Hanover Courier. He is reported as saying in substance:

"The Soviet Government's position is by no means shaken; on the contrary, it is working efficiently and the organizing talent of the Soviet leaders has made an astonishing impression on me."

The Senator's remarks have received wide publicity throughout Germany.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—Senator Joseph I. France, who reached here today from Riga, will start for London within two days, and expects to sail for the United States on the Rotterdam from Plymouth Aug. 17. He says the Soviet officials in Moscow estimate that 10,000,000 persons are threatened by famine.

Senator France expressed the opinion that the estimates of from 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 which had been published were entirely too big, but he said he had no personal knowledge of conditions in the Volga district, as he did not go south of Moscow. He was conducted about Moscow by Boris Reinstein, formerly of Buffalo, who has been connected with Bolshevist publicity ever since the downfall of Kerensky.

The Senator believes that there is enough available rolling stock to transport foodstuffs to the famine sections if Secretary Hoover can get the food to the ports.

WASHINGTON LAUGHS AT FRANCE CHARGES

Traces Them to Red Propagandist Assertion Denied by Red Cross Last Spring.

RYAN DIDN'T AID KRONSTADT

Evidence Shows That He Declined to Furnish Food and Clothing to the Rebels There.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—When Senator Joseph I. France of Maryland at Riga yesterday charged Colonel Edward W. Ryan of the American Red Cross with having fomented the Kronstadt rebellion, he merely repeated Bolshevist charges which the Red Cross had investigated and disproved. These charges were inquired into by the American Red Cross, and so far from showing that Colonel Ryan had helped the mutineers, the evidence was that he and other members of the American organization declined to furnish food and clothing to the Kronstadt rebels.

Senator France's charges, according to what was said at American Red Cross headquarters today, are nothing more than a resurrection of Bolshevist propaganda of last March and April. The International Red Cross was so impressed with its obvious propagandist intent that it declined to answer the complaint of the Soviet Government.

THE NEW YORK TIMES dispatch from Riga telling of Senator France's tirade against Colonel Ryan in a Riga hotel and in the street was read with amused interest, coupled with regret on the part of Senators that one of their number should have made a public scene. Amusement, however, was most in evidence, largely because Mr. France's associates do not sympathize with his Bolshevist views.

On March 20, 1921, the Soviet authorities launched broadcast a campaign against the American Red Cross in the form of a wireless message addressed to all the Central Committee of the Red Cross. This message was picked up by American diplomatic representatives in various parts of Europe and forwarded to the State Department, which turned it over to Red Cross headquarters here. The message read:

"According to particulars received by the Central Committee of the Russian Red Cross, the International Committee is examining the question of affording relief in products and clothing to the [mutineers?] at Kronstadt, and Colonel Kyan, delegate of the American Red Cross, has already taken steps in this direction.

"The Russian Red Cross can only qualify this help furnished to a band of adventurer officers and disobedient sailors as a flagrant intervention in the political life of the Russian republic, and that in favor of the proven enemies of the Russian toiling masses and of the Government recognized by the [Red Cross?]

"The Russian Red Cross has always observed, in all the manifestations of its humanitarian rôle, the principle of the most complete political neutrality, and in the name of this same principle it considers it its duty to stigmatize the unworthy conduct of the representatives of the Red Cross which is violating this principle.

"When the children of the Russian workmen, separated from their parents, were at the good pleasure of the American Red Cross agents dispatched on a journey round the world, the Russian Red Cross saw in this a revolting abuse by subordinates who were ill-informed as to the nature and duties of their mission.

"Now that the victorious Red Army has taken as prisoners individuals furnished with mandates from the American Red Cross who filled purely military functions in the Red Guards' camp, the Russian Red Cross considers itself faced by a fresh case of abuse of functions for which the local representative of the American Red Cross is responsible.

"Again on this occasion, in spite of all appearances to the contrary, the Central Committee refuses to believe that such despicable proceedings have been taken with the knowledge and consent of the authorized heads of the Red Cross.

"It firmly hopes that the International Committee and the Central Committee of the American Red Cross will categorically disown without delay the information spread in Russia, or, in case of its being confirmed, will publicly disavow their agents."

Even before the official text of this declaration from the Soviet Government was forwarded to the Red Cross headquarters here by the State Department, officials of the organization had started an investigation to ascertain the facts in the case. On March 1 officials at headquarters here took cognizance of press dispatches coming from Stockholm and Berlin in which the Bolshevist charges were quoted and cabled to Red Cross headquarters in Paris as follows:

"Press dispatches from Stockholm and Berlin announce Kronstadt revolutionists supplied with food by American Red Cross. Advise facts fully. Definitely declined provide American Red Cross help Kronstadt under present conditions."

On March 18, after a thorough investigation, the Paris headquarters cabled Washington as follows:

"Press dispatches absolutely inaccurate. Nothing whatever done, and nothing whatever promised for Kronstadt. Ryan now in Paris with full information regarding whole situation, but we contemplate no action under existing conditions."

On April 2 Washington headquarters again cabled Paris, saying:

"Press dispatches from Stockholm announce Soviet Red Cross has lodged protest with International Red Cross based on allegation American Red Cross gave assistance Kronstadt revolutionists."

The reply to this cablegram came on April 4 as follows:

"Press reports American Red Cross assistance Kronstadt absolutely without foundation. Protest of Soviet Red Cross to International Red Cross, which reached Geneva last week, was so obviously sensational propaganda that International Red Cross and American Red Cross considered reply unnecessary. Believe unwise pay further attention this matter, except giving denial that American Red Cross sent supplies Kronstadt."

REPORT AMERICANS FREED BY SOVIET

By WALTER DURANTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the railroads, one of the principal needs in the relief work will be a large number of motor trucks.

An international committee has been organized here to render relief to the starving of Russia. This committee, with the international Red Cross organization in Riga, which is looking after the transport to Russia of former prisoners of war, will maintain relations, with regard to relief work, between Moscow and Western Europe, it is announced.

A conference is to be convened by all the great international and national benevolent organizations in this connection, the announcement states.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Famine conditions in the Volga provinces of Russia are very serious, according to George Tchitcherin, Bolshevist Minister of Foreign Affairs, who has sent a wireless dispatch to Vienna, says The Daily Herald. M. Tchitcherin, however, is said to have declared that "the foreign capitalistic press is wildly exaggerating the facts to suit its own purpose."

"There is great misery in the stricken districts," the newspaper quotes the dispatch as saying, "but some of the frightful tales circulated throughout Western Europe emanate from the imagination of journalists and should be received with reserve."

The Petrograd region is declared not to have been seriously affected by the famine, its northern situation having saved crops from the ruin which overtook farm products in the southern parts of the country.

Several ships are unloading food at Petrograd, says a dispatch to The Daily Mail from Bjorneborg, a town in Finland sixty miles northwest of Abo, and more food is arriving in the city from Reval. It is declared that Russians who visit ships in the harbor of Petrograd are begging sailors to sell their rations, and one captain is said to have recently bartered two bags of flour for a piano-forte.

Sufferers Firing Their Villages.

Hunger-stricken people in the famine districts of Russia are setting fire to their villages before deserting them for other parts of Russia, according to a Helsingfors dispatch to the Central News Agency today, quoting persistent reports said to have been received this morning from the interior of Russia. Many villages are said to be in flames.

From the same source it was reported that great preparations were being made to deal with the masses of peasants now moving toward Moscow. Many trenches have been dug about the city, and much war material, including field guns, have been installed, according to the reports.

Other telegrams received at Helsingfors reported that the Petrograd garrison had mutinied again.

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LAGUARDIA OUSTS TWO POLITICAL FOES

One Republican Fired, Another Forced to Resign for Failure to Pledge Support.

CURRAN DENOUNCES ACTION

Says Although Aldermanic President Attacks Bosses It Looks Like a Boss in His Office.

F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen and a candidate for the nomination for Mayor in the Republican primaries, was accused yesterday of ousting two Republican district leaders employed in his office because they would not promise to work in their districts to further his candidacy. Charles Rathfelder of the Bronx was summarily removed, ostensibly for dereliction of duty, and Frederick Oppikofer of Brooklyn resigned.

President LaGuardia's action stirred Republican leaders to resentment. Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan and Coalition candidate for Mayor, said that although Mr. LaGuardia spent most of his time denouncing bosses, "it looks as though there were a boss in the office of the President of the Board of Aldermen."

Rathfelder was an examiner in Mr. LaGuardia's office at $3,800 a year. He is Republican leader of the Tenth Executive District of the Bronx, lives at 440 East 150th Street, and is a member of the Republican State Committee. He said President LaGuardia called him into his office and asked him how he stood on the primaries. He said he told Mr. LaGuardia that he found himself in an awkward position.

"Yellow," said LaGuardia.

"I told the Aldermanic President," said Rathfelder, "that I had the friendliest esteem for him, but that I felt I ought to leave the matter to my district to decide. LaGuardia said 'That's yellow on your part.' I replied that I couldn't see it that way. I told him that I owed something to the organization and La Guardia said: 'What's the organization? Don't you know the primary law?' I said I did and that a primary was a free contest for any one to enter. He told me he would give me ten minutes to make up my mind. Later I went back to his office and I told him I would leave it to my district."

Rathfelder then received this letter from Mr. LaGuardia:

"Your excuse for being absent without leave I find was not satisfactory, and also the statement that you made to certain newspaper men in reference to employes of this office is not in accordance with the facts. Your appointment as examiner in this office terminates at noon, Aug. 3, 1921."

Rathfelder said the question of his absence one day last week was not brought up during the two talks he had with his superior yesterday, and although it had been discussed previously, he felt it had nothing to do with his getting out.

"Do you believe," he was asked, "that you were discharged because you would not agree to support President LaGuardia in the primary?"

"He asked me today," was the reply, "what candidate I was going to support, and gave me ten minutes to make up my mind. Later I told him I would leave it to my district, and now I receive this letter of dismissal."

Oppikofer Explains Resignation.

Rathfelder is said to have remarked that there were nothing but Democrats in the President's office, but he denied saying this. He explained his absence from the office as being due to illness. He said Mr. LaGuardia had asked him if he had had a physician and he had replied in the negative. He said he was on the point of writing his resignation when he received his dismissal.

Mr. Oppikofer was assistant to President LaGuardia at $6,000 a year. He is Republican leader of the Sixteenth Assembly district, in the Coney Island section. Shortly after noon President LaGuardia sent for him and after a short conference Oppikofer tendered his resignation. Coming out of the Aldermanic President's office, he said he had resigned because he could not see his way clear to "swinging his district" to LaGuardia.

Mr. Oppikofer said he asked Mr. LaGuardia if his continuation in office depended upon his personal and his organization's support of the Aldermanic President. The latter replied, he said, that it was an embarrassing question. Mr. Oppikofer said, "I am very sorry. Here is my resignation."

His letter of resignation read:

"A little over fifteen months ago you were kind enough to honor me by appointing me as your assistant. During all that time our associations have been most cordial and I have enjoyed my affiliations with one who has so conscientiously and efficiently performed his official duties as you have as President of the Board of Aldermen and as a member of the Board of Estimate, the Sinking Fund Commission and of the Armory Board.

"It is very much regretted by me that a difference of opinion on a political question makes me feel that my continuance in the position to which you so kindly designated me will be embarrassing to you, and I herewith respectfully tender my resignation as assistant to the President of the Board of Aldermen."

LaGuardia Doesn't Deny Charge.

Mr. LaGuardia did not deny that he had dismissed Rathfelder for political reasons and had accepted Oppikofer's resignation on the same grounds.

"I'll carry both of their districts," he said. "They are easy. I absolutely deny that I asked either of these men to swing their organizations for me, for the simple reason that they could not swing their organizations. The primary vote will show that the districts are for me. Both of these positions are confidential positions, and it would be extremely embarrassing for both of these gentlemen, as well as for myself, to continue in that relationship."

President Curran said:

"Mr. LaGuardia has done an injury to the city's service in dismissing two competent employes because they would not agree to support him in the Republican primaries for Mayor. If the city officials are to put their personal political ambitions ahead of the good of the service, we are in a bad way, indeed. Least of all should such a thing be the work of one who spends most of his time denouncing the bosses. It looks as though there were a boss in the office of the President of the Board of Aldermen.

"In view of what has happened, I want to make it perfectly plain that none of the 2,500 men and women who do the work of my department need worry for a moment as to whether their political opinions and mine agree. Whatever they think, or however they vote, they will be sure of their positions. All I ask of them is that they show loyalty to their city by the excellence of their work."

MARSHAL WILSON IN PERIL.

Washed Overboard in Cowes Regatta —Saved by Other Yachtsmen.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Field Marshal Sir Henry Hughes Wilson, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, had a narrow escape from drowning today while following the races for small craft in the Cowes regatta. The Field Marshal was in a little yawl and a heavy sea washed him overboard.

The two yachts competing in the race, sailed by Sir Arthur S. Cope and Colonel Hobart, went to the rescue of the Field Marshal, who had managed to keep afloat. When they had rescued him and placed him in a dinghy which had put off from his yawl, Sir Arthur and Colonel Hobart resumed the race, in which their boats finished respectively second and third.

WOMEN GIVE EVIDENCE AGAINST A DETECTIVE

Rebecca Melyado Testifies That Gunson Extorted Money From Her for Years.

Rebecca Melyado, testifying yesterday in General Sessions against Detective John J. Gunson, formerly of the Upper Tenderloin Vice Squad, on an indictment charging him with extorting $50 from her, denied that she had declared last Fall in the Jefferson Market Court that the case against the detective was a frame-up.

She repeated the story of her alleged relations with the detective between 1917 and 1920 which she had told Magistrate Jean Norris in the Jefferson Market Court when Gunson arrested her on a disorderly conduct charge last October. She declared that Gunson, although he was a married man, lived with her in her apartments in West Ninety-fifth and West Ninety-seventh Streets. She told of many presents she alleged she gave to Gunson at the time, and then related the circumstances under which she gave the $50 to Gunson.

Gunson told her in the West Ninety-seventh Street apartment in the presence of Rose Gonzales, she said, "that he needed a suit of clothes." She said she replied, "I want you to look nice," and then gave him the money. She asserted that she shared her earnings with the detective on a "fifty-fifty" basis every night during the period she alleged Gunson resided with her.

Under cross-examination of counsel for the detective she admitted discrepancies in her story before Magistrate Norris and her testimony yesterday, but insisted she was endeavoring to tell the truth. She said she tried to reform, but that Gunson each time caused her to lose her job.

Rose Gonzales testified that she saw the complainant give the detective the $50. She added that she had frequently accompanied the detective and Rebecca Melyado to restaurants, and that Rebecca, who was also known as "Billie Howard," invariably paid for the dinner. The trial will be continued before Judge Rosalsky today.

ENJOINS ALBANY JITNEYS.

Judge Forbids Competition With Trolleys There and in Troy.

ALBANY, Aug. 3.—Supreme Court Justice Harold W. Hinman issued today an order restraining more than 200 jitney drivers in Albany and Troy from continuing their operations in competition with the United Traction Company until Sept. 10, when the court will pass upon an application by the company for a preliminary injunction.

The company contends that the jitneys have been operating in Albany, Troy and surrounding municipalities in violation of Section 26 of the Transportation law. Passenger-carrying automobiles have been doing a thriving business in the cities affected by the strike of the union employes of the traction company, which is now in its seventh month. Non-union workers are operating the company's cars.

Dr. Tour Joins Cincinnati University

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 3.—Dr. Reuben S. Tour has been appointed Professor of Chemical Engineering in the College of Engineering and Commerce, University of Cincinnati, succeeding Dr. O. R. Sweeney, who resigned because of ill health. During the World War Dr. Tour designed, built and operated several of the largest chemical plants in America for the United States Government. At present he is an expert on nitrates and other chemicals for the Government, with headquarters at Washington.

GILROY COMPLETES COALITION TICKET

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

President of the Board of Aldermen in November."

Samuel Hyman, a representative of the Independent Democracy of Greater New York, said that for the first time in years the Fusionists had named a ticket composed exclusively of men born and bred in this city.

"That is real home rule," he added, amid applause.

Praised for Suffrage Stand.

Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw praised Mr. Gilroy for the fight he made for woman suffrage as a member of the Assembly in 1916.

"I think this is a grand ticket," she said. "Every candidate has been sounded out on the question of woman suffrage from the start. We will tell the women in this city that and they will do the rest."

Spokesmen for every group on the committee seconded the nomination. Then the vote. Then Mr. Gilroy was brought in and told to make a speech. In declaring the meeting adjourned, Mr. Hiles said that not only the Republican organizations but all the Independent groups represented in the Coalition movement must take active part in the primary campaign.

"I am sure the members of this committee are confident we can win," said Mr. Hiles. "I know the candidates enthusiastically believe we will. A fine thing about this conference is that all three candidates have been developed since the meetings began two weeks ago. Another fine thing is the spirit manifested by both Mr. Curran and Mr. Lockwood, each of whom was willing to let the other take the first place if that would help the cause. We could not start the campaign with a better spirit.

"The women here, who are participating for the first time in a municipal campaign in this city, will be a great help to our ticket. They will play a most important part in our campaign and save a great work cut out for them. But through it all, let us remember that our work, though well begun, has only just begun."

Prepare for Joint Conferences.

With their city ticket completed, the Republican and other anti-Tammany groups are preparing for joint conferences in the various boroughs to select candidates for borough and county offices. These conferences must be held within the next few days, for on Thursday the time for filing designating petitions will be at hand. That period will end a week later, on Aug. 16.

Inasmuch as the real fight in the municipal campaign will be for control of the Board of Aldermen, the Republicans and their anti-Tammany allies are likely to be most careful in their selection of candidates for Borough President.

If Manhattan Tammany has not been able to agree on a candidate for Borough President, although there has been some talk of M. F. Loughman, who wanted the nomination two years ago but was withdrawn in favor of Edward F. Boyle, Chairman of the Tammany Hall Executive Committee, who, in turn, was defeated by Mr. Curran.

Among the Republicans the talk centres on Ernest F. Eilert, a printer and publisher and former member of the Board of Education, and Clarence L. Fay, an organization Republican, who holds the position of Commissioner of Public Works and chief deputy under Curran.

In Brooklyn the three candidates most discussed among the Republicans are Colonel Sydney F. Grant of the Thirteenth Regiment (Heavy Artillery), Sheriff John J. Drescher and George W. Bauer, a wealthy shoe manufacturer.

In the Bronx the candidates under discussion among the Republicans are William J. Millard, a former Progressive who for almost twenty years was an Assistant Corporation Counsel, and Thomas F. Gilleran, an independent Democrat, formerly connected with the Hearst Independence League and a candidate on the Hearst Municipal Ownership League ticket in 1905.

Democrats in Queens are preparing to draft Borough President Maurice Connolly as candidate for re-election, despite the fact that he has aroused growing factional opposition within the organization. Negotiations have been in progress for some time with a view to bringing about an alliance between the Democratic faction opposed to Connolly and the Republicans and their anti-Tammany allies in Queens behind former District Attorney Denis O'Leary as a candidate for Borough President, but Joseph H. De Bragga, the Republican leader of Queens, last night brought about the selection of Warren B. Ashmead, former Transfer Tax Appraiser and a straight Republican organization man, for the place.

O'Leary is already circulating his designating petitions. He was elected District Attorney once on the Democratic ticket and won a second term as a Republican-Fusion candidate. Last year he was turned down by both parties, but polled 45,000 votes as an independent candidate. His principal backing this year comes from the Personal Liberty League, composed largely of anti-Connolly Democrats, headed by Dr. Arthur W. Keating. Two years ago this faction fused with the Republicans and captured nine out of sixteen elective offices.

In Richmond the Republicans probably will nominate former Senator George Cromwell for Borough President. Mr. Cromwell has already seen long service in that office. The Democratic organization, torn by factional strife, of which the Republicans expect to take advantage through a fusion movement, has two candidates—Calvin D. Van Name, the present incumbent, and Matthew Cahill, Chairman of the Richmond County Democratic Committee.

Two Women Are Mentioned.

Two women are prominently mentioned for county offices on the Republican-Coalition ticket. Miss Helen Varick Boswell, it was said, was almost certain to be designated for the nomination for Register in New York County. She is leader of the Women's Division of the New York County Republican organization. In the Bronx Mrs. D. Appleton Palmer, organiser of the Woman Suffrage Party of that borough, is mentioned for the same nomination. She was formerly a Democrat, but is now enrolled as a Republican. Her principal opponent is John Nichols, publisher of The Westchester Globe.

Four candidates are under consideration for the Republican nomination for District Attorney in New York County. They are: Jesh Kirkland Clark, former Assistant District Attorney; Emil E. Fuches, Henry W. Goddard, President of the Young Republican Club, and Municipal Court Justice John R. Davies. Mr. Fuches is already a candidate for General Sessions Judge. There are three vacancies in General Sessions. Morris Koenig, a brother of County Chairman Samuel S. Koenig, who was appointed a General Sessions Judge by Governor Miller, will undoubtedly be nominated for one of the three vacancies.

In the Bronx former Senator John V. Sheridan and Harold C. Knoeppel, both Independent Democrats, who were under consideration for the nomination for Aldermanic President, are the principal candidates for District Attorney.

In the Bronx they also will elect a Sheriff and a County Clerk. For Sheriff August F. Schwartzler, former Progressive leader, is being talked of.

Other Aspirants in the Bronx.

Louis Castanetti, a manufacturing jeweler; Major Daniel P. Sullivan, an overseas veteran and Republican; Henry Waldman and Joseph M. Levine, a former member of the School Board, are among the aspirants for county offices.

The influence of United States Senator William M. Calder, it is expected, will be potent enough to bring about the renomination of Edward H. Maddox for County Clerk of Kings. William R. Bayes, County Judge in Kings by appointment from Governor Miller, is slated for nomination for his present place on the bench, while W. Bernard Bause, a Republican, is being mentioned as a possible candidate for another vacancy in the Kings County courts.

The candidacy of County Judge Reuben L. Haskell is causing uneasiness among the Coalition leaders as well as among such "independent" candidates for the Mayoralty nomination as Major F. H. LaGuardia and former Senator Bennett. Mr. LaGuardia found it expedient to make clear his attitude on prohibition in a public statement.

"The next Mayor of New York City must enforce the prohibition laws," he said. "Any modification of the laws is up to Congress and the State Legislature. I favor a modification of the laws. I voted against the Volstead act in Congress."

HYLAN RULES 2½ TO 1 FAVORITE IN BETTING

Wall Street Commissioners Offer Large Amounts That Mayor Will Succeed Himself.

Mayor Hylan was a 2½ to 1 favorite over Borough President H. H. Curran in betting on the coming Mayoralty contest which began in Wall Street yesterday. Both at the offices of James W. Ball & Co., 67 Exchange Place, and W. L. Darnell & Co., 44 Broad Street, the firms which handle the great bulk of the wagers placed in Wall Street, it was learned that there is, even at this early date, a large amount of money to bet at these odds that Hylan will be chosen to succeed himself. Darnell & Co. alone stated that they had at least $25,000 to put up on this basis, while Ball & Co. also had a considerable sum to place the same way.

Not only are the supporters of Mayor Hylan exceedingly confident of his re-election, but they are likewise strong in the belief that his victory over his Republican-Coalition opponent will be a most decisive one. This belief has taken form in the offering by Darnell & Co. of $10,000 on even terms that the Democratic designee will carry all five boroughs, as well as in odds of 1 to 4 that Hylan's vote will double that of Curran.

Wall Street commissioners are looking forward to a very lively betting campaign over next Fall's elections in this city. While they are now holding Hylan a pronounced favorite over Curran, they admit that the latter is likely to prove a very formidable contender as the time for the casting of the ballots draws near.

Although there was much early election betting talk in Brooklyn yesterday, no actual bets were reported. Around the Borough Hall and the Court House the betting men seemed to view Hylan as a 2½ to 1 or 3 to 1 favorite over Curran, if both are nominated.

Fred Schumm, the Brooklyn betting commissioner, has $1,000 to $3,000 and $2,000 to $6,000 to bet that Hylan will not be re-elected. He also has to offer $1,000 to $4,000 that the entire Republican city, borough and county ticket will carry Brooklyn.

WANT PLACE FOR WALLIS.

Friends Urge Him as Democratic Designate for Aldermanic Head.

Friends of Immigration Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis, who were unsuccessful in having him accepted as an anti-Tammany candidate for Mayor by the Coalition forces, were said last night to be bringing pressure to bear to have him designated in the Democratic city primaries as a candidate for the nomination for President of the Board of Aldermen. Three other candidates are being discussed for that designation in Tammany circles—Commissioner of Plant and Structures Whalen, Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert and Deputy Commissioner Henry Smith. Mr. Smith is said to have the strongest backing for the nomination.

It has been decided that Robert L. Moran, who has been mentioned for this nomination, shall be renominated for County Clerk of the Bronx. Mr. Moran was Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen when George McAneny retired as Aldermanic President, and automatically became his successor.

The Tammany Hall Executive Committee, which was to have met this afternoon to decide definitely on a candidate for third place on the city ticket, Mayor Hylan and Controller Craig being slated for renomination, has postponed its meeting until next Monday afternoon, when, it is understood, the full borough and county slate will be chosen.

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Cool, Summer Suits of Mohair and other warm-weather materials, in light and dark colors.

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326 Pairs Men's White Canvas Oxfords, made over very graceful lasts, with leather or rubber soles. All sizes.

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388 Pairs Men's Dark Tan Calf Oxfords—also some in tan Scotch grain leather. Ball-strap brogue models, with rubber heels.

Fifth Floor

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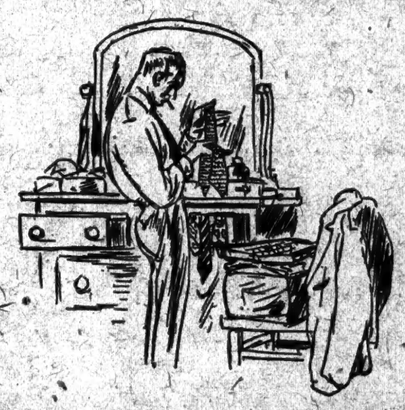

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Strap and Novelty Pumps in all leathers and combinations; Russia Calfskin Walking Oxfords; White Pumps and Oxfords in Linen and Buckskin.

EVERY WHITE SHOE IN OUR STOCK IS INCLUDED IN THIS SALE.

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Custom-Tailored to Your Order, Mind You!

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Bailey Ave. 3129, Bailey Ave. Garage.
Bainbridge Ave. 3615, Bahrenberg's Gas and Service Station.
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Barrow St. 130, Barrow St. Com. Gar.
Belmont Ave. 1187, Llen Garage, Inc.
Bergen Ave. 514, J. Nimpheus.
497, Bronx Auto Co.
510, Bronx Ford Repair Co.
Bleecker St. 203, Mescia Gas Station.
Boone Ave. 1472, Ferrara Garage.
Boston Post Road, 1015, Kling Garage, Inc.
1263, Rosenblatt Garage & Taxi Co., Inc.
1338, Bronx County Garage.
1342, Jefferson Plaza Garage.
1361, Imperial Garage.
3139, Wm. Burns.
4049, Jane McDonald.
4057, George Hinkelein.
4058, J. Schanzke.
4061, Adolph Fehlhaven.
Cor. 171st St., Ellsmere Garage.
Bowery and Bond St., Bridge Garage.
Broadway, 1916, Michael T. Watts.
2444, Kesbec Sales Company.
2906, Paulson's Garage.
3240, Katz Gas Station.
4163, Arrowhead Garage.
4842, Greater New York Garage.
4850, Arthur's Garage.
4858, S & A Repair.
5015, Watson Auto Sup. Co.
and 137th St., Kesbec Sales Co.
2161 to 2173 B., Bowman & Williams Gar.
and 171st St., Kesbec Sales Co.
2553, nr. 198th St., Otes Auto Rep. Corp
and 216th St., Triangle Gas Station.
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Broadway and 54th St. Rec Mot. Car Co.
Broadway and 68th St. Lincoln Sq. Gar.
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Broadway and 70th St., Winton Co.
Broadway and 74th St., Broadway Gar.
Broadway and 244th St., Broadway Gar.
Brook Ave. 1088, J. & L. Garage Corp.
1024, Wm. & Thos. Witters Garage.
1113, Speckman's Garage.
Broome St. 85, Broome St. Garage.
Brown Place, 144, Brown Place Garage.
Cauldwell Ave., 187, Acme Garage.
Carter Ave., Cor. 174th St., Carter Gar.
Carter's Ave. and 176th St. Federal Gar.
Castle Hill Ave. 1166, Estling's Gar., E.
Cathedral Parkway, 24, Manhattan Gas Station, served by M. T. Watts.
Chester St. 38, Williams Garage.
Cherry St. 324, Starnaker Garage.
Chrystie St. 47-53, Metropolitan News Co.
Courtlandt Ave., Est. 163rd and 164rd Sts., Morse Station Garage.
Cretona Ave. 1967, Crotona Garage.
Daly Ave. 2070, Individual Garage, Inc.
Delancey St. 113, I. Levin.
295, Williamsburg Bridge Plaza.
Division St., Cor. Gerick St., Schiff Parkway Gar. and Willett St., Delancey Garage.
Division St. 135, R. & N. Garage.
Downing St. 43, Downing Garage.
Dyckman St. 244, Inwood Garage.
and B'way, McFarlin's Gas Station.
E. 2d St. 79, Asens Garage.
E. 9th St. 611, Revere Garage.
E. 23d St., Cor. Lewis St., 7th St. Gar.
E. 58th St. 411, Eighth St. Garage.
416, Hygrade Auto Corp.
E. 9th St. 216, New Royal Garage.
E. 91st St. Garage.
234, 9th St. Garage.
306, F. Collins.
366, S. F. Collins.
E. 10th St. 403, Renes Garage.
E. 111th St., Minute Garage.
233, Drip Deck Garage Corp.
239, Garage Leasing Corp.
E. 12th St. 19, Cleric and Bambi.
E. 126th St. Neiss Brothers.
1838, Bronx County Garage.
1842, Jefferson Plaza Garage.
1861, Imperial Garage.
2139, Wm. Burns.
2649, Jane McDonald.
2657, George Hinkelein.
2658, J. Schanzke.
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DESIGNERS AT ODDS OVER SKIRT LENGTH

Fall Fashion Show Fails to Fix the Limit for Women's Garments.

EVENING GOWNS LONGER

The Directoire of Last Season Is Supplanted by Apparel of Spanish Design.

The problem as to whether or not the skirts will be longer or shorter was not solved at the Fall Fashion Show of the National Garment Retailers' Association which was held last night at the Hotel Commodore. Even the designers, whose word is final as to what the American women will wear, appear to be at odds on this important point, for the skirt lengths were more varied than ever. The only apparent agreement seemed to be in the evening gowns, which were decidedly longer, although even in these models a leeway of from three to six inches from the floor was allowed.

The Directoire of last season is quite forgotten and supplanting it is the Spanish influence. This decided change has been attributed to the popularity of Spanish shawls, when designers appreciated the charm of the graceful gowns that set off these wraps and introduced them at once.

The show was even more elaborately staged than its predecessors. The mannequins appeared before a Maxfield Parrish background and proceeded down a runway extending the full length of the ballroom. In addition to the exhibitions there were several numbers in which appeared stage favorites, including the Kosloff dancers, Michio Itow and Anita Enters.

Mrs. Irene Castle opened the show officially. At the end of a dance called "Creation" she burst through a screen, attired in an evening gown that embodied all the features that the designers hope to make popular this season. It was of silver cloth in pure Spanish cut, with a circular skirt and a lengthened waist line and skirt reaching to within five or six inches from the floor. Through the folds of the skirt could be seen touches of bright green and fur edged the long, wide sleeves of chiffon.

Another evening gown in the same lengthened silhouette was of black maline, with full circular skirt decorated with large cousettes of the maline and fur. The blouse followed the lines popular last season, being cut straight from shoulder to shoulder, and there were no sleeves save those made naturally by the cut of the garment, and these slits were edged with fur.

One of the most distinctive evening gowns was a Sultana metal cloth embroidered with rhinestones. The line of this gown was extremely straight and severe, and it reached to within two inches of the floor. A double train of the metal cloth lined with a new shade of blue was caught at the shoulders and fell well on the floor.

In extreme contrast, the street suits were quite as short as those already familiar to our public thoroughfares. A few of the models effected a compromise by allowing panels to extend below the skirt line, but even this was a rare concession. One attractive suit was a tangerine trelaine trimmed with black karacul, and another was of French cloth of faintly visible hairline stripes of white on black.

The popular shade of Paris, fuchsia, was shown in many of the street suits, although it was also favored for afternoon frocks and tea gowns.

Several houses showed smart new riding togs. The most distinct feature of these was the new long trousers that are being worn with the new habits.

YESTERDAY'S AUTO THEFTS.

Ten Fords and Two Cadillacs Among Cars Reported Stolen.

The following thefts of automobiles were reported to the police yesterday:

Oakland 1920 touring; license 41589 N. Y., motor 140206.

American 1920 touring; license 257141 N. Y., motor 462.

Chevrolet 1919 touring, blue red stripe; license 123324 N. Y., 27635.

Ford 1919 coupe; license 180105 N. Y., motor 3577907.

Ford 1921 runabout; license 247823 N. Y., motor 4873584.

Ford 1919 touring; license 34047 N. Y., motor 3335859.

Ford 1921 runabout, commercial body; license 327602 N. Y., motor 4635775.

Buick, 1917, touring; license 211396 N. Y., motor 262223.

Cadillac, 1920, limousine; license 092668 N. Y., motor 94389.

Chandler, 1920, touring, dark blue; license 219037 N. Y., motor 93521.

Ford, 1921, sedan; license 207853 N. Y., motor 4716921.

Ford, 1921, touring; license 232229 N. Y., motor 4772940.

Ford, 1920, coupe; license 29300 N. Y., motor unknown.

Ace Electric Motor Cycle, blue; license 1456 N. Y., motor A 1483.

Chandler, 1919, sedan, maroon; license 122169 N. Y., motor 50367.

Ford 1920 sedan; license 145386 N. Y., motor 3377827.

Ford 1921 touring; license 544289 N. Y., motor 4964164.

Ford 1921 touring; license 242744 N. Y., motor 4704690.

Paige 1921 touring; license 237619 N. Y., motor 127682.

Chandler 1918 touring; license 468035 Penn., motor 22132.

Maxwell 1920 touring, dark blue; license 174309 N. Y., motor 303251.

Cadillac 1919 touring, blue; license M62 N. Y., motor 57KK873.

FATHER NOT A KIDNAPPER.

Court Exonerates Man Who Reclaimed His Daughter.

Stephen Behrer, counterman, in the employ of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Miller at their restaurant in Dover, N. J., until he "kidnapped" 5-year-old Elsie Behrer Miller, the adopted daughter of the Millers, proved to the satisfaction of Magistrate Hatting in Essex Market Court yesterday that the child was his and a charge of being a fugitive from justice was dismissed.

Behrer, it was shown, left the child in the custody of Mrs. Miller, his sister, when little Elsie's mother died. Mr. and Mrs. Miller became greatly attached to the child, and when Behrer took Elsie from their home July 27 the Millers laid claim to her as their own. They charged Behrer with kidnapping, and obtained a warrant from a Justice of the Peace in Morristown. Behrer was arrested at his home in East Eighty-first Street last Sunday night. Mrs. Miller insisted that little Elsie was her child, born to her when she lived at Second Avenue and Sixty-third Street. Behrer explained that he had married again, had established a home for his daughter and then had claimed her.

MOTOR TRUCK KILLED BOY.

Driver, Who Had Girl on Seat With Him, Charged With Homicide.

Joseph Bertino, 5 years old, of 365 Wythe Avenue, Brooklyn, was killed last night by a motor truck at South Second Street and Wythe Avenue, Brooklyn. Rudolph Palonero of 53 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, driver of the truck, was arrested on a charge of homicide. Witnesses told the police that the truck was travelling rapidly and that the driver had a girl on the seat with him.

Five persons, all living in Brooklyn, were injured yesterday in an automobile accident in front of 225 Lafayette Street when the car in which they were passengers collided with another car. All were attended by an ambuance doctor from Gouverneur Hospital and went to their homes. They were: Frances Gangia, 60 years old, of 121 Roebling Street; James Romain, 35 years old; Joseph Romain, 4 years old, and Marie Fronta, all of 113 Roebling Street, and Joseph Gangia, 38 years old, of 240 North Fifth Street.

HONOLULU KOREANS RIOT.

Newspaper Wrecked and Five Injured Over a Woman's Grievance.

HONOLULU, Aug. 3.—The office of The Pacific Times, a Korean language newspaper, was wrecked and five Koreans were injured today in two raids on the office.

The disorder started in an altercation between the staff of the newspaper and a group of women who came to protest against an article they considered an attack on the Korean Women's Benevolent Society. They were expelled from the office, but later their husbands took up the dispute and a second disturbance ensued. Twenty-three persons were arrested.

S. K. Ham, manager of The Times, was the most seriously injured.

AUTO BAND ROBS WOMAN.

Held Up in New Jersey, Money, Rings and Watch Taken.

Four motor-car bandits robbed Mrs. J. H. Davidson, 627 Harrison Place, West New York, of about $750 in cash and jewelry late Tuesday night when she was returning to her home by way of Palisade Avenue. Mrs. Davidson said that she was walking along the avenue, when a large sedan, approaching from behind, passed her and then came to an abrupt stop. Four men got out and one of them thrust a pistol into her face. The four took from her handbag $100, stripped her fingers of an engagement ring and a dinner ring and made her hand over a gold watch.

NOTICES WARN MEXICANS.

Oklahoma Police, However, Deny Foreigners Are In Danger.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 3.—Mexicans at Bartlesville, Okla., have appealed for protection following the posting on their homes of anonymous notices ordering them to leave town within twenty-four hours on pain of having their houses burned, Jose S. Montemayor, Mexican Consul, here, announced today.

Later word was received from Chief of Police Gaston of Bartlesville declaring that the situation was well in hand and that no serious consequences were looked for.

WANTS SCHOOL BATHS OPEN

Commissioner Stern Thinks Public Should Have Use of Them.

Commissioner M. S. Stern, at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Education, spoke in favor of opening the public school baths in the evening for general use. President Prall said that there was no appropriation for evening school baths, and Mr. Stern asked what the cost would be. The Director of Recreation Centres was instructed to furnish an estimate of the cost.

Mr. Stern also objected to paying the teachers in the vacation high schools $8 for working from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., while the evening high school teachers receive only $6.50.

Local Seer Predicts Cool August.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 3.—John L. Starr of this city, a weather prophet of some note, predicts a very cool August, and declares that the months of October will be warmer than the month of September.

WOMAN, 60, BEATEN IN NEIGHBOR'S FLAT

Accuses Young Man Whom She Befriended in Many Ways, Even to Lending Money.

BOTTLE THE WEAPON USED

Suspect Flees—Victim's Wounds Dressed in Hospital; Then She Goes to Friend's Home.

Detectives of the East Fifty-first Street Station were searching last night for Thomas Leap, 23 years old, of 309 East Fifty-eighth Street, who, it is alleged, brutally assaulted Mrs. Catherine Engbrux, 60 years old, a cook, the occupant of a flat adjoining his. Mrs. Engbrux was taken to Flower Hospital having been found unconscious in Leap's flat by the janitress. She had a deep cut behind the left ear, a broken nose and a cut over the left eye. After she had received medical attention she insisted on leaving the hospital to go to the home of a friend.

Detectives Klauser and Hooker found Leap, his young wife and their baby missing. A bottle wrapped in a towel the police believe was the weapon employed in the assault on the aged woman.

Mrs. Engbrux told the detectives she had befriended the Leaps because of the baby and had aided Mrs. Leap in many ways. She washed the baby's clothes and often prepared the Leaps' meals during the month the family had occupied the flat next to hers. Several days ago, she said, she lent Leap $6 from her pay as a cook in a restaurant at Third Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, when he told her he was out of employment.

When she returned from her day's work yesterday, Mrs. Engbrux said, Leap met her at the head of the stairs and invited Mrs. Engbrux into his flat. Once inside, Mrs. Engbrux said, Leap felled her with a blow and struck her several times more.

"I can remember shouting 'If you want money, you don't need to strike me,' and then I must have become unconscious," she told reporters.

Mrs. Alice Donnelly, the janitress, who occupies a front apartment on the same floor heard Mrs. Engbrux's screams and went to her assistance. She summoned an ambulance from Flower Hospital. Mrs. Donnelly said Mrs. Engbrux was alone when she went to her aid. Mrs. Engbrux, seen later, was unable to recall whether Mrs. Leap and the baby had been in the flat at the time.

Mrs. Donnelly said Leap had been a month behind in his rent, and that she had asked him yesterday when he thought he could pay it.

Mrs. Engbrux finally went to the home of a friend, Mrs. Louis Langenhoel of 238 East Fifty-eighth Street. The detectives questioned her there.

Mrs. Engbrux said she thought Leap's motive for the assault was robbery, and that had he asked for a loan she would have given it to him.

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W. L. Douglas $7.00 and $8.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices.

The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas great factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself the efficient system of manufacturing, the high grade leathers used, the skilled workmanship which cannot be excelled, you would be convinced, as others have been, that W. L. Douglas shoes are absolutely all that is claimed for them, the best shoe values for the money in this country.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

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347 Eighth Avenue.
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★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton Street.
★1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
★ 478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
★ 859 Manhattan Avenue (Greenpoint.)
★449 Fulton Street.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women

PENN. R. R. BALKS AT OPEN LABOR BALLOT

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

ence the voter. Orders had gone out from headquarters that no official of the company, no matter how high or low his position, would be allowed to involve, himself in any way in the election. There was no name on the company ballot, no delegate was suggested in any way by the company, and the fact that the union men in many cases did not participate was entirely due to orders from the labor union leaders requesting their members not to vote. The so-called company election was carried out according to the rules of the Australian ballot system, which gave every employe a chance to cast his ballot without showing his hand to anyone.

While no official statement has been issued by Vice President Atterbury, it is known that the Directors of the Pennsylvania system are much exercised over the so-called "labor" vote.

This is a copy of the official ballot adopted by the Labor Board for the election:

(New.)
Pennsylvania System.
Machinists, Apprentices and Helpers.
Official Ballot.

A dispute exists between the carrier and System Federation No. 90 of the Railway Employes' Department of the A. F. of L., as to who the employes, in the craft above named, desire to be represented by in the conference to negotiate rules and working conditions.

The machinists, apprentices and helpers, irrespective of membership or non-membership in any organization, are therefore to be given an opportunity to designate, by a majority vote, the representation of their choice, as follows:

Those in favor of either of the following will designate their choice by marking an X in the square set out for that purpose.

Those who desire to be represented by System Federation No. 90, Railway Employes' Department of the A. F. of L., mark an X in this square.....

Those who desire to be represented by the American Federation of Railroad Workers, mark an X in this square.....

Those who desire to be represented by individuals or by any other organization write the name of such individual or organization here and mark an X in this square.....

Place employed.....
Craft.....
Actually working.....
Laid off or furloughed.....
Name of voter.....

Officials See Closed Shop Issue.

Frankly admitting, it is stated, that the ballot as ordered by the Railroad Board would automatically eliminate a fair election, it is also generally agreed by the officials of the company that the new ballot, which requires a vote for an organization instead of an individual, makes a clear-cut, closed shop issue. If the organization ballot should prevail, which would be a foregone conclusion with the signed ballot, it would mean closed shop negotiations, due to the fact that both organizations designated on the ballot are closed shop labor bodies.

The reticence of Vice President Atterbury would indicate that the Pennsylvania Directors will do a lot of hard thinking before they will agree to accept a ruling that in their estimation will arbitrarily guarantee success to the union labor organizations involved. Furthermore, in doing this the company would be compelled to "throw down" the delegates who have been elected in the recent election.

To apply for a modification of the ruling of the Railroad Labor Board would in a measure recognize a board that the company may be compelled to ignore, if the signed ballot would be ordered in effect after a company request for modification. Therefore it is not believed by those intimately acquainted with the situation that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's officials will formally request modification of the order issued.

It is stated on high authority that several union men interrogated have already stated that if they were compelled to sign their ballot they could not vote for the employe representation system without jeopardizing their chances of obtaining employment where union rules are in effect. This, of course, they could not afford to do. In the meantime company officials are awaiting further future developments.

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GIANTS ARE BEATEN BY CARDS' HOMERS

Smith and McHenry Furnish Blows Which Decide the Issue in 3 to 2 Contest.

DOUGLAS AGAINST DOAK

Rival Slabmen Both Pitch Masterly Ball and Hits Are Evenly Divided at Seven All.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 3.—Austin McHenry's home-run drive into the right field bleachers in the sixth inning, a titanic wallop that resulted from an attack on the first ball pitched by "Shuffling" Phil Douglas, gave St. Louis a 3 to 2 victory over the Giants here today in the second game of the series of four. The defeat, coupled with Pittsburgh's triumph over the faltering Phillies, dropped the Giants to a position two and one-half games to the rear of the Pirates.

A rally by the Giants in the ninth inning, which threatened to unseat Bill Doak after a most meritorious performance, failed when Johnny Rawlings hit into a fast double play with Ross Young on second base and "Irish" Meusel on first.

Hits were decidedly in the minority with Douglas and Doak, "spitters" of rare attainment, on duty. The New York hurler gave only seven hits, but two of them were home-run drives. Fortunately, they came with the bases despopulated, but even so, they were just damaging enough to represent the difference between defeat and victory.

Young Gets a Triple.

Doak also gave seven hits, the longest of which was a triple by Ross Young in the second inning. Ross turned the drive into a run a moment later when Doak slipped a fast toss past Clemons for a wild pitch.

Young, Burns and McHenry, whose devastating wallop curtailed the march of the Giants, were the slugging heroes of the day. Young and McHenry hit safely twice in three attempts, while Burns made the same number of hits in four tries.

The Cardinal scoring began after Phil Douglas had pitched a single strike to Jack Smith. On the next toss, which was evidently destined to cut the plate, Smith stepped up, swung lustily and began the circle of the bases as his hit arched high and far into the right-field bleachers. It was a lengthy wallop and unnerved Douglas for the time, but he recovered sufficiently to retire the side without further scoring, despite a single by Mueller and an error by Bancroft.

The Giants tied it a few moments later when Ross Young started the second inning with a long trippie to centre field and cantered over the plate on one of the wildest wild pitches that Doak or any one else ever introduced into the society of the major leagues.

Witness the persistent Cardinals in the act of taking the lead again in the third, after Stock and Hornsby had expired. Fournier doubled mightily to left. McHenry, the same sorrel-topped gentleman who later tossed Douglas into the slough of despond, now came through with a single to centre on which Fournier counted. McHenry, not content with stealing the ball game, attempted to pilfer second, but was thrown out by a full first to short.

Then came the sixth and McHenry's culminating wallop.

Giants Make Bold Bid.

The Giants made a valiant attempt to tie in the seventh when Young and Kelly led with singles. They advanced on Meusel's infield out, and Young scored the final run on Rawlings's bounder to stock. Brown batted for Earl Smith, but popped to Stock for the final out.

Opening the ninth inning, the Giants stirred up for a final and desperate attempt to keep pace with the flying Pirates. Young waited patiently while Doak failed in four flings at the plate. "Home Run" Kelly recalled the famous Casey by doing himself into a knot swinging at Doak's deceptive "spitter." Meusel whipped a hot bounder straight to Hornsby, but the swat smith fumbled momentarily and completed a bad play by throwing low to second.

Two men on, two out found the bases, with Johnny Rawlings coming up. Johnny has never stormed the heights held by the Ruth-Sisler-Cobb faction, but he has been known to hit in the pinch, and a single or so would have done wonders with Frank Snyder next in line aching for a chance to drive his old battery partner down to defeat.

Johnny, after bringing the situation to a two-ball-two-strike basis, put a harsh bounder in the general direction of Milton Stock. The former Giant hastily stopped the progress of the pellet and sent it speeding into the hands of Hornsby at second for a force out of Meusel. Continuing the death dealing work Hornsby relayed to Fournier in time to beat Rawlings by a step.

Twin-Killing Saves Doak.

A double play was all that could have saved Bill Doak. He was faltering like one in the throes of some eight or nine consecutive violations of the Volstead act. Suppotr was what he needed most, and Stock, greatly preferred at the time, was there to give it to him.

A wonderful throw from deep right field cost the Giants a run in the third when it effaced George Burns at the plate. Incidentally it witnessed the total waste of three clean singles. Earl Smith began the inning with a strike-out. Phil Douglas, who is neither above nor below such things, also fanned. George Burns shook off the habit and singled to left. Bancroft intimated that the example was praiseworthy and planted one of like magnitude in centre. Whereupon George stopped at second. At this point Frank Frisch propelled still another hit to right which started George Burns on a speedy, if fruitless, journey to the plate. Jack Smith came in, whipped the ball on a line to Clemons and the Cardinal catcher completed the play by embedding the ball in George's ribs.

Thereafter the Giants threatened little except in the seventh, when the second run was scored.

Fred Toney, the mastodon, will attempt to bring the Cardinals to time tomorrow. At the same moment "Dizzie" Walker or Jess Haines will endeavor to perpetuate the cruel state of affairs which has existed thus far.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. Smith,rf	3	1	1	0	1
Mueller,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Stock,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Hornby,2b	4	0	1	2	2
Fournier,1b	4	1	1	13	0
McHenry,lf	3	1	2	2	0
Lavan,ss	3	0	0	0	5
Clemons,c	3	0	0	1	0
Doak,p	3	0	0	0	0
Douglas,p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	30	3	7	26	14

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,of	4	0	2	2	0
Bancroft,ss	4	0	1	3	5
Frisch,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Young,rf	4	0	2	2	0
Kelly,1b	3	0	1	10	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	0	2	1
E. Smith,c	3	0	0	3	1
Snyder,c	0	0	0	0	0
Toney,p	2	0	0	0	0
a Brown	1	0	0	0	0
bCunningham	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	7	24	9

aBancroft out; hit by batted ball.
a Batted for E. Smith in seventh.
b Batted for Douglas in eighth.

Errors—Brottem, Lee.										
Pittsburgh	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	3	0	—9
Philadelphia	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Konetchy, J. Smith, Whitted. Three-base hits—Konetchy, Grimm. Stolen base—Maranville. Grimm. Sacrifices—Rapp, Bigbee, Carey. Double play—Barnhart, Maranville and Grimm. Left on bases—Philadelphia 7, Pittsburgh 9. Bases on balls—Hubbell 2, Cooper 3. Hits—Off Hubbell 7 in 5 (none out in 6th), Winters 7 in 3. Struck out—By Cooper 2. Wild pitch—Winters. Balk—Hubbell. Passed ball—Brottem. Losing pitcher—Winters. Umpires—Rigler and Moran. Time of game—1:41.

CUBS AND BRAVES DIVIDE.

Boston Takes First Game, 5 to 3, and Chicago Wins Second, 7 to 5.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Boston and Chicago broke even in a double-header here today, the visitors winning the first contest, 5 to 3, while the locals took the second game, 7 to 5. Boston won its game by hitting Alexander opportunely while Oeschger pitched well in the pinches. The score:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell,cf	4	2	4	1	0
Hollocher,ss	4	1	1	2	4
Kelleher,2b	4	0	0	0	4
Grimes,1b	4	0	0	7	1
Sullivan,lf	4	1	1	2	3
Twombly,cf	4	0	2	1	3
Deal,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Gowdy,c	4	0	1	6	0
Oeschger,p	4	1	0	0	0
Total	36	5	10	20	17

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	5	1	1	1	0
Barbare,ss	4	0	1	3	4
Kelleher,2b	3	0	0	5	2
Grimes,1b	4	0	0	7	1
Sullivan,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Twombly,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Deal,3b	3	0	0	1	1
Killefer,c	4	0	1	2	0
Alexander,p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	5	24	8

Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	—3

Two-base hit—Southworth. Home run—Flack. Stolen base—Deal. Sacrifices—Ford, Barbare, Alexander, Southworth. Double plays—Flack and Killefer; Barbare, Ford and Holke; Sullivan, Alexander and Deal. Left on bases—Boston 7, Chicago 5. Base on balls—Off Alexander 3, Oeschger 1. Hit by pitcher—By Oeschger 2 (Killefer, Killefer). Struck out—By Alexander 4, Oeschger 1. Umpires—Klem and Emslie. Time of game—1:36.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Hollocher,ss	4	1	2	2	4
Kel'her,2b,3b	4	1	2	0	1
Grimes,1b	3	0	0	9	1
Sullivan,lf	3	0	1	1	0
Twombly,cf	4	0	0	5	0
Deal,3b	3	0	1	1	5
Marriott,2b	1	1	1	1	0
O'Farrell,c	3	0	1	3	2
Martin,p	3	0	0	1	1
aDaly	1	1	1	0	0
Freeman,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	7	11	23	13

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell,cf	2	1	1	2	0
Barbare,ss	0	0	1	0	1
S'th'w'th,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Cruise,lf	3	0	0	1	1
Boeckel,3b	4	0	0	2	1
Holke,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Ford,2b	4	0	1	1	5
Killefer,c	3	1	1	5	0
Alexander,p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	5	24	8

a Batted for Martin in eighth.
b Batted for McQuillan in ninth.

Error—Martin.										
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	—7
Boston	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Gibson (2), O'Farrell, Deal, Flack. Three-base hit—Sullivan. Home run—Powell. Stolen bases—Powell, Barbare. Sacrifice hits—Killefer, Powell. Left on bases—Boston 6, Chicago 9. Bases on balls—Off Scott 4, Martin 4, McQuillan 1. Hits—Off Scott 4 innings, McQuillan 2 in 1-3, Martin 6 in 8, Freeman 2 in 1. Struck out—By Scott 4, McQuillan 1. Wild pitch—Martin. Winning pitcher—Martin. Losing pitcher—Scott. Umpires—Klem and Emslie. Time of game—1:59.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Baltimore—rain.
Newark at Reading—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	70	37	.740
Buffalo	64	46	.582
Rochester	58	46	.558
Toronto	57	50	.533
Newark	46	59	.438
Jersey City	42	59	.416
Syracuse	44	62	.415
Reading	36	71	.330

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Newark at Reading.
Toronto at Rochester.
Syracuse at Buffalo.

American Association.

Toledo 14, Milwaukee 5.
Louisville, 2; Minneapolis 5.
Indianapolis 7, St. Paul 2.
Kansas City at Columbus—Rain.

Southern Association.

Memphis 8, Atlanta 2.
New Orleans 4, Birmingham 6.
Mobile 7, Nashville 6.
Little Rock 9, Chattanooga 2.

BASEBALL TODAY, 3:00 P. M., POLO Grounds. Yankees vs. Detroit.—Advt.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston 5, Chicago 3.
Other games postponed—rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis 3, New York 2.
Pittsburgh 9, Philadelphia 5.
Boston 5, Chicago 3 (1st game).
Chicago 7, Boston 5 (2d game).
Brooklyn at Cincinnati—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	62	36	.633
New York	59	35	.628
Washington	55	43	.534
Detroit	48	52	.475
St. Louis	46	51	.474
Boston	44	54	.449
Chicago	43	55	.439
Philadelphia	36	61	.371

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburgh	62	35	.639
New York	61	39	.610
Boston	54	40	.574
Brooklyn	51	49	.510
St. Louis	49	48	.505
Chicago	42	56	.429
Cincinnati	41	57	.418
Philadelphia	30	66	.313

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit at New York
(Game starts 3:20 P. M.)
Cleveland at Washington.
(Two games.)
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Chicago.

CORSAIRS DEFEAT PHILLIES, 9 TO 5

Cooper Is Wild in First Three Innings but Prevents Scoring After That.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 3.—Pittsburgh came from behind today and defeated Philadelphia, 9 to 5. Hubbell and Winters were hit hard and timely, and the one Philadelphia error also let in a run. Cooper was wild and ineffective in the first three innings, but settled down and stopped the scoring after that. Schmidt gave way to Brottem in the fourth when his finger was split by a foul tip from Hubbell's bat.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,lf	3	1	1	3	1
Carey,cf	4	1	2	3	0
Maranv'le,ss	5	0	1	1	6
Whitted,rf	5	1	1	5	0
Barnhart,3b	5	1	1	1	4
Werner,2b	3	1	0	7	1
Grimm,1b	4	1	1	13	0
Schmidt,c	1	0	0	1	0
Brottem,c	3	0	1	0	1
Cooper,p	3	2	2	0	3
Total	38	9	14	27	16

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rapp,3b	4	0	1	0	2
J. Smith,2b	5	0	2	1	5
Lee,rf	5	0	1	5	1
Walker,lf	3	1	0	1	0
Konetchy,1b	4	2	1	14	0
Williams,cf	4	1	1	3	0
P'kinson,ss	4	1	1	2	4
Stuggy,c	4	0	3	1	3
Hubbell,p	2	0	0	0	1
Winters,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	11	24	16

Errors—Brottem, Lee.										
Pittsburgh	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	3	0	—9
Philadelphia	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Konetchy, J. Smith, Whitted. Three-base hits—Konetchy, Grimm. Stolen base—Maranville. Grimm. Sacrifices—Rapp, Bigbee, Carey. Double play—Barnhart, Maranville and Grimm. Left on bases—Philadelphia 7, Pittsburgh 9. Bases on balls—Hubbell 2, Cooper 3. Hits—Off Hubbell 7 in 5 (none out in 6th), Winters 7 in 3. Struck out—By Cooper 2. Wild pitch—Winters. Balk—Hubbell. Passed ball—Brottem. Losing pitcher—Winters. Umpires—Rigler and Moran. Time of game—1:41.

EARLY SLUGGING WINS FOR RED SOX

Faber Hit Hard at Outset and White Sox Are Defeated, 3 to 2.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—Boston defeated Chicago, 3 to 2, in the opening game of the series today by hitting Faber hard in the early innings. Not a single put-out was made by a Chicago outfielder. A sensational catch by Menosky, who stood on the top of the left-field banks and reached his gloved hand up along the fence for Sheely's drive, prevented a tie score in the eighth inning.

The score:

BOSTON (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	4	1	2	0	0
Foster,3b	2	0	1	1	2
Menosky,lf	4	1	3	3	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	1	1	2
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	13	1
J. Collins,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Scott,ss	3	0	0	3	7
Ruel, c	3	0	0	3	1
Myers,p	3	1	1	1	3
Total	29	3	8	27	16

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Johnson,ss	5	0	0	2	3
Mulligan,3b	5	0	2	3	4
E.Collins,2b	4	0	2	4	3
Strunk,cf	4	1	0	0	0
Falk,lf	3	0	1	0	0
Sheely,1b	4	0	1	11	1
McClellan,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Schalk,c	4	1	3	4	1
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	35	2	10	24	14

Boston	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	—3
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Menosky. Three-base hit—E. Collins. Sacrifices—Pratt, Faber (2). Foster. Double play—Johnson, E. Collins and Sheely. Left on bases—Chicago 9, Boston 5. Bases on balls—Off Faber 1, Myers 1. Struck out—By Faber 2, Myers 3. Umpires—Hildebrand and Owens. Time of game 1:24.

STARS AND BISONS SPLIT.

Syracuse Captures First Game, 10 to 2, but Drops Final, 9 to 4.

BUFFALO, Aug. 3.—Syracuse divided with Buffalo in today's double-header, the Stars taking the first game, 10-2, and losing the second, 9 to 4. Heitman and Sell were driven from the box.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

SYRACUSE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Adams,ss	5	1	1	6	2
Madden,lf	5	0	2	4	0
Schulte,rf	4	1	1	0	0
Witter,1b	6	0	2	9	0
Ens,3b	4	2	3	1	3
Shaug'sy,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Esmund,2b	5	3	3	1	1
N'bergall,c	3	2	3	4	0
Dodson,p	3	1	0	0	0
Total	40	10	15	27	9

BUFFALO (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Keating,ss	2	0	0	1	2
Sheehan,as	3	0	0	1	2
Miller,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Birney,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Dow,2b	4	0	1	3	2
McCarren,3b	4	1	1	0	3
Jacobs,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Traeger,c	4	0	1	6	0
Heitman,p	1	0	1	0	1
Crandall,p	3	1	1	0	1
Total	35	2	7	27	11

Errors—Arams, Esmond, McCarren.										
Syracuse	3	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	—10
Buffalo	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Esmond (2), Madden, Nierbergall. Home run—McCarren. Stolen base—Ens. Sacrifice hits—Madden, Shaughnessy. Left on bases—Buffalo 9, Syracuse 13. Bases on balls—Off Heitman 1, Dodson 4, Crandall 2. Hits—Off Heitman 8 in 4 2-3 innings, Crandall 7 in 4 1-3. Struck out—By Heitman 1, Dodson 3, Crandall 1. Wild pitch—Dodson. Losing pitcher—Heitman. Umpires—Derr and Moran.

SECOND GAME.

BUFFALO (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	2	2	1	0
Sheehan,as	4	1	2	3	2
Miller,1b	3	1	1	5	0
Barney,rf	3	0	1	3	0
Dowd,2b	3	1	2	4	1
McCarren,3b	4	0	1	3	1
Donohue,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Bengough,c	4	2	2	7	1
Gordonier,p	3	0	0	0	3
Total	32	9	13	27	10

SYRACUSE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Adams,ss	5	0	2	2	4
Madden,lf	4	1	2	3	2
Schulte,rf	4	0	1	4	0
Witter,1b,cf	4	0	0	4	1
Ens,3b	3	0	0	0	0
Simonds,2b	4	2	2	1	2
Shaughnessy,s	4	0	1	2	0
cf,1b	1	0	0	4	0
Esmond,2b,3b	5	0	2	2	3
Gilham,c	4	1	1	4	1
Sell,p	2	0	0	0	1
Caldera,p	2	0	0	1	1
aNierbergall	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	4	9	24	15

a Batted for Caldera in ninth.
Errors—Sheehan, McCarren.

Buffalo	3	0	1	3	0	0	0	2	—9
Syracuse	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Schulte, Bengough (2), Adams, Gilhooley, Sheehan. Stolen bases—Sheehan (2), Dowd. Sacrifice hits—Barney. Double plays—Witter and Gilham; Sheehan, Dowd and Miller. Left on bases—Buffalo 8, Syracuse 12. Bases on balls—Off Gordonier 3, Sell 3, Caldera 4. Hits—Off Sell 9 in 3 1-3 innings; Caldera 4 in 4 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Gordonier (Simonds). Struck out—By Gordonier 7, Sell 1. Wild pitch—Gordonier. Losing pitcher—Sell. Umpires—Moran and Derr.

ERRORS GIVE LEAFS GAME.

Toronto Makes It Six Out of Seven by Beating Rochester, 2 to 1.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 3.—Poor base running by Mattox and a number of battery errors enabled Toronto to make it six games out of seven by taking today's affray from Rochester, 2 to 1. Ensman pitched well for the Leafs.

TORONTO (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Altenburg,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Gonzalez,2b	4	0	1	2	1
Davis,ss	4	0	1	5	6
Onslow,1b	3	0	2	11	1
Anderson,lf	3	1	0	1	0
Spencer,cf	2	1	0	1	0
El'kb'ne,3b	4	0	1	4	2
Devine,c	3	0	0	2	3
Ensman,p	3	0	2	0	2
Total	31	2	7	27	15

ROCHESTER (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Summa,lf	4	0	0	3	1
Miller,2b	4	0	1	5	2
Fothergill,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Merkle,1b	4	0	1	6	1
A. McM'n,3b	4	0	1	2	1
Pearce,ss	3	1	0	1	5
Mattox,c	3	0	2	0	1
Knight,p	2	0	1	0	2
aPost	1	0	0	0	0
Keenan,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	5	27	13

a Batted for Knight in eighth.
Errors—Davis (2), A. McMillan.

Toronto	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Mattox, Gonzales. Three-base hit—Mattox. Stolen bases—Spencer, Blackburne. Sacrifice hit—Anderson. Double plays—Davis to Onslow; Pearce to Miller. Left on bases—Toronto 8, Rochester 8. Bases on balls—Off Knight 4, Enzman 1. Hits—Off Knight 6 in 8 innings, Keenan 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Knight (Devine). Struck out—By Enzman 1. Balk—Knight. Passed ball—Mattox. Losing pitcher—Knight. Umpires—Carpenter and James. Time of game—1:55.

RUTH AT 1920 MARK.

Must Hit Three Homers in Detroit Series or Fail Behind.

The chase of the Yankees to overtake the league-leading Indians and Babe Ruth's campaign to put himself ahead of his 1920 home run schedule will be resumed at the Polo Grounds this afternoon if the weather is of the brand that is promised in the overnight forecast. For the second successive day rain kept the Hugmen idle yesterday, so the opening of the Detroit series went over to today, and the series itself was reduced from four games to three. The game postponed yesterday will be played off on Sept. 19, an open date during the next visit which the Tigers make to the Polo Grounds. The Indians were also idle yesterday in Washington, so there was no change in the standing of the two leading pennant chasers.

Ruth is now on even terms with his 1920 home run figures, and unless he hits for the circuit today or tomorrow he will drop behind for the first time this season. He has thirty-eight to his credit, as he had a year ago, the thirty-ninth making its appearance on Aug. 5. Babe got his fortieth and forty-first homers last year on Aug. 6, so he needs three in the next three days to keep from falling behind. Ruth has found the Detroit pitchers the easiest for his home run activities this year, so the task may not be so difficult. When the Tigers were here in June Babe maced Cobb's pitchers for six home runs in four games, two of his drives going into the centre field bleachers.

DONOVAN STILL MANAGER.

Owner of Phillies Denies Wild Bill Has Been Dismissed.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—President William F. Baker of the Philadelphia National League club said today that Irving Wilhelm would continue to act as manager of the Phillies during the remainder of the Western trip. Things are moving so nicely under Wilhelm's control that he did not think it wise to disturb conditions at present, Mr. Baker said.

This does not mean that Wild Bill Donovan has been dismissed as manager, said President Baker. Donovan is on scouting trip and has leaded a highly raised pitcher and is doing his part to build up the team for next year, Mr. Baker added.

TODY, VICTOR YEAR AGO, SCORES AGAIN

In First Race Since 1920 Debut Burch Filly Captures Seneca Stake at Saratoga.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 3.—One year ago, at the Saratoga track, a chestnut filly named Tody made her début in the racing world and won. She had been played from 40 to 1 down to 15 to 1 at post time, and her stable connections made a huge killing. Today Tody did it all over again, although the price was much shorter this time. Today's race was but the second of her life, as she had not started since the massacre of a year ago. Entered in the feature event of the card, the Seneca Selling Stake, at six furlongs, for three-year-olds, Tody was heavily backed by friends of W. P. Burch, her owner, being played from 5 to 1 to 4 to 1 when the barrier went up. There was a big play on other horses, or she would have gone lower. And Tody delivered just as she did in 1920.

She jumped into a lead of three lengths early in the running, and from that point she was nicely rated by McAtee, always holding her company safe, and winning easily by a length and a half. Wild were the whoops of joy from the Tody cohorts when she came back to the stand.

Ararat was made favorite for the event, with Billy McLaughlin a heavily played second choice. Ararat proved easily second best, saved ground in the stretch, but hung when driven at the end by Coltiletti. Billy McLaughlin finished in show position. The race was worth $2,700 to the winner.

Loses Race on Foul.

The first disqualification of the meeting came in the last race of the day. This was a test for maiden three-year-olds and upward at one mile, and was a claiming event. W. R. Coe's Arapahoe appeared to outclass the field and was made a pronounced favorite. With Wilson up the chestnut gelding showed that he had all the speed of the field and came home by six lengths. In giving this demonstration of his superiority, however, he bumped Briganna while the run was being made through the back stretch, knocking the filly back. For this he was disqualified after the cheers had risen for his victory and his backers were already counting the new bank roll.

Current Events, owned by Samuel Lewis, which had crossed the line second, was moved up to the winning position. This put Briganna in second place and Coming third.

There were three close finishes during the afternoon, but the best of them was between Sennings Park and Thunderclap in the Lake Handicap for three-year-olds and upward at a mile.

The talent had rather unanimously decided that Sennings Park was the outstanding horse of the five which went to the post and made the Westmont Stable entry the favorite at 3 to 5. Thunderclap, from Hildreth's barn, was held at 5 to 1. When it came to running, however, Thunderclap showed that today he was just a nose less good than Sennings Park. It was another of those two-horse races all the way, Thunderclap leading by a narrow margin until about two strides before the wire. Then Sennings Park succeeded in getting his nose down in front. Paul Jones was third.

Two Long Shots Win.

Two long shots made their friends believe that racing is the greatest of all sports when they caught the judges' eyes first. Perigourdine, at 15 to 1, took the opening event of the card, a six-furlong dash, while Lady Gertrude, at 12 to 1, managed to get the decision in the fifth race at a mile by a head from Parader.

Jockey Rodriguez, who had the mount on Toil in the second race, was suspended for five days by Starter Cassidy for misbehavior at the post.

The first horse sale of the local season was held before the races began, when some of John Sanford's animals went under the hammer. Prices were low except in the case of the two-year-old Sieveconard, for which S. C. Hildreth bid $19,000. The colt was bought in on behalf of Mr. Sanford for $20,000.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,701. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Perigourdine	114	Robinson	15-1	1½
Pahaska	107	Wilson	7-5	2ª
Fluff	105½	Ponce	30-1	3ª
Celiva	97	Yeargin	15-1	4
Invincible	116	Campbell	5-1	5
Rodansky	107	Enzor	8-1	6
*Frinlet	107	Buel	7-5	7
Arrowhead	119	Bullman	4-1	8
Jessie	104	Callahan	60-1	9

*Coupled.

Time—1:13 2-5.

Start good for all but Arrowhead; won handily; place easily. Perigourdine, b. m., by Aeronaut—Miss Perigord; owned by L. B. Goldsmith and trained by J. P. Smith.

SECOND RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,701. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Off Man	115	Haynes	5-2	1h
Big Heart	115	Rice	4-1	2ª
Pegasus	115	Garner	6-1	3ª
Sieveconard	115	Keogh	6-1	4
Brainstorm	108	Penman	20-1	5
Toil	115	Rodriguez	10-1	6
Bud Fisher	109	Carroll	9-1	7
Knot Grass	115	Ponce	15-1	8
Clansman	115	Parrington	30-1	9
Montara	113	Johnson	30-1	10
All Over	108	Tur

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SHIMIDZU IS NET VICTOR AT NEWPORT

Japanese Star Defeats Wallace Johnson in Feature Contest, 6-3, 8-6.

UPSET IN DOUBLES PLAY

Kinsey Brothers Defeat Strong Richards-Voshell Team—Wet Courts Hinder Contestants.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 3.—Despite skies that wept intermittently all through the day, a full program of tennis was played today at the Newport Casino in the annual invitation tournament. The singles matches went through without upset and eight men were left to contest the semi-finals brackets tomorrow. The doubles, too, progressed in general accordance with expectations and all but two or three matches were completed in the first and second rounds.

Zenzo Shimidzu of Japan's Davis cup team defeated Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia and one of America's first ten players in the feature match of the singles, by scores of 6—3, 8—6. Johnson elected to meet the Japanese at his own game from back court. The Philadelphian is a steady court-coverer at the baseline and it appeared in advance that his chop drives, of which he is so supreme a master, might worry his opponent seriously. The courts were extremely slow and slippery and soggy, and in that condition seemed best suited to make Johnson's chops as hard to dig up as possible.

Yet, Shimidzu solved this method of attack quickly and efficaciously. He handled Johnson's ground strokes with a minimum of errors, making almost impossible gets and excelling his rival in covering ground. When Johnson found an opening large enough to warrant an advance to the net, he experienced the utmost difficulty in remaining there in safety. Shimidzu's lobs were a wonderful weapon. Not only did the Japanese use them as a defensive stroke, but on numerous occasions he gained clean placements on them. He played them with uncanny skill, especially on half a dozen occasions when both men happened to be hitting from midcourt.

Shimidzu's Lob Effective.

In the midst of a series of sharp volleying exchanges, Shimidzu would suddenly mix in a lob, lifting the ball with brilliant accuracy to within a foot or two of the baseline and leaving Johnson completely helpless at the net. To play this shot successfully off a swift and keenly angled volley, denoted the acme of control on Shimidzu's part. This control was in evidence all through the engagements.

Shimidzu completely outplayed his man in the opening session, both in tactics and in execution of shots. His courtcraft was all but impeccable and he outguessed Johnson frequently. He kept the Philadelphian constantly on the run, so that if the Jap did not ultimately gain an advantage in position, which occurred more than once, his persistency at least drew the error that meant the same thing. Johnson had his game working much better in the second set. He steadied and not only matched the Nipponese expert in getting the ball back, but brought off numerous keen placements. He led Shimidzu at 4—1, and 5—3. The latter then broke through service, with Johnson at 30, and followed by taking his own for a score of 5-all. After 6-all had been called Shimidzu won a love game on Johnson's delivery and finished out the set and match in the next game on his own service. There was but one point's difference between the two in the second set.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

		Pts. for G.
Shimidzu	5 2 6 2 1 4 6 4 6—36	6
Johnson	3 4 4 4 4 2 4 2 4—31	3

SECOND SET.

		Pts. for
		Pts.
Shimidzu	4 2 4 7 4 3 4 2 2 4 2 6—43	
Johnson	3 4 2 5 0 5 5 1 4 4 2 4 4 4—46	

Johnston Defeats Rosenbaum.

William M. Johnston, former national champion, won a straight-set victory over Dr. William Rosenbaum of New York by scores of 6—4, 6—0. Rosenbaum did good work in the first set, playing some of the best tennis he has shown all season. Both stayed in back court during this session, the slipperiness of the playing surface making this good judgment. Rosenbaum held his own in the exchanges of drives. Johnston opened up the speed in the second set, his forehand drive was fast and low over the net, and Rosenbaum found it difficult to dig the heavy ball up from the soggy turf.

The youthful Californians, Robert Kinsey, James M. Davies and Philip Neer, all made an excellent showing, though Kinsey was the only one of the three to win, Neer and Davies played well against Watson M. Washburn of the 1920 Davis Cup team. After dropping the first set by 6—4, Davies ran into a lead of 5—2 and 3—love in the second. He was playing with great dash, cutting off Washburn's low drives from close to the net and volleying across court accurately. Plainly he had the veteran worried and Washburn summoned all his skill and experience to pull the set out of the fire. Superior experience was, in fact, the big factor that enabled him to take the next five games running and win the set at 7—5.

Neer, the intercollegiate champion, whose play has improved vastly since he arrived in the East a month or two ago, took a set from Nathaniel W. Niles, veteran top-notcher of the Longwood Club. The terrific speed of Neer's service has been the outstanding feature of his work in the current tournament. Voshell, whom Neer eliminated in the second round, declared afterward that he would rather take Tilden's service than the Californian's. Niles found trouble in handling it in the opening set, and, as Neer was smashing with equal vigor and volleying well, he won. He was serving his second ball as fast as his first, and applying plenty of top spin to it. But the very effectiveness of his service in the opener, ultimately led to his undoing. His control was not so good in the remainder of the match, and, instead of softening it for safety's sake when this became apparent, he continued to take chances on his second ball. He made a full score of double faults in the second and third sets, and these points gave Niles an imposing advantage. Meanwhile, the Bostonian steadied his own game and won the match at 4—6, 6—3, 6—2.

Kinsey Wins Easily.

Besides Johnston, Robert Kinsey is the only Californian now left in the singles. Kinsey won over Lucien E. Williams of Yale easily, at 6—0, 6—2.

Russel N. Dana, who has won the Rhode Island championship many times, brought all his craft and skill, born of many years' experience, to take a set from Vincent Richards. Richards won at 6—1, 7—9, 6—2. Richards took a bad spill on the slippery court when he was leading at 4—3 in the second set and twisted his ankle. This slowed him up and hampered his efforts to finish out the match in straight sets. He was obliged to observe caution in advancing to midcourt and Dana broke through his service and took the lead at 8—4. Dana lobbed well, and Richards, temporarily inaugurate overhead, missed most of the skyscrapers. Dana held the lead to the end at 9—7.

Richards was himself again in the rubber session and took it as handily as he had the first. His cross-court volleying and smashes were deadly in their effectiveness.

Richard Norris William 3d, and his clubmate, Harry C. Johnson, played an especially interesting match, which Williams won at 6—2, 8—6. The former champion had one of his unbeatable streaks in the opening chapter. He was driving, volleying half-volleying and smashing, with almost unfailing accuracy and mixing his shots with characteristic cleverness. In the second set, he began to miss the lines, while Johnson played splendid tennis and held Williams even on service to 6-all. Williams then concluded that things had gone far enough, returned to his form of the opener and disposed of the next two games with finality.

Duane Swamps Levy.

In the remaining singles encounter, Morris Duane of Harvard furnished a surprise through the one-sidedness of his victory over Edmund Levy of the University of California, whom he defeated at 6—0, 6—2. Duane goes up against Johnston tomorrow. Washburn will oppose Niles in the fourth round and Shimidzu will meet Robert Kinsey. But the feature match tomorrow will be that which will bring Williams and Richards together for the second time this season. Richards is still at the top of the form which has carried him through the season thus far without a defeat to mar his record, while Williams showed today that he is in shape to put up one of the big efforts of his career. The result should be a wonderful battle, with special significance attached to it on both sides. All the singles matches from now on will be decided in the best three out of five sets. Richards beat Williams at Providence by scores of 6—2, 6—2.

Six teams reached the third round of the doubles. Chief interest in the gallery was directed toward the match between Robert and Howard Kinsey and S. Howard Voshell and Vincent Richards. When there two pairs met last week at the Crescent Athletic Club in an exhibition contest, Richards and Voshell won in three straight sets. Today the result was reversed and the Pacific Coast champions won by 2—6, 6—3, 6—1. The Westerners have advanced their game considerably since they have had the benefit of a few days' practice on turf, and they handled the speed of the national indoor and metropolitan champions much better than they had in the previous meeting. Voshell and Richards were woefully erratic, for them, in the second and third sessions, while the Kinseys who ranked No. 4 in the national list of 1920, played up to their well earned reputation.

The Kinseys had quite as much difficulty in eliminating their fellow Californians, Neer and Davies, in the second round, as they had against Richards and Voshell in the first. Neer and Davies played excellently in forecourt, and their kills and short lobs were spectacular. This match was a battle of speed all the way. The Kinseys are nothing if not versatile. Against their hard-hitting rivals from Leland Stanford today they matched pace with pace, while they are also capable of mixing it as many trick shots as occasion is likely to demand when they oppose the wily Japanese team of Kumagae and Shimidzu tomorrow.

Washburn-Williams Win Twice.

Washburn and Williams won two doubles matches without being greatly extended, but William M. Johnston and Willis E. Davis, who are to be partners from now to the national championship at Longwood, had no end of difficulty in defeating two teams both of which would normally be given a considerably lower ranking. In the first round, they had an especially narrow escape against Russell N. Dana and C. K. Shaw.

The New England pair took the first set with astonishing ease, 6—2. Both Johnston and Davis were below par, muffing shots ordinarily easy for them, while Dana and Shaw stroked hard and made few errors. Dana is a crafty doubles tactician, and Shaw helped him along with forceful shooting both from the base line and in forecourt. Johnston and Davis were more like themselves in the second set, which they won at 6—3, but Dana and Shaw gave them a genuine scare in the rubber. They led at 5—4 and were going strongly. Only the biggest kind of a brace enabled the Californians to speed up and take the next three games and the set at 7—5.

Against Lawrence B. Rice, who defeated Davis in the singles in the first round, and Clyde J. Curley, the Pawtucket expert, Johnston and Davis had equal difficulty in the succeeding round, although they did not drop a set. They won at 12—10, 6—4. Rice was a bulwark on his side of the net, while the Westerners were still remarkably prone to error-making. Davis's cannon-ball service was working better in the match, however, and proved a potent asset for his side. Johnston and Davis barely managed to emerge with the long end of the score in both sets.

Wallace Johnson and Nathaniel Niles dropped a set to Harry Johnson and G. Peabody Gardiner Jr. in the second, and found it no child's play to annex the two others. The scores were 3—6, 7—5, 6—4. The veterans Sam Hardy and Craig Biddle displayed excellent courtcraft to defeat the Harvard team of Dwight F. Robinson and Leon Deturenne by 6—2, 10—8.

The summaries:

Men's Singles, Third Round—Morris Duane defeated Edmund Levy, 6—0, 6—2; William M. Johnston defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum, 6—4, 6—0; Watson M. Washburn defeated James M. Davies, 6—2, 7—5; Nathaniel W. Niles defeated Phil Neer, 4—6, 6—3, 6—2; Zenzo Shimidzu defeated Wallace F. Johnson, 6—3, 8—6; Robert Kinsey defeated Lucien E. Williams, 6—2, 6—2; Vincent Richards defeated Russell N. Dana, 6—1, 7—9, 6—2; Richard Norris Williams 2d defeated Harry C. Johnson, 6—2, 8—6.

Men's Invitation Doubles—First Round—J. P. Duncan and Eugene Reynal defeated G. R. and Craig Biddle Jr., 6—4, 6—3; R. Norris Williams 2d and Watson M. Washburn defeated E. T. Herndon and J. R. Warner, 6—3, 6—2; William M. Johnston and Willis E. Davis defeated Russel N. Dana and C. K. Shaw, 2—6, 6—3, 7—5; Lawrence B. Rice and Clyde C. Curley defeated M. D. Horn and H. C. McCarthy, 6—2, 4—6, 6—3; Leon Deturenne and Dwight F. Robinson defeated Charles M. Bull Jr. and Karl S. Pfaffman, 6—0, 8—7; Craig Biddle and Samuel R. Hardy won from A. H. Chamin and A. H. Chapin Jr. by default; Harry C. Johnson and G. Peabody Gardiner Jr. defeated P. Pearson and G. L. Banks, 6—0, 6—1; Wallace F. Johnson and Nathaniel W. Niles defeated Lucien E. Williams, 6—4, 6—1; Robert and Howard Kinsey defeated Vincent Richards and S. Howard Voshell, 2—6, 6—3, 6—1; Frederick C. Baggs and Sr. William Rosenbaum won from Wallace J. Estes and Edmund Levy by default; Phil Neer and James Davies defeated Commander W. S. Anderson and William F. Burden, 6—3, 6—0, 6—1.

Second Round—Richard Norris Williams 2d and Watson M. Washburn defeated J. P. Duncan and Eugene Reynal, 6—3, 6—0; William O. Johnston and Willis E. Davis defeated Lawrence B. Rice and Clyde J. Curley, 12—10, 6—4; Craig Biddle and Samuel R. Hardy defeated Leon Deturenne and Dwight P. Robinson, 6—4, 10—8; Wallace F. Johnson and Nathaniel W. Niles defeated Harry C. Johnson and G. Peabody Garner Jr., 3—6, 7—5, 6—4; Ichiya Kumagae and Zenzo Shimidzu defeated Morris Duane and G. M. Wheeler, 6—1, 6—0; Robert and Howard Kinsey defeated Phil Neer and James M. Davies, 6—3, 6—4.

RAIN HALTS TENNIS FINAL.

Causes Second Postponement for Middle States Championship.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—The final match for the Middle States doubles tennis championship was postponed today for the second time because of rain. Uncertainty was expressed tonight as to whether the match would be played tomorrow on the Cynwyd Country Club courts. The finalists are H. M. Edwards and John C. Bell Jr., representing the Merion Cricket Club, and Stanley W. Pearson and L. C. Wikert of the Germantown Cricket Club. The title was won last year by Pearson, paired with Wallace F. Johnson.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hallmann, Detroit	69	266	62	107	.402
Cobb, Detroit	73	304	77	121	.398
Speaker, Cleveland	86	330	74	126	.370
Tobin, St. Louis	93	410	84	151	.368
Williams, St. Louis	92	348	76	128	.368

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	97	351	82	167	.412
Young, New York	89	304	59	111	.365
Mattern, St. Louis	95	360	67	127	.353
Gutshaw, Pittsburgh	73	220	40	69	.350
Williams, Phila.	93	360	43	124	.344

TENNIS TEAMS PLAY FIRST MATCH TODAY

Davis Cup Representatives of British Isles and Australia Selected for Trials.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 3.—The first match in the Davis Cup elimination contests at the Allegheny Country Club between the British Isles and Australian tennis teams will be the singles tomorrow afternoon.

The order of play was announced tonight by the Tennis Committee as follows:

Thursday—Singles: Anderson, Australasia, and Woosnam, British Isles; Hawkes, Australasia, and Lowe, British Isles.

Friday—Doubles: Anderson, Australasia, and Lowe, British Isles; Hawkes, Australasia, and Woosnam, British Isles.

George Adee, former President of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, who will referee the matches, will arrive here tomorrow and will meet the captains for a conference on details at the clubhouse at 11 o'clock.

Captains of both teams announced today that they were perfectly satisfied with arrangements at the grounds. The grass courts were covered with tarpaulin last night during a heavy rain storm.

Mrs. L. W. Hawkes, mother of Jack Hawkes, the youngest member of the Australasian team, arrived at Sewickley yesterday from Sydney to witness her son's first appearance as a Davis Cup player. J. D. Anderson, who may play in the singles tomorrow for the Australians, said that several of his friends have traveled from Australia to be here for the matches.

The team that is defeated will play in the national invitation tournament at Seabright, N. J., Aug. 8, captains of both teams having accepted invitations.

MRS. MALLORY ARRIVES.

Women's National Tennis Champion Returns From Abroad.

Mrs. Molla Bjursted Mallory, women's national tennis champion, arrived in New York City yesterday from Copenhagen aboard the Scandinavian-American liner United States. Mrs. Mallory has been abroad since early Summer and while in France she suffered a serious tennis set-back when she was defeated by Mlle. Susanne Lenglen.

Mrs. Mallory will lose no time in resuming competition, for she is scheduled to appear on the courts of the Nassau Country Club at Glen Cove, L. I. today, in her first round match of the women's metropolitan championship. The national champion is drawn against Miss Jessie Gott in the first round and should find little difficulty in disposing of her younger opponent. If she succeeds she will meet Miss Leslie Bancroft of West Newton, Mass., in the second round. In the doubles, which are also scheduled to start today at Glen Cove, Mrs. Mallory is alred with Mrs. Marion Zinderstein Jessup.

Ordinarily it would be a severe test for any player, particularly one of Mrs. Mallory's temperament, to engage such stars as she will meet at Glen Cove so soon after a long ocean voyage. However, Mrs. Mallory has been training diligently while aboard ship and is in excellent condition. One of the chief exercises in her daily routine was rope skipping and according to Dr. Hallburg, physician on board the boat, she established a world's record when she skipped the rope 2,642 times without stopping. Mrs. Mallory says that as a result of this strenuous exercising she lost three pounds while at sea.

The American champion gives Mlle. Lenglen, the world's title holder, full credit for a clean-cut victory in their match in Paris, and she has nothing but praise for the masterly play and court generalship of her conqueror. Still, she is extremely anxious for a return match with the French girl, and believes that by controlling her play more carefully and not losing patience when the breaks go against her she can reverse the outcome the next time they meet. In commenting on Mlle. Lenglen's play Mrs. Mallory praised especially her steadiness and her uncanny ability to get her returns back across the net. "She gets everything back," was the way she expressed it.

Mrs. Mallory was not the only tennis notable on board the United States. Vaghn Ingersley and Paul Henriksen, members of the Davis Cup team representing Denmark, were also passengers. The Danish players were met by representatives of the United States Lawn Tennis Association and taken to the Vanderbilt Hotel, where they will remain until tomorrow, when Erik Tegner, the third member of the team, is expected to arrive from France. Tegner has been in France since the hard court championship, which ended in June. He sailed from there early last week aboard the New Amsterdam.

Ingersley said, shortly after his arrival, that Tegner and he would probably play the singles matches in their contest against the winner of the Australian-British Isles match. He said that he was not quite certain about the doubles combination, but thought that Tegner and Henriksen were likely to be the Danish pair.

The Danish players were disappointed at being unable to practice because of the rain. They want all the practice they can get on grass courts and had hoped to play immediately on leaving the steamer. However, their first match had to be put over until today, when they will play at the West Side Tennis Club if the courts are dry.

After Tegner joins them tomorrow they will start for Cleveland so as to have as much time as possible to prepare for their matches at the Mayfield Country Club there on Aug. 11, 12 and 13.

STATE NET TOURNEY OPENS.

Play for Conn, Title and Bridgman Cup Reaches Third Round.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Aug. 3.—The annual tennis tournament for the Connecticut State championship and the Bridgman Cup was started on the dirt courts of the Norfolk Country Club today. By the end of the day the play had reached the third round.

The summaries:

First Round—N. L. James won from J. M. Lewis by default; Royce R. Spring defeated W. H. Rexton, 6—3, 6—1, 9—7; M. Vernon defeated Henry Bassford, 1—6, 6—3, 6—3; Albert P. Chapin won from Philip Lord by default; Herman Bowman defeated Paul Martin, 6—4, 6—3; Vanderbilt P. Ward defeated Robert Gilmore, 6—3, 7—5; Alfred P. Chapin Jr. defeated Roger Hall, 6—4, 6—1; Hugh Oakley defeated Howard Clark, 6—0, 6—3; Elliott Binson defeated George Pluett, 6—1, 6—3; Franklyn P. Devitt won from Edwin Maynes by default; R. Allen defeated A. B. Hart, 6—3, 6—1; A. L. Bruns defeated Neil Chapin, 6—1, 6—2; Ralph Baggs won from James E. Allen by default; Cyrus Clark defeated Harold Swain, 6—4, 6—1; Harold Brunie won from Percy L. Ernaston by default.

Second Round—Robert Swain defeated Herbert Hammett, 7—5, 6—4; Cedric A. Major defeated A. Mansfield Kidder, 6—4, 6—1; Arnold Dahr defeated W. H. Wrecott, 6—3, 6—3; R. Le James defeated R. P. Spring, 6—1, 6—4; Herbert Bowman defeated Vanderbilt M. Ward, 6—4, 6—4; Arthur H. Chapin Jr. defeated Hugh Oakley, 6—3, 6—4; Elliott Binson defeated Franklyn Devitt, 6—0, 6—4; Ralph Baggs defeated G. S. Clark, 6—0, 6—1; Frank Sultzer defeated Harold Brunie, 7—5, 6—3, 6—4; Frank P. Anderson defeated Alexander Iler, 6—3, 6—3; Hugh Tallant defeated Harold J. Post, 6—1, 6—0; Benjamin Leiton defeated Henry B. Day, 6—0, 6—0; Alfred Merriam defeated A. S. Jenks Jr., 6—2, 6—4.

Third Round—C. A. Major defeated Allen Behr, 6—3, 8—6.

Brady to Box Kale Tonight.

A card of forty rounds of boxing is scheduled for tonight at the Jamaica (L. I.) Sporting Club. A twelve-round battle between Eddie Brady and Al Kale, Brooklyn rivalry tops the program. A ten-round semi-final will bring together Johnny Gray and Johnny Lamar. Three six-round engagements complete the bill.

MRS. GAVIN VICTOR IN STUBBORN MATCH

Miss Harriet Shepard Carries Met. Champion to Final Green at Shenecossett.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 3.—The sensation of the day in the women's Shenecossett golf championship proved to be Miss Harriet Shepard of Hartford, who took Mrs. W. A. Gavin, metropolitan champion, to the last green and the last putt before surrendering her right to the semi-finals. All of the matches in the championship flight today were uninteresting, except this one, and it is needless to say that it carried the big gallery deapite the fact that the last nine holes were played in a drizzle.

With Mrs. Gavin's victory of 1 up over Miss Shepard, she has now found herself lined up against Miss Marion Hollins of South Shore tomorrow. The other semi-finalists are Miss Glenna Collett, the medal winner and present holder of the title here, and Mrs. Arnold Jackson of Greenwich, a former national champion. Both matches should be closely contested.

Mrs. Jackson had a very easy match today when she defeated Mrs. Ralph Hammer of Flushing by 8 and 7. She played good golf to do it but Mrs. Hammer appeared to be woefully off her game. Mrs. Jackson completed the first nine in 43. It was excellent match play, as she used four more strokes than were called for at the short fourth.

Miss Hollins, driving her usual long ball, stood 7 up on Miss Fanny Griscom of Philadelphia at the ninth and finally won by this margin at the twelfth hole. She began her round with two sixes but soon settled down to business and played steadily from this point on to the finish.

Miss Collatt had no trouble in beating Mrs. R. H. Fitler of Philadelphia by 6 and 5. Miss Collett made the star shot of the day on the first hole. She found her drive within a foot of the wall which usually catches a hooked tee shot. From this position, she played a ricochet shot directly into the wall and the ball bounded at right angles into the fairway. Her third shot hit a house and carromed to the edge of the green, and she finally wound up with a six.

Mrs. Gavin must have been slightly nervous in playing against little Miss Shepard, who hung on to her more experienced opponent like a bulldog. At the turn the metropolitan champion was 1 up and was out in 43, while Miss Shepard was out in 44. Mrs. Gavin won the twelfth, and became 2 up when the Hartford girl put her tee shot into a trap. The holes were then halved until the sixteenth was reached. Here Mrs. Gavin hooked to the rough. She was on the green in three, but Miss Shepard laid a long approach over a trap dead for a four and got the hole. The seventeenth was halved in five and this was the result on the home hole too. Neither got the green in two. Miss Shepard missed a ten-foot putt for a par four, which would have squared the match.

The cards:

Out—										
Mrs. Gavin	5	6	5	3	6	3	5	5	5—43	
Miss Shepard	6	5	5	4	5	4	5	5	5—44	
In—										
Mrs. Gavin	5	4	5	6	5	4	6	5	5—45	88
Miss Shepard	5	4	6	6	5	4	4	5	5—44	88

The summaries:

First Flight—Miss Glenna Collett, Rhode Island Country Club, defeated Mrs. R. H. Fitler, Philadelphia Country Club, 6 and 4; Mrs. H. Arnold Jackson, Greenwich, defeated Mrs. Ralph Hammer, Flushing, 8 and 7; Mrs. W. A. Gavin, Belleclair, defeated Miss Harriet Shepard, Hartford, 1 up; Miss Marion Hollis, South Shore, defeated Miss C. F. Griscom, Merion Cricket, 7 and 6.

Second Flight—Miss Isobel Peters, Metacomet, won by default from Miss J. S. Irving, Englewood; Miss Catherine Hutchinson, Woodbury, defeated Mrs. Albert Taylor, Hackensack, 2 and 1; Miss Mary Griscom, Merion Cricket, defeated Mrs. William Childers, Dunwoodie, 3 and 2; Miss Elizabeth Gordon, Providence, defeated Miss Theodora Palmer, New London, 3 and 2.

Third Flight—Mrs. Charles Downey, Springfield, defeated Mrs. H. C. Yelser, Cincinnati, 6 and 5; Mrs. D. C. Arnold, Westfield, defeated Miss Florence D. Smith, Scranton, 3 and 1; Mrs. J. H. Drake, Morristown, defeated Mrs. R. D. Babcon, Springfield, 8 and 5; Mrs. H. T. Eschweges, Englewood, defeated Mrs. Albert McDonald, Soundview, 7 and 5.

Fourth Flight—Mrs. J. C. Prizer, East Orange, defeated Mrs. L. Lederer, New York, 4 and 2; Mrs. Edward Sanford, Hartford, defeated Mrs. Peter Boyd, Philadelphia, 3 and 2; Mrs. Bernard Tim, New York, defeated Mrs. F. L. Donohoe, Montclair, 6 and 4; Mrs. C. H. Porter, Braeburn, defeated Mrs. W. A. Webster Jr., New York, 3 and 2.

BUSH IS GOLF MEDALIST.

Leads in Qualifying Round of Junior Western Event.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 3.—Alex Bush of the Audon Club, Louisville, was the medalist in the qualifying round of the Junior Western golf tournament over the Belle Meade course today. High scores marked the qualifying round, only six entries beating ninety.

A cold, driving rain which swept the course served to handicap the players. So few were the entries that it was necessary to abandon the third flight, while the second flight is crowded with byes.

All of the twenty-seven entries qualified. Freakish scoring marked the cards of several of the younger golfers.

TWO TIED FOR LEADERSHIP.

J. Bernstein and H. W. Thomas in Front in State Chess Tourney.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 3.—J. Bernstein, New York, and H. W. Thomas, Rochester, were tied at three victories each for the leadership in the New York State chess championship tournament after the second day's play today.

Bernstein, Thomas and A. W. Wood, Syracuse, each won twice today. Bernstein defeated R. L. White, Buffalo, in 48 moves, and R. L. Palmer, Syracuse, in 24. Thomas won from Dr. H. M. Goss, Buffalo, in 45 moves and G. N. Cheney, Syracuse, in 52. Wood defeated E. Fornsberg, New York, in 22 moves and Dr. Goss in 30. The Cheney-Palmer and White-Fornsberg contests were adjourned.

RAY SEEKS MILE RECORD.

Will Try for New World's Mark at Central A. A. U. Meet.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Joie Ray, middle-distance runner of the Illinois Athletic Club, has announced his intention of trying to break the world's record for the one-mile run at the Central A. A. U. track and field meet to be held at Stagg Field here Aug. 13. The record for the mile run is 4:12 3-5, made by Norman S. Taber of Cambridge, Mass., in 1915. In an invitation meet at Berkeley, Cal., a few weeks ago Ray ran the distance in 4:14 4-5, finishing thirty yards in advance of the field. Arlie Schardt, former Wisconsin runner, is expected to provide keen competition for him.

PRINTERS' NINES PROGRESS.

Chicago and Indianapolis Are Winners in Tourney Play.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 3.—Clubs from Chicago and Indianapolis were victorious in today's play of the printers' national baseball tournament, winning, respectively, from Cincinnati and Cleveland.

Chicago scored in all but one inning of the morning game and defeated Cincinnati, 21 to 1, in seven innings.

The scores:

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	6 0 1 5 5 2 3—21	19	0
Cincinnati	0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1	5	3

Batteries—E. Decalum, Meyers, Burns and A. Decalum; Stadler, Lauers, Paff and Dricr, Willey.

		R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	0 2 0 2 1 1 0 0 1—7	13	0
Cleveland	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1	3	4

Batteries—Ruth and Kelley; Bennett and Roth.

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VOGUE CLOTHES are celebrated far and wide for their superior all-wool fabrics, hand-tailoring and correct style. Yet Vogue Clothes enjoy the unique distinction of being the lowest-priced of all the finely-made branded clothes in America.

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A gabardine is the newest and most preferred suit for Summer and Fall—and we have them in fashionable sack or sport models. The identical suits are being sold everywhere else in town at much higher prices.

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The Spalding "Fifty"

"The most perfect playing Golf Ball in the World to day"

The Extraordinary Popularity of the Spalding "Fifty" Golf Ball in the British Open Championship

The great English golf publication, *Golf Illustrated*, in describing the British Open championship, held at St. Andrews, Scotland, and won by Jock Hutchison with a Spalding "50" golf ball, says:

"One of the features of the Open Golf championship was the extraordinary popularity of the Spalding "50" golf ball. Two out of every three players seemed to be using this ball, and the list of successes performed during the meeting by players using the ball must surely be a record for any particular make.

"To commence with, over 75 per cent. of the players competing in the qualifying rounds used the ball, and during the qualifying period records for both the Eden course and the Old course were broken by players using the "50."

"In the championship proper, over sixty players out of the eighty-five who qualified played the "50," including the two leaders who tied for first place, both of whom broke the previous record total for a championship meeting, whilst Mr. Wethered's round of 71 constituted the amateur record for St. Andrews' course, and J. Hutchison's feat of holing two consecutive holes in "one" and "two" has never been equalled before at a championship meeting.

"There is not the slightest doubt that the Spalding "50" ball is recognized by leading players, amateur and professional, throughout the world as a very fine ball, indeed."

In the United States Open Championship—won by Jim Barnes, using a Spalding "50"—there was even a greater preponderance of Spalding ball users. All of the important championships of the golf season of 1921 have been won with a Spalding "50" ball—United States Open, British Open, Metropolitan Open, Western Amateur, British Amateur, British Ladies', French Ladies', French Open. The Spalding "50" has been truly termed

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GRAYLING WINNER OF YACHTING CUP

Commodore Morgan's Sloop Is First in Closing Race for 50-Footers at Newport.

PAMPERO ANOTHER VICTOR

Charles Lee Andrews Sails His Entry to Fore in Close Contest Among 40-Footers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 3.—The Corinthian captains of the New York Yacht Club, who came in here Saturday on their annual cruise, wound up their week of racing today by fighting it out over a twenty-three-mile triangular course off Brenton Reef for special cups offered by the Yacht Racing Association of Newport. Ten sloops negotiated the triangular route in good time, five of them being in the fifty-foot class and five of them being forty-footers. The cup for the fifties was captured by Commodore Morgan's Grayling, sailed by Junius S. Morgan Jr. Pampero, owned and sailed by Charles Lee Andrews, won the trophy offered for the forties.

Nature, which treated the yachtsmen so unkindly yesterday when they went out after the King's Cup, dousing them with rain and withholding the wind, repented today and sent them a steady and fairly strong breeze out of the northeast. A little moisture fell now and then, but for the greater part of the day the sun was shining. At sea, hardly any rain fell, the showers confining their activities mainly to the land.

The Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club, accompanied by Frank Sturgis and H. O. Havermeyer of the Newport Yacht Racing Association, steamed out to establish the starting line off Brenton Reef light vessel just before noon. Course signals were set ordering the racing skippers to sail for a mark which bore south-southeast one-half east for the first leg. The distance was seven miles. The second leg was to a mark bearing west one-half north, thus giving a course northeast by north for the jaunt home. The second and third legs were for a distance of eight miles each, making a total of twenty-three nautical miles. The yachts got their windward beat on the last leg. They were able to reach while on the other two sides of the triangle.

One Gun Starts Used.

The starts today were one gun starts, instead of the handicap starts prescribed for the race for the Astor Cups and for the King's Cup. The fifties went across the line pretty well together, Acushla in the lead. Balloon jibtopsails were in stops and as soon as the boats were over the line they were broken out, the jib taken in, and the New Yorkers were away on their final race here. The fifty-footers crossed the line at 12:15.

Five minutes later the forty-foot class crossed the line in a start which surpassed in closeness that of the larger sisters, the entire quintet flashing over as one.

Besides the winner in the fifty-foot class, Grayling, the other fifty-footers to race were L. Gordon Hammersley's Acushla, which came in second; H. B. Plant's Spartan, which on Friday had battled through the fog to win on the run from New London to Block Island; the Pyschon sloop Istalena and L. F. Crofoot's Virginia. Commodore Nichols's Carpilina, with which, under the Marconi or Bermudian rig, the Commodore yesterday won the King's Cup, did not race. Carolina will go to Bristol to have her gaff-topsail rig restored, the change to the Bermudian having been made for experimental purposes only.

It is understood, however, that Carolina is not to race again this year, although she will not go out of commission. Grayling will go out of commission at once, as Commodore Morgan is about to sail for Europe on business. It is also reported that Virginia will be used by her owner for cruising during the remainder of the season. These withdrawals will considerably reduce the fleet of fifties competing for the Yacht Racing Association of Long Island Sound championships.

Katharine Makes Debut.

In the fleet of forties which made the race today was a newcomer, Katharine, owned and sailed by Commodore Percival of the Corinthian Yacht Club of Marblehead, Mass. Katharine finished in third place. The second of the forties to get across the wire was F. D. M. Strachan's Monsoon, with which he yesterday won the Hayes Cup in a race in which three out of five starters gave up and were towed back to port.

The other two forty-footers were Pauline, owned by Oliver Jennings and Squaw, which also is from Marblehead, and is owned by John S. Lawrence. The Strachan sloop was less than two minutes astern of Pampero when the winner crossed the line, a slightly closer finish than was made by the fifties. Grayling led Spartan by nearly three minutes. On the other hand, the fifties sailed a closer race, only ten minutes intervening between the first and the last yacht, whereas the interval in the forty-foot class was twenty minutes.

With no more cups in prospect, the New York racing fleet will now find its way back to home anchorages in the waters near New York. Some few of the Corinthian captains will sail home, most of the sloops will come either under tow of their tenders or be in charge of sailing masters. The yachtsmen have put in strenuous days—to say nothing of part of a night or two—at the tiller and the mainsheet. They would not have liked it otherwise or considered the cruise successful, wind, rain and fog—these make for zest in yachting and these the skippers found. They are willing, however, to call it a day.

The Regatta Committee, which is composed of De B. Parsons, Chairman; J. M. MacDonough, Frederick J. Spedden, and Gherardi Davis (acting), is also willing to call it a day and stop work until the Fall regatta at Glen Cove in September.

The summaries:

NEWPORT YACHTING RACING ASSOCIATION CUPS.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 50-FOOTERS.
Start, 12:15. Distance, 23 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Grayling, J. P. Morgan	3:32:15	3:17:15
Spartan, H. B. Plant	3:38:00	3:23:00
Istalena, L. G. Hammersley	3:38:06	3:23:06
Istalena, G. M. Pyschon	3:38:24	3:24:24
Virginia, L. F. Crofoot	3:48:56	3:28:56

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 40-FOOTERS.
Start, 12:20. Distance, 23 Miles.

Pampero, C. L. Andrews	4:00:52	3:40:32
Monsoon, F. D. M. Strachan	4:02:46	3:42:46
Katharine, L. Percival	4:07:07	3:47:07
Pauline, O. G. Jennings	4:07:42	3:47:42
Squaw, J. S. Lawrence	4:20:35	4:00:35

SPORTS LEADERS NAMED.

R. M. Murphy Retained as Graduate Manager at W. & J.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Aug. 3.—The athletic department of Washington and Jefferson College announced the appointment of graduate and student managers for the coming season. The appointees are:

R. M. Murphy, retained as graduate manager of football and basketball; J. A. Wiley, student football manager; Elliott Wever, student basketball manager; J. W. Trimble, student baseball manager; D. B. Stough, track manager, and Melvin Knoepp, varsity tennis manager.

VILLANOVA SIGNS COACH.

Allie Miller, Former Penn Star, to Have Charge of Football.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Allie Miller, former University of Pennsylvania football star, has been signed to coach the Villanova College football team next season, it was learned here today. He will succeed Dutch Sommers, also a former Pennsylvania star, who is expected to go to another college.

Connecticut Boxing Solons To Bar All Fight Pictures

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 3.—The State Boxing Commission has decided that moving pictures of contests will not be allowed in Connecticut. This recommendation, with the rules and regulations, have gone to Governor Lake for approval or disapproval. Moses King, Yale boxing instructor and Chairman of the commission, said today that the commission decided it would not permit the appearance of Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion, in this State. Boxers who are matched to compete in this State and live elsewhere will be required to send on their photographs, that they may be identified before entering the ring. Newspaper men will be allowed to attend all weighing-ins. No "battle royals" will be permitted.

BRITISH YACHTSMEN WIN THIRD CONTEST

Score 21 Points, Against 15 for American Six-Meter Boats, at Cowes.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Great Britain won the third of the series of international races for six-meter yachts, sailed here today. The British yachts scored 21 points as against 15 points for their American competitors.

The regatta furnished an unexpected drama when three persons were washed overboard by heavy seas and were sensationally rescued. Sir Charles Seeley, while steering his yacht Genista, was carried overboard and saved by his daughter, Miss Ivy Seeley, and a male member of the crew, who pulled Sir Charles aboard with a rope. He was none the worse for his experience.

Later the dinghy Seaview, while racing, became filled with water and partly sank. Her occupants, a man and woman, were thrown overboard and were rescued by Sir William Bulkeley's fast motor launch.

Today's race was sailed in a strong southwest breeze, supplying conditions which were supposed to favor the American team. The start was fine, a single boat's length covering the whole fleet when it went over the line. The Grebe, one of the American four, got over the line too soon and was recalled, but lost little time in recrossing.

The course of fourteen miles gave the boats about an equal amount of beating to windward and running with the wind. The Polly, best of the British fleet, was only a bit ahead at the end of the first round, the Shiela, of the American quartet, being second, the Grebe third and the Montauk, another American, fourth, the position of the American team being a fine one up to this point.

The bad luck of the team, which began with the first race at Ryde, however, again showed itself at this juncture, the Shiela, which was in the lead on the second round, carrying away her port spreaders and having to give up. When the round and the race ended the Polly led, and the British entry, Flya, had drawn up from fifth position and finished second with the Grebe and the Montauk third and fourth.

The leading Britishers finished over a minute ahead of the leading Americans.

SPEED BOATS TO RACE.

Thirty Entered in Sinclair Trophy Event, Starting Today.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Thirty of the world's fastest speed boats start here tomorrow in the first day's racing for the Sinclair Trophy, emblematic of the speedboat championship of the Great Lakes. The regatta will consist of eight races a day for three days. Among the entrants are Miss America, speedboat champion of the world; Miss Chicago, holder of the Mississippi Valley championship; Aray IV, of Buffalo, Baby Sure Cure of Detroit, Rossita of Milwaukee, and a number of fast boats from Peoria, Ill.

WILL TRY OUT NEW SHELL.

H. A. Belyea Practicing Daily for Buffalo Regatta.

ST. CATHERINES, Ont., Aug. 3.—Hilton A. Belyea, who won the Canadian national single sculls championship Saturday, is practicing daily for the international championship event at Buffalo next Saturday. The Canadian titleholder, who also is one of the fastest ice-skaters in the Dominion, today expressed confidence of victory with his new shell, which experts have been studying carefully. One of its features is "pin" adjustment slide lengths.

BOXERS AWAIT GONG.

Gibbons-Ratner Bout Feature at Dyckman Oval Tonight.

Weather permitting, the all-star card of four ten-round bouts which was originally scheduled for last Tuesday night, will be held this evening at Dyckman Oval. The promise of a break in the inclement weather gave the promoters encouragement last night, and as a consequence there was no announcement of a further postponement. Favorable weather throughout today is expected to put the field into shape for the accommodation of the large crowd expected. The boxers scheduled to compete are reported in condition after taking advantage of the two days' respite to indulge in additional indoor training.

Mike Gibbons, St. Paul's veteran middleweight, and Augie Ratner of the Bronx will clash in what is regarded as the stellar attraction. This contest will be witnessed by Bryan Downey, Cleveland middleweight, who now is claiming the title. Downey has been invited to be the guest of Matchmaker Ed McMahon. It is probable an effort will be made to arrange a match between Downey and the winner.

Geng Tunney, Greenwich Village light heavyweight, and Marty Burke, the New Orleans candidate for heavyweight honors, will class in another of the ten-round bouts.

Earl Baird of Seattle and Johnny Murray of the Bronx and Jimmy Duffy, veteran west side lightweight, and Knockout Phil Delmont will be opponents in the other two ten-round bouts.

BIG TASK FOR MAROON.

Fordham Gridiron Schedule Includes Many Strong Rivals.

Several new rivals appear on the Fordham football schedule for this Fall. Lafayette, which has not played against the Maroon since 1910, will be the opening attraction of the season at the Polo Grounds on Oct. 22. Maine and Springfield are the other newcomers on the Bronx school's schedule. Maine is succeeding the New York Aggies, while Springfield takes the place of the strong Detroit University team.

Two old-time rivals are also to be found on the schedule. They are Georgetown and Boston College. Boston and Fordham are to meet at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn, and this will be one of the first important gridiron contests ever played in Squire Ebbet's ball yard. There are two dates yet to be filled.

The schedule as it now stands follows: Sept. 24, Maine at Fordham; Oct. 1, George Washington at Fordham; Oct. 8, open, at Fordham; Oct. 15, Villanova at Fordham; Oct. 22, Lafayette at the Polo Grounds; Oct. 29, Boston College at Ebbets Field; Nov. 5, Georgetown at Washington; Nov. 12, Muhlenberg at Allentown; Nov. 19, Springfield at Springfield, and Thanksgiving Day, open, at Fordham.

DOWNEY READY TO BOX WILSON AGAIN

Tex Rickard Trying to Arrange Bout to Settle Middleweight Championship.

The involved situation which at present surrounds the world's middleweight championship as a consequence of the recent Johnny Wilson-Bryan Downey bout in Cleveland will be settled just as soon as Wilson says the word. Promoter Tex Rickard of Madison Square Garden now is seeking to arrange a return battle between the two boxers. Downey, with his manager, Jimmy Dunn, visited the Garden promoter yesterday and declared their willingness to engage Wilson again. Rickard has wired Marty Killeles, manager of Wilson, at Boston, seeking the attitude of Wilson toward another meeting with Downey. Up to the time he left the Garden last night Rickard had received no response from the Boston boxer.

As the situation now stands a return match, to equitably and satisfactorily settle the muddle, hinges solely on Wilson and Killeles. Downey is ready and eager. Rickard is prepared to promote the bout. The promoter has determined that the contest will be held on Labor Day if the boxers sign. Rickard has the site selected—Boyle's Thirty Acres in Jersey City, where Jack Dempsey battered Georges Carpentier into submission on that humid July 2 afternoon. Rickard expects some time today to receive a response to his wire to Boston.

Nothing definite toward arranging the proposed match was done yesterday for the simple reason that Rickard wants to wait until he has Wilson signed for a match before closing definitely with Downey. Manager Dunn, in a short conference with Rickard, convinced the promoter of Downey's eagerness to get Wilson into the ring again and Rickard is confident there will be no hitch in the proceedings from this angle. Rickard declared he had not arranged terms or anything else with Dunn, stating that he had simply sought assurances that Downey was sincere in his eagerness for a return match with Wilson.

Downey spent most of yesterday about the lobby of the Woodstock, where the visiting Cleveland party has established quarters. The inclement weather frustrated the boxer's plans for a sightseeing tour. The party plans to remain in until tomorrow, however, when it is expected something tangible will have been accomplished toward a return match with Wilson. In the interim, Downey and his wife plan to look over the metropolis.

Downey Is Confident.

Downey is convinced he can knock out Wilson if he ever again gets the Bostan boxer in a ring. The Cleveland boxer radiates confidence in his ability to clearly and convincingly dethrone the boxer who took the middleweight title from Mike O'Dowd. Downey claims the championship now, on the strength of the Cleveland Boxing Commission's reversal of the decision of Referee Jimmy Gardner, giving Wilson the battle on a foul. The Cleveland boxer, however, is eager to demonstrate beyond question that he is Wilson's master and is prepared to consent to anything within reason to secure another match.

"We are prepared to arrange another match against Wilson," said Dunn yesterday. "That was one of the reasons for our visit here. Primarily we came on East to convince boxing followers of the justification of our claims on the title, and we would like nothing better than another bout with Wilson to prove our claims. We want to arrange a return match between Bryan and Wilson just as soon as it possibly can be arranged. The sooner the better for us, for we want to clear this situation without delay. As matters stand now the question of who is champion can be settled to the satisfaction of everybody just as soon as Wilson gives his consent to a match with Downey. Tex Rickard is prepared to conduct the bout.

"I would like to correct an erroneous impression that has gone abroad since the bout in Cleveland. Downey won that battle beyond question. We have five affadavits of officials connected with the bout, the timekeeper and four commissioners of Cleveland, supporting our contention that there was no justification for the decision of foul rendered by Referee Gardner. Since the contest, however, some appear to believe that Downey has been barred from boxing in Cleveland. There is absolutely no foundation for this impression. No suspension has been inflicted on Downey. The commission, to the contrary, recognizes Downey as the middleweight champion."

To Submit Evidence.

Manager Dunn declared he had not yet visited the headquarters of the New York State Athletic Commission. Dunn planned to make the visit yesterday, when he expected to submit his side of the situation, together with supporting evidence in affidavit form from Cleveland officials. Dunn expects to visit the Empire State officials today.

While he is devoting most of his attention at a return Wilson-Downey battle, Promoter Rickard is not centring his efforts on this project exclusively. The Garden promoter waited expectantly yesterday for word from Jess Willard regarding another bout with Jack Dempsey for the world's heavyweight title. Rickard has wired the Pottawatomie Giant asking Willard's terms and the length of time the former champion deems necessary to properly train for a return match with his conqueror. Rickard said he had not yet received an answer to his wire.

The promoter ridiculed the reports from abroad that Georges Carpentier does not intend coming to this country again to engage in bouts. Rickard said he has Carpentier's agreement to a meeting with Tom Gibbons, and is waiting only for information from the French boxer before positively setting the date.

"The reports that Carpentier is not coming to this country again for a ring battle are humorous," said Rickard. "Carpentier is as eager to come to this country as I am to have him come, and I'll admit I'm eager to have Carpentier here again. I have him signed for a bout against Tom Gibbons. Everything is set except the date. I will announce the date just as soon as I hear from Carpentier. I have been expecting a message from him as to his physical condition and his requirements for training. If I don't receive a message tomorrow I'm going to send another cablegram to Carpentier."

BRYAN DOWNEY NOT BARRED.

Cleveland Boxing Commission Denies Having Taken Action.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 3.—The Cleveland Boxing Commission has not barred Bryan Downey, local middleweight boxer, as a result of his bout here last Wednesday night with Johnny Wilson. J. B. Wilberding, Chairman of the local commission announced today the following reports that such action had been taken.

In the Wednesday night contest Wilberding and the local commission awarded the middleweight championship to Downey on a knockout in the seventh round, reversing the decision of Referee Jimmy Gardner of Boston, who awarded the fight to Wilson on a foul.

GOVERNOR STOPS BOUT.

Michigan Executive Issues Orders Against Miske-Roper Affray.

LANSING, Mich., Aug. 3.—Governor Groesbeck today instructed the State Boxing Commission not to permit a ten-round boxing bout between Captain Bob Roper and Billy Miske, scheduled to be held at Grand Rapids Aug. 12.

In issuing the order the Governor declared he did not believe the proposed bout would meet with the strict requirements of the Michigan boxing law.

"Since the war the promoters in Michigan as well as other States have turned the game into a commercial proposition, and it has developed into nothing more than a 'come-on' game," the Governor said. "If boxing is to be continued in Michigan, it is to go on in an entirely different manner."

BOXING BODY ALTERS RULING ON WEIGHTS

Graded Scale Replaces 18-Pound Difference Permitted by Walker Law.

The original provision in the Walker law, permitting contests between boxers where the difference in weight could reach eighteen pounds, has been superseded by a ruling of the New York State Athletic Commission. Under the new ruling a graded scale of weight limitations is provided which will equalize contests in the various classes and at the same time eliminate bouts wherein one or the other of the contestants enjoys a marked weight advantage.

Since the adoption of the Walker law it has been regarded as a mistake that the law permitted contests wherein a weight difference existed up to eighteen pounds. Under the Frawley law the limitation on weight differences was ten pounds in every class except the heavyweight division. It is understood, however, that the eighteen-pound provision in the Walker law, instead of being a mistake, was purposely included in the provisions for the express purpose of permitting Jimmy Wilde, England's sensational little flyweight, to come to this country and engage America's topnotch bantamweights. Because of his small stature Wilde generally is handicapped in weight conditions against rivals. Under the old ten-pound limit, bouts between Wilde and American bantamweights here would have been precluded.

As matters stand now Wilde will be unable to engage any bantamweight except the class champion. The new rule provides a weight allowance of six pounds for the flyweight division, or boxers weighing under 112 pounds. It is understood, however, that the authorities in adopting the new rule did so with the understanding that it will be waived in championship bouts. This arrangement is made in order not to militate against the aspirations of a champion in a lighter class who may aspire to the honors in the division immediately above his own.

The new weight limitations adopted under the rule are as follows:

Flyweight, 112 pounds or under, limit allowance, 3 pounds; bantamweight, 118 pounds or under, limit allowance, 6 pounds; featherweight, 126 pounds or under, limit allowance, 9 pounds; lightweight, 135 pounds or under, limit allowance, 12 pounds; welterweight, 147 pounds or under, limit allowance, 13 pounds; middleweight, 160 pounds or under, limit allowance, 15 pounds; lightheavyweight, 175 pounds or under, limit allowance, 15 pounds; heavyweight, all over 175 pounds, no weight allowance restrictions.

Queensboro Bouts Tonight.

Two twelve-round bouts will be conducted as boxing features this evening at the Queensboro A. C. of Long Island City. The principal bout will be between Jimmy Burns, Bridgeport bantamweight, and Harry London of Harlem. In the other twelve-rounder Joey Leon and Frankie Curry, another pair of bantamweights, will furnish the action. In a special ten-round contest Mike Arra will engage Tommy Tobin.

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Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.
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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUG. 4, 1921.

UNANIMITY AT LAST.

Discord and cross-purposes have too long prevailed at Washington. All has not been lovely harmony among the Republicans in Congress. But now they are of one mind and speak with one voice. They are absolutely united and even enthusiastic in condemning their own Secretary of the Treasury. His estimates of Government expenditure for the next fiscal year they declare to be perfectly sickening, though Mr. MELLON has done little more than add up the sums which Congress is preparing to vote. And his suggestions of changes in old taxes and of new ones that ought to be laid are welcomed by the Ways and Means Committee with hospitable hands to a bloody grave. There is real exhilaration in the unity of the Republicans in jumping upon the Secretary. This evidence of singleness of purpose must be highly reassuring to President HARDING.

It may be that Mr. MELLON is enough of a philosopher to bear up under these attacks with filling phlegm. He might ask his assailants if they ever heard of taxes that were universally popular. He might read to them the saying of BURKE that "to "tax and to please is as impossible "as to love and be wise." Taxes of some kind there must be; and if expenses mount, added levies must be devised to meet them. There is no getting away from that, as the exuberant Republicans who are now resenting the cold truth from their Secretary of the Treasury will find out in time.

THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

Mr. CURRAN and Mr. LOCKWOOD make as strong a ticket in its appeal to Republicans and Democrats and Independents as could be devised or wished. A condition precedent of success, no matter how fit and popular the candidates, will be to build a safe, constructive platform.

There seems to be no ground for apprehension that Mr. CURRAN'S nomination will not be approved by the Republican primaries on Sept. 13. There isn't the slightest shadow of resemblance between the situation in 1921 and that in 1917. When Mr. WILLIAM M. BENNETT raided the Republican primaries so triumphantly, he was assailing not a fellow-Republican in good and regular standing, but a Democrat. Aside from his tactics of surprise, he relied upon partisan feeling, upon jealousy of the Democrats, upon the old Bourbon instinct, tradition, practice. Why should we vote for a Democratic candidate in a Republican primary? Why not stick to our own man? And they did.

This year the argument is all the other way for the faithful in so far as they are not influenced by personal or factional allegiances. Why should they vote for a Republican who can't command indispensable Democratic and Independent support against a trusted, loyal and eminent Republican who can? It is anybody's privilege who has the necessary number of backers to enter the primaries, and the competition is to be welcomed as likely to increase the interest and the votes. The public would miss Mr. BENNETT if he abstained from a contest. His liveliness, persistence and passion for a shindy make him a sort of favorite. Mr. LAGUARDIA'S eagerness, his mercurial temperament, his heat and fight, are always interesting. Judge HASKELL, if a little singular in his apparent theory that the Volstead act and the Eighteenth Amendment are to be demolished in the City Hall, is a courageous and pugnacious person with a gift for denunciation. If he amuses himself at present by denouncing Fusion, some the less will he scathe the result at the primary. So will Mr. BENNETT and Mr. LAGUARDIA. That result can be awaited with confidence by the friends of Fusion. Mr. CURRAN may be described as the union Republican candidate in the primaries. The division of the opposition to him seems to make his calling and nomination sure.

FACE-SAVING IN RUSSIA.

In the flood of dispatches, more or less contradictory, from and about Russia, one remarkable thing is the way in which the Soviet Government appears to stand upon a mere punctilio. It issues an official denial that it has called upon the outside world for help. This would leave MAXIM GORKY, who sent the moving telegram to Secretary HOOVER, very much in the attitude of an officious volunteer. In addition to this we have the extraordinary dispatch sent to the labor organ, The Daily Herald of London, by the Third International. That body is little more than an alias for LENIN and TROTZKY, so that its violent protests came from near the home of the Russian Government.

The burden of the woes of the Third International is that somehow the terrible famine in Russia is being made use of by crafty capitalists in other countries for the purpose of undermining the millennium of the proletariat. It is not stated in so many words that gifts from other countries will be refused, but notice is served that the great work of promoting revolution in all other lands will not be abandoned for a moment by the Russian Soviets. They may starve, but they will not cease to threaten.

All this is probably to be thought of as little more than posturing. If it were a really sincere attitude, it would imply that the Russian dictator cared more about saving his own face than about saving the lives of his imperiled countrymen. The indications are that the acute shortage of food in Russia, coming on top of the utter breakdown of the major industries and of transportation, has brought upon the Soviet régime a great crisis. It cannot deny that the Russian people are in desperate need of help from other lands, yet it is struggling hard to maintain its own prestige. This continuing pretense of unbroken authority would naturally have the effect of drying up the gifts of the charitable of other nations, although that result might not have been intended. But the wise course for the agents of relief will be to ignore the unreasonable but intelligible position taken by the nominal rulers of Russia, and to proceed with their humane efforts, leaving the large political results to be worked out by the new forces which have been let loose and which are so obviously filling the Soviets with apprehension and dismay.

FARMERS AND BANKS.

The Federal Reserve Bank is asking nobody to defend it against the attacks of former Controller of the Currency WILLIAMS, and personalities have no place in the Congressional inquiry. The questions raised involve both theory and practice of banking, and should be settled on principle. The charges are that the Federal Reserve erred in controlling excess of credit by raising interest rates, instead of by discretion in granting loans at lower rates, and that the method taken drained money away from the interior banks, especially those lending to agricultural interests, and diverted the funds to speculative uses in the cities. Mr. WILLIAMS specified that the New York Reserve Bank had rediscounted to the extent of four times its capital, and argued for a distribution of banking accommodation in proportion to borrowers' necessities, more particularly the farmers.

It has repeatedly been stated officially that the agricultural interests actually received more than the usual amount of accommodation. It is no part of any bank's duties to proportion its loans among borrowers according to their importance to the community or to their needs. Banks may not consider their profits before the interests of their depositors. The first concern of bank depositors is that their funds shall be available to them instantly on demand. That is just as true of farmer depositors as of any other, as the farmers of North Dakota have learned. The Federal Reserve went to the limit of discretion in accommodating farmers, and stopped only when it was discovered that their loans were not liquid. What seemed to the farmers an attempt to compel them to liquidate their loans under unfavorable conditions was only a rather tardy resolve to protect the Federal Reserve. Mr. WILLIAMS, when Controller, asserted that the Federal Reserve's policy of deflation had cost the country "twelve to eighteen billions." If that may be taken as the price of preserving liquidity, it was cheap as the alternative of a crisis which would have cost very much more.

Mr. WILLIAMS was questioned by Representative MILLS in a manner which showed that the funds said to have been drained from the country to the city were not lost to the farmers' use. The market for farmers' products was supported by the buying of exporters who were financed by the "speculative" banks. Speculation has its faults, but its loans are the most liquid known. They have been liquidated while agricultural loans are still frozen in a diminishing degree. While the farmers were refusing to liquidate, brokers' loans in this most speculative market were falling from $1,750,000,000 to $500,000,000 and are now the smallest since war times. The real discrimination was in the farmers' favor. The point is worth establishing because it is of the first importance to the country that the farmers should not have just cause for complaint.

CRIMINAL APPEAL.

The right of appeal in criminal cases was but recently and then reluctantly granted in England. Its abuse in the United States was an argument used against it. But the English Criminal Appeal act wisely left it to the Judges to "dismiss the appeal if they con-"sider that no substantial miscar-"riage of justice has actually oc-"curred."

A recent case showed how well this provision may be made to work in practice. An automobilist who had recklessly run down and killed a child, and been therefor convicted of manslaughter, appealed from his sentence on the ground that he had not been properly tried in the lower court. And, in fact, it appeared plainly on the hearing before the Court of Criminal Appeal that the Judge had, on one point, grossly misdirected the jury, and, moreover, that the accused had been cross-examined in a way that should not have been permitted. But the Judges decided that, notwithstanding these admitted errors, there was no doubt that the jury would have found a verdict of guilty, even if the case had been tried correctly in every way, and therefore dismissed the appeal. One has only to contrast such a procedure with the painful hair-splitting of too many American courts of appeal to see the difference between making law an intricate game to be played by professionals and making it an instrument of substantial justice.

PURIFIED BASEBALL.

The Chicago Sox are once more whiter than snow. A jury has said that they are not guilty, so that settles that. If hair-splitting moralists are still in doubt as to the exact nature of the offense of which the defendants have been acquitted, that must be ascribed to the wide scope of the arguments of their own lawyers. Counsel for the defense held that the players were not under contract for the world's series—presumably they took part in the games only as a favor to COMISKEY—and that there was nothing in their contracts obliging them to try to win games anyway. The Court instructed the jury, according to Chicago dispatches, that it had to determine "whether the defendants in-"tended to defraud the public and "others and not merely to throw ball "games." To the lay mind this sounds very much like asking whether the defendant intended to murder his victim or merely to cut his head off, but the law is a mystery not open to the speculations of the profane.

If the innocence of the players is established, in all this labyrinth of subtleties it is rather hard to find out just what the jury decided they didn't do. Against some of them, certainly, there was little evidence; some of the others had confessed, but without prejudicing their case in the minds of the jury. Everybody will be pleased with what the counsel for the defense called "a complete vindication of the "most mistreated ballplayers in his-"tory"; but nearly everybody will be still better pleased with the prompt and decisive action of Judge LANDIS in barring the "vindicated" athletes from organized baseball. In such a situation the old National Commission would probably have exhausted its energies in twiddling its thumbs and finally come to the conclusion that it couldn't go back of the verdict of the jury. But the new High Commissioner is not much troubled by that respect for quibbles and technicalities which is the Western idea of justice. He goes straight to the essential rights and wrongs in the good old Oriental manner—the manner of HAROUN-AL-RASCHID.

FROM THE SOIL OF FRANCE.

Those who think of France only in terms of diplomatic relations may be inclined to regard her future with uneasiness; but in France especially strength lies in the character of her people, in the soil itself. Here the auguries are bright. The wheat crop is unusually large and was ripe for gathering before the drought could affect it. Grapes also are abundant and the hot, dry Summer has given them an unusual quality. In countries where vintages are noted, 1921 bids fair to be a memorable year. Certain small crops are suffering, but with abundance of bread and wine France may still account herself, as in the days of HENRY of Navarre, a "pleasant land" of "cornfields green and sunny vines."

Even in the devastated section—the Liberated Region, as the French more cheerfully call it—there is occasion for high confidence. The work of reconstruction continues in full force. Of 8,240,000 acres rendered unfit for agriculture, 7,244,000 acres had, by May 1, been cleared of projectiles and 6,881,000 acres had been cleared also of wire entanglements and trenches. What remains is scarcely more than enough to satisfy the American tourist. Of the 4,571,000 acres of arable land devastated, 4,330,150 have been cleared and 3,420,000 are under cultivation. In the matter of live stock the record is less bright. Of the 1,359,000 horses, cattle, sheep, &c., that were carried away, only 237,730 have been restored. That was largely inevitable, as most of them had ceased to exist. As regards the human population, the showing is little short of marvelous. Of 2,500,728 deported because of the war, 1,975,798 have returned.

With regard to industries, which are the characteristic feature of the Liberated Region, the record is equally gratifying. Here the destruction wrought by the Germans was deliberate and characteristically thorough. Of 5,297 factories employing twenty people or more, 4,700 were destroyed. On April 1, 3,645 were restored and had resumed work. With regard to main lines of railway, the record is perfect—1,080 miles destroyed and 1,080 miles rebuilt. All this has been accomplished with a regard for the higher well-being of the inhabitants incredible to any one who does not know the French. Of 7,271 schools in existence before the war, 6,830 have been re-established. It is the conscious purpose of the committee in charge of the Liberated Region to "give this unfortunate population a fresh belief in the joy of life."

Of killed France lost 1,364,000 and of mutilated 740,000—over two millions of her youngest and best. Yet what she was in war, to the endless glory of the whole world, she is today in the scarcely less bitter trial of peace—"steadfast, brave and confident."

BOOTLEGGING AT SEA.

The seizure of the schooner Henry L. Marshall outside the three-mile limit with a cargo of rum aboard clears up a mystery of the sea, but raises puzzling legal questions. From time to time sinister craft have been reported lying off the coast, showing no lights after dark. The imaginative have connected them with missing ships and talked darkly of piracy. But probably they were all engaged in "bootlegging." It would be difficult to make out a case of piracy against rum-running ships, as a survey of the Federal Criminal Code (United States Compiled Statutes) would indicate. The Marshall, when overhauled by the Coast Guard cutter Seneca, was slipping along without lights. She was outside the three-mile limit. Pirate ships prefer deeper water for obvious reasons. Without waiting to explain the business of the schooner or report her destination, the master and mate abandoned her and disappeared in a power boat. They did not stop to argue their legal rights. To account for their cargo of rum, although their schooner flew the British flag, would have been, obviously, embarrassing.

A test case is to be made of the seizure. It must be upheld if the Volstead act is to be enforced beyond the three-mile limit. British registry, if the former Gloucester fishing smack was legally transferred to a British subject, does not seem to be regarded as an obstacle by the United States Attorney's office:

> It is our position that we have a right to seize a vessel outside the three-mile limit if there is evidence of a conspiracy to violate our customs laws and the Volstead act. While the actual sale of liquor outside the three-mile limit is not in itself illegal, yet if it can be shown that persons from this country go out there to buy contraband, then conspiracy has been established.

They probably must be caught in the act. It might be easier to prove that principals ashore were leagued with ship owners to do a "bootlegging" business. Conspiracy, as the lawyers know, is an offense often difficult to prove. To involve in a charge of conspiracy the Captain of a British ship outside the three-mile limit would not be easy. If the contraband was put on board at sea off a West Indian island, an illegitimate proceeding, that alone would explain the disappearance of the Captain of the Marshall. For the lawyers the case will be a feast of precedent.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Again the Wicked Treaties.

Probably Lord BRYCE'S criticism of the peace treaties, to those who heard his Williamstown lecture in its full length, was not so severe as it seems from the published extracts. But at any rate it shows how hard it is to suit the human race. Mr. LANSING thinks the treaties are bad because they are based on the principle of self-determination, and Lord BRYCE thinks they are bad because they are not based on the principle of self-determination.

There is one difference, however, between Lord BRYCE and other critics: none of them has imitated his respect for the secrets of the sanctuary. Other critics know, or profess to know, not only that the treaties are wicked, but "how they got that way." Nobody but Lord BRYCE has refrained from telling all that he knows and a good deal that he doesn't. If he would only tear down the veil and tell us what was the matter, it might further the education of the American public in relativity.

A Novelty in Office Seeking.

Mr. WIL LEACH of Scranton is a candidate for four offices in Lacka-waunna County. He would be Prothonotary, Clerk of the Courts, Register of Wills, and Recorder of Deeds; at the same time he does not really want to be either one or all of them, according to his advertisement in the local papers. Moved only by consideration for the taxpayers, he is willing to be an omnibus officeholder and lighten their burden. "I am," he says, "a candidate for the four offices on both tickets. If elected, the county will get three dollars out of the salaries and commissions of these offices for every dollar I get."

He has even filed a bond with as indemnity company obligating himself to perform the duties and do the work of all four offices. He holds that "too many people work for the Government at too much cost for the service they give."

This is both original and startling. Mr. LEACH seems to be a glutton for work, and is indifferent to remuneration if he could bring taxes down. Undoubtedly there are too many offices and too many salaries drawn. The usual method is for an executive to reduce the places under him. Mr. LEACH would take off three heads at the top and do the work of four respectable officials. He calls them "bookkeepers." Are they not more than that?—all of them responsible court officers? Moreover, would not legislation be necessary to effect a consolidation? What is Lackawanna County's opinion of WIL LEACH'S bid for four offices rolled into one?

Blessings of Heat and Humidity.

Not the least of the sufferers during the late but unlamented hot spell were the doctors. What afflicted them most was the lack of business. From their point of view the community was disgustingly well.

It is true that New York has frequently lived through higher temperatures; but in comparison they have generally been brief. The hot weather of July seemed interminable. Reckoned from the beginning of the year, the city was visited with 929 degrees of temperature in excess of the normal, and the excess from June 21 until the break of last Sunday was 129 degrees. Rainfall for the year was 4½ inches less than normal, but the prevailing wind from the ocean brought enough humidity to make up. And still New Yorkers refused to call in the medicos. For the week ended July 23 the deaths were actually fewer than for the corresponding week last year, and the record of the month as a whole was only slightly less favorable.

Such doctors as have been heard from have an explanation for this strange phenomenon. The small number of prostrations they account for by the lack of the greater extremes of heat. The vast majority of citizens kept about their business, and positively benefited. Is not a Turkish bath a good thing? And did not the metropolis swelter for weeks? With relaxed nervous tension and a comforting sense of martyrdom, it benefited freely by what is usually prescribed and paid for. Yet even to spite the doctors one would not call down another such spell.

A "Good Turn" Across the Sea.

French Boy Scouts, this Summer, are rejoicing in the presence of a "100 per cent. American" in the person of the Red Indian chief, BIG HAWK, head of the Seneca tribe. He is initiating them into the secrets of woodcraft at their camps at St. Ouen, Corcy and Villers-Cotterets. There is a touch of the pathetic, which the French are not likely to miss, in this visit of the head of a dwindling tribe, that once roamed as lords of the vast territory between Canada and Virginia, to the land of CHAMPLAIN, FRONTENAC and LA SALLE. The French Scout, who knows his Fenimore Cooper only in translation, must be hugely impressed with the feather headdress and equipment of the Indian visitor, but the strangeness, we fancy, will quickly wear off when he finds that the peculiar fortitude and other characteristic qualities of the Indian race form no little part of his own Scout code. BIG HAWK must be a genuine Boy Scout, and his unique "good turn" will doubtless be long remembered overseas. He is, by the way, a former student of Columbia University.

Summer Bus Riding.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We do not wish to deal too critically with Ethel Walton Everett's very charming little story on bus riding which appeared in the Magazine Section of your paper on July 24. We are very sure, however, that a great many people read this story—as it well deserved to be read—and some of these may get the impression from what Miss Everett wrote that we are accustomed to marking buses "Washington Square" and then dumping people out in the vicinity of Madison Square.

If the bus that Miss Everett refers to was marked "Washington Square" it would have gone to that terminal. The destination of all buses is plainly marked in front. The author undoubtedly took a bus marked "25th Street," under the impression that she was on a bus that was going all the way through. Many people do this despite the destination point indicated on the outside of the bus, which is emphasized by a card inside containing a notice that the bus only goes to Twenty-fifth Street. When they find they have made a mistake and must go to all the inconvenience of transferring, they are sometimes a bit irritated, but in justice to our patrons we must say that on the whole they deal very fairly with us and help us to keep our service at the highest possible point of efficiency.

Again Miss Everett says that she rode uptown on a bus believing it was going to 168th Street, only to be compelled to transfer at 135th Street. Buses that terminate at 135th Street are plainly marked, and if folks bound north of that point will persist in taking them, as many do, instead of waiting for a through bus, they naturally are put to the bother of a change.

As to congestion at our terminal points and inadequate service on our Harlem and Washington Heights routes, may I again be permitted to emphasize the fact that our service north of Fifty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue is controlled absolutely by what we are able to do south of that point? This is the neck of the bottle, so to speak, and it is not only our own view but that of the traffic authorities as well that it would be unwise to try to operate more buses in Fifth Avenue than we now have in service.

THE FIFTH AVENUE COACH COMPANY,
J. A. Ritchie, President.
New York, July 30, 1921.

A MIDSUMMER PARABLE.

A stout stone wall rears high between
The dirty road and the garden green;
Inside, the flowers dance, gay and glad;
Out in the dust, the world runs mad.

Playing at "Ladies" the blossoms fair
Curtsy, and nod in the censered air,
While the stout stone wall stands high to screen
The wicked world from the garden green.

Velvet phlox with tutored grace
Sway in this sheltered, scented place.
And heliotrope and mignonette
Thread through a puppet minuet.

Graciously, carefully, lest, perchance,
Too abandoned become their dance,
Silken, imperial hollyhocks
Tread a measure with four o'clocks.

And all the while the wall stands guard
Lest wanton winds should blow too hard.

* * *

Out by the highroad, with eyes askance,
A daisy is doing the shimmy dance.

BLANCHE F. GILL.

REVISING SCHOOL HISTORIES

Not Desirable to Try to Eliminate the "Painful Parts."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a matter for frank and friendly free speech all over the land among all sects, races and classes that one of the chief undertakings to be officially recommended to the Knights of Columbus in San Francisco next week is "the elimination of propaganda from American histories."

This reminds us of the mother who requested that her daughter should be "taught history with all the painful parts left out." If she was a Jewish mother, compliance with her request would have eliminated most of Bible history, for no one in any age ever showed the faults of the Jews so fully as their own historians and prophets. Two-thirds of the Bible would be barred from history lessons by that rule.

If that mother was Protestant, that rule would cut out the unpleasant story of the burning of Servetus because of his Unitarian beliefs, and the story of the crimes and vices of Henry VIII., when head of the Protestant Church, which recalls the story, vouched for by President Booker Washington, of a "devout" negro who said in prayer meeting on return from a three months' absence: "Brethren, I suppose, if the truth were told, I has broken every Commandment of the Decalogue since I'd been away from here, but I thanks the Lord I hasn't lost my religion." King Henry did not even lose the headship of the Protestant cause. Germans are seeing to it, through a photoplay, that that "painful part" of British history is not "left out" of Americans' knowledge of history. New Englanders would be glad to have the "painful" story of Salem witchcraft blotted out, and the South is reported to have mitigated in its histories the "painful" story of slavery and the Civil War.

There are "painful" chapters that some Roman Catholics would like to have "left out" on the ground that they are "propaganda."

But a little thought will show it is not only impracticable but undesirable to have everything that is "painful" to anybody cut out of history. It is by thoughtful study of the errors of the past that the world learns how to do better in the present, and we might as well admit that every biography, every family history and every national history is dealing with human beings, not angels, and frankly face the "painful" facts about them. We need not shrink from the story of wrongdoing by our ancestors if we are making better history today.

If school histories can be shown to be biased by sectarian or partisan or racial prejudices, by all means let us have this wrong righted, but not by substituting another prejudice.

We suggest that Knights of Columbus lead off, and all fair-minded men will join in a request to some national or international educational association in which all sects, races, parties and classes are represented, that an impartial commission be appointed to select for our schools and colleges truthful and scholarly histories of our country, of Europe and of the world. Even denominational schools cannot afford to use histories that are written in the interest of any clique.

History may be made not only the most interesting and useful of school studies but one of the most delightful recreations for homes and clubs. The general study of history is greatly needed as a guide in world rebuilding, and prizes for impartial histories, of "painful parts" of history, might bring a great revival of both the reading and the writing of good history.

WILBUR F. CRAFTS.
New York, July 27, 1921.

DISAPPOINTED SAILORS.

Many Enlisted for the Sake of Cruises Which Are Called Off.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Six months ago the navy was eager to recruit men, and did recruit them in large numbers. Most of these men, I am told, were well above the average, some of them enlisting because they loved the service, as most men in the navy do, and others because they desired to "see the world," as the recruiting posters told them. As I recall, the posters announced that the Pacific Fleet would visit New Zealand, Australia and other ports of the Old World, while the Atlantic Fleet would be content with a trip to the eastern coast of South America, thence to Africa, to Mediterranean ports and home. The posters went into such detail that they told the dates of arrival and departure at the various cities. Many men, induced to give up their positions and to leave school, enlisted in the navy, with the promise that they would go globe trotting. Now the Navy Department has published the schedule of employment for the Atlantic Fleet without mention of these interesting trips and tells the men, many of whom enlisted for these European cruises, that the fleet would hold gunnery exercises off the Virginia Capes. The Navy Department does not explain to these men why the cruise has been called off.

I am told unofficially that the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation recently furnished the commanding officers of the various naval vessels with confidential statements showing a large number of desertions during the past months, and that the number averaged well above fifteen hundred a month. A sizable percentage of these desertions was among chief petty officers of years of service, while the larger number were, of course, among recruits who had become dissatisfied with the life in the navy. In addition, according to the figures set forth in Court Martial Order No. 3 of this year, over five thousand five hundred men in the navy were tried by court-martials of various forms during the month of March. Those figures are astounding to the layman and warrant attention.

If it costs the Navy Department (the taxpayers) $250 to enlist a man for the navy, which is a reasonable figure when the cost of publicity, transportation and expenses of the recruiting service (to say nothing of the pay of the men while learning and valueless to the service) are taken into consideration, would it not be more profitable to make the promised trips to Europe to satisfy the youngsters who enlisted in the service to see things than to have them desert in large numbers, causing the Government to go to the additional expense of recruiting more men and to have discontent among the enlisted personnel that remains?

The American bluejacket is, on the whole, a lad of intelligence, sound thinking and clear reasoning. The men of the navy have always kept faith with Uncle Sam; are they not deserving of an explanation from Mr. Daniels, who, once a marine himself, knows how they feel, act and think about such things?

As the guardian of my nephew, 18 years old, who enlisted in the navy that he might travel abroad and profit himself while working in the navy, as the recruiting officer of the New York Recruiting Station assured me, I ask that the question of disappointing such a large number of our men be brought to public attention.

WILLIAM TEN BROEK LOWE.
New York, July 30, 1921.

MEDICAL FEES AT JOHNS HOPKINS.

Dean Williams Explains the Position of the School in Limiting the Amount to Be Paid by a Patient.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest the recent editorial in THE TIMES upon the regulation of medical and surgical fees at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, but, as it seems to me that its writer has not quite grasped the significance of the innovation, and likewise was in serious error when he expressed the belief that the hospital would be overcrowded by the thrifty rich, I am taking the liberty of sending you these lines.

According to the will of the late Johns Hopkins, his estate was divided between two corporations for the purpose of endowing the university and hospital which bear his name. While providing for two separate corporations, Mr. Hopkins expressly stipulated that the university should organize a medical school, and that the hospital should form a part of it.

This far-sighted provision had the result that when the medical school was organized in 1893 the hospital immediately became an integral part of it, and thus the latter became the first university hospital in the country, with the heads of its various departments automatically becoming the incumbents of the corresponding professorial chairs in the university, and its superintendent becoming an ex officio member of the medical faculty. This practical fusion of the hospital and medical school greatly increased the usefulness of each, and made it possible for the joint institution to fulfill its function of caring for the sick, training medical students and fostering research in such a way as to play an important part in the revolution in medical education which has been effected in this country during the past quarter century, as well as to set an example for the affiliation of important hospitals with medical schools which is now occurring all over the land.

From the opening of the school in 1893 all of the teachers in the underlying medical sciences gave their entire time to the institution, while the teachers in the so-called clinical branches gave only a part and devoted the balance of their time to private practice. This continued for twenty years, when it was realized that the scope of practical medicine had become so expanded that it was impossible for those engaged in active private practice to do full justice to their university duties, more particularly in the teaching of students and in the conduct of fundamental research upon which the future advance of medicine is dependent. Consequently an appeal was made to the General Education Board for sufficient funds to enable the university to pay such salaries to the professors and more important assistants in the fundamental clinical branches as would enable them to devote their entire time to their hospital and university duties and to free them from the necessity of practicing medicine in the ordinary sense.

The General Education Board generously met the appeal by establishing the William H. Welch Fund for the Advancement of Medical Teaching, which has enabled the university to place the departments of medicine, surgery, pediatrics and obstetrics upon the full-time or university basis, by which the important teachers in those departments devote their entire energy to the care of hospital patients, the teaching of students and the prosecution of research. That the public, outside of the hospital, should not be entirely deprived of the services of such men it was provided that they might do what they pleased in the way of seeing private patients provided they received no pecuniary profit from so doing, and it was arranged that any fees derived from such sources should be returned to the university for the extension of the system.

When the development of the university basis was first considered it was recognized that it would be financially out of the question to attempt to place all of the medical specialties upon such a basis, and, furthermore, that even in the departments so organized there would always be a number of men engaged in active practice who possess such experience and knowledge that the loss of their services would be a great deprivation to the institution and to its student body. Accordingly, plans were made for the utilization of their services, but with the understanding that the full-time teachers would direct the policy of the school and be responsible for its fundamental teaching. It is therefore apparent that since 1913 the Johns Hopkins Hospital and Medical School has been organized as a philanthropic educational institution, whose great function, after the best possible care of the patients entrusted to its charge, is the education of medical students and the extension of medical knowledge.

As time went on it seemed advisable to impress upon the students that the fundamental aims of medicine were the relief of suffering and the advancement of knowledge, and that it was an important part of their education that such standards of compensation for medical services should be established that they would constantly bear in mind the altruistic nature of their profession, and think as little as possible of its financial returns. Naturally, it is realized that the laborer is worthy of his hire, and that most students take up medicine for the purpose of earning a living, but at the same time it was felt that it was the educational duty of the institution to teach by precept and example that the ideal medical man is no respecter of persons, and is justified only in looking forward to a relatively modest financial return, and should early learn that medicine is not a career for those who hope to become rich.

This was the fundamental reason for the recent promulgation concerning the regulation of fees in the institution, and not primarily a desire to diminish the incomes of those connected with it.

That such regulations will not have the effect of crowding the institution with the thrifty rich will be apparent from the following considerations: In the first place, the Johns Hopkins Hospital was endowed for and is conducted primarily as a philanthropic institution, and only about one-fifth of its 800 beds are available for private patients, while in its prospective enlargement to 900 beds no additional accommodations for such patients will be provided. In the second place the full-time staff take little interest in the financial status of their patients, and the heads of such departments assume charge of private patients only when they are suffering from conditions in which they are interested medically or on account of some personal relation. This leaves only the part-time or clinical staff which might profit from such an abuse, and which consists of some thirty or forty members. Were it possible for a few of them practically to monopolize the private service it might be conceivable that such an abuse could develop, but such a possibility has been precluded by the new regulations providing that no member of the staff can have more than ten private patients in the hospital at one time if other members require accommodations for their patients.

I, therefore, hope that those of your subscribers who may take the trouble to read my communication will appreciate that the new regulations have been promulgated as an educational measure in the belief that the University Medical School and Hospital should teach sound ethics, as well as the most advanced medicine, and that medical men who desire to exploit well-to-do patients should do so in private institutions, instead of in those endowed for philanthropic purposes or for the advancement of knowledge.

J. WHITRIDGE WILLIAMS.
Dean Johns Hopkins Medical School.
Westerly, R. I., Aug. 2, 1921.

SLIGHT TO THE LEAGUE.

Our State Department Guilty of Discourtesy to Forty-Eight Nations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The attitude of our State Department in refusing to answer official communications from the League of Nations may be explained as a deliberate effort to hasten the dissolution of that organization. But on the face of the reports from Washington it is something more serious. It is, in fact, an individual slight to each of the forty-eight nations that have accepted the plan of international co-operation repudiated by our own Senate.

The department seems to take the position that the League is a body wholly separate from the Governments belonging to it and that it is trying to intrude itself between those Governments and the United States. This intrusion is virtuously resented by the United States not only on its own behalf but on behalf of the other Governments involved. It would be hard to conceive a more erroneous idea of the relationship between the League and the Governments back of it. The League not only is a creation of the forty-eight Governments belonging to it, but it is a part of all those Governments. It has no existence except through them and on their behalf. What it implies is that those forty-eight Governments have pooled certain interests and certain activities for greater efficiency. Believing that by acting co-operatively they can save time, money and friction. With this purpose in view, they have established the League and made it an extension, so to speak, of their respective foreign departments.

When the United States Government refuses to communicate with the League for the reasons hinted at in Washington reports, it is as if the State Department were saying that it would have no dealings with this or that particular Government because the department did not like the way in which the Foreign Office of that Government was organized. In other words, it is equivalent to an attempt on the part of this Government to interfere with the rights of all the forty-eight Governments belonging to the League to organize their own affairs in any manner which may be deemed most effective to themselves.

Incidentally, the reports inspired in Washington have contained a thinly veiled sneer at the manner in which the League has attempted to place certain important matters before the State Department. It has been said that invitations received by the department from the League have been mere circular letters with the name of the Government filled in by typewriter. Such a criticism, whether warranted or not, seems to come with peculiarly bad grace from elements which repeatedly have charged the League with extravagance. The truth in this case is that the League is spending an absurdly small amount of money considering the work it is doing and the large field it has to cover. Furthermore, it is trying in every way to depart from the picturesque and ornamental but highly wasteful ways that still characterize the foreign offices all over the world. Parchment and hand-written letters may be sentimentally attractive, but they make for waste both of funds and human energy, and they certainly do not increase the efficiency of the system of communication. When the League arranges its communications with forty-eight or more States through the medium of printed blanks that are filled out with the proper addresses, it simply does what the average American business house does every week of the year. With this attempt to put national and international relationships on a business basis I think no one with modern conceptions of efficiency will find fault.

A statesmanlike attitude requires that the importance of a communication be judged by its contents and not by its form, and it would be hard to conceive of a communication more important than that which invites the United States to become a party to the first International Court of Justice ever established in the world. Yet the State Department, we are informed, did not even give this message the courtesy of a stereotyped acknowledgment.

A number of similar illustrations could be given to show that the partisan hatred of the League engendered during the political campaign has led the most important department of the greatest nation on the earth to forget not only the courtesy due to other nations but its own dignity.

RAYMOND B. FOSDICK.
New York, Aug. 3, 1921.

Ascent of the Weisshorn.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read your printed story of Major Lindsell's ascent of the Weisshorn. Mountaineers show a rather constant tendency to exaggerate the perils of their mountain work. I ascended the Weisshorn a few years ago, and, although it is not a playful sort of climb, there is nothing impracticable in it if done by a person with a level head, patience and good physical endurance. It is true that there is one tricky where, if one slips, he and his guide will presently come to the close of their earthly career. But he has no business to slip. There is also a long, tedious and very narrow arrete where the path is, some of the way, less than eighteen inches broad, and where the ground falls off on either side from 2,000 to 2,500 feet. But all one requires to do is to take one step at a time and keep his eyes on the path and not let them wander to right or left. With all these conditions fulfilled an easy reasonably expert is return from his climb safe and sound.

C. E. PARKHURST.
Lake Placid Club, Aug. 1, 1921.

HARDING PLAYS GOLF ON MOUNTAIN LINKS

Large Gallery Follows the President's Party Over the Course at Jefferson, N. H.

RETURNS TO WEEKS HOME

According to Present Plan Outing Will Last Until the End of the Week With a Return by Sea.

Special to The New York Times.

LANCASTER, N. H., Aug. 3.—After one of his favorite waffle breakfasts this morning President Harding sat on the terrace of The Lodge, Secretary Weeks's Summer home on the top of Prospect Mountain, and admired the view to the east that takes in the entire range of the White Mountains.

Two dignified, elderly gentlemen near-by drew off their coats, walked to the tool house, returned with a lawn mower and an iron roller, and set to work on the greens of a nine-hole approach-and-putt miniature golf course. The Secretary of War, Mr. Weeks, pushed the lawn mower, while the senior Senator from New Jersey, Mr. Freilnghuysen, dragged the roller in the wake of the whirring scythes.

This is a course that Secretary Weeks had built just before the arrival of his Presidential guest. Par for the course is 37, and Mr. Weeks has offered a silver cup for a tournament that will be played every morning during the remainder of Mr. Harding's stay. The qualification round was played off this morning, and the President turned in a card of 36, one under par.

A delegation from the Lancaster Board of Trade, headed by State Senator Irving Drew, called upon President Harding this morning and received his acceptance to speak tomorrow noon in Centennial Square here. Governor Brownie of New Hampshire was a luncheon guest at The Lodge.

The President returned to Secretary Weeks's mountain home tonight with an added coat of tan acquired in an afternoon foursome over the Waumbek course at Jefferson in which Senators Freilnghuysen and Phipps failed to obtain revenge for yesterday's defeat at Crawford on Mr. Harding and Senator Hale. At the clubhouse the President was welcomed by William d'Oller, President of the club, and father of Colonel Franklin d'Oller, former national commander of the American Legion. The gallery that followed the Presidential match rivaled in size that of a championship contest.

Unlike most average golfers—and the President may be rated as a player standing high in the second rank of a large country club—Mr. Harding is not disturbed by a gallery. Whether or not a gallery is present, Mr. Harding always plays deliberately. His drives are usually straight and rarely if ever "topped." But it is in putting that the President really shines. Standing with his legs further apart than most golfers, Mr. Harding is a dangerous competitor on the putting green.

Mrs. Harding, who during the last few days in Washington was slightly indisposed, spent the day resting.

Brig. Gen. Sawyer, the President's physician, remained at The Lodge.

Plans are still indefinite for the President's return to Washington, but the present one calls for departure from here on Saturday, motoring to the Maynower at Portland.

LUNCHEON FOR W. M. COLLIER

New Ambassador to Chile Is Guest of Bankers' Club.

A new sense of "dollar diplomacy" as signifying the interdependence of American business and diplomacy abroad was the keynote of an address by William Miller Collier, the new Ambassador to Chile, at a farewell luncheon given for him by the Chile-American Association in the Bankers Club yesterday.

All thinking men recognize that business and diplomacy more and more are approaching each other," said Mr. Collier. "With increasing interdependence of nations, the crying need of raw materials for some and of manufactured goods for others, with the reciprocal necessity by all of markets for their respective surplus products, and with very keen competition everywhere, business has to resort to diplomacy for advice and aid, and diplomacy has to avail itself frequently of the help of men with knowledge of the purposes and methods of great organized industry.

"Dollar diplomacy" was a short time ago a term of opprobrium. I am not here to justify all that has been attempted that may have been styled dollar diplomacy, but I have in mind in saying that business and diplomacy have in some respects a common mission."

Alfred C. Burrage of Boston, Vice President of the Chile Copper Company, who presided, expressed satisfaction with Mr. Collier's appointment. Telegrams of congratulation were read from United States Senators James W. Wadsworth and William M. Calder, Under Secretary of State Henry P. Fletcher, Don Beltran Mathieu, the Chilean Ambassador at Washington; Elihu Root and others. Mr. Collier will leave for Europe today to attend to business matters before proceeding to Santiago.

WILL MARRY AFTER JEAN D'ARC ROMANCE

Troth of Miss Pauline Dwyer and E. J. Kelly the Second to Follow Fordham College Pageant.

The engagement is announced of Miss Pauline Mercedes Dwyer to Edward J. Kelly, Secretary of the Catholic Actors' Guild. Miss Dwyer is the daughter of Mrs. Katherine Dwyer and sister of Mrs. Harry Noonan of Ridgewood, N. J., and Far Rockaway. Mr. Kelly was a member of the 165th Regiment, 42d Division, and was wounded at Chateau-Thierry. The marriage will take place in October.

This is the second romance to develop after the Jean d'Arc pageant held last Summer on Fordham College Campus, of which Miss Dwyer was secretary and Mr. Kelly in executive charge of the pageant. Miss Virginia Madigan, who appeared as the Maid of Orleans, was married to Marcus Daly Boorman a few months ago, after he became interested in Miss Madigan from a picture published of her as Jean d'Arc.

Miss Bronson Weds Captain Logan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The marriage of Miss Ruth Bronson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bret Bronson, to Captain John A. Logan, Medical Corps, U. S. A., took place this evening at 8 o'clock, in the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wilcox in Chevy Chase. The Rev. James T. Marshall, pastor of the Georgetown Presbyterian Church, officiated. Mrs. C. E. Kelley was matron of honor and Miss Frances Bronson, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. Miss Lydia Lytle, Miss Sitsy Lytle, Miss Helen Burnham and Miss Josephine Lupton were bridesmaids. Captain and Mrs. Logan will make their home in Washington on their return from a wedding trip.

Caron-Rochester.

Miss Gertrude Louise Rochester, a daughter of ex-Police Captain Louis W. Rochester, formerly in command of the Clinton Street Station, and Leon Anatole Caron of Worcester, Mass., were married yesterday in the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam and Ralph Avenues, Brooklyn. A breakfast followed at the bride's home, 749 Cornelia Street. Mr. and Mrs. Caron after their honeymoon (trip will reside in Southbridge, Mass.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

A daughter was born last Friday to Mr. and Mrs. Richard L. Davison of 2 East Seventy-sixth Street, at their home on Lattingtown Road, Glen Cove, L. I. Mrs. Davisson was formerly Miss Helen Porter.

Miss Mabel Gerry, daughter of Eldridge T. Gerry of Newport, who is spending the season in London, gave a small dance recently at Halkin House, Belgrave Square, London.

Mrs. Katharine Harris Barrymore of 51 East Fifty-eighth Street, entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Ambassador.

Mrs. August Heckscher, Mrs. William G. McAdoo, and Mrs. Frank N. Doubleday are among those interested in the dramatic festival, to be given at the Rosemary Theatre, on the Roland Conklin estate, Huntington, L. I., on Aug. 12 and 13, for Near East relief.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coppell and Miss Susan Coppell are leaving on Aug. 10 for Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark have taken a cottage at Saratoga for the season.

Mrs. Charles H. Senff, who has taken a place in England, plans to return in September.

Commander William McEntee, U. S. N., and Mrs. McEntee, motored here from Washington, D. C., and are at the Astor before going to the Berkshires. They have sold their home in Washington, and later will go to Newport News, where the Commander is stationed.

Miss Harriet Paige Greene, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George de Boketon Greene of 21 East Seventy-seventh Street, will make her début at a dance to be given at her parents' country place in Cherry Valley, N. Y., tomorrow. The Misses Margaret Emmet, Sylvia Goddard, Mary Hamill, Eleanor Peabody and Elizabeth Swords are to receive with Miss Greene, who is a great-granddaughter of General George Sears Greene and a grand-daughter of Douglas Campbell of New York.

M. Gaston Liebert, French Consul General at New York; Mrs. George E. Dickenson and Allen F. Blodgett were among those giving luncheons at Delmonico's yesterday afternoon.

Washington.

The new American Ambassador to Spain and Mrs. Tyrnn E. Woods will sail from New York Aug. 17 aboard the Paris for Havre on their way to Madrid. Mr. Woods spent a few days at the Willard and returned to his home in Greensburg, Pa., last night. He was entertained at luncheon Tuesday by the Secretary of the Treasury, and in the evening was the guest of honor of the Under Secretary of State and Mrs. Henry P. Fletcher. The other guests at the dinner were the Spanish Ambassador, Señor Riano; the Belgian Ambassador, Baron de Cartier; Secretary Mellon, Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania, Senator Frank B. Brandegee of Connecticut and Senator George H. Moses of New Hampshire. Mr. Woods has resigned as Secretary of State of Pennsylvania.

Frederick Moore, American counselor of the Japanese Foreign Office, and Mrs. Moore were the guests of honor at the dinner last evening of the Secretary of the Japanese Embassy and Mme. Saburi, who had sixteen guests to meet them in their suburban home in Chevy Chase. Mr. and Mrs. Moore had expected to sail for Japan next month, but will remain in Washington until after the disarmament conference.

KU KLUX KLAN SUES PAPER.

Says It Is Libeled in Stories of Raids in the South.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 3.—The Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, a corporation, today brought suit for libel against the Los Angeles Express Publishing Company, a corporation, demanding $105,000 damages for the publication in three editions of the paper of an article over which appeared banner lines reading "Great Ku Klux Outbreak," "Ku Klux Terrorizes South," and "Ku Klux Reign of Terror."

The article, which was set forth in full in the complaint filed in the Superior Court here today, credited certain raids in Southern States to "a secret organization similar to that of the Ku Klux Klan of reorganization days."

The complaint recites that the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan are organized as a fraternal, patriotic and ritualistic society of national scope," and states that the corporate purposes are to promote patriotism and insure protection for the happiness of the people, among other things.

CALL BIG BUILDING STRIKE.

San Francisco Unions Order It but Carpenters' Chiefs Dissent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—The General Conference Committee of the building trades unions of the San Francisco Bay district decided today to call a strike of all union building mechanics in the Bay region tonight, despite notification from the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America that locals joining in such a strike would lose their charters.

P. H. McCarthy, President of the San Francisco Building Trades Council, and N. H. McLean, Secretary of the District Council of Carpenters, telegraphed to the headquarters of the Brotherhood at Indianapolis saying it was too late to prevent a general strike and asking permission for the local unions to deal with the situation.

Five building trades unions in Honolulu have voted for a campaign for a general strike there, executives of the organization announced.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. ANDREWS

First Wife of Broker Who Brought Another Bride to Home Wins.

John M. Enright, Special Master in Chancery, announced in Jersey City yesterday that he would recommend a decree of divorce be granted to Mrs. Maude Augusta Andrews in her suit against Herbert Thornton Andrews, a New York broker. Mrs. Andrews lives at 2,850 Hudson Boulevard. The Special Master said he would also allow Mrs. Andrews $350 a month alimony and compel Andrews to furnish a bond of $3,500 guaranteeing the payment of alimony. The question of counsel fee was left to the Chancellor.

In the former hearings of the case, Mrs. Andrews told of the breaking up of her home when Andrews brought to the house Esther Tatnall of Pittsburgh and is alleged to have married her in Greenwich several months ago.

Mrs. Andrews is the mother of two children John, 8 years old, and Harley, 6.

NORTHCLIFFE'S WORLD TOUR

Publisher's Impressions Being Written for The Daily Mail.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Lord Northcliffe's first impressions of the world tour on which he is now engaged appear in this morning's issue of The Daily Mail. They deal with the Aquitania, which he describes as the wonder ship of the world.

Commenting on The Daily Mail's announcement of its publication of Lord Northcliffe's impressions of his tour, The Evening Star says:

"There is no ground for the rumor that they will prove to be by Mr. Wickham Stead."

Celebrate Their Golden Wedding.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. George W. Held of Crestview, Greenwich, celebrated their golden wedding at their home this evening, there being about sixty of their relatives and friends present. Four generations attended. They were Mrs. William Howard, Mrs. Held's mother, aged 90 years, who is the oldest member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church here; Mrs. Held, Mrs. Ida E. Haddock, her daughter, and her two sons, Harold and Kenneth. Mr. and Mrs. Held received many gifts.

TITTONI LANDS HERE; SAYS ITALY THRIVES

President of Senate to Address Political Science Gathering at Williams College.

NO REVOLT COMING AT HOME

Always Interested in America and Is Glad to Bring Word of Countrymen's Friendship.

Tommaso Tittoni, President of the Italian Senate, arrived late last night on the liner Dante Alighieri and was landed by launch at Pier 25, North River, where he received an enthusiastic welcome from several hundred of his countrymen. He was accompanied by Mrs. Tittoni and his Secretary, Dr. Alberto Paolo Rossi, and Professor Henry Cater of Williams College, where the Italian diplomat will deliver a series of lectures.

Senator Tittoni declined to discuss political questions as he said that his mission here was of a purely cultural kind. He spoke excellent English and told the reporters that he always had been deeply interested in this country since he was a boy, when he read "Democracy in America" by De Tocqueville, so that although this was his first visit he did not feel like a stranger. A cousin, Renato Tittoni, has a son who was born in America and is an officer in the United States Navy, the Senator added.

He announced that he was looking forward to meeting President Harding, to whom he bears an autograph letter from the King of Italy. He also brought a greeting from the Italian people as well as its Parliament and Government.

"Italy is recovering rapidly from the World War crisis and perhaps we suffered more harshly than others," he said. "There is no sign of revolution in Italy—not now or in the future."

Senator Tittoni is 66 years old, of medium height and build, gray hair and pointed beard and mustache of the same hue, with a prominent Roman nose. He is considered, according to the members of the Embassy and the Consulate General who came to meet him, one of the most cultured men in Italy. He wore a gray lounge suit with a derby hat to match. Signora Tittoni was dressed in black. She speaks English as well as her husband. The party went to the Hotel Belmont for the night and will leave on the 9 o'clock train this morning for Williamstown, Mass.

DANCING MASTERS DROP THE WESLEYAN

Defend Its Position, but Bow to Antagonism of Church Members.

The Wesleyan, the dance which caused such a storm of protest among Methodists when it was created at the convention of the American National Association of Masters of Dancing last year, has been withdrawn from the list of dances approved by the association at the association convention now being held at the Hotel Astor. Fenton Bott of Dayton, Ohio, the director of dance reform, said yesterday that the purpose of the Wesleyan had been entirely misunderstood by the members of the Church, but since they considered it an affront the association was very ready to withdraw it.

"The dance was a very graceful one, showing the proper position of the dancer and created to meet with the approval of the most rigid church member," said Mr. Bott, "but our effort was misinterpreted and, unfortunately, the people we were trying to win over to our side were further antagonized, and additional attacks upon dancing followed. In view of this we have withdrawn the Wesleyan, and for the present will take no further action in trying to win our religious antagonists.

"We are making great headway with our dance reform program. We have literature which we send to welfare organizations, owners of dance halls and dancing teachers throughout the country. This literature explains the dances approved by the association and urges those in charge of the various dancing resorts to aid the organization in its efforts to raise dancing to a higher level. We have large charts showing the different positions, and these can be found on the walls at dancing halls, at least they are sent to these places, and, in our investigation, we have found a splendid willingness on the part of the owners of these places to cooperate with us."

The Spanish schottische was the most popular dance taken up yesterday. It is a mixture of the Walk Around, dance in itself which was approved at the session yesterday, pivot turns and clicks steps in both fast and slow movements.

DELAY SCHOOL FOR GOLF.

Rye Education Board Votes Recess So Boys Can Get Caddy Fees.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 3.—That President Harding and Chief Justice Taft and about 600 others who are expected to participate in the Apawamis seniors annual tournament in September shall have plenty of caddies, the Board of Education has voted to postpone opening of the schools from Sept. 12 to Sept. 19.

The State Educational Department has advised Theodore Fremd, President of the School Board, that the board is within its rights in declaring a week's recess, so long as 180 days will be devoted to school work in a year, but that it would not legally excuse from classrooms boys who wanted to caddy.

Horace L. Hotchkiss Sr., head of the Apawamis seniors tournament and of the Seniors' Golf Association of the United States, informed Mr. Fremd that about $1,500 would come to the caddies in fees during the tournament and he wanted to see Rye boys get some of the money.

Lyons Newspaper a Century Old.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Rural mail carriers in Wayne, Monroe and Ontario Counties found themselves today buried under an avalanche of news print when the one hundredth anniversary edition of The Lyons Republican, a weekly published by Assemblyman Charles N. Betts of Lyons, was placed in the mails. The edition is considered exceptional for a rural newspaper, four tons of news print having been consumed. There are 68 pages, more than 200 special articles by prominent persons, and 350 half-tone reproductions. The type for the entire edition was set in The Republican's plant.

Otto H. Kahn Aids Hospital Drive.

The Downtown Hospital Association announced yesterday that Otto H. Kahn had cabled his acceptance of the Chairmanship of the committee which seeks to raise $1,000,000 for Broad Street Hospital.

GEORGE WASHINGTON DELAYED BY MAIL

Reconditioned Liner Carries 6,000 Sacks—Taking Legionnaires to France.

Accompanied by the strains of the Police Band and the cheers of the legionaires on the patrol steamer John F. Hylan, the United States Mail steamship George Washington left Pier 3, Hoboken, just before 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen. She was delayed by taking on 6,000 sacks of mail, which will net the company $75,000, according to Purser W. H. Mattinson. The passengers numbered 380 first, 450 second and between 1,100 and 1,200 third class.

The pier was decorated with flags and in spite of the downpour of rain a large number were at the dock to say farewell to the 200 delegates from the American Legion starting for France. William H. Todd, head of the Todd Shipyards, had a party of friends on his steam launch, the Natalie May, to accompany the George Washington to Quarantine, and the Navy Department sent two destroyers, the Herbert and Schenck, to wait off Governors Island to escort the American Legion as far as the Narrows.

Former Judge Charles Mayer and his son, Captain Francis Mayer, the President of the United States Mail Company, held a reception in the suite occupied by President Wilson when he crossed in 1919, and visitors who were shown over the liner expressed their admiration of the manner in which the reconditioning had been carried out at Tietjen's Dry Dock, Hoboken, part of the Todd Shipyards Corporation.

The dining room, which was red and gold in the days of the North German Lloyd, is artistically decorated in Pompeiian gray. The designs are by the British artists, Crowley and Hendon, who decorated the Lusitania, Mauretania and other liners.

GEST ALMOST GOES ABROAD.

Late in Leaving Adriatic and Has to Return by Way of Tug.

When the White Star liner Adriatic was moving out from Pier 60, North River, at noon yesterday on her voyage to Cherbourg and Southampton a man ran to the side of the ship wearing a black Fedora hat and a dark suit and waved his hands frantically. At intervals he shouted to the people on the pier, but as the whistle was blowing continuously no one could make out what he was saying. Finally he was recognized as Morris Gest, the theatrical manager. He had gone on board a few minutes before sailing time to see friends off and was below when the gangway was lowered. His gestures were intended for John Watson, the general superintendent of the International Mercantile Marine Company, to have his chauffeur sent home. Mr. Gest later was put aboard a tug and brought back.

Among the passengers on board was Thomas B. Harrison, going to meet his mother, Mrs. Marguerite E. Harrison, in Berlin, where she went after her release from prison in Russia. He added that he had not seen his mother for two years, but from her letters had learned that she was in good health. Mr. Harrison said that if he did not see her in Germany he would meet her in London and did not know when she would arrive in America.

The passengers on the Adriatic were cheered by the news from the ship's officers that on their arrival in London they would find that the restaurants had been granted another hour, until 11 P. M., to sell wine and liquors.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing on the France and Oscar II.

Two liners leave today for Europe with a fair number of passengers for the latter part of the Summer exodus abroad.

Among those booked on the French liner France for Havre are G. M. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ashley, Mrs. Lucien Angel, Miss R. Angel, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. W. Miller Collier, Harry T. Clinton, B. M. Douglas Jr., F. J. Erwin, B. Fay, Mrs. S. Garfield, F. H. Hamilton, E. L. Hall, Miss M. King, Mrs. F. T. May, W. H. Paige, Miss K. Perkins, E. Leroy, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Thompson, P. Van Dyke, Miss L. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wilkinson, F. Yznaga, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Vogel.

Some of those leaving on the Scandinavian-American liner Oscar II. for Copenhagen are Mr. and Mrs. B. Anderberg, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Anderson, the Rev. and Mrs. H. Arit, Mrs. A. E. Bank, Mrs. Kate Condon, Miss Kathleen Condon, Leonard Bech, the Rev. D. G. Downey, Miss Carola Escobar, Andrew Eklin, the Rev. J. E. Holmes, Miss Rose Jensen, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Lund, Mrs. Ruth Leander, Mrs. M. C. Smith, Dr. and Mrs. P. G. Skillern Jr. and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Wagner.

Prominent Passengers on Olympic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Among the passengers who sailed on the Olympic today for New York are Colonel Charles B. Warren, new United States Ambassador to Japan; the Earl of Camperdown, Archibald Roosevelt, R. C. Vanderbilt, Frank A. Munsey and Gilbert Miller, the last named to inaugurate his direction of the Charles Frohman, Inc., productions for the coming Fall season.

HEROD'S STATUE FOUND.

Unearthed With Others in Recent Excavations at Askalon.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Further details of the discovery of the court of Herod the Tetrarch, already briefly reported from Jerusalem to the Palestine Exploration Fund, are eagerly awaited here. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was informed today that Professor Garstang, director of the British School of Archaeology at Jerusalem, was preparing a report on the discovery made in the excavations at Askalon, where the buried biblical city is being investigated.

Digging is now going on around the famous cloisters which enclosed the great court built by Herod. A description of the wonderful workmanship of this court is given by Josephus. It is only one of the many splendid buildings which the ambitious Herod set up. Besides the court, some enormous statues have been unearthed. Among these are figures of Apollo, Venus and Victory and a giant statue of Herod himself.

Writing in The Asiatic Review on the future of excavations in the Holy Land, W. H. Phythian Adams says that the most interesting recent event has been the appointment of an archaeological advisory board representing British, American, French, Italian, Jewish and Moslem interests.

"When the conditions which at present rule us relax their hold," he says, "we may hope to see the veil withdrawn from that mysterious past which has ever tantalized and fascinated the world."

Our Army Doffs Uniforms in Britain

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Secretary Weeks has issued orders forbidding army officers from wearing uniforms in the United Kingdom, except when on duty or officially attending court or a State ceremony. This order is the result of a request made by the British Government, which has asked that all foreign nations adopt the same rule with respect to their officers in the United Kingdom.

U. S. STILL AT WAR? COURT FAILS TO SAY

But Judge Hand Upholds Alien Property Custodian in Seizure of Inheritance.

PEACE RESOLUTION CITED

But Court Makes No Reference to Measure Signed by Harding in Deciding Case.

A decision bearing on the question of whether the United States is at war or peace with Germany was handed down yesterday by Judge Learned Hand in Federal Court, according to announcement by Henry Bennett Leary, an attorney at 55 Broadway, who represented one of the parties to the action.

The case was that of Thomas W. Miller, as Alien Property Custodian, against Eugene Schaefer, Dr. Ludwig Schaefer and Edwin W. Preston, Trustees of the estate of Dr. Louis Schaefer, manufacturer of chemicals, who died in this city in 1911, leaving an estate appraised at $1,000,000. About $35,000 was involved, representing the income from properties willed to Helene Schaefer Kyriss and Amalia Schaefer Janner, two daughters. Dr. Schaefer was a naturalized citizen, but his daughters, who were married to German subjects, forfeited American citizenship. Their share of the estate was seized by A. Mitchell Palmer, then Alien Property Custodian.

Mr. Leary, in answer to the Government's application for an order directing that the money be paid to Mr. Miller, said Congress had decreed a state of peace between this country and Germany, that Mrs. Helene Schaefer Kyriss and Mrs. Amalia Schaefer Janner were no longer enemy aliens, and that, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian had lost authority over their property.

Judge Hand, the attorney added, signed an order directing that the money be paid to the Alien Property Custodian as heretofore. Mr. Leary said the order did not specifically refer to the war or peace relations of America and Germany, but that its issuance might be interpreted as non-acceptance of Mr. Leary's defense that Congressional action had established peace.

Mr. Leary's contention, as set forth in his traverse and answer, was:

"And for a further and separate and distinct defense and objection, these respondents, without waiving but expressly reserving the grounds of demurrer and objection hereinabove set forth, respectfully allege and aver:

"That on the second day of July, 1921, there became effective a joint resolution of the Congress of the United States, duly approved by the President of the United States, which declared the state of war formerly existing with the Imperial German Government to be terminated, and which rendered of no force or effect as to subsequent matters any prior determinations by the Alien Property Custodian or any one else to the effect that Helene Kyiss and Amalia Janner, or either of them, was or is an alien enemy;

"That the said Amalia Janner and Helene Kyriss are not alien enemies, and that neither of them is an alien enemy, and that each of them is a citizen or subject of a country with which the United States of America is at peace and is entitled to all the rights and privileges and all the protection to her property and property rights to which any alien is entitled within the United States, and also is entitled to all the protection, rights, privileges and immunities, both as to personal and property rights appertaining to citizens or subjects of Prussia or of the sovereignty succeeding to the rights and place of Prussia under the treaties between Prussia and the United States."

The defense also contended that the armistice, signed Nov. 11, 1918, practically ended the war, and that the Alien Property Custodian, in seizing property after this date, exceeded his authority.

STOREKEEPERS FACE JAIL.

Many Violations Revealed in Atlantic City Revenue Raids.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 3.—A sweeping descent today upon merchants who overlooked settling up Federal luxury taxes and others who had failed to obtain Federal licenses to deal in certain classes of articles by a corps of Federal agents has stirred the former with alarm. The penalty for violating the regulations through delinquency is one year in jail and $1,000 fine.

Deputy Charles G. Zimmerman, who is stationed here, is co-operating with the special deputies, who expect to stay until Sept. 1 before they end their task. Books are being examined and merchants questioned.

Beginning Sept. 1, a special force of deputies will go over partnership and business house accounts, to check up the taxes turned in, to see that the Government receives all that is due. Probably seventy-five violations were uncovered in the last thirty-six hours.

VENIZELOS IS TO MARRY.

His Fiancee is Mlle. Schilizzi, a Wealthy Greek.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Mlle. Schilizzi is to become the bride of ex-Premier Venizelos. She is a wealthy Greek, with relatives living in this country. She is much younger than Venizelos, who is 57, and is described as a charming woman, dark and of medium height. During the war she did much for soldiers and made handsome gifts to the Venizelist cause.

Although the engagement has just been made public, it is of some months' standing. The wedding will be celebrated in London in September at the home of Sir Arthur and Lady Crossfields at Highgate, where Venizelos usually stays when here. Lady Crossfield herself is a Greek, and she and her husband are old friends of Venizelos and his fiancee.

FIND MINISTER WAS CRUEL.

His Judges Vote to Suspend Him on Wife's Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

UNION CITY, Tenn., Aug. 3.—The Rev. H. G. Ryan, member of the Memphis Conference of the M. E. Church South, was suspended from the ministry today for twelve months by the committee of thirteen ministers who heard detailed charges of cruel and inhuman treatment to his wife.

The committee, appointed by Bishop Atkins, brought in its verdict after a hearing that lasted over the greater part of two days and developed much evidence of a sensational nature. The verdict was: "Having fully considered all the testimony in the case, we find Brother Ryan guilty as charged, but in view of mitigating circumstances the penalty is fixed as suspension from the ministry for 12 months."

FIRE CHAUFFEUR INJURED.

Receives a Concussion of the Brain When Engine Overturns.

Henry Batlan, chauffeur of Engine 94, swerved sharply at 163d Street and Southern Boulevard to avoid hitting a trolley car while responding to an alarm early this morning. The heavy steamer skidded on the wet wood block pavement and turned over. Batlan was taken to Lincoln Hospital, unconscious with severe concussion of the brain. His engineer jumped and escaped with bruises.

The trolley motorman had stopped as the tender passed ahead of the engine, but apparently failed to hear the engine approaching. His name was not learned. The fire was trifling.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS TO FIGHT PROPAGANDA

Japan Accused of Operating Agencies Here—Officers of the Order Re-elected.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—If necessary the order of Knights of Columbus will "put its whole force of 800,000 men in the movement to end foreign propaganda in America, be it European or Asiatic," Supreme Master John H. Reddin of Denver told the International Convention of the Knights here today.

"If need be, we will flood every town in the country with pamphlets that tell the true tale of America's great origin and America's greatness, stripped of all manner of European or Asiatic coloring," he said.

Edward F. McSweeney of Boston, Chairman of the National American History Commission of the order, in his first report said that Japan was equally guilty with European nations in operating propaganda agencies in the United States.

"The Knights of Columbus," he said, "can do no greater service to the United States, their country, than to expose and correct the innumerable and insidious attempts of so-called Americanization societies to poison the wells of historical truth."

Mrs. Reddin announced that the following had accepted invitations to serve on the National American History Commission of the order under the Chairmanship of Edward F. McSweeney of Boston; Admiral William S. Benson, Washington; Professor George Derry, Union College, Syracuse; Charles S. McCarthy, Washington, and Maurice Francis Egan, former United States Minister to Denmark. Other names, he said, will be announced as acceptances are received. The commission will have charge of the Knights' $1,000,000 fund for the promotion of American History study written from original sources.

Archbishop Edward J. Hanna of the Catholic Archdiocese of San Francisco, in an address on divorce, said that the "laxness of certain American divorce laws is a national shame. The tendency is to treat divorce as a national idiosyncracy when in reality it is a national menace."

A cablegram was sent to the Pope by the convention telling of its readiness to undertake welfare work in Italy as requested by the Pontiff.

The entire administration of the Knights was re-elected, including James A. Flaherty of Philadelphia, Supreme Knight; Martin H. Carmody, Grand Rapids, Mich., Deputy Supreme Knight; William J. McGinty, New York, Supreme Secretary; Joseph C. Pelletier, Boston, Supreme Advocate; Daniel J. Callahan, Washington, Supreme Treasurer, and these international directors: William P. Larkin, New York; William J. Mulligan, Hartford; John F. Martin, Green Bay, Wis.; Luke E. Hart, St. Louis, and John A. O'Dwyer, Toledo.

S. J. STRAUS LEFT $1,500,000

Chicago Banker's Estate Goes to Widow and Three Sons.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The will of the late Simon J. Straus, Vice President of Straus Brothers Company, investment bankers, was filed before Assistant Probate Judge Corkell today, disposing of an estate valued at $1,500,000.

To the widow, Mrs. Ina Straus, $377,000 is left, and the remainder of the estate is to be divided among his three sons, James M., Robert S. and Mortimer B. Straus.

Mr. Straus was a brother of S. W. Straus, President of S. W. Straus & Co., mortgage bankers, of Chicago and New York. The estate consists of $100,000 worth of real estate and $1,400,000 in bonds and other securities.

WIFE AND $1,900 DISAPPEAR.

Husband Asks Queens Prosecutor to Search for Mrs. Louise Higgins.

District Attorney Dana Wallace of Queens has been asked to search for Mrs. Louise Higgins, wife of Thomas J. Higgins, an electrician, who left her home at 730 Broadway, Far Rockaway, last Thursday morning, to take the 10:21 train to New York, and disappeared. With her she took $1,900, the couple's savings.

Mr. Higgins said he could not account for his wife's action. There had been no dispute at home. A telegram reached the home about a half hour before Mrs. Higgins departed, neighbors said.

Jacob Voorhis.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 3.—Word has been received here of the death of Jacob Voorhis, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Jane Brown at Deerland, Hamilton County, New York, aged about eighty years. Mr. Voorhis was the son of the late John and Jane Alye Voorhis. His father was the owner of the famous Voorhis quarries at Byram Shore from which bluestone was used in building foundations for the Mills Building and the Brooklyn Bridge. Jacob Voorhis continued his father's business for a time and was a large real estate holder here. He formerly owned the old Lenox Hotel which was famous in the days of stage coaches on the Boston Post Road.

Rev. Philip Rossbach Dies Suddenly.

The Rev. Father Philip Rossbach of the Redemptorist Order, and for four years attached to St. Alphonsus Church, West Broadway, near Grand Street, died suddenly yesterday. He was taken ill just after finishing mass and when Dr. William N. Keen of 85 Varick Street and Dr. Bader of St. Vincent's Hospital arrived, he was dead.

Father Rossbach was born in Germany seventy-eight years ago and came to this country when young. He was connected with St. Alphonsus Church in his youth, but left for missionary and other work forty-five years ago. Two years ago he celebrated his golden jubilee.

Former Slave Dies at 110 Years.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Aug. 3.—Funeral services for "Aunt Mary" Dunn, colored, who was said to have been 110 years old, were held today at her home here. She was born in Oldham County, Kentucky, and belonged as a slave to Benjamin Wilhite.

Obituary Notes.

ISAAC VAN SICKEL, a member of the commission firm of Camacho, Doidan & Van Sickel, 56 Pine Street, died suddenly on Monday at his home, 15 East Tenth Street. Mr. Van Sickel, who was 66 years old, left a wife and two daughters.

DANIEL CARAGER, active in Democratic politics in the Fifth Assembly District, died on Monday night in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway. He was stricken while visiting a patient in the hospital. He lived at 326 West Fourteenth Street.

GEORGE WILLIAM CASPER, Secretary and Treasurer of the New York Quotation Company for more than thirty years, died suddenly at French Woods, Delaware County, according to word received yesterday. Mr. Casper was 64 years old and a native of Port Jervis, N. Y. For many years he had lived in Brooklyn.

ALOIS SCHMITT, who was in the cutlery business, is dead at his home, 332 Central Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in Germany and was 51 years old.

Mrs. EVA GARRETSON BICKERTON, wife of Dr. Thomas W. Bickerton, died Tuesday night at her home, 623 West End Avenue. Mrs. Bickerton was a daughter of the late Hiram Garretson. She was born in Middlebush, N. J., and was educated in Bucknall School, N. J.

EDWIN BUCHANAN LYONS, nephew of James B. and Benjamin N. Dyke, died Sunday at the Post Graduate Hospital from complications following appendicitis. Mr. Lyons was a brother of the late George Lyons, champion trapshooter of the New York Athletic Club, and he himself was an enthusiastic sportsman. He was 37 years old. His funeral was held yesterday in Dunkard.

Mrs. JOSEPH COOK of Boston, Mass., widow of Joseph Cook, prominent lecturer, died yesterday at her Summer home in Ticonderoga.

BODY OF U. S. CITIZEN SLAIN IN HAITI COMING

Mrs. Lifschitz, the Widow, Will Call on Secretary Denby, Who Promises Inquiry.

The body of Harris Lifschitz, a naturalized American, who was murdered last June in Haiti, will arrive here within ten days, Representative Isaac Siegel announced yesterday. The body will be accompanied by the widow and the daughter.

Soon after her arrival, Mr. Siegel said, Mrs. Lifschitz will call on Secretary of the Navy Denby, who has promised an inquiry into the murder. Lifschitz once made serious charges against a Lieutenant Grant, one of the marine brigade on duty in Haiti. The charges were investigated by Major General Lejeune, Commandant of the Marine Corps.

Mr. Siegel issued copies of a letter which Mrs. Lifschitz had written from St. Louis du Sud, Haiti, on July 4. In this letter the widow charges that she was having difficulties with the natives, who, she said, were seizing the land held by her late husband. She also enclosed a copy of a telegram which she said Mr. Lifschitz had sent Colonel John H. Russell, commanding the Haiti Marines on March 22, 1921. The telegram, as the widow reproduced it, informed Colonel Russell that Lifschitz's life had been threatened by natives.

Born.

DELIGDISH—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Deligdish, 1,014 Park Place, Brooklyn, announce the birth of a daughter July 31.

KLEIN—Dr. and Mrs. W. Klein of 1,412 Prospect Av. announce the birth of a daughter July 29.

Engaged.

EDWARDS—GRAFFE—Mr. and Mrs. John Graffe of Leonia, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Edna Florence, to Mr. George T. Edwards of Jersey City.

HAFT—ROSENBERG

CITY PROTESTS PORT AUTHORITY CONTROL

Corporation Counsel Declares That Powers Conflict With Those of the I. C. C.

SAYS PLAN IS DANGEROUS

Asks Hearing by Judiciary Committee Before Final Congressional Action.

New objections of the city administration to the development of the port by the States of New York and New Jersey and to the creation of a port authority to have control of the improved area, were contained in a letter sent yesterday by Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien to Representative Andrew J. Volstead, Chairman of the House Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. O'Brien states that among the most serious objections to Congressional approval of any compact between New York and New Jersey is that it violates the commerce clause of the United States Constitution. "When Congress has acted to regulate foreign or interstate commerce," he says, "the legislation in these respects of the several States is superseded, abrogated and nullified," because the United States Supreme Court has held that where uniformity is required the power is exclusive of all State authority.

Mr. O'Brien says that the Legislature conferred the widest powers of control upon the port authority, and that this power conflicts with the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which "inures beneficially to the City of New York," and would seriously hamper the States of New York and New Jersey within the port district. "It seems to me," he writes, "that the question is whether Congress, listening to the soft blandishments of the port authority, is ready, in this particular instance, to curtail, even to a minor degree, the authority of its own agencies over interstate and foreign commerce.

"The words of the agreement or compact," he continues, "are not expressive of the dangerous potentialities that lie within them. A part of the sovereignty of the State of New York must be surrendered to the State of New Jersey, and a part of the sovereignty of the State of New Jersey to the State of New York.

"As the matter is one of very serious legal consequences, both to the United States and to the State of New York, I respectfully request that before the matter be finally passed upon by the House of Representatives, I be given an opportunity to appear before your committee to present in detail the objections of the City of New York to this agreement, thereby urging that Congress withhold its consent from this most dangerous and unprecedented scheme of interstate and foreign commerce control."

Seventy Employes Win Legacies.

A report filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday by Douglas Mathewson, as referee, states that seventy employes of thee Einstein-Wolf Company were entitled to legacies of $2,900 to $500 under the will of Emil Wolf, head of the business, who died June 9, 1919. The referee was appointed because of the contention of employes that they were entitled to bequests under the will and had not received them. He decided against the claims of three persons because they had not been employed continuously for the period mentioned in the will.

1,400 Bodies of Soldiers Arrive.

The transport Cantigny arrived from Antwerp yesterday with 1,400 bodies of American soldiers, including 9 of the Twenty-seventh Division, 52 of the Seventy-seventh, and 18 of the old Sixty-ninth. Memorial services will be held on Pier 4, Hoboken, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock by the American Legion and Veterans of Foreign Wars.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Binoculars, on 8:40 A. M. train, Greenpoint to New York, Aug. 1; reward. If the gentleman from Shelter Island, who sat with the owner, who got on at Montauk, knows anything about them, he is requested to communicate with C. D. Drew, 2 Ash St., Flushing, L. I.

LOST—Pocketbook, $63, keys, Hearn's, 14th St.; return Hearn's, 4th floor, or Helen Menzel, 21 Adams St., Floral Park, L. I.; reward.

LOST—Black handbag with soiled clothes, on road between Harriman and Tuxedo. Return, or notify William Schubart, 1,077 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Black satchel, N. W. corner 190th St., B'way or Fort Washington Av. Monday 7:45 A. M.; reward. Levenson, Murray Hill 9022.

LOST—Wallet with Masonic cards, Saturday, July 23, between Middletown and Weehawken; reward. B 440 Times.

LOST—Lady's black pocketbook, in taxicab taken from Grand Central Station to 141 East 36th St. Reward.

LOST—Friday or Saturday, black pin seal wallet containing papers, &c.; reward. Edward Gerard, 35 Wall St.

LOST—Package containing beads and various articles, 42d St. pier or in taxicab; reward. Phone 4442 Morningside.

LOST—On Motor Parkway Monday, small black suitcase, initials M. S. S.; reward. J. C. Fisher, 906 West End Av.

LOST—Black handbag containing pay envelope, $29.55. E 303 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—Gold diamond and sapphire flexible bracelet, Monday; Brooklyn to New York shopping district; reward. Phone Mansfield 4813-J.

LOST—Diamond barpin, 39 stones, platinum setting, between 54th and 59th Sts., 7th to 5th Av.; liberal reward. Helen Sullivan, 300 West 54th St.

LOST—Gamma Eta Gamma fraternity pin, July 21; large reward. Telephone Apartment Operator, Morningside 4478.

LOST—Pearl barrette pin, mounted in gold, with 3 large pearls; reward. B. E. Levy, 714 5th Av.

LOST—Monday, gold circle pin, set with 4 pearls; safety catch. 106 Morningside Drive, Box 34. Reward.

LOST—Diamond and pearl circle brooch; reward. McDowell School, 25 West 35th.

A REWARD OF $500
will be paid for return of diamond guard ring; lost July 31, between N. Y. C. and Tuckahoe, N. Y. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$25 REWARD
for return of silver cigarette case, initialed G. R. F.; lost Aug. 2. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$360 REWARD
for return of pearl scarf pin Last July 28 on train between Lake Placid and N. Y. City. I. H. & E. H. Weinberg, 605 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Two-skin sable scarf, Rio Theatre, Tuesday night; generous reward. Lewis, 503 West 160th. Wadsworth 6451.

LOST—One medium-brown marlin fur neckpiece at Liberty Theatre Tuesday evening; reward. Phone Boulevard 6980V.

Found.

FOUND—Gentleman's watch, Friday noon, Weehawken; will return upon identification. B 280 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ADDRESSES WANTED—CHARLES L. Perron and Joseph Braunfeld, respective former addresses 272 West 85th st. and 707 St. Nicholas Av., New York; have information to their advantage.
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2 East 59th St. 4356 Vanderbilt.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife, Elizabeth Wilson. David Wilson, 4,626 Park Av., N. Y. City.

NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN ALL CREDITORS of grocery store passed 2,158 Prospect Av. Present claims before Aug. 7 to Alexander Frank, 139 Columbus Av.

McQUAIDE CHILDREN TO GET $22,000 EACH

Supreme Court Justice Martin Decides Against Suit Brought by Widow.

By a decision of Supreme Court Justice Martin yesterday, four children of the late James P. McQuaide, who retired in 1906 as treasurer of the National Conduit and Cable Company, and sold out his quarter interest in the corporation to Edward S. Perot and George J. Jackson, officers of the corporation, for $250,000, will receive $22,000 each from the proceeds of the sale.

Mr. McQuaide was married three times. Sophie de Bonis is his only child by his first wife and by his second wife, Mrs. Sarah S. McQuaide, he had three children, Mrs. Gabriel Roome, Mrs. Isabella P. Hoopes and James P. McQuaide. He divorced his second wife in Florida in 1909 and soon afterward married Gertrude Robinson McQuaide.

Several months before his death, in July, 1915, in England, Mr. McQuaide executed a trust agreement under which he was to have the income on the balance of $95,750 paid for the stock until July 16, 1921, but if he died before that time the money was to be divided equally among his widow and four children. After his death suit was brought here in behalf of his widow to set aside the trust agreement because he was not of sound mind when it was executed. This suit was dismissed in 1919, but on July 16 last, the day the money was to have been paid to the children, a new action was started, which tied up the distribution until Justice Martin refused the injunction yesterday. The Court said no evidence was disclosed warranting the conclusion that the plaintiff would be able to prove her allegations.

The plaintiff in the widow's suit was Laura Moore O'Hanlon, who was appointed ancillary executrix under the McQuaide will in this country.

AUNT SUES NIECE TO GET BIG LEGACY

Daughter of Calvin Amory Stevens Will Lose $600,000 If Plea Is Sustained.

SOLE HEIR, SHE BELIEVED

Mrs. Kate Fagan Is Confronted With Claim That the Will Excludes Her as Principal.

A suit filed in the Supreme Court yesterday may deprive Mrs. Kate Fagan, who eloped in April and married Richard Fagan, a Dartmouth College student, of the fortune she though she had inherited from her father, Calvin Amory Stevens, a recluse, who had lived apart from his wife and his daughter prior to his death on March 30.

The estate was estimated at more than $1,000,000, of which it was believed the daughter was the principal heir, but if the suit instituted is upheld the bulk of the property coming from her grandfather, Calvin Stevens, who died in 1877, will go to her aunt, Mrs. Mary Grace Richardson, who is the plaintiff.

Mrs. Richardson, who names Mrs. Fagan and the widow as defendants, asks the court to construe the will of Calvin Stevens and to hold that the share in which Calvin Amory Stevens had an interest passed to her on his death. Her complaint says that her father's will disposed of personal property and twenty parcels of realty worth $1,200,000 to his two daughters, Mrs. Richardson and Catherine Augusta Stevens, and his son, Calvin, in equal shares, in trust. The will provided that on the death of one of the children the property was to go to the survivors, it is contended.

Catherine Augusta Stevens died in 1913, so her share went to the plaintiff and her brother. Mrs. Richardson now contends that under a legal construction of her father's will her brother's share of the principal goes to her, and that his heirs are entitled only to his share of the income.

If the courts decide in Mrs. Richardson's favor, Mrs. Fagan will lose $600,000.

GIRL BADLY BEATEN, BOTH PARENTS HELD

Never Saw a Movie and Gives All of Her Salary to Mother, Who She Says Bit Her.

Miss Margaret Zissi, 18, of 40 Cutler Street, Newark, appeared in the Second Precinct Court there yesterday as complainant against her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Zissi, whom she accused of beating, biting and kicking her. The parents were held in $2,000 bail by Judge D'Alois for a hearing.

Miss Zissi, of frail build, testified that she was frightfully beaten by her parents last Sunday. She told of being kicked by her father, 6 feet tall and built in proportion. Her mother, she said, bit her and beat her with a rolling pin and a strap.

Welts, bruises and scratches on her face, back, arms and legs bore out the girl's statement. Miss Zissi, on further questioning, told the police that she never had seen a movie, but had been beaten on numerous other occasions. On Sunday, without provocation, she said, her parents attacked her. She had turned over as usual her weekly salary to her mother. Miss Zissi is on piece work and makes from $18 to $22 a week. The parents, in their defense, said that they had thrashed the girl because she had stayed out late at night.

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NEXT SUNDAY

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine Section

Books Reviewed:

Title.	Author.	Publisher.
History of English Literature	W. A. Neilson, A. H. Thorndyke	Macmillan Co.
The American Novel	Carl Van Doren	Macmillan Co.
Out of Their Own Mouths	Samuel Compers	E. P. Dutton & Co.
A Few Figs from Thistles / The Lamp and the Bell	Edna St. Vincent Millay	Frank Shay
The Tower of London	Walter George Bell	John Lane Co.
Great Britain in the Latest Age	A. S. Turberville, F. A. Howe	E. P. Dutton & Co.
An Enthusiast	E. OE. Somerville	Longmans, Green & Co.
A Fool's Errand	Mrs. Victor Rickard	George H. Doran Co.
The Street of a Thousand Delights	Jay Gelzer	Robert M. McBride & Co.
Reunion Among the Artists	Elisabeth Sanxay Holding	George H. Doran Co.
The Son of Wellingford	Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Chester	Small, Maynard & Co.
Children of the Whirlwind	Leroy Scott	Houghton Mifflin Co.
In the Claws of the Dragon	George Soulie de Morant	Alfred A. Knopf
American Foreign Trade	F. Notz, R. S. Harvey	Bobbs-Merrill Co.
Character and Opinion in the U. S.	George Santayana	Charles Scribner's Sons
Our Common Country	Warren G. Harding	Bobbs-Merrill Co.
The Motor Camping Book	Elon Jessup	G. P. Putnam's Sons
Button Gwinnett	William Montgomery Clemens	William M. Clemens
History of Social Development	Dr. F. Muller-Lyer	Alfred A. Knopf
The Plattsburg Movement	Ralph Barton Perry	E. P. Dutton & Co.
Geology of the British Empire	F. R. C. Reed	Longmans, Green & Co.
The Prince of Wales's Book		Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd.
Holidays in Tents	W. M. Childs	E. P. Dutton & Co.
The Chasers	George W. Briggs	Oxford University Press
Around the Shores of Asia	Mary A. Poynter	George Allen & Unwin, Ltd.
Through British Guiana to the Summit of Roraima	Mrs. Cecil Clementi	E. P. Dutton & Co.
The Natives of the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast	A. W. Cardinall	E. P. Dutton & Co.
Handbook of Yosemite National Park	Ansell F. Hall	G. P. Putnam's Sons
Pilgrim Trails	Francis Lester Warner	Atlantic Monthly Press
The Hound of Heaven	Rev. Francis P. LeBuffe, S. J.	Macmillan Co.
Paul Verlaine	Harold Nicholson	Houghton Mifflin Co.
Edgar A. Poe: A Study	John W. Robertson	Bruce Brough
Modern Czech Poetry	Antonin Sovin	E. P. Dutton & Co.
A Hundred Voices and Other Poems	Kostas Solomos	Harvard University Press
Sonnets from Marcus Aurelius	James Vila Blake	Thomas P. Halpin Co.
The Pilgrim Spirit	Edward Arlington Robinson	Marshall Jones Co.
Free Forms	Simon Felshin	The Author
Lyrics of the Light	Henry Litchfield West	Macmillan Co.
Sonnets	Douglas Goldring	Thomas Seltzer

MEYER TOLD OF OLD BEATING BY TIGHE

Purchasing Agent Testifies His Nose Was Broken After Row on Century Roof in 1919.

KICKED AT STATION, HE SAYS

Asserts That He Was Warned to Misrepresent Facts or He Would Be Crucified.

COMPANION ALSO HELD

United States Army Captain Had Tried to Shield Victim From Blows.

Testimony was given before the Meyer Legislative Investigating Committee yesterday that Detective Charles F. Tighe, held on a felonious assault charge for alleged brutal treatment of women and children in a raid on a café at Ninth Avenue and Forty-third Street last Thursday, had savagely beaten a young man named John William Black, assistant general purchasing agent of the National Aniline and Chemical Company, in February, 1919.

According to Black, the assault occurred at the Cocoanut Grove, atop the Century Roof. He admitted knocking Tighe down when the detective, whom he did not know, called him an opprobrious name, but he said Tighe beat him all the way to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station. Arriving there, without provocation, some one threw him to the floor and kicked him in the face until his nose was broken, he said. Later, Black said, he was told that if he did not say that he had received his injuries by falling down stairs the police would "crucify" him.

Black's recital of his treatment deeply stirred Senator Schuyler M. Meyer, Chairman of the investigating committee, and he said it seemed to him as if a "police Mafia" existed. After Black had told his story, which, he said, he had been afraid to do before because of police threats, Senator Meyer made this comment:

"One of the most amazing stories of police brutality which has been brought to the notice of this committee is that of the experience of Mr. Black with Clubber Tighe, the policeman whose bestial record has been placed before the public, thanks to the committee's efforts.

Sees a Police Mafia.

"Mr. Black appeared voluntarily as a citizen because he was persuaded for the first time that an agency was at hand to protect him from the vengeance which Tighe's associates promised him if he made any attempt to secure redress. It is a shocking indication of the collapse of police morale and discipline that an incident such as befell Mr. Black could go uninvestigated.

"Why did not the Police Lieutenant who saw Black take action in the matter? Why was the case not brought before the Precinct Commander? Why was it not reported to headquarters? The only answer to these questions, apparently, is that the Police Department, under Commissioner Enright, backs a policeman against a citizen. Mr. Black's story seems to reveal the tactics of a police Mafia."

Black's story is that he left the Cocoanut Grove the night of either the 17th or 18th of February, 1919, with Captain Sheldon Wittlesly of Opelika, Alabama, who had just returned from overseas and who was in uniform. They saw a man slapping a young girl and when they interfered the man fled, but a short, stocky man in citizen's clothes who Black later identified as Tighe interfered and said "Who the h— are you!" Black said he replied: "I might ask who you are," whereupon the detective said, "I'll show you who I am," and called him a foul name.

"When he said that," continued Black, "I hit him. I did not know at the time, of course, that he was an officer. He was in citizen's clothes. He stepped forward and struck me over the head with a blackjack. Even then I did not realize he was an officer. I thought he was a holdup man. I thought he was holding up the place, so I kept on fighting. He kept hitting me four or five times so I went down. I was not unconscious, but stunned. He kept on beating me while I was on the floor."

Black said Captain Wittlesly then interfered and took some of the blows across his arm. After that Tighe let him up and placed him under arrest, revealing for the first time that he was an officer. When they got downstairs, with the army Captain following, Black said they met another policeman, and he, Black, was handcuffed between them.

Beaten at Station, He Says.

"Each had a free hand," Black's testimony continued, "and they hit me over the head with blackjacks and punched me, dragging me from Sixty-second Street to the Sixty-eighth Street Police Station. On the way Captain Wittlesly protested, and they placed him under arrest. They also met another soldier, who interfered, whereupon the detective said: 'Get out of here or we'll drill you.'" Black's story of what happened at the station house was as follows:

"They took me into a dark room with several other officers, some of whom were in uniform, and threw me down on the floor. Then some one, I don't know which one, kicked me in the face and broke my nose. In a little while one of them stepped in and said 'Wash up. We've got to go in and see the Lieutenant.' He took me downstairs and then said, 'I was with you, understand. I saw you. Fix up your testimony. Tell him that you fell downstairs. If you don't we will crucify you.'

Black said Captain Wittlesley was turned over to the Provost Guard, while he was arraigned on a charge of resisting an officer and disorderly conduct, and the Lieutenant fixed bail at $500.

"I did not have the $500," Black continued, "I wanted to call up some people and they wouldn't let me. They said: 'It is too late to get any one on the phone and you'd better go in there and sit down.' They put me in a cell and left me there all night. I did not sleep, but sat on a bench.

"Next morning an officer let me out, took me down to the basement and stood me against the furnace. He said: 'I know you got a pretty rough deal, but that is the way they brought you in. Keep quiet, for if you do anything they will get you,' or words to that effect. Then he took me down to the West Side Court. He took me to a place and gave me a cup of coffee, for I was pretty weak. Then I was put in the pen with the regular morning bunch. The officer in charge tried to impress upon me that I had been drunk the night before, which I was not. He took me into court and the charge was assaulting an officer and disorderly conduct. The Magistrate called attention to my condition and asked why I was brought in that way. The officer said I was examined by a physician, but I don't remember any one examining me.

"I had met Tighe outside, and he told me, 'If you say nothing you will be fined five or ten and you will get out.' I had asked that morning to be allowed to use the telephone, but they would not let me. The Magistrate fined me $5. Tighe met me outside and wanted to buy me a drink, and took me up to the corner. I would not drink with a cur like that. I went down to where Captain Wittlesly was stopping at the Knickerbocker and telephoned Mrs. Black.

"The house doctor sewed up my head, and told me at the time it was rather remarkable that the skull had not been broken. He wrapped me in bandages like a mummy. I was so swollen he covered up my eyes, nose and ears. My eyes were black and blue."

"Why didn't you make a complaint to the Police Department?" asked Senator Meyer.

"Not after going through a thing like that, where they had you absolutely in their power," replied Black. "They would not let me telephone for outside assistance. They would not let me get in touch with a lawyer. I suggested two or three people who might come down to help me, but they would not let me telephone."

"At the time you spoke to Officer Tighe were either you or Captain Wittlesly drunk?" asked Senator Meyer.

"I can testify that we were not," was the reply.

While the Meyer committee was continuing its investigation into the Police Department yesterday, particularly in regard to officers who have had charges preferred against them for dereliction of duty but who are said to have had sufficient "pull" to escape punishment, Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield continued his examination of witnesses in regard to the City Detective bill passed at Albany last Winter. Hirshfield said he would turn over to Acting District Attorney Banton today all evidence in his investigation which he had already taken. He said there were enough discrepancies and contradictions in the testimony taken to warrant bringing the matter before a Grand Jury. He intimated that not only the detective lobby fund would be investigated, but also the alleged use of money by other bodies of city employes who went to Albany to obtain mandatory legislation to have their salaries increased.

Burns Is Re-examined.

Commissioner Hirshfield yesterday re-examined Detective Sergeant Edward M. Burns, President of the Detective Endowment Association, as to the use of various sums spent by the association and charged as expenses of the committee engaged in working for the passage of the detective bill. Questioned as to why the gift of a silver service was made to Mrs. Lusk, instead of to Senator Lusk, Burns said the members of the dinner committee decided it would be more serviceable to the women members of the family.

"You presented it to Mrs. Lusk because you thought it would please Senator Lusk, didn't you?" asked Commissioner Hirshfield.

"To tell you the truth," replied Burns, with a smile, "I don't think Senator Lusk was very pleased."

In an effort to find out if Senator Lusk had received other presents from city employes, Commissioner Hirshfield examined Miss Louise Hart, Assistant Professor in the Classical Department of Hunter College. Miss Hart told of some ten trips to Albany by a committee of teachers and of meetings with Senator Lusk and Senator Lockwood, who introduced a bill increasing the salaries of Hunter College teachers.

She admitted that Senator Lockwood's bill was made a Statewide bill to prevent Mayor Hylan from vetoing it. She also told of presents of flowers which the teachers gave to Senator Lusk and Senator Lockwood, American Beauties with long stems to Senator Lusk "because he is tall," and ordinary pink roses with short stems to Senator Lockwood.

Miss Hart said about $800 was spent in connection with the activities of the teachers, which sum was raised by assessing teachers pro rata, according to their salaries.

In his investigation of Senator Lusk's Subway Contractors' bill, Commissioner Hirshfield said he had issued a number of subpoenas for witnesses, many of which had not yet been served.

After examining Patrick McGovern, a subway contractor, the Commissioner discovered that the bill gave Controller Craig authority to settle "any and all claims" against the city which, it was said, would amount to between $80,000,000 and $90,000,000. The clause giving the Controller sole power, according to Mr. Hirshfield, considers no other member of the Board of Estimate or other city authority and for that reason is regarded as a radical piece of legislation.

GOMPERS IS "ASTOUNDED."

Declares Federation Never Knew Japan Aided Hawaii Labor Fund.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, told the House Immigration Committee today that he was "absolutely astounded" to find that representatives of organized labor in Hawaii had obtained $1,500 from Japanese merchants to help finance their protest here in the name of workingmen against admission of Chinese coolies temporarily to the islands to meet labor conditions.

After Wilmot Chilton, Treasurer of the Central Labor Union of Honolulu, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, had repeated that the money was equally divided with George W. Wright, President of the union, the other delegate, Mr. Gompers asked the right to be heard.

"No member of this committee was more astounded by the testimony of Chilton that Japan had contributed to an expense fund than I was," the labor leader said. "The same holds true of members of our organization and our legislative committee."

Replying to a question by Mr. Gompers, Chilton said that no officer of the Federation knew anything whatever of the soliciting of funds.

SHANGHAI COURT INQUIRY.

Harding Orders Investigation Following Attorney's Arrest.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Upon representations made by William F. Fleming, an American attorney of Shanghai, President Harding, it was learned today, has ordered an investigation of the United States Court in that city.

The criticisms, which have not been made public, were aimed before the State Department some time ago during a visit of Mr. Fleming to this city. Subsequently Chauncey B. Holcomb, the District Attorney of the Shanghai Court, was received at the State Department, but no announcement was made concerning the purpose of his visit.

Upon his return to Shanghai, Mr. Fleming was arrested on a charge of libel upon complaint, it is understood, of Sterling Fessenden, a former partner of the District Attorney. The complaint was supported by Manuel Concepcion, a son of the former President of the Philippine Bank.

The Judge of the court is Charles Lobdinger.

SMELLED WHISKY ON TIGHE'S BREATH

Woman Victim of Blackjacking Detective Testifies and He Is Held for Grand Jury.

CATHERINE GAIETY'S STORY

Hearing Waived in Cases of Mrs. Lennon and Crippled Negro Bootblack.

Acting Detective Charles F. Tighe who is under suspension as a result of the alleged blackjacking of about forty men, women and children in a raid on Patrick Coen's restaurant, Forty-third Street and Ninth Avenue, last Thursday, faced four of his accusers yesterday morning in the West Side Court. He was held for the Grand Jury in three of the cases, and his bail was fixed at $1,000 in each instance. In the fourth case he was held in $500 for Special Sessions.

Testimony showing that the odor of whisky had been smelled on the breath of Detective Sergeant Tighe at the time of the raid by one of the complaining witnesses was held by Magistrate George W. Simpson to be permissible despite the objections of Tighe's counsel, Joseph B. Rosenbach, 306 West Forty-fourth Street. Mr. Rosenbach moved for the dismissal of the complaint made by Mrs. Catherine Gaiety, 345 West Forty-third Street, who told the court of the whisky odor she noted about the person of the policeman last Thursday. Speaking from the bench, Magistrate Simpson said of Mrs. Gaiety's complaint:

"The evidence only satisfies me that the complainant for no reason whatsoever was pushed into the back room of a saloon; that this defendant raised his arm with a black jack in his hand and that the complainant dodged what she properly thought was to be a blow.

"There was no excuse or justification for the arrest and assault of this complainant. If there is anything that the citizens of New York have a full right to expect it is safety on the streets of New York as well as in their homes, and especially from the sworn officers of the peace. The foul language and actions of this defendant toward this complainant were unjustifiable. I shall hold him in $1,000 bail for trial."

Mrs. Gaiety testified she and her husband were returning home from a moving picture theatre. They were standing across the street from the Coen restaurant. Tighe ran across the street, grabbing her husband and calling him a vile name. Mrs. Gaiety, with her baby in her arms, started to follow after the man and her husband, but she said that Tighe tried to chase her away, still using foul language. Tighe, according to Mrs. Gaiety, dragged her husband into the restaurant and placed him with other prisoners corralled in the back room.

After a very brief interval the detective reappeared with a blackjack in hand and made a motion as if he were going to strike her. She dodged with the infant in her arms. Then the policeman dragged her into the restaurant and placed her in the back room, where she stayed for nearly an hour. When the Detective Sergeant returned, he told her to "get out," and used more vile language.

Mrs. Gaiety said that she followed the patrol wagon to the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, as a result of which she was again arrested by Tighe. No charge was lodged against her, and after about an hour she was told by another policeman to go home.

In the cases of Mrs. Emma Lennon and Charles E. Green, a crippled negro bootblack, Tighe waived examination.

The third case was that of Mrs. Ella Fitzgerald. On her complaint Tight was held in $500 bail for Special Sessions on a charge of simple assault.

URGING APPROVAL OF LIBERIAN LOAN

Administration Believes Prestige of United States Will Suffer Unless Congress Acts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Officials of the Harding Administration consider it very important in its bearing on the future relations between this country and Liberia that Congress should approve the plans of the State Department for granting a loan of $5,000,000 to the Government of Liberia, in accord with the agreement entered into between the two Governments in September, 1918.

If this country fails to grant the loan, or Congress refuses point blank to sanction it, it is believed that it will not only lower the prestige of the United States in Liberia, and have an adverse effect on future American trade development in that part of Africa, but will force Liberia to turn to European countries for aid. It is an open secret that British and French interests have been ready for some time to grant a loan on the theory that it would result in their use of Monrovia as an entering wedge into the heart of Africa, and French interests have been very anxious to build a railway from Monrovia, on the Liberian coast, to tap the rich interior, and connect up with another line from the ivory coast.

It has been intimated that one idea behind the American Government's advocacy of the loan has been the development by American interests of the harbor of Monrovia, and that if this country did not grant the loan, British, French or even Belgian interests might seek to profit where the United States had overlooked an opportunity. It was said in an informed quarter today that there was no real ground for this statement. The harbor at Monrovia is not now in such shape as to lend itself to easy port development.

The main idea, it is asserted, is to aid the Government of Liberia to put its finances in a sound condition. About $1,500,000 of the proposed loan is to be used in wiping out the loan of 1912, made by British and French interests. The balance is expected to be used in putting Liberia's Governmental finances in good shape, and in improving roads, developing sanitation, providing certain policing arrangements.

Experts who have studied the situation insist that if the loan is made it will not only so improve the financial situation of Liberia as to give it a solid foundation, but the Government will be easily able to repay the principal and interest on the loan, and important commercial relations can be developed between Liberia and this country.

ASSAILS TROOPS IN HAITI.

Villard Denounces Intervention in Santo Domingo Also.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—American intervention in Haiti and Santo Domingo was described today as the "blackest chapter in American history in the Caribbean," by Oswald G. Villard of New York, urging a special Senate investigation. He spoke for the Union Patriotique of Haiti, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the Haiti and Santo Domingo Independence Society, and charged there "was no trouble in Haiti until we went there."

Immediate American withdrawal would be a disaster, Mr. Villard told the committee, but military occupation should terminate. The Government's attitude in Haiti and Santo Domingo "profoundly injures our relations with Latin-America," he declared, stating that when the former Secretary of State, Mr. Colby, visited South America, he was preceded by a delegation of Santo Domingans "telling the people what we had done in their country."

Mr. Villard said information had reached him from Haiti indicating that witnesses from that island would appear before the committee only under a guarantee protecting their lives against American officers and troops.

The committee will begin its investigation Friday, hearing Mr. Villard and representatives of the Navy Department.

Jersey "Lion" Was a Ferocious Mastiff; Shot After Having Bitten Several Persons

BOUND BROOK, N. J., Aug. 3.—A "lion" for which residents of South Bound Brook searched last night with lanterns and shotguns turned out today to be a ferocious mastiff, which was killed after it had bitten two persons on the estate of Jask Norworth, actor, at South Bound Brook.

When four persons reported they had been attacked by the "lion" just after dark last night a citizen's posse was organized to hunt down the animal. The hunt was without result other than to give the searchers a thorough drenching as they tramped about in a steady downpour of rain.

Shortly after 7 o'clock this morning Jacob Herman, 16 years old, employed on the Norworth estate, was attacked by a large mastiff that no one about the place had ever seen before. He was bitten in the right hand and arm. The boy was taken to the Pasteur Institute in New York and the dog was killed by Martin Herman, superintendent of the Norworth estate and father of the injured boy, who ended the animal's career with a shotgun. The animal's head was sent to the Pasteur Institute to ascertain whether it was suffering from rabies.

SHIPPING BOARD CUTS INSURANCE

Hopes Reduction Will Enable Idle Vessels to Compete With Foreign Bottoms.

FIRM STAND WITH BRITISH

Efforts Made to Obtain for America Fair Share of Egyptian Cotton Traffic.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—A firm stand will be taken by the Shipping Board to obtain for American shippers a fair share of the transocean movement of this year's crop of Egyptian cotton, which will be ready for movement about the first of September, high officials of the board intimated this afternoon.

The crop will run about 655,000 tons and about 37 per cent. of it comes to the United States, but the official records show that the British ship operators have been moving most of this crop and that the American ship operator gets nothing like his share of the trade. American shippers are anxious for equality of operation and Chairman Lasker and his associates on the Shipping Board have decided to exert the full influence of the board in that direction.

With that end in view they are now in negotiation with the British Shipowners' Conference at London and hoping that the British shipping interests will recognise that the American ship operator is entitled to a fair share of this trade and should not be frozen out of it by unfair methods.

In this conference the Shipping Board is being represented by Captain Frank Ferris, who this morning sent word that he was making a full report by cipher cablegram on the result of his conference of yesterday with the British shipping leaders. An unofficial newspaper dispatch from London today said that the British and United States shipping interests had failed to agree in their discussion.

The principle at stake in these negotiations is regarded by American ship owners and by the Shipping Board as being very great, and the board recently delivered an ultimatum to British shipping lines that unless fair treatment was accorded American ships in contracts for the transportation of cotton from Alexandria to the United Kingdom and, to the United States it would "declare an open market" and haul anything, anywhere at any rate.

The British lines have been offering to haul this cotton from Alexandria to the United Kingdom for 40 shillings a cubic ton, while American vessels under Shipping Board rates have offered to do it for 25 shillings a cubic ton, following which the British ship owners lowered their rates to 20 shillings a cubic ton. The British had been proposing also to haul this cotton from Alexandria to the United States at 40 shillings a cubic ton. When the Shipping Board vessels offered to do it for 40 shillings, the British lines proposed to meet that with a rate of 40 shillings.

The Shipping Board yesterday took action in the direction of aiding American ship owners by reducing the rate at which they can carry insurance while maintaining the value of tonnage. The amount of the reduction has not been disclosed, but the board hopes that it will enable some ships which are now idle to compete with British and other bottoms. It is understood to be an effort to approximate the replacement value by adding the amount paid on account of vessels to the insurance valuations, and is intended merely as a temporary measure.

The Shipping Board's negotiations, while being conducted in London by Captain Fisher, are handled from the American end by the newly appointed Vice Presidents in charge of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and particularly by William J. Love. Mr. Love was formerly manager of the American flag steamers of the International Mercantile Marine, and after that he was assistant manager in the United States for Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd., one of the largest shipping firms of Great Britain.

TO ARGUE SHIP SEIZURE.

Mail S. S. Line and Shipping Board in Federal Court Today.

Attorneys representing the United States Mail Steamship Company and the United States Shipping Board are scheduled to appear in the Federal Court today to argue the temporary injunction which restored the nine vessels the board seized. Bainbridge Colby and DeLancey Nicoll Jr. will appear for the Mail Company; Marshall C. Bullitt, former United States Solicitor General, and Henry W. Taft are counsel to the board.

The nine steamships, the George Washington, America, Agamemnon, Susquehanna, Potomac, Princess Matoika, Pocahontas, President Grant and Mount Vernon, were returned to the company by Supreme Court Justice William P. Burr, on application made in the State Court. The Shipping Board succeeded in having the case transferred to the Federal Court.

The line's counsel, according to a statement yesterday, will move at once to have the case remanded back to the State Court. If the Court holds the issue to be one that should properly come within Federal jurisdiction, Mr. Colby and his colleague will open their argument at once. Attorneys for the board have intimated that they will seek a delay of several weeks to prepare their case.

CARUSO

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MORE TIME NEEDED FOR NEW TAX BILL

House Committee May Have to Rewrite a Large Part of the Present Measure.

WILL HEAR MELLON TODAY

Members Still Differ in Estimates of Amount of Taxes Which Must Be Raised.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Secretary Mellon is to reappear tomorrow before the House Ways and Means Committee, and is expected to present the revised copy of his memorandum containing possible new sources for taxation.

Chairman Fordney said Mr. Mellon would be recalled to discuss railroad financing, with which four Government agencies—the Treasury, War Finance Corporation, Railroad Administration and Interstate Commerce Commission—have to do. It is expected, however, that the Secretary will be questioned about some of the revisions made in the original taxation memorandum presented on Monday.

The nature of the changes has not been disclosed, but it is understood that some additions have been made to the original document, following conferences among Treasury officials.

Confer With Tax Expert.

Republican members of the committee held two extended sessions today, discussing with Dr. T. S. Adams, a Treasury tax expert, the grouping of various administrative features of the bill and other changes which would make for simplification in determining taxes. Chairman Fordney said some very helpful suggestions had been received.

The extent to which the present law is to be rewritten by the committee remains to be determined, but if the suggestions made by Treasury experts are followed the old bill will be largely rewritten. This probably will delay its presentation to the House considerably beyond the time heretofore expected.

Chairman Fordney and other members emphasize the magnitude of the task before the committee and say it is proposed to go very carefully into all phases of the subject, since the bill is expected to stand for several years. Railroad financing is only one of a list of subjects coming in for careful study, and after the majority members have agreed upon an approximate total of the revenues needed next year they still will have before them the task of reaching an agreement as to what tax changes are to be made.

Disagree on Sum Needed.

Apparently the members now are somewhat far apart as to the actual amount of taxes it will be necessary to raise. It has been estimated that the present law will yield approximately $3,700,000,000, this fiscal year, but revisions suggested would reduce this total. All members of the committee are not yet satisfied that this can be done with safety.

Since the Treasury suggestions for new taxes were presented on Monday there has been evidence of an increasing opposition to a repeal of the excess profits tax, but apparently those championing this change in the law do not believe the opposition has reached such proportions as to threaten defeat of the plan.

The proposal to eliminate the $2,000 exemption allowed corporations and to increase the tax on their net income to 15 per cent. also is meeting with opposition. Repeal of the transportation taxes is another subject about which there appears to be a wide difference of opinion. Representative Longworth of Ohio and some others favor this action, but other committeemen say they are not convinced it can be done without levying taxes on new sources.

Chairman Fordney has expressed the view that it might not be a bad thing to have a deficit this year as an economic object lesson both to Congress and the Government departments.

HOLD UP WAR TROPHIES AS GIFTS TO STATES

$400,000 Distribution Cost Cut as House Sends Senate Proposal Back to Committee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—After five hours of debate, a Senate bill authorizing distribution to States and municipalities of cannon and other war material captured by the Americans from the Germans was recommitted today by the House to the Military Committee, by a vote of 103 to 98.

A section appropriating $400,000 for the expense of distribution was eliminated, on a point of order by Representative Garrett of Tennessee, acting Democratic leader, but the House, by a vote of 126 to 120, immediately rejected an amendment by Representative Roach, Republican, of Missouri, to require communities receiving the captured articles to pay all transportation and packing charges.

Representative Mann, Republican, of Illinois, held that the bill, as altered, required the Federal Government to pay the expenses, but provided no funds, and he made the motion to recommit.

Before the motion was adopted, the bill, which provided that States should share in the distribution in proportion to the number of troops furnished during the war, was amended so that the distribution would be made by Congressional delegations, instead of by Governors, as the Senate had decided.

Chairman Kahn of the Military Committee reported that 84,000 trophies, including 70,000 rifles, 10,000 machine guns and 3,200 field guns and trench mortars, were in storage in New Jersey.

DECLARES HARDING DICTATES FARM BILL

Hitchcock Tells Senate Republicans They Have Faced About on White House Control.

ADOPTION EXPECTED TODAY

Amendment for Loans to Associations Instead of Individuals Is Passed, 47-22.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The Administration substitute for the Norris Farmers' Export Corporation bill is expected to be passed by the Senate tomorrow afternoon by a large majority on both sides of the chamber.

The Senate went under a ten-minute speaking rule at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and when a recess was taken at 5 o'clock all the indications pointed to a final vote early tomorrow afternoon. A number of amendments were approved, the most important one being by Senator Smith of South Carolina, which directs the War Finance Corporation to deal with associations of farmers instead of with farmers as individuals. This proposal was vigorously opposed by Senator John Sharp Williams. It was carried by a non-partisan vote of 47 to 22.

Another amendment which was adopted was offered by Senator Harrison of Mississippi. It authorizes the corporation to take up $100,000 of Federal farm loan bonds.

The principal speech of the day was by Senator Hitchcock, who, in the absence of Senator Underwood, was the acting Democratic leader. He assailed the pending bill as a delusion, ridiculing previous efforts of the War Finance Corporation to rehabilitate the American export trade. Senators Smith, Simmons and Heflin defended the bill, Heflin asserting that "legislation like this drives a dagger into the heart of Wall Street."

"In the previous Administration," said Senator Hitchcock, "our friends on the other side of the aisle criticised the Administration of Woodrow Wilson for its attempt to dictate legislation and criticised members on this side for yielding to that dictation. One might have assumed after such preachments and such criticisms that this session of Congress, with its enormous Republican majority, might at least have freed itself from such a charge, but we find already, early in this Administration, that the control of legislation is not in the House or in the Senate, but is at the other end of the avenue."

In answer to a question by Senator Townsend, Senator Hitchcock said that he had not taken the floor to discuss the merits of either the Norris or the Administration bill.

"I rise simply to make a political speech," remarked Senator Kellogg.

"I am making a political speech," Senator Hitchcock retorted, "and I am not the first Senator who has made a political speech. I have heard Senators on the other side do so, and I feel that it is a perfectly legitimate proposition at this time to call the attention of Senators who a few months ago denounced Executive dictation to the fact that they are now becoming parties to the very thing which they were so loud in denouncing in the former Administration."

Senator Hitchcock said that the enactment of the proposed legislation would mark the third or fourth attempt to "galvanize the War Finance Corporation into beneficial activity."

"An original bill was introduced," he added, "it was for the purpose of promoting the exportation of agricultural products. That was in March, 1919, and under that authorization the corporation practically did nothing at all to promote the exportation of American products."

"Who was to blame for that, the Democratic Administration, the Secretary of the Treasury?" inquired Senator Kellogg.

"I am not making an attempt to locate personal blame. I doubt if there was any personal blame," replied Senator Hitchcock. "When we passed the joint resolution reviving the corporation six months ago, the statement was made that its loans for the promotion of exports were at that time only $42,000,000. That was at a time when our exports amounted to something like $7,000,000,000 a year. It was a mere flyblow. Something more is nominal. Within a few days I have received a statement to the effect that the War Finance Corporation has already approved advances or has negotiations pending for advances amounting to $65,000,000. What is that to a country whose exports total $6,000,000,000 or $7,000,000,000 a year?

"Then, they specify that in relation to cotton, the nation's greatest single export, the corporation has agreed to loan $15,500,000. What is that when the total exports amount to over $600,000,000 this year? It is 2 per cent. of the total. They say they are considering an advance of $7,500,000 for wheat exportation. What is that when we consider the fact that in the last twelve months we have exported $700,000,000 worth of wheat, and 1 per cent. of it financed by this corporation.

"We revived the War Finance Corporation in December, 1920. In that month our exports amounted to $720,000,000. The next month the total was $654,000,000. The next month (February) $486,000,000, and in March $386,000,000. April the total was $340,000,000, in May $329,000,000, and in June $340,000,000. In other words, they have been almost cut in two since the War Finance Corporation was revived.

"I do not criticise the corporation for the collapse of our international commerce. It is due to other causes. I do say that I believe this bill will prove a delusion and a snare, and that it will not promote our commerce."

FARMERS' FINANCE PLAN BLOCKED IN INDIANA

State Refuses to Allow the Sale of Preferred Stock Under Its 'Blue Sky' Law.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 3.—Authority to sell $750,000 of its preferred stock in Indiana was denied the Farmers' Finance Corporation today by the State Securities Commission. The commission held that the Indiana "blue sky" law forbade the selling of securities as proposed by the Finance Corporation.

The corporation proposed to sell $750,000 of its $100,000,000 preferred stock in this State. During a hearing before the commission it was brought out that the corporation has only twenty-one shares of common stock of no par value.

The decision was given today by the commission following a three-hour hearing yesterday, at which representatives of the Farmers' Finance Corporation and the United States Grain Growers, Inc., for which the Finance Corporation is proposed to provide funds, presented arguments in behalf of the stock sale. Fred S. Jackson, Chicago, attorney for the two corporations; James K. Mason, Treasurer, and John G. Brown, President of the Indiana Federation of Farmers' Associations, appeared before the commission.

Following the commission's decision today, Mr. Jackson said he had no further plans for obtaining permission to sell the stock in Indiana. Mr. Brown indicated that some means might be found by which Indiana farmers could contribute funds to support the operations of the United States Grain Growers, Inc., other than through purchase of the Finance Corporation's stock.

Town to Rebuild Monument At Bryan's Grandparents' Tomb

POINT PLEASANT, W. Va., Aug. 3.—A movement was set on foot here today to replace, by popular subscription, the monument over the grave of the grandparents of William Jennings Bryan, which was destroyed by vandals during one of Mr. Bryan's presidential campaigns.

Mr. Bryan arrived here yesterday to visit the graves of his forebears. Mr. and Mrs. John Bryan, who moved into this community from Virginia in 1831. They were buried on the farm owned by G. E. Arrington, three miles from Point Pleasant. When Mr. Bryan reached the little graveyard he found the monument broken into pieces. He was visibly affected, and asked R. P. Bell to see that appropriate stones were placed at the graves.

Mayor Dower addressed a letter to Mr. Bell today asking him to obtain the permission of Mr. Bryan to have the monument replaced by popular subscription. He said that it would give the people of the community an opportunity to wipe out the stigma upon the town.

AMBASSADOR DENIES HE OFFENDED CHILE

Douglas Informs State Department His Speech Showed No Partiality Toward Peru.

CONGRESSMAN ASKS FACTS

Chilean Under Secretary Refuses to Credit Reports of the Address Coming From Lima.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Soon after Representative Rogers of Massachusetts introduced a joint resolution, asking Secretary Hughes whether Albert Douglas, head of the American Mission at the Peruvian centennial celebration, uttered sentiments indicating that the United States sympathized with Peru in the war with Chile of forty years ago, the State Department issued a denial saying the report was unfounded. The department had communicated with Mr. Douglas, and he had replied that while he had expressed American friendship for Peru, he had shown no partiality between the two countries. The announcement read:

"The Department of State, in view of certain remarks reported to have been made by Albert Douglas, head of the Special American Mission to the celebration of the Peruvian centenary, cabled him for a report as to the authenticity of the statements attributed to him. A reply has been received from Mr. Douglas, stating that the repor is quite unfounded. That while he warmly expressed American friendship for Peru, no partiality was shown. The department had assumed this to be the case, as he was instructed before leaving that it is the policy of the United States Government to maintain an attitude of strict impartiality in the existing difficulties between Peru and Chile."

It seems probable now that, in view of the State Department communication, the inquiry begun by Representative Rogers, who is a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, will not be pressed. The joint resolution which he introduced asked the Secretary to inform the House, if not incompatible with the public interest, whether Mr. Douglas made use of offensive language as quoted in press dispatches.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 3.—The Chilean Government "has never doubted the American Government's policy of standing by its word," declared Under Secretary of Foreign Relations Barros Jarpa today in a newspaper article in reference to the address of Mr. Douglas.

"Our faith cannot be shaken in the face of the absurd information," the Chilean official wrote, "coming from a suspicious source, absolutely unworthy of credit. The alleged declarations of Special Ambassador Douglas were intended to re-establish Peru's mistaken conception of the attitude of the United States, whereas the facts show that the State Department is constantly mindful of our gratitude, and that it maintains a discreet and friendly attitude."

The following official statement was published here today:

"The Department of State has spontaneously informed our Ambassador in Washington that upon learning of declarations attributed in press dispatches to Special Ambassador Douglas, it was asked for the text of his address, the details of which are as yet unknown, even on general lines. The Department has declared that his statements as published must be attributed to an error in transmission or a bad version of his remarks, as they are completely in disagreement with the reiterated statements made by the United States Government regarding its impartiality in the conflict between Peru and Chile."

ASKS TOLL BILL HOLD-UP.

Harding Wants Senate to Avoid Friction With Britain.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—President Harding has informed Senate Republican leaders, according to information today, of his opposition to early action on Senator Borah's bill to restore the free tolls privilege to American coastwise vessels using the Panama Canal. Mr. Harding was said to take the position that to avoid a possible dispute with Great Britain and other nations the free tolls question should be deferred altogether until after the approaching disarmament conference, as discussion of the question at this time might create obstacles to success of the conference.

The President also was represented as preferring settlement of the tolls question by diplomatic negotiation rather than by legislation, even aside from the disarmament conference consideration. Senator Borah was said, however, to be disposed to press his toll bill within the next few weeks.

Asks Oil "Monopoly" Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Investigation by the Senate Commerce Committee to determine whether there is "monopolistic manipulation" of petroleum products was proposed in a resolution introduced today by Senator King, Democrat, of Utah, who said depression in crude oil prices evidenced manipulation by large interests, while prices of gasoline and other products had not been reduced proportionately.

Four Die in Powder Mill Explosion.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Aug. 3.—The press mill of the duPont Powder Company's plant at Oriental, near this place, was wrecked by an explosion early this afternoon. Four men are known to have been killed. The explosion was so violent that windows in houses for miles around were broken.

PARIS HOTEL CONTINENTAL and RESTAURANT. Exhibiting in San Francisco. Opposite Tuileries Gardens. Thoroughly modernized. Luxurious apartments, 600 rooms, 400 bathrooms. Telephone in each room. Tel. addr. Continental Paris.—Adv.

BLAIR INVESTIGATES REVENUE BUREAU

New Commissioner Starts an Inquiry Into Charges of Improper Practices.

WILL BAR OUT OFFENDERS

Investigation Will Cover Alleged Favors to Outside Attorneys Handling Revenue Cases.

TO HEAR KANSAS GOVERNOR

Allen Ready to Be Called to Back Up Allegations Against Bureau Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—David H. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, announced today that he had ordered an exhaustive investigation of his own bureau to run down charges of irregularities and alleged objectionable practices. He said he had made a cursory investigation personally of some charges, and this had convinced him that a thorough investigation was necessary.

The Commissioner made this statement respecting the contemplated investigation:

"Certain charges—more or less sensational, and some of them of a serious character—have been made against the conduct of affairs in the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Many of these charges have emanated from within the bureau, while others have been made by persons not connected with the bureau.

"Any circumstance or fact that will tend to support a charge that income tax cases or other matters handled by the bureau are not disposed of according to the law and regulations is a proper subject for the most sweeping investigation. After cursory investigation myself I have decided that a thorough probe is necessary and have directed that hearings be held. Each witness will be examined under oath, and a full stenographic record will be made of the proceedings. When the time comes I shall review the record and determine what action is necessary.

"I have issued instructions that the investigation be full and impartial, as I want the exact facts, regardless of consequence."

Governor Allen of Kansas and others have made charges of irregularities in the Internal Revenue Bureau. Commissioner Blair expressed doubt that the irregularities would be found as numerous as alleged, but said that in the case of all irregularities found he would recommend that the offenders be punished to the limit of the law. It is understood that the charges cover a wide range, and include the alleged giving out of information regarding the income tax statements of corporations and individuals, and of collusion between persons employed in the bureau in a position to disclose confidential information and persons on the outside who are acting for clients who have cases pending before the bureau.

Another phase of the situation has been the allegation that men until recently connected with the bureau who have gone into business as "experts" in internal revenue matters have been in position to obtain favors of one sort or another. It is understood to be the intention of Commissioner Blair not only to clean out men on the inside, if any are shown to have engaged in irregular acts, but to devote considerable attention to the methods of attorneys before the bureau, with the idea of disbarring any who may be shown to

REDS PLOT SECRETLY TO SPREAD BELIEFS

Increased Activity Follows Union of Two "Communist" Parties in United States.

METHODS OF THE LEADERS

Chicago Newspaper Reveals How Work Is Carried On Here Under Russian Radicals.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The Reds of America, believed by many to have become somnolent, are quickly at work spreading propaganda among the workingmen of the nation and trying to build up an organization paterned after the Nihilist system of Russia, according to The Chicago Daily News, which says the work is being done at the direction of the Reds of Russia from the headquarters of the Third Internationale in Moscow.

Information of the activities of the "communists" in America, and especially in Chicago, has been given to The Daily News from confidential sources, together with literature recently published by the "Communist Party." Other information reveals the methods employed by the organizers in charge of the work here.

Within a block of Lake Shore Drive, where some of Chicago's wealthiest men live, one "district" of the party meets. Other meeting places are scattered throughout the west, northwest and north sides. No more than ten men meet together, and each group is presided over by a captain, who in turn meets with other Chicago captains. None of the men knows the real names used in the workaday life of the other men. Only the organizer, who has carefully felt out his prospective ally, knows the true identity of the candidate.

On passing inspection and a vote of the other members of the district, the new recruit, under a name such as "Johnson" or "Smith," becomes a full-fledged member of the Communist Party of America. He goes to a typical meeting place—a room in a rooming house—where the various "comrades" gather one by one. It is a rule that the members should come and go singly or in pairs, in order to allay all suspicion.

The work of organizing has been going steadily forward ever since Lenin and Trotzky became all-powerful in Russia. Within the last thirty days the work has been augmented by the unity obtained following a joint convention of the United Communist Party and the Communist Party of America, which have ironed out their differences and united under the common banner of giving "all power to the workers."

The convention was held, according to their own documents, "in the woods" in New York State. It was secret because of the prosecutions which followed the open conventions held in Chicago two years ago, when William Bross Lloyd and nineteen others were convicted of sedition. Their appeal is now pending.

At the convention "in the woods" the United Communist Party reported a membership of 5,927, organized in 771 underground groups, three of which are in Canada. The Communist Party of America reported 6,328 members. In the treasury of the former organization was $9,028.65; in the latter organization was $10,420.40.

Since February, 1921, 2,183,000 leaflets in English, 104,000 copies of eleven different books, and 61,000 copies of nine pamphlets have been distributed by the Communist Party, and the declaration was made at the convention that nineteen newspapers printed in seven languages and having a joint circulation of about 1,000,000 copies each month, are controlled by the party.

It is asserted that bloodshed, destruction of property and loss of life are contemplated by the convention delegates, who in their program for the party say:

"This can be nothing else but a direct struggle between the armed forces of the capitalist state on the one hand and the armed forces of the proletarian revolution on the other."

TWO BOYS ACCUSED OF SLAYING MOTHER

Arrested When Woman Is Found Shot on a Farm Near Heilman, Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

BOONEVILLE, Ill., Aug. 3.—Charged with the murder by shooting of their mother, Martha Deffendoll, aged 70, Willie Deffendoll, 17, and Olite Deffendoll, aged 22, are in jail at Booneville following an investigation made into the circumstances surrounding her death.

The officials believe that both boys were involved in the shooting and say they obtained an admission from the younger brother that the older one had told him that he committed the deed. After being locked up, however, each of the brothers denied any knowledge of the murder.

The shooting took place upon a farm near Heilman as long ago as one week Sunday. The shotgun and shells used were found near the body. Mrs. Deffendoll had been missing, but the sons seemed unconcerned about her disappearance.

DOG DIES OF BROKEN HEART.

Lost Pet Spent Seven Days Vainly Watching for His Master.

Special to The New York Times.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Aug. 3.—A chow dog which has maintained a seven-day vigil on the highway at Washington Street and Leighton Road watching the faces in every auto as it whizzed past is dead. His body was found today in a clump of bushes close by. There is little doubt that he died of a broken heart.

The dog's owner, Nelson Curtis Jr. of Jamaica Plain, who was located this morning through a newspaper advertisement, hurried here to recover his pet, but he was too late. Curtis got separated from the dog while riding through Wellesley a week ago. Since then the little fellow had watched and waited, refusing food from kindly hands, his eyes constantly on the road. This morning the dog was missed and a search revealed his body near by.

New Haven Road Clerks Accept Cut.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 3.—General Manager C. L. Bardo of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad issued a notice today that the Railway Clerks' Union on the system had agreed to a new wage schedule regarding the payment of overtime and other compensatory rates, effective as of July 1, the new schedule to remain in force pending the decision of the United States Rail Labor Board, now sitting in Chicago.

NEW BRUNSWICK FIRES CAUSE $3,000,000 LOSS

Valuable Mill and Lumber Properties Wiped Out in Succession of Disasters.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Aug. 3.—After successfully combating the forest fire peril during the drought of June and the early part of July, keeping the property loss during this period to a minimum, New Brunswick has been visited during the last two weeks by a series of disastrous fires, largely in mill and lumber properties, doing damage estimated at $3,000,000.

The lumber, plant and machinery destroyed was insured almost up to its full value and local agents estimate that the losses borne by insurance companies in this Province during the last fortnight alone is 50 per cent. greater than the total loss of 1920.

Six fires were responsible for the greater part of the loss, including the following:

Lumber belonging to the Gooday Company, Quebec, and Stetson, Cutler & Co., a Boston concern, destroyed at Milford last night, about $45,000; forty buildings in Richibucto yesterday, $500,000; losses by the Frazer Company, Ltd., at Nelson and Victoria Mills, more than $750,000; and disastrous fires on the properties of W. B. Snowball Company, Chatham, and O. and J. Buckley, Bathurst.

Many Americans visitors were in Richibucto and some of their automobiles were burned in the garage.

DISCUSS "BLUE SKY" LAWS.

Eastern State Banking Commissioners Hesitate to Favor Them.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—The "blue sky" laws of various States were discussed here today at the opening session of the three-day convention of the National Association of Supervisors of State Banks.

"Bankruptcy and conflagration," said W. T. Maxwell, Banking Commissioner of Arkansas, "amount to the same thing in destroying property values. It is unfortunate when resources wane and there is a loss of property. To prevent such loss is very much the task of banking commissioners.

"It is difficult for any one man, with limited machinery, to know the personnel of all the concerns which he has to investigate. It is difficult to be satisfied with the value of property. The banking commissioner should have ample opportunity to investigate. He is not going to be hurried. He must make a thorough investigation, so that the proposed issue is not a fraud."

Representatives of the Eastern States showed a hesitancy in favoring adoption of "blue sky" laws, the burden of objection being that they would delay issuance of legitimate securities.

Marshall Cousins, Commissioner of Wisconsin, made a comparison between State and National banks, saying the former totaled 22,705 institutions, with capitalization of $1,735,000,000 and deposits of $23,750,000,000, as against national bank deposits of $15,500,000,000. The total resources of State banks, he said, amounted to $29,400,000,000 or $9,100,000,000 more than those of national banks.

NEWS BY RADIO PHONE.

Will Be Used for Reporting Speed Boat Races at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The wireless telephone, brought into prominence through the war, will be put to peace time purposes of gathering news tomorrow, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, being used to report the results of the speed boat races at the Pageant of Progress.

Arrangements to test the wireless telephone as an adjunct to newspapers were completed today by the Naval Reserve force, State of Illinois, working in conjunction with the Great Lakes Naval Training Station and The Associated Press.

The subchaser 419 was sent out from the Great Lakes Station under command of Lieutenant Jack Henning, and Lieutenant Allan C. Forbes of the Naval Reserve immediately installed a wireless telephone set aboard.

The 419 will cruise about the race course, the reports being telephoned direct to The Associated Press office and thence relayed throughout the country. A test today showed the instruments working perfectly.

LONG ISLAND ROAD LOSES.

Railroad Labor Board Rules It Must Deal With Union.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Union labor scored a victory on the Long Island Railroad in a decision by the United States Railroad Labor Board today ruling that negotiation of rules should be held with System Federation No. 90, affiliated with the Railway Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor.

The officers of the System Federation are all employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The company declined to negotiate with them. The Long Island officials declared they would deal only with their own employes, and the union took the case to the Labor Board, where it was heard on July 9.

The dispute arose over who should represent the employes at conferences to negotiate new shop crafts rules to replace the national agreements.

Until the road negotiates new agreements with the System Federation, the national agreement was ordered continued in effect.

WAIF'S MOTHER DRUG ADDICT.

Negro Janitor and Wife Held for Impairing Child's Morals.

When Clarence Brown, a negro janitor of 2 East 112th Street, and his wife, Carrie, were arraigned yesterday in Washington Heights Court, charged with impairing the morals of Jimmy Brown, a 3-year-old white child, found in their possession by raiding detectives of the Narcotic Squad early last Sunday morning, William Kelleher, special officer of the Children's Society, informed the Court that the mother of the boy had been found in Westchester Village, the Bronx.

He said her name was Rose Miller, that Jimmy was born in Lincoln Hospital April 12, 1918, and that his mother was a drug addict, who had been treated at intervals at Bellevue, Magdalen Home and other institutions.

The negroes said the child was left with them about a year ago by its mother. The couple were held in $500 bail each for Special Sessions. Jimmy quickly made friends with the Judge and others in the courtroom.

REVOLT SIGNS IN PORTUGAL.

Government Takes Measures to Meet a Possible Outbreak.

MADRID, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Signs that a revolution is being fomented in Portugal have been observed and measures have been taken to combat it should it come into being, says a dispatch received here today from Vigo, on the Portuguese border.

Several regiments of the army and a part of the navy are said to be involved in the revolutionary plans.

THE SCREEN

"A Virgin Paradise," the last of the three William Fox pictures to come to Broadway since Saturday, and by all odds the best, replaced "Over the Hill" in the Park Theatre yesterday.

Here's a comedy for you. How much comedy the producer of the film intended to put into it is a matter for speculation. There's timid evidence that some of the scenes are really meant to be serious. But don't let that bother you. They are not. They are all funny.

The story begins with a volcano and continues volcanic. It starts with a solitary girl on an island in the South Seas. That's the virgin paradise. If the presence of lions that love to stand statuesquely on rocky cliffs is more suggestive of a seaside zoo than of Polynesia, don't worry about it. What's geography among movie folk? Just accept this versatile island and the female Tarzan who inhabits it. She's really a lovely lady among lions. Her father and mother are killed by cannibals who think them responsible for the bad disposition of the volcano, and she is reared by a faithful old nurse who dies before she has time to teach her to wear clothes.

So Gratia is there on the island with her lions and her monkeys and all of the other animals. But she is the heir to a fortune, and so they go looking for her, they being the secretary of the man who left the fortune and a crew that includes Bob Alan, broken sport, and Slim, ex-crook, now thoroughly reformed. They find Gratia and take her back to civilization. And of course there's a villian. He's the secretary, Bernard Holt, and he decides he will marry the girl for her money.

Now, apparently this Holt has met only orthodox movie heroines before, the kind who like the cave-man stuff. At all events he doesn't know Gratia. He foolishly puts himself alone in a room with her. That's what movie villains usually do. So it's all orthodox enough up to this point. But no further. Right away the heroine goes over and locks the door. The villain always does that, but not this time. Then Gratia attacks the man. And it's he, not she, who tries to get out and finds the door locked. Isn't that refreshing? And the fight! At first Holt thinks his only job is to hold Gratia down and take the key away from her, but after the girl has literally mopped up the floor with him, he has no such idea. He learns about women from her, and the knowledge convinces him that he'd better let the hero have the girl after all. So the picture ends conventionally. But its heresies are delightful.

Pearl White is the wild woman. She makes the part realistic, with comic touches. This part of the comedy is intentional and good. Miss White does her own scampering on the island and her own fighting in New York. She really is enjoyable.

The other characters are more or less negative—Robert Elliott as Bob Alan, the hero; J. Thornton Baston as Slim, his pal, and Alan Edwards as Holt, the villain. The story was written by Hiram Maxim and directed by J. Searle Dawley. In some of his scenes Mr. Dawley has done excellent work. Others seem a bit carelessly made, but, as the film soon puts the spectator in a gay mood in which he simply refuses to take anything seriously, even this does not matter. It's altogether a mad, mad movie.

TWO VIEWS OF FILM ACTING.

Mrs. Asquith Thinks It Hateful—It's Joy to Lady Diana Manners.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—"What a dreadful life! Not at any price would I ever go through the monotonous drudgery of acting for the films." This was the comment of Mrs. H. H. Asquith the other day at a film studio.

Lady Diana Duff-Cooper, or Lady Diana Manners, as she still prefers to be called in connection with her moving-picture work, thinks otherwise. When seen in her dressing room at a studio Lady Diana expressed enthusiasm for the work after a four weeks' experience.

"I was never happier in my life," she said. "I am enjoying every minute of my time, both in the studio and while at work outdoors on exterior scenes. But it is more difficult before the camera than before an audience. This silent acting takes every atom of intelligence and dramatic instinct that I have."

BERNSTORFF IN LIBEL SUIT.

New In Daily Newspaper Field, He Sues Rival Stinnes Organ.

Copyright, 1921, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 2.—Count von Bernstorff is playing democracy for all it is worth. After launching his political weekly, German Democracy, he has now entered the daily newspaper field, and is already involved in a libel suit which threatens to develop into a sprightly political scandal, as he and his associates are attacking the Stinnes interests, and quarter will probably be refused by both sides.

When Hugo Stinnes acquired control of the democratic Munich Neueste Nachrichten it promptly became a Nationalistic reactionary organ, incidentally leaving Munich and all Bavaria, and, for that matter, all South Germany, without a single important democratic newspaper.

To fill the vacuum, Bernstorff, who is a resident of Bavaria, headed a group of prominent South German democrats and started a democratic daily, The South German Press. The Stinnes organ took up Bernstorff's gauntlet and made a vicious personal attack, with "revelations," upon Bernstorff and his associates, who have brought a libel suit against it.

MRS. GARDINER LOSES SUIT.

Surrogate Refuses to Remove Guardian of Her Children.

The petition of Mrs. Nora L. Gardiner, widow of Robert Alexander Gardiner, who died in 1919, to have the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company removed as the guardian of her children, Alexandria, 10, and Robert, 11, was denied yesterday by Surrogate Robert S. Pelletreau.

Mrs. Gardiner contended that her inharmonious relations with the company endangered the future interests of her children. The company replied that Mrs. Gardiner was not suited to assume the guardianship, and that it had been appointed in that capacity by Mr. Gardiner with his wife's approval.

"I fail to see how the guardianship of the trust company is or hereafter may be inimical to the interests of these children," said Surrogate Pelletreau. "In my opinion the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company has lived up to its obligations, legal, ethical and moral. I direct that the petition be dismissed."

2-Cent Transfers in Jersey Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 3.—A two-cent charge for transfers, ordered by the Public Utility Commission last month, will go into effect on the trolley cars of the Public Service Railway throughout New Jersey tomorrow. The transfer charge has been 3 cent. It is estimated that the increase will yield the company $750,000 more a year.

COAKLEY DENOUNCES FOES IN TUFTS CASE

Boston Attorney Says a Society Has Pursued Him "Like a Pack of Hounds."

WILL SHOW CHECK STUBS

But Not All Since 1917, as Demanded—Defense Expects to Close Today.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—Announcement that the defense in the trial of District Attorney Nathan A. Tufts of Middlesex County, before the Superior Court, expected to complete its case tomorrow was made before adjournment today by Melvin M. Johnson, counsel for Tufts. The proceedings for the removal of the District Attorney, which are based on charges brought by Attorney General Allen, are now in their fourth week.

A bitter arraignment of the Watch and Ward Society by Daniel H. Coakley, an attorney, of this city, who has figured in testimony offered at the trial, attracted most attention today. Mr. Coakley, who was sustained by the Court in his refusal to produce all his checkbook stubs from 1917 to the present time, asserted that to do so would give the society recourse to them. This organization, he declared, had pursued him "like a pack of hounds" for years.

Later Mr. Coakley consented to offer all stubs in connection with the Mishawum Manor case and also those relating to the Stearns and Monroe divorce affairs. These cases have figured prominently in the charges against Mr. Tufts. Testimony that Tufts had no connection with the divorce proceedings against Captain Charles E. Stearns was given by Coakley, who was counsel for Mrs. Stearns. Coakley said that he received a fee of $5,000, but that he never gave a cent of the money to Tufts.

Coakley was asked, "Did you employ or know of the employment of any woman to go to Fortress Monroe to captivate Captain Stearns?" He replied "No" and denied also that he sent any detectives there.

He testified under cross-examination that Captain Herbert Gordon of the Cambridge police, attached to District Attorney Tufts's staff, frequently came to his office to see Daniel Sughrue, Coakley's associate. The latter had lent Gordon $5,000, he said, but he himself had never lent him money nor had he lent money to Sughrue for Gordon. In redirect examinations he said he never paid money to District Attorney Tufts in connection with the Mishawum Manor affair, either directly or indirectly.

Herman A. Wagner, Assistant District Attorney, said that he had prossed the case against Thomas Mozette, a spiritualist medium, charged with the larceny of $11,000 from Justin Gordon of Cambridge. Mr. Allen charges that a false reason for such disposition of the case was given at the time, and that as a result Mozette was released on small bail after his arrest in Ohio.

Wagner said he took such action because he believed that the indictment was "no good." Mr. Tufts had turned it over to him, he said, with instructions to use his own judgment.

Tufts, on the stand, said he put the matter in Wagner's hands with the remark that he wanted to wash his hands of it because Gordon had been pestering him to death. Wagner said nothing to him about not pressing the indictment, Tufts testified.

Johns Hopkins Has 4,380 Graduates.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Official records of the Johns Hopkins University show that since its foundation, forty-five years ago, it has conferred degrees on 4,380 persons, of whom 284 were women. The first graduates won their degrees in 1878, when four men were made Doctors of Philosophy. In June last 380 students were graduated.

Jusserand Praises Foch's Visit.

HAVRE, Aug. 3.—Ambassador Jusserand arrived here today from New York and left at once for Paris. Great pleasure was expressed by France's diplomatic representative at Washington over the prospects of Marshal Foch's visit to the United States the coming Fall. He said an unsurpassed reception was awaiting the allied Commander-in-Chief there.

"The Scarlet Man" Opens Aug. 22.

"The Scarlet Man," a comedy by William Le Baron, will be presented at Henry Miller's Theatre on Aug. 22 by Charles B. Dillingham. The cast will include John Cumberland, Frances Carson, William Morris, Russell Mack, Olive May, Vivienne Osburne, Hedda Hopper, John Grey and Beatrice Tremaine.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"True to Form," a comedy by Augustin MacHugh, will be produced in Stamford on Aug. 12, and will come to New York shortly afterward. The author will return to the stage in his own play after an absence of ten years.

Robert Milton will direct the rehersals of Arthur Richman's "Ambush," which the Theatre Guild will present at the Garrick in October.

"The Skylark" will close at the Belmont this week.

Theresa Maxwell-Conover has been engaged for "Don Juan," opening at the Garrick Theatre early next month.

Madeline Delmar will be in the cast of "Blood and Sand," in which Otis Skinner will be seen at the Empire this season.

Claude King, who appeared with Ethel Barrymore in "Declasse," will have the leading male role in "Bluebeard's Eighth Wife," coming to the Ritz on Labor Day.

Maclyn Arbuckle has been placed under contract by the Shuberts and will soon be seen in a new play.

Alice Brady will open in "Drifting" in Atlantic City next Monday. Herbert Ashton and Marguerite Barry have been added to her company.

Emma Haig and Richard W. Keene have been engaged for the revue that will open The Music Box next month.

Next week's premieres have been slightly rearranged, and the schedule is now as follows: Tuesday, "Tangerine" at the Casino; Wednesday, "Honors Are Even" at the Times Square; Thursday, "The Temperamentalists" at the Bijou; Saturday, "Dulcy," at the Frazee.

Elsie Janis will be back in New York on Aug. 24, but will return to Paris soon afterward to appear in the French "Peg o' My Heart."

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. MATINEE TODAY. 50c TO $2. THE WHIRL OF NEW YORK

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30. The Newly Weds and JUST MARRIED with VIVIAN MARTIN and LYNNE OVERMAN

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Bryant 2626. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30. "DELIGHTFUL and AMUSING."—World. "THE TEASER" "IS A GOOD SHOW."—Times.

TIMES SQ. THEATRE West 42d St. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. OPENING NEXT Wednesday, Aug. 10 THE SELWYNS Present WILLIAM COURTENAY AND LOLA FISHER in ROI COOPER MEGRUE'S COMEDY HONORS ARE EVEN —SEAT SALE MONDAY—

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. 407TH TIME TO-NIGHT. THE BAT THE DRAMATIC SMASH!

GARRICK 35th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. MR. PIM PASSES BY REFRESHING COMEDY BY A. A. MILNE.

CENTURY 6th St. & Central Park West. EVENINGS ONLY AT 8:15. COOLED BY TONS OF ICE. THE LAST WALTZ with ELEANOR PAINTER.

Direction Lee CASINO Tues. Eve., Aug. 9 JULIA SANDERSON in "TANGERINE" with JOHN E. HAZZARD & FRANK CRUMIT. SEATS ON SALE TODAY.

REPUBLIC THEA., 42nd ST. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. MATS. WED. & SAT. AT 2:30. GETTING GERTIE'S GARTER

BELMONT Theatre, 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. THE SKYLARK Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. with Charlotte Walker & Marguerite Sylva

BOOTH 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30. GEORGE ARLISS in THE GREEN GODDESS

SELWYNS' SNAPSHOTS OF 1921 W. 42d St. Tel. Bry. 47. Mat. Saturday, 2:30. LEW FIELDS BE WOLF HOPPER GEORGE McKAY LULU McCONNELL

TIMES SQ. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. Broadway Whirl Richard Carle, Blanche Ring, Chas. Winninger, Wilness Wisler, Jay Gould. Best Seats $2.50

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th St. The 1st Year Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:30. SCHILDKRAUT and LE GALLIENNE in "LILIOM" FRANZ MOLNAR'S COMEDY OF LIFE.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM At 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. COOLEST SPOT IN NEW YORK. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 50c to $2.50. No Higher. A NATIONAL TRIUMPH! Ziegfeld Production Marilynn Miller Leon Errol in Sally

GLOBE Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. A NATIONAL INSTITUTION ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

GEO. M. COHAN B'y, 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. $2 Evgs. 8:15. Best Seats. Full of Brains and Laughter! A. L. ERLANGER'S TWO LITTLE GIRLS IN BLUE MUSICAL COMEDY

LIBERTY Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. W. 42d St. WORLD'S GREATEST SHOW. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS with ANN PENNINGTON.

KLAW Thea., 45 St., W. of B'y. Bry. 6767. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. FRANCINE LARRIMORE in Nice People by Rachel Crothers.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN

63D ST. MUSIC HALL, Bet. B'y & C. P. W. Evs. 8:20. Phone Col. 1446. Shuffle Along with Miller & Lyles, Slssle & Blake.

McBRIDE'S 1497 BROADWAY Theatre Tickets at Box Office Prices—Plus ONLY 50c FOR SERVICE PHONE BRYANT 8010

MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th ST. Coming Sunday Adolph Zukor presents A Paramount Picture "EXPERIENCE" With RICHARD BARTHELMESS as "YOUTH" RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th ST.

THIS WEEK GLORIA SWANSON In ELINOR GLYN'S "The Great Moment."

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE "Fatty" Arbuckle in "CRAZY TO MARRY" A Paramount Picture. Famous Rialto Orchestra.

CRITERION TIMES SQUARE The GOLEM "ELI, ELI" Prologue. TONY SARG ALMANAC.

ASTOR NOW—POPULAR PRICES TWICE DAILY—2:30, 8:30. THE OLD NEST A Goldwyn Picture BY RUPERT HUGHES. Directed by Reginald Barker.

44TH ST. THEA., West of B'way. Continuous 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. TEX RICKARD presents DEMPSEY-CARPENTIER OFFICIAL RINGSIDE MOTION PICTURES

CAPITOL B'way at 51st St. "WHERE LIGHTS ARE LOW." with Sousa & Hayakawa. Capitol Grand Orchestra. Beg. Sunday "A CONNECTICUT YANKEE." MARK TWAIN'S

MARK STRAND B'way, 47th St. Thos. H. Ince's "MOTHER O' MINE" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

PLAZA NORMA TALMADGE in Mad Arc. "GHOSTS OF YESTERDAY" at 59th St. with Eugene O'Brien. PLAZA ORCHESTRA. NEWS. REVIEW. Etc.

NOW OPEN NIGHTLY "A Broadway Institution" PALAIS ROYAL Broadway at 48th St. New York's Newest andd Greatest Sensation THE NEW JAPANESE GARDENS DINNER AND SUPPER DANCING Personal Appearance Paul Whiteman and His Famous Orchestra

STARLIGHT PARK Amusement E. 177 St., Bronx Every Eve., 8:30 Rain or Shine Russian Symphony Orchestra Modest Altschuler Conducting TONIGHT TSCHAIKOWSKY-WAGNER PROGRAM

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B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. ETHEL BARRYMORE Mrs. B. Hathaway Turnbull, Jay Velie, Kramer & Boyle, others and FRADKIN & MISS JEAN TELL.

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND THE FUNNY PLACE SURF AND POOL BATHING

LUNA PRYOR'S BAND CHILDREN FREE WEEKDAY AFTERNOONS with PARENTS SONEY ISLAND. FREE RIDES and FREE CIRCUS

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130 St. Ferry. Best of All. SALT WATER SURF BATHING NOW.

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Double room and bath, $2.50 per day up. Parlor, bedroom and bath, $4.00 per day up. HOTEL LUCERNE 201 West 79th St. Convenient to all lines transit. A quiet and refined family hotel. Yearly leases on furnished or unfurnished apartments. Also weekly or transient rates. Cuisine and service of the highest class. A la carte or table d'hote. A. T. Hardy, C. G. Stamm.

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RESORTS

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOTEL GRAFTON Will Remain Open All Summer. SPECIAL RATES.

MR. GOMPERS AND SOVIETISM. The great labor leader has written a revelation and an indictment of Soviet rule which will be published next Sunday in The New York Times Book Review and Magazine Section.—Advt.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL Peter Stuyvesant Central Park West at 86th St. Highest point in city. Very accessible to all lines of transit. Delightfully situated, overlooking the Park Lakes. Always Cool. SPECIAL SUMMER RATES 1-2-3 or more rooms $100 to $250 month. BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED—NEW. A specially good restaurant a-la carte at reasonable charges. Inspection invited WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.

Buckingham Hotel Fifth Ave. & 50th St. OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL QUIET—REFINED—HOMELIKE Transient and Permanent Guests For the Summer Months a few apartments of 1, 2 & 3 ROOMS at very attractive rates by day, week, month or season. Excellent Restaurant. Club Breakfasts. Business Men's Luncheon. Frank W. Harriman.

WE INVITE COMPARISON Leases Now Being Made for Coming Season. Apartments of Any Size, Furnished and Unfurnished. Hotel Manhattan Square 50 West 77th St.

Hotel Bretton Hall Broadway, 85th to 86th St. NEW

The Mexico of today was born without a memory. The new era has canceled the law of vested right. The millions have at last overtaken the thousands. An eager Nation is measuring off centuries in two, three or five-year lengths. The present generation—from the Republic's President to the industrious peon—are so busy with today's achievements and tomorrow's projects, they have no time to remember the closed book of yesterday.

No longer are their paths of progress drenched with sobs of blood dropped from broken hearts. Mexico today is fighting for commercial and industrial development. Peering beyond the mists of doubt and piercing the walls of Time, Mexico now asks only that her sister Nations trade for gold the implements to build the Nation she has planned.

The Hundredth Anniversary of Mexico's Independence from Spain will be observed with all the fanfare and pageantry of old Mexico. America is especially invited to Mexico City during the month SEPT. 12 to OCT. 12, to be gay in celebration.

Simultaneous with the Centennial Festivities, in this dream city of Latin America, will be held the great International Commercial Exposition, staged in the magnificent National Legislative Palace, a new $5,000,000 building covering two city blocks. It will attract EVERY business man in Mexico.

There will be exhibited Farm Implements and Machinery; Tractors; Trucks; Automobiles and Accessories; Factory Equipment and Builders' Supplies; Clothing, Wearing Apparel, Boots and Shoes. These are but a few of the thousands of things more than two million merchants are waiting to buy, to supply 18,000,000 people. That this condition should exist, in this country of vast natural wealth, suggests a trade opportunity for American manufacturers that carries its own conviction.

We are reminded that heretofore nearly 80% of all goods sold in Mexico were made in Europe. TODAY EUROPE CANNOT SUPPLY THEM. Mexico now turns to the United States, opening a great market that may readily be supplied with American made goods.

Five pertinent facts should be borne in mind: ***First,*** a majority of the present generation of business men in Mexico were educated in American Universities. ***Second,*** they like American methods of doing business. ***Third,*** this great Commercial Exposition is being held in cooperation with the Government as the first step in bringing about a closer commercial relationship with the United States. ***Fourth,*** American manufacturers are being asked to exhibit their goods to business men in Mexico under one roof, to facilitate reaching ALL possible buyers at a minimum expense. ***Fifth,*** no business venture of mutual advantage was ever planned under more favorable conditions.

ACT NOW Ship your display direct to Mexico City. Materials for exhibits should arrive at the border **before September 1st.** They will go to Mexico City by **Government** special Trains **free of Consular Fees, Duties and Freight**—and fully **insured.** Naturally, booths and concessions are being sold very rapidly. It is advisedly suggested that interested manufacturers get in touch with the Executive Committee without delay.

For Exhibit Space and Information

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PET RATTLESNAKE ROAMS SKYSCRAPER

Five-Foot Specimen Wriggles Out of Box in Checkroom of Hudson Terminal Building.

$100 OFFERED FOR CAPTURE

Tenants Show No Anxiety to Earn Circus Man's Reward—Milk-maids on Qui Vive.

A five-foot rattlesnake has been enjoying the unwilling hospitality of the Hudson Terminal Building since Tuesday morning and the other tenants have been visibly agitated. The reptile crawled out of a box in which it had been checked at the parcel room at 30 Church Street by a circus man, and wriggled its way to freedom.

A negro porter, awakening from a siesta, saw the snake crawling over one of the telephone booths. He hastily retired for reinforcements. He recruited a doubling squad of guards and watchmen, but the snake in the meantime had wriggled out of sight.

Like the Ancient Mariner, the terrified porter found only skeptical listeners to his tale until a man in a cowboy hat and bandanna called at the parcel room for a box. He lifted the cover and found two rattlesnakes sleeping peacefully—but the third, the biggest and strongest, had escaped. The circus man, as he confessed himself, asked the girls who attend the several counters in the big building where milk is sold, to be on the watch for his pet, because rattlesnakes, he explained, are partial to milk.

In the meantime all frequenters of the building are avoiding dark corners. According to the traffic guard, a reward of $100 has been offered for the capture of the snake, but nobody wants to win it.

Silk Costs Vary.

The report of mill costs of four broad silk standards, a colored messaline, a black taffeta, a georgette and crepe de chine, filed with the Cost Calculation Committee of Division D of the Silk Association of America, has shown a variation of cost figures averaging between 30 and 40 per cent. The committee is continuing the study by asking the manufacturers who filed returns to report their figures in greater detail. Those manufacturers who co-operate in the study are receiving comparisons of the returns made, and all broad silk manufacturers are eligible to join the group.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The firm of Lewis & Maisel, manufacturers of boys' blouses, wash suits and men's and boys' pajamas, has been dissolved. The business, which is located at 110 Grand Street, has been taken over by Carl Maisel and will be conducted at that address under the trade name of Maisel Brothers.

The Regal Knitting Company, Inc., manufacturers of fancy knit goods and sweaters, has removed from 97 Fifth Avenue to new quarters at 131 Fifth Avenue.

The formal opening of the Knickerbocker Clothiers, Inc.'s new store and shop at 1,454 Broadway, will occur today. The store will handle young clothes in a range of $25 to $40.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5 to 6¼ per cent. for the best names.

Tuesday—6 to 6¼ per cent. for the best names.

The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Lower Clothing Costs.

If further development along the line of using rough fabrics, such as tweeds, continues in the clothing trade, it is believed that a lower cost of production may prevail. Economies not only in the cost of the material itself will be affected, according to the manufacturers, but likewise in the production of the clothing itself. The reason assigned for this is that a higher degree of tailoring must be put into the finer cloths, which is unnecessary when rougher fabrics are used. The trade, therefore, expects to see lower prices on garments of this character when the Spring season commences.

***

Important Week for Retailers.

The next week is expected to give a fair indication of what the retail trade will do in the way of Fall business. Fall openings have been brought on earlier than usual in order to test out the prospective demand. The weather, however, has not been altogether propitious for these openings, and wholesalers are advising customers not to be too confident of establishing the trend so early in the season. Another point made is that Summer sales will interfere to some extent with the showing of new lines. However, from some of the first reports received from retailers, there has been a satisfactory response given to the new merchandise.

***

Gray Goods Less Active.

Although a fair volume of merchandise was disposed of in the local market for gray goods yesterday, the demand was not so active as it has been of late. Printcloth business for September delivery was done on the basis of 6c cents for 39½-inch 64-60s, with a cent less paid for 60-48s of the same width. For similar shipments of 39-inch 68-72s buyers paid 5¾ cents. In the sheetings end prices were steady during the day, with 7½ cents not the figure generally quoted on 56-60, four-yard cloths. For 4.70s, 6¼ cents was the price, while 5.50s could again be had at 5 cents. For 36-inch 5-yard sheetings, however, sellers were asking from 5¾ to 5¾ cents, depending on the make.

***

Should Not Go by Denims.

Buyers of cotton goods who base their doubts of the sticking qualities of present prices on the cheapness of denims, which are relatively the lowest-priced fabrics in the market at the present time, were said here yesterday to be on the wrong track. The cheapness of denims now is not due to an overproduction of the goods or to any material lowering of production costs, but to the efforts of certain second hands to work off accumulations at almost any price in order to realize on them. It is said by market authorities that there is absolutely no profit in denims at their present levels and it is further said that instead of other goods being high, as measured by current quotations on standard denims, denims are low when measured by the prices of other goods.

***

High-Grade Lines Sold Up.

Although the retailers continue to show a preference for merchandise "at a price," it is to be noted in the dress goods trade that the higher grade fabrics have been the first to sell out for the Spring. This was true, so sellers declare, of the better makes of velours, just as it has been of the more expensive novelty cloths. Two of the leading houses, making the higher priced ranges, have announced the withdrawal of their lines because of heavy orders. These concerns feature the high-lustre constructions with soft pile, made of the finest cashmere yarns. Mill representatives, therefore, draw the conclusion that while cheaper goods are finding a wider distribution, there is no appreciable slowing up in the demand for the best cloths that can be produced.

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Drug Buying is Improving.

For the first time in many months, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, buyers of raw materials used in the manufacture of medicinal products show a very slight tendency to broaden out their purchasing, in anticipation of Fall requirements. This is not the case throughout the entire drug group, but it is especially noted in products where a greater degree of firmness has been displayed of late, such as in quinine, menthol and acetanilid. Further indication of a bullish nature which may affect medicinal products next Fall and Winter are found in reports from the country districts where roots, herbs, and leaves are gathered for market. Late advices indicate that the collections have fallen far below expectations thus far, and higher prices during this Winter's consuming season are inevitable.

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Offers Novel Embroidery Device.

A novel embroidery set, the parts of which may also be bought separately, has just been put on the local market. The principal feature of the hoop is that it is adjustable to all thicknesses of material. It is adjusted by a small and easily operated ratchet, which takes the place of thumbscrews, springs and other devices that are said to get out of order. The hoop, which is made of tin, retails for 25 cents. The needle device is also adjustable, not only to the fineness or thickness of the thread it will take, but also in the length of stitch desired. It is very easy to thread and is said to be superior to other popular-priced articles of its kind in that it has a longer and sharper point and that it is better finished. The price of the needle is 50 cents.

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Report on British Merchandise.

In all but a very few lines, the department store men who visited England last Spring found that better qualities or lower values can be obtained in domestic than in British merchandise. Their conclusions are made in a report issued yesterday by the National Retail Dry Goods Association, which will also furnish similar reports on store accounting, store systems and personnel education in the stores of England. As price deflation had not proceeded as far in that country as here when the store executives made their visit, a frequent comment in the merchandise report is that values could be lower. Woolen goods provided about the only item of importance on which purchases abroad were recommended, though leather goods and some linings came in for favorable consideration.

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Dress Goods Openings Not Set.

Definite information was lacking yesterday as to when leading producers of the so-called corporation dress goods would open their lines for the coming Spring season. At the recent meeting of the Jobbers' Association of Fabric Buyers in this city a resolution was passed asking that openings of these goods be deferred by the manufacturers until Oct. 15, but it was said here yesterday that no formal request to this effect has yet been made of the manufacturers by the wholesalers. Until this is done, it was intimated, serious attention to the matter cannot be given. There is believed to be some doubt, however, regarding the willingness of the mills to postpone their Spring openings that long, due to the probable derangement of operating schedules if the request were granted.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CLASSIC WAIST COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Classic Waist Company, Inc., manufacturer, 110 West Seventeenth, by three creditors: A. Schoenfeld, $975; Joseph Wiener, $570; Joseph Gross, $672. Judge Augustus N. Hand appointed Arthur V. Dalziel receiver, under $1,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $9,000 and assets about $6,000.

GUARANTEE TIRE COMPANY—Charles Bornhein, doing business as the Guarantee Tire Company, manufacturer of tires, at 833 Tinton Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $5,375 and assets of $3,181. Judge Augustus N. Hand appointed Bertha Rembaugh receiver, under $1,000 bond.

SCHWARTZ, FRIEDMAN & TUCKLER, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Schwartz, Friedman & Tuckler, Inc., jewelry, at 132 Nassau Street, by three creditors: K. and K. Importing Company, $312; R. M. Breidenbach, Inc., $10; Cross & Beguelin, Inc., $108; Charles H. Duff, $50. It is stated that the liabilities are about $2,000 and assets about $2,000.

LOUIS SCHEPER—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Louis Scheper, clothing manufacturer, at 673 Broadway, by these creditors: Minnie Odes, $50; Arthur Greenberger, $5,000; H. Johnson, $75.

SOL. WEISENBERG—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Sol Weisenberg at 853 Vernon Avenue, Brooklyn, by Barry Helmovitz, $230; William Rabinowitz, $120, and Philip Rothman, $244.22.

NOE SANTORO, retail dealer in meats and provisions, at 558 Van Nest Avenue, the Bronx, has assigned to Charles Novello.

E. J. QUIGLEY COMPANY, INC.—Judge Augustus N. Hand yesterday appointed Percival Wiles receiver for E. J. Quigley Company, Inc., haberdashery, at 25 West Thirty-third Street, under $2,000 bond.

JOFORDE, INC.—Judge Augustus N. Hand yesterday appointed Arthur V. Dalziel receiver for Joforde, Inc., gowns and hats, at 9 East Eighth Street, under $1,000 bond. It is stated that the Board of Directors of the corporation adopted a resolution requesting the former President of the company, but that she refused to recognize the action of the board and barricaded herself in the place of business, refusing admittance to other officers.

ALLIANCE HEADWEAR CO.—Judge Augustus N. Hand yesterday appointed Walter L. Bryan receiver for the Alliance Headwear Company, at 159 Mercer Street, under $500 bond.

DAVID L. FISHMAN.—Judge Julian W. Mack appointed Emanuel Rosenberg receiver for David L. Fishman, manufacturer of boys' suits, at 208-210 Wooster Street, with bond of $5,000.

HARRY HOROWITZ, baker, at 813 Trinity Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $21,126 and assets of $4,460, main items of which are stock, $2,000, and fixtures, $2,000.

THEODORE THEODORE—Judge Augustus N. Hand yesterday dismissed the petition in bankruptcy which was filed on July 9 against Theodore Theodore, delicatessen, at 2,343 Broadway.

JOHN MELHADO & SON, dry goods, at 103 Main Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 35 per cent.

COLONIAL SHOE SHOP, of 1,578 Third Avenue, yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 30 per cent.

IMMIGRANT TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, INC., of 154 Nassau Street, yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 25 per cent.

ROSENBAUM COMPANY, glove manufacturers of 321 Broadway, yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 22½ per cent.

SOLOMON SPIEGELGLASS, woolens, at 108 Ridge Street, yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 33 1-3 per cent.

BANKRUPTCY DISCHARGES—Judge Augustus N. Hand yesterday granted discharges in the following named bankrupts: Herbert Hicks, farmer, of Pawling, N. Y.; Behor Arcadia, grocer, at 56 East 119th Street; M. & S. Shoe Company, Inc., at 925 East 163d Street; Nathan F. Lindelohn of 1,900 Third Avenue; Charles Goldstein, manufacturer of dress goods, 1,606 Madison Avenue; George Brooks, treasurer of Gotham Silver Company, at 107 West Thirteenth Street, and Joseph W. Pineus, exporter and importer, at 5 Beekman Street.

Out of Town.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy against Harrison Parker, W. J. Hutchinson and John Coe, named as co-partners in the Co-operative Society of America, was filed in the United States District Court today. The petition was in behalf of three persons, claiming they had been induced to buy stock in the society and who alleged the stock was worthless.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Benjamin W. Redmand, provisions, Boston, with liabilities of $44,541 and assets $29,741.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The Union Paper Mills has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $85,899 and assets of $101,000. The Central Cafeteria Company of Chicago also has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,749 and assets of $231.

SPOKANE, Aug. 3.—A receiver was named today for the Irving Whitehouse Company, a bond brokerage house with a branch in Seattle. The company admitted its insolvency. Counsel stated the assets are between $25,000 and $30,000 and the liabilities about $100,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor:

In New York County.

Atlanasio, Vincenzo—A. Gentule.....$111.61
Argus Steel Products Corp.—N. Y. Central R. R. Co.....100.88
Same—Same.....513.85
Atlas Commerce Corp.—Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of San Francisco.....186.91
Billetti, Vincenzo—M. Stern.....120.20
Bloom, Bernard—H. M. Goldberg.....3,003.97
Barrett, Fred G.—Eastern Gas Appliance Co.....385.19
Catena, Eugene—Serber Rubber Co., Inc.....257.26
Cramer, George B.—I. C. Eberly.....1,033.55
Cummins, James D.—Craycroft Oil Co., Inc.....2,569.29
Clark, Rupert H. and Anna M. (Clark & Co. and Rupert H. Clark)—Capitol Hotel Co., Inc.....362.60
Carlisle, Mary H.—I. F. Marcosson.....524.80
Dunn, Ralph H.—F. H. Kirmayer.....625.85
Daniels, John B.—H. Rehmstedt.....992.45
Dignelli, Harry—A. Mandel et al.....100.28
Ettlinger, Samuel—A. Alberts.....165.05
Finkelstein, Isaac, Moses C. Goldberg and Manus Rosenthal—G. J. Gilbert et al.....2,032.48
Fields, Lew M.—J. Leblang.....2,669.57
Flatbush Glass Co., Inc.—M. Goldberger et al.....227.20
Frankel, Henry (H. Frankel)—L. E. Schindler Shoe Co., Inc.....342.90
Gottlieb, Nathan—Harlem Sugar Co., Inc.....129.57
Grudick, Charles—M. Lichtman.....182.91
Gold, Israel—Stabins Sales Corp.....15,662.40
Halper, Samuel—M. S. Birkhahn.....300.46
Harned, Frank D.—Pennsylvania Rubber Co. of New York, Inc.....108.45
Horsfall, William H.—F. Kleman.....1,220.91
Kletske, Joseph, Samuel Selesky and Fannie Kletzky—W. Goodman.....633.91
Kessler, Isidore—I. Broad Division Realties, Inc.....1,188.45
Lamson, Jarvis Jr.—A. G. Spalding & Bro.....104.65
Leber, Joseph and Charles (L. & H. Knitting Mills)—Fidelity Machine & Mfg. Co.....196.71
Leahy, Edward—Essex Rubber Co.....213.33
Liberty Nat'l. Bank—United States Mortgage & Trust Co.....3,559.87
Lichtman, Abraham E.—Evelyn Realty Corp.....198.41
Michen, Mathilda, or Praech—W. Reisfeld et al.....284.20
Murphy, John F.—Joseph Schwertzer, Inc.....187.50
McAllister, Elizabeth G. or Mrs. C. T.—Tiffany & Co.....277.78
Morgan, Charles—Kruskal & Kruskal, Inc.....5,706.65
Meyer, Blakeman O.—Peter Hunderson & Co., Inc.....177.90
Martin, Catherine—Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.; costs.....883.48
May, Theodore—American Foreign Banking Corp.....168.45
National Amusement Co.—M. Federman.....816.70
Pincus, John—H. Biendermann.....831.80
Palmer, Russell—M. J. Rougeron.....212.37
Purpura, Alexander R.—H. Polskin.....851.50
R. O. Douglas & Co., Inc.—Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of San Francisco.....107.61
Risech, Mary—Gimbel Bros., New York.128.02
Rudinstein, Louis A.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co.....203.79
Rosenwasser, Lee—Mark Rafalsky & Co.....258.74
Sims, James W.—Zengendal Realty Co.718.00
Vanderbilt Silk and Woolen Shop, Inc.—L. Kaplin.....2,056.59
Wittaman, Lewis Atwraft Co., Inc.—Bethlehem Fabricators, Inc.....6,466.68
Wolf, James Jr.—D. F. Rose.....226.93
Wineman, Simeon R.—Philip Strobel & Sons, Inc.....1,545.84
Whitecomb, Eleanor—S. E. Law.....300.26
Same—R. E. Johnston.....346.26

In Bronx County.

Berkowsky, Meyer—Jacobs & Tjather Co.....$238.40
Berkely, Abraham—A. Bloom.....311.20
Ballils, David—L. H. Hellman.....145.53
Cherna, Max—S. Cohen.....162.24
Chochelnick, Philip—S. Cohen.....314.28
Direik, Alex, and Nathan Klumeck—P. Lapan.....1,061.72
Entells, Isidore—Auto Brokerage Co. Inc.....509.08
Elgot, Herbert S.—Sheffield Glass Bottle Co.....2,085.70
Kleinman, Harry—L. H. Hellman.....93.92
McCarthy & Dempsey, Inc.—Union Indemnity Co.....1,082.36
Rosenblatt, Mike—I. D. Young et al.....75.44
Schoenfeld, Nathan—S. Cohen.....57.60
Wrang, Sam—J. Wishefsky.....75.28
Same—Same.....214.72
Zweibel, Benjamin—G. P. Ide & Co., Inc.....118.66

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Savior, Samuel—I. Silverman, March 8, 1921.....$482.50
Childs Co.—461 8th Av. Co., Inc., March 10, 1921.....542.53
Same—Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., March 10, 1921.....287.15
Banker, Mary and Jacob—R. Hover, July 6, 1921.....437.41
Manhattan Embroidery Co. and Arnold Stern—Plaza Music Co., Jan. 9, 1917..830.21
Laubner, Benjamin, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c., Jan. 3, 1919 (canceled).....1,000.00
Lehrman, Solomon, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—Same, Jan. 14, 1920 (canceled).....5,000.00
Childs Co.—Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., Nov. 20, 1917.....15,978.38

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 16025, all colors; tricotines, 6686 or similar; 13-ounce velours; Polyanna, copen. Stollerman-Donovan-Berkman, 1,140 Broadway.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American taupe, 0417, 0453, 16022. 53 West 34th St., Room 804. Fitzroy 4784.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 21288, 21278, black, copen; Stevens 6185, black. Vanderbilt 4686.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—0453, all colors. Watkins 3585.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 21278, copen only. Supreme, 109 West 26th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—190816, 343 Copen. Call Watkins 9007.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0417, 0453, all colors. Phone 4116 Vanderbilt, extension 6.

CANTON CREPE and Roshanara Wanted—Black and navy; large quantities; pay cash if suitable price; bring samples. Kayanee Dress Co., 30 West 26th.

COATINGS, suitings, prunella-stripe skirtings, silk linings and all kind fur trimming; can use collars by hundred lots; wanted at once; samples and best prices on all kinds. L. Bergman & Co., Phoenix Building, Portland, Ore.

COATINGS Wanted—American Woolen Co. 13518, brown, navy. Sorento-Stern-Miller Co., Longacre 5545.

COATS Wanted—Prominent jobber placing stock orders on coats of all kinds. Call with samples all week. 4th floor, 46 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall styles; call afternoons all week. 4th floor, 122 West 27th.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted—Big jobber placing large orders. 20 West 30th St., 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Ladies' fur-trimmed, cheap and better grades; jobber placing quantity orders. 12th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats. Hayman, 8 West 30th St., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing order on coats. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COTTON Goods Wanted—Clover chambrays, spot delivery, 68x72 percales. Winner Shirt Co., 416 Broadway, Canal 8284.

CREPE DE CHINE and Jersey Wanted—White only. Stuyvesant 2866.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Good quality. 1,140 Broadway, 3d floor.

CREPE ROSHANARA Wanted—For cash. Bloss, 27 West 28th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on tricotines. Call Thursday between 9:30 and 12 with samples, 16 West 30th St.; 1 flight up.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Canton crepes; must have own material. Call 29 West 35th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall models. Call with samples, 11th floor, 261 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and cloth dresses. Fourth floor, 166 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders from $7.50 to $24, silks and cloths; immediate delivery. 45 West 25th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on all materials; all week. Levy-Greenberg Co., 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade tailored dresses. Call from 9 to 12, 6th floor, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses, in all new materials. Call all week, 112 Madison Av., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders advanced styles, high-class silk dresses. 5th floor, 12 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on new models silk dresses. 9th floor, 153 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples; better make only. 3d floor, 13 East 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Fall styles of silk dresses. Fifth floor, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall dresses in all materials; call all week. 157 West 27th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for better grade silk and cloth dresses. 9th floor, 34 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Ratena, guimpes, large sizes. 1,328 Broadway, Suite 562.

DRESSES Wanted—Party and lace dresses. Call between 4-5, 10th floor, 31 East 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs; cash; better grade, for our retail store. Canal 1151.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on better grade silk dresses. Greenberg, 420 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotines, cantons, any quantity, cash. 3d floor, 13 East 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on all materials. Room 611, 26 West 22d.

DRESSES—Contractors wanted on silk dresses. Litty & McElroy, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES Wants—Jobs in odds and ends, for cash. Chelsea 1347.

BUYERS' WANTS.

DRESSES Wanted—Out-of-town jobber looking on ladies' cloth and silk popular line dresses; call Thursday and Friday. See Mr. Arter at Silber & Mansson, 107 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted—For cash, quantities; canton crepe, crepe de chine, satin, georgette, tricotine; large or small lots. Mortons, 56 West 9th.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotines and poiret twills of better kinds; jobber placing Fall orders. Call after 10:30 A. M., 535 7th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on misses' silk dresses. Call with samples, Thursday and Friday, after 10:30 A. M., Samuels, 158 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy silk and cloth dresses; high-priced merchandise only. Apply all week, see Mr. James, 1,237 Broadway, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders Fall dresses; call with samples, between 9 and 12. Horowitz & Dorfman, 35 West 26th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on silks and cloths in new styles. Call all week after four. 4th floor, rear elevator, 162 West 26th.

DRESSES, Suits Wanted—Satins, charmeuse, canton crepe, tricotines; spot cash; any quantity jobs, entire stocks. Watkins 8194.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on all kinds canton crepe, satin and tricotine. After 11 o'clock, 36 West 25th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade cantons for Fall. Call with samples, 20 West 27th, 6th floor.

FURS Wanted—Regular and job, collars, cuffs, in moufions, browa, coneys, Australian and black opossum; quantity no object. 128 West 29th, 3d floor.

FURS Wanted—Raccoons, Australian, beaverette, black opossum and ringtails; large quantity for cash; call for patterns. Barnet Mirken, 19 West 24th.

FURS Wanted—Collars, cuffs, raccoons, Australian and black opossum, coney, also jobs. Abraham Katz, 22 West 21st.

FURS Wanted—Long coats, Hudson seal, near seal, raccoons; will pay cash at a price. W 67 Times.

FURS Wanted—Korean fox and flying squirrel; pay cash; can use quantities. Zukerman & Hoffman, 152 West 24th.

FURS Wanted—Collars, cuffs, Australian black opossum. Bross Brothers, 16 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—Squirrel, beaver, Australian opossum collars. 4th floor, 35 West 26th.

FUR TRIMMING Wanted—Raccoon. Wilson Mfg. Co., 333 7th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted, 2x2, heavy quality; Fall shades, at a price. Greenfield, 16 West 33d St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2; spot cash; all colors. Ralph Cohen Silks Co., 30 East 20th St.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted—Open to buy for spot cash large quantities of all-wool jerseys and serges. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th.

LININGS Wanted—Smoliered imitation venetian and sateen. H. Drusin, 137 West 25th.

MARVELLA, Orlando, Mousseline, Geronas, Panvelaine, Pollyanna Wanted—All shades; cash. Madison Square 7974.

MOKATEX Wanted—Forstman-Huffman, navy, black and brown. Bernstein-Baum-Da Costa, 38 West 32d.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—Will pay cash for quantity in navy, black, brown and Sorrento. Rothbaum & Dworetsky, 9 West 20th, Chelsea 9716.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—F. & H., colors brown, malaay, deer, sorrento, volnay, navy, black; all quantities; will pay cash, right price. Joseph Engel Co., 184 West 27th.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—Brown, navy and black; highest price paid. Pennsylvania 8424.

MOUSSYNES Wanted—Veldynes, Orlandos, silk Marvias, Panvelaines, all shades, spot cash. Longacre 7985.

MOUSSYNE, Marvella, Pollyanna Wanted—13516, 13620, 13911, 0417, 16025, 1263. Stuyvesant 8459.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—F. & H.; all colors except silver, 229 West 36th.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—Black Duvet de Laine, Sorrento, Watkins 9054.

MOUSSYNE Wanted—Navy, malay, tortoise shell; pay cash. Fitzroy 4416.

MOUSYNE Wanted—Navy only; will pay cash. Blogg & Littauer, 161 West 26th.

NETS Wanted—Open for quantity white, 30 hole. Hub Waist Co., 131 Spring.

NORMANDY Wanted—American; 0417, 0453, brown only. Longacre 8646.

PANVELAINE Wanted—F. and H., all colors. H. Weitzer, Longacre 8363.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco, Hudson seal and sealskin fur; quantity for cash. Lubow, Hanger & Cohen, 153 West 15th. Chelsea 6388.

PLUSH Wanted—All makes and quantities. Philip Schlansky & Co., 153 West 19th. Chelsea 3883.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco and Peerless. Tannen & Kaplow, 146 West 25th.

PLUSHES Wanted—Salt's, Peco. Telephone Pennsylvania 1961, Extension 1.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Large quantity. Max Levine & Co., 143 West 30th.

POLO Wanted—Curry's 14-25, or similar; also velours. Stuy. 2484.

POLOS Wanted—Delands 1920 tan and reindeer; cash. Longacre 4864.

POLLYANNA AND ERMINE Wanted—Holden & Leonard's, black, navy and brown. Louis Weinberg, 457 4th Av. Madison Square 4593.

POLLYANNA Wanted—All shades. Mendelson & Sussman, Fitzroy 5611.

POIRETS and Twill Cords Wanted — Lorraine 3666, American Woolen Company's 09111, Firbrook, Trimmer Inc., 1084.

ROSHANARA CREPE Wanted—Wool and cotton mixtures, quantity, at a price. Shapero, Lewis & Co., 180 Madison Av.

ROSHANARA Wanted—Satin faced. Irving Katz, 11 East 26th.

SATINS Wanted, all shades, cotton back 40 inch. Max Hyman & Co., 15 Washington Place.

SERGES Wanted—CS, FSG, WF, XX, DRN, OT, PSL, MSL, 3607, PFS, FSN, CSG. Telephone mornings, Franklin 1784, or 6065.

SERGES Wanted—7301, SBGL, cream, DRW, brown; cash. Mad. Square 5872.

SERGES Wanted—47, 7303, 7120; cash. R. & K., 223 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—WSG, PFS, SBGL, CFS, 7512, 6301, all colors. Watkins 8133.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity satins, messalines, crepe meteors, satin Duchess, canton crepe, black and colors, for spot cash; price. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2672.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash for any kind, quality or quantity. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Printed satin de chine. Abraham Katz, 22 West 21st.

SILVERTON or Goldtone Wanted—Brown and navy, 30-inch; must be cheap. Louis Rosenheim & Co., Chelsea 5494.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Lightweight reindeer. Flaster & Bieler, 150 West 22d.

SUEDINES Wanted—Dark brown. Chelsea 9709.

SUITINGS Wanted, all shades, fancy cashmeres. Max Hymkn & Co., 15 Washington Place.

SUITS Wanted—Tricotine suits. 12th floor, 8 East 27th.

SWEATERS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on novelty Fall sweaters. 11th floor, 5 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES, Poiret Twills, Serges and Plaids Wanted. Prudential, 35 East 20th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Any quantity. Harry Wadler, 11 East 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—At a price. Madison Square 2656.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Harry H. Desmonde, 1,160 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American 0451, and similar makes. 3d floor, 36 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13011 or similar; cash. Fitz Roy 0432. Livingston-Gordon-Silverstein, 119 West 23d.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13516, 1820 and 13120, all shades. Gilbert & Rosenblatt, Longacre 5556.

VELOURS Wanted—13518, 18520, brown, copen. William Bernstein, 114 West 26th. Watkins 2832.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavyweight quality; call with samples. Weinreb & Horowitz, 1,140 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13110 black, 13520 brown, 21278-284 copen. Watkins 2616.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13516, 13520, 13120, 21254. Dave Rosengarten, 144 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13516 and 13518, all shades. Call Stuyvesant 5502.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13516, navy only. Watkins 6264.

VELOURS Wanted—13518-13520, brown and copen. Watkins 2170.

VELOURS Wanted—Wyandotte 600, all colors, cash. Theodore Weiss, 35 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—13520, 13120, 13518, browns, 284; quantity. Chelsea 6018.

VELOURS Wanted—13911, navy only. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th St.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13516, all shades, cash. Chelsea 5163.

VELOUR Wanted—13520, 282, 284; cash. Lipshits Bros., 40 West 17th.

VELOUR Wanted—American 13911, all shades. Phone 3620 Pennsylvania.

VELOURS Wanted—Will exchange Stoney & Starkey 81 navy for brown. Chelsea 9585.

VELOURS Wanted—13911, 13110, navy, copen. Call Fitzroy 3580.

VELOUR Wanted—Pay cash; 13911, 13110, Navy, Copen. Vanderbilt 4684-1385.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG—Plain and stripe gray flannels; also plaid and checked ginghams. Chelsea 178, M. Berger Co.

APRONS—Jobs bungalow aprons, $6 and $6.75 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

BAGS—Boston bags, genuine split cowhide, $10-$12.50 dozen. A. M. Simon & Co., 465 Broadway. 3686 Canal.

BELTS, ladies', for cloak, suit and dress trade. S. & L. Belt Co., 105 Wooster St.

BOLIVIAS and VELOURS—American and better makes; also polos and tricotines, $1.90. Atlas Textile, 27 West 27th. Chelsea 6186.

BOLIVIA, TRICOTINES—American 66120, 0417, 21278, Yalama 112, 10, Peco. Stuyvesant 8456.

BOLIVIA—Rick's 858, American 13415, 18116 and better makes. Abramson Bros., 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 8154.

BOLIVIAS, Haitian 911, Sorrento polos, Lawrence, plaid polos, Fisher-Kennedy tweeds, yalamas. Madison Square 1353.

BOLIVIAS, VELOURS—21278, 1363, 925, 16021, 4314, 5035, 551. Meirowitz, Madison 6178.

BOLIVIA—Gera, 50560; also 50562; all colors. Watkins 4177.

BOLIVIA—Buckley and Cohen Uma in brown. Watkins 0688.

BOLIVIA—Deland 5000 and 5001, all shades, for sale. Rosing & Cohen, 1,333 Broadway.

BOLIVIA—American 21278, others; also 112 broadcloth. Warren Woolen, 41 West 25th.

BOLIVIA, American, 0453, 0417; Stevens, 6173, 9185. Gomery, 4242.

BOLIVIA—American, all numbers, at low price. Victory Woolen Co., Longacre 6205.

BOLIVIA—0417, 21278, 16025, 13413; all shades. Chelsea 7689.

BROADCLOTH—Julliard's 110 and American 112. Henry Samson, Spring 2716.

BROADCLOTH—110 Julliard, 7022 Stevens, all colors. Stuyvesant 1404.

BOLIVIAS—0417, 1263, 16025, 16021, 11005, 21283. Chelsea 4507.

CANTON CREPE—Eagle 96, black and navy, for sale. Chelsea 440.

COATS—Plush, fur-trimmed, $10.50 and up; smashing values; cloth coats, $10.75 and up; the market's best buy; come up. Cohan & Whellan, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Infants', children's, girls', fine broadcloth and other materials, good styles, big bargains for quantity buyers. Bender, 119 West 25th.

COATS—Bolivia, all satin lined, beaverette color, $14.75; other good values; immediate delivery. Horowitz Bros., 122 West 26th.

COATS—Wonderful styles; cloth, plush; better grade; surprisingly low prices; saving 15 per cent. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS—Jobs in ladies' and juniors' plush and cloth Fall coats. 37 West 17th, 1st floor.

COATS—Jersey sport, plain worsted, on racks at sale price. Katz & Co., 451 East 58th St. Telephone Rhinelander 7189.

COATS—Infants', intermediate and children's coats; best prices in the market. New York Girl Coat Co., 12 West 31st St.

COATS—Closing out, Fall assortment children's sizes, 2 to 6 years, large sample line ladies' coats. Nivel, 114 West 28th.

COATS—Snappy infants' coats of the better make at rock-bottom prices of the season. Bernhard's Coat House, 177 West 26th.

COATS—Closing out balance Spring coats, including jerseys. Cohen-Edelman, 1,238 Broadway.

COATS—High grade fur trimmed plush coats, for immediate delivery; reasonable prices. Uith Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS—Infants', girls' and flappers' better make at popular prices. Scharf, Hirson & Shapiro, 55 West 26th.

COATS—Suits, velours, Polos, Bolivias and other leading materials, $6.75 up. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS — Plush, cloth; exceptional good values as we know conditions. Hutner, 48 West 26th.

COATS—Big job ladies' and children's Fall coats; sacrifice prices. 144 West 27th, 4th floor.

COATS, SUITS—Leaders, pole coats, $14.75; tricotine suits, $14.75. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—Infants', children's ladies'; popular

Wholesale Only.

One of the values that make the Goldwater show room a good place to visit.

See the coats themselves, and you will recognize that the quality is as high as the styles are smart.

H. GOLDWATER & COMPANY
Manufact'rs of American Girl Coats
40-46 West 25th St., N. Y.

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Spray Mark

Factors of Success

Charm, youth, originality—and the greatest of these is originality.

Upon the conspicuous distinction of their designing has been founded the present ascendency of Spray Mark Suits and Coats.

SPRAYREGEN & MARKS
Garment Center Capital
500 Seventh Ave., New York

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WOOL JERSEY OVER-BLOUSES AND DRESSES

The "different" kind. Each with a distinct style value. Tailored or embroidered.
Moderately Priced

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Manufacturing Co.
28 west 27th STREET
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"The House of Extraordinary Values"
Jacob Bernstein
24 West 25th St
MAKER OF
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LADIES MISSES and STOUTS
At Popular Prices
Every Garment Manufactured On the premises

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Girls DRESSES Juniors
Serges—Silks—Velvets
Special French Serge, 6-14, $5.75 to $6.75
MAY-BURR DRESS CO.
13 West 28th St.—Mad. Sq. 1304

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; Miss M. Miller, art needlework; 353 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fisher).

ALBANY, N. Y.—Hafmayer D. G. Co.; M. Bluethe, dress, wash goods; 49 Leonard, Room 104.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—I. Taylor & Co.; R. M. Rauch, dress goods, linings; Miss S. Schaffer, women's neckwear, buttons; Martinique.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Kline Bros.; Miss E. Neel, lingerie; Miss E. Nixon, suits; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

ANNISTON, Ala.—Malone-Woodruff Co.; Miss E. Howden, cloaks, suits, furs; J. W. Malone, index mgr.; Mrs. H. O. Tally, dresses, waists, blouses; St. Andrew.

ATHENS, Ga.—Michael Bros.; M. Hileman, hdkfs., neckwear; 335 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Elon, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Brothers Co.; Miss L. Frey, women's neckwear, vellings; Miss M. Swearer, white goods, embroideries; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fisher, Inc.)

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. H. Reed, rugs, carpets, linoleums, draperies; 16 W. 30th.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; B. R. Reid, dress goods; 354 4th Av.; Brestell.

BALTIMORE—J. Mayer & Sons; J. Mayer, women's suitings; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn Co.; W. Kohn, laces, neckwear, vellings, handkerchiefs; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins); McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Eleanor Dress Co.; L. Rudolph, jean silk dresses; 1,225 B'way, Room 610; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; H. Miller, prints, ginghams, remnants; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. H. Reed, carpets, rugs, upholstery, draperies, floor coverings; 16 W. 30th, McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—The Hub; M. H. Goodman, men's, boys' clothing; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

BALTIMORE—Hecht Bros. Co.; Miss E. Williams, corsets; F. S. Deutsch, women's furnishings; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann), McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Goldenberg, coats, suits, waists, furs; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Henry Wessel Co.; L. Wessel, men's furnishings, gloves; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE — Kramer & Sauber; L. Kramer, plain, fancy voiles; 1,162 Broadway, Room 504, McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Minch & Eisenberg Co.; H. W. Chambers, carpets, furniture; McAlpin.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—Toeller Grant Co.; Mr. Van Gils, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av. (Jay & Co.).

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. Kane, knit underwear; 6 W. 32d (Mdse. Reporting Co.)

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss C. Kane, dresses; Miss M. Hutchins, silk, cloth dresses (moderate price); 10 E. 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; upstairs, Miss G. A. Galbriath, braids; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; W. A. Edwards, millinery; Miss A. W. Telfer, art embroidery; T. C. Chapman, furs, Hudson seal coats; 1,164 Broadway, 26 floor.

BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; upstairs, A. S. Miller, men's bathing suits, men's hosiery, underwear; Mr. Goldie, merchandise representative; Miss Stack, coats and suits; Miss Joyce, negligees, kimonos; basement, Mr. Ring, women's and misses' dresses; bargain annex, Mr. Galusboro, men's clothing; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Jays; J. Abrams, dresses, suits, coats, skirts, blouses; Ambassador.

BOSTON—A. Rosenstock & Co.; P. Rodgers, house furnishings, draperies, floor coverings; McAlpin.

BOSTON—M. Miller & Sons; H. Miller, silks; Breslin.

BOSTON—Thresher Bros.; H. D. Wiley, silks, velvets; Latham.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—S. Pushin & Bro.; J. Long, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 1,170 B'way, Room 400.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; H. Sheehan, representing; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. F. Bartlett, cloaks, suits, dresses; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—La Mode Hat Shop; Mrs. A. Cohen, millinery; Waldorf-Astoria.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—Louis Cohen & Co.; P. Shatz, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d (I. D. Rothschild).

CHICAGO—The Fair; J. S. Dailey, mdse. manager; Miss M. B. Clafford, petticoats, bathrobes, corduroy robes, flannelette night gowns, quilted jackets; W. H. Lawrie, ready-to-wear; F. W. Knoepfel, sporting goods, sweaters; C. S. Maginnis, leather goods, house furnishings, &c.; V. P. Wagner, millinery; S. J. Roehl, gloves, handkerchiefs, drug sundries, ivory goods, embroideries, laces; H. A. Levy, basement ready-to-wear; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; T. Busse, white goods; R. E. Doonan, mdse. mgr.; T. S. Lewis, representing; 1,107 B'way, 34 floor.

CHICAGO—Spalding Cloak Co.; R. S. Fink, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—S. P. Platt, furs, fur coats; 1,182 B'way, Room 401.

CHICAGO—Grossman Bros.; A. Grossman, better silk dresses; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

CHICAGO—L. Levitan, jobs marmot, raccoon coats; 1,182 Broadway.

CHICAGO—J. Watte Co.; J. E. Watte, bathing suits; Penn.

CHICAGO—J. P. Friend; J. P. Friend, Fall dresses; 1,261 Broadway (S. Solomon).

CHICAGO—H. Friend; B. Fink, waists, skirts, suits, coats; 370 7th Av., Room 211.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—J. Shillito Co.; W. D. Clark, dress goods, silks, velvets; 232 4th Av.; Gregorian.

CINCINNATI—Eckert's Co.; J. Eckert, L. F. Eckert, dry goods, furn. goods; Latham.

CINCINNATI—Adler Stores; M. Block, silk dresses; 1,170 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; Miss L. Skeels, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

CLEVELAND—Stearns Co.; Miss Carney, children's coats; 38 W. 32d (H. Landres & Bro.).

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son Co.; Miss M. A. Walsh, sweaters; 225 5th Av., Room 823.

CLEVELAND—W. Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. P. Keys, misses' wear; 225 5th Av., Room 819.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.; E. D. Stauffer, toys; 37 W. 20th, 8th floor.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; Mrs. M. M. Kantetter, skirts; Pennsylvania.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss McClemmonds; bathrobes, corduroys, petticoats, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n.).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Robert's Cloak House; H. L. Roberts, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

COLUMBUS—Fashion Co.; Miss G. Doyle, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

COLUMBUS—A. Dobbie; T. G. McGannon, dress goods, silks, velvets; Breslin.

CORNING, N. Y.—Cain-Bernhoft, Inc.; P. Cain, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fallows Buying Corp.).

CORTLAND, N. Y.—Beaudry-Allen Co.; J. L. Beaudry, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

CUMBERLAND, Md.—Mrs. L. Lazarus, millinery; Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—Berwald Bros.; N. Berwald, jobs cheap silk dresses; 3 W 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Miss R. E. Cross, pictures, art needlework, art goods; 35 W. 39th (P. A. Shank).

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; Miss S. Black, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; 200 5th Av., 8th floor.

GREENVILLE, Mass.—Levis, Inc.; T. Levi, cotton guimpe dresses; 117 W. 32d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Livingston, D. M. Landes, ladies' suits, cloth coats; 7 W 22d.

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; J. Chesick, fancy goods, art needlework; 120 W. 32d (A. Fabiti).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen Co.; Mrs. Danforth, corsets; R. New, coats; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; H. P. Bartlett, suits; Mr. Patten, jobs men's 1 and 2 pants suits; Miss L. O. Ralston, suits; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

DETROIT—The J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Sheffield, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio—Moyer Bros. Co.; H. Moyer, cotton guimpe dresses; 117 W. 32d (Hoffman & Harthiay).

FORT WORTH, Texas—The Style Shop; Mrs. E. S. Banner, blouses; 220 5th Av. (Joseph Heilbron).

DENVER, Col.—Rouler Costume Co.; G. C. Sauter, high-class tricotine, Fall, silk dresses; 1,261 Broadway (S. Solomon).

DES MOINES, Ia.—L. Crandall & Sons; L. Crandall, piece goods, furnishings, children's wear; 1,150 Broadway (Baer & Lilienthal).

DES MOINES, Iowa—Wilkins Bros. Co.; E. J. Wilkins, mgr., draperies; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Barskin's; A. Barskin, coats, suits; 1,164 B'way; Latham.

KANSAS CITY—J. Taylor D. G. Co.; G. Walker, white goods; 320 5th Av. (J. C. Wilde).

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Donnally Garment Co.; Mrs. Ned Donnally, Mrs. D. D. Mackey, special goods; Pennsylvania.

KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak and Suit Co.; C. Dennedy, squirrel coats; 404 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Bair & Wilmer; Miss M. E. Grube, dresses, waists, petticoats, hosiery, underwear; Martinique.

LAREDO, Texas—Ed Cruz, dry goods; 1,170 B'way, Room 700 (S. Meyer).

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Lexington D. G. Co.; S. Wise, Fall children's jersey dresses; 119 W. 28th (Crakow).

LONG BEACH, Cal.—The Wall Co.; R. L. Wall, petticoats, sweaters, knit goods, silk piece goods, worsteds, women's neckwear, ribbons; Pennsylvania.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—K. B. Blackstone Co.; Mrs. A. M. Gillingham, kimonos, infants' wear house dresses, corsets, brassieres; 225 5th Av. (I. S. Parian).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; W. J. Mitchell, housefurnishings, china, toys, &c.; 16 W. 29th.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand Co.; F. D. Martin, white goods, linens, wash goods, domestics; 404 4th Av.

MERIDEN, Miss.—Winner-Klein Co.; A. A. Stuckley, men's furn. goods; 180 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

MIAMI, Fla.—Fein's; J. Fein, jobs silk underwear, cotton dresses; 235 5th Av. (Thos. Moffa).

MILWAUKEE—Field's Inc.; R. F. Schleicher, silk dresses; S. T. Gans, muskrat, Hudson seal coats; 1,140 B'way, Room 604.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—E. Schuster & Co.; Miss A. Wetzel, coats; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Merc. Co.; M. Bender, men's, women's, children's shoes; 16 W. 30th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The Dayton Co.; Mrs. E. Levy, corsets, brassieres; F. H. West, basement silks, dress goods; Mrs. Castle, basement waists, petticoats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Patton-Anderson, Inc.; A. B. Patton, Treas., general merchandise; 1,170 B'way (F. W. Minnick).

MINNEAPOLIS—Field's, Inc.; S. T. Gans, silk dresses, muskrat, Hudson seal coats; 1,140 B'way, Room 604.

NASHVILLE—Maurice Wise Co.; M. H. Wise, ready-to-wear, millinery; Miss Ollie Wise, millinery; 212 5th Av. (H. Levy & Bro.).

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—The Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; Mrs. Hillock, representing; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble-Desmond Co.; W. G. Turner, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoades & Swarts Co.; O. Pohlig, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. W. Bussey, men's furnishings, wash goods; 404 4th Av.

OSHKOSH, Wis.—Newman's, Inc.; V. Jacobs, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

PENSACOLA, Fla.—Alex Friedman; A. Friedman, ready-to-wear shop; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

PHILADELPHIA — Blauner's; I. Blauner, jobs bungalow aprons; Mrs. A. Criscola, Fall dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg; M. Cohen, umbrellas, canes; 1,261 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—J. F. Dittman & Co.; J. F. Dittman, dress, wash goods; 2 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Stetson Shirt Co.; H. Greenberg, shirtings; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Gordon & Noble; J. Gordon, beiligees materials; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Reliance Skirt Co.; J. Kramer, skirtings; Penn.

PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; A. Lichtenstein, yarns; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Sachs Bros.; S. Sachs, women's suitings; Penn.

PHILADELPHIA—A. L. Samuels Co.; H. Samuels, petticoat materials; Penn.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; R. S. Williams, pictures, mirrors; 220 5th Av., Room 404.

PHILADELPHIA — Stewart's; Miss B. Koenig, bungalow aprons; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss T. Stecklair, jobs infants' wear; 1,261 B'way, Room 1000.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Harman & Sons; W. Herman, petticoats; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Myers, Ratner, Jaffee & Co.; Mr. Myers, sweaters; 3 W. 29th, Room 908.

PITTSBURGH — Lewin-Nieman Co.; Miss Cohen, H. Koch, jobs cotton waists, sweaters; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; H. Lewin, trimmed ready-to-wear Fall hats; Miss C. Meiles, Fall dresses; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; E. F. McDermott, hosiery, jewelry; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; C. T. Parsons, talking machines; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; H. Liebes, women's, misses' Fall suits; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; N. Davis, waists; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl, Inc.; Miss K. Sullivan, women's shirt waists; 1,140 B'way (G. Sloan).

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. M. Garson, boys' clothing; M. Herskowitz, draperies, curtains; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Max Azen; M. Azen, furs, fur coats; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Anderson Bros. Co.; Mr. Anderson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av. (Jay & Co.).

POTTSVILLE, Pa.—Tuckerman's; N. Tuckerman, better silk waists; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

READING, Pa.—Lousol's; Mrs. J. Solo, children's, girls' dresses; McAlpin.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads Co.; W. Didenhever, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; F. H. Jones, pictures; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—J. Kopf & Son; M. Kopf, clothing materials; McAlpin.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; Miss B. Sallerson, underwear, negligees; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy Powers Co.; W. B. Stewart, piece goods basement; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; Mr. Riordan, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; R. McKim, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAN FRANCISCO—E. E. Walley, furs; Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss J. Jackson, jewelry, silverware, clocks; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAVANNAH—L. Jacobson; Mrs. L. Jacobson, infants' wear, art embroideries, notions; Imperial.

SHREVEPORT, La.—I. J. Shafarman; I. J. Shafarman, blouses; 220 5th Av. (Joseph Heilbron).

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davison Bros. Co.; J. A. Hughes, women's furnishings; S. R. Alexander, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; H. H. Shank, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Reps L. G. Co.; Miss Cochrin, millinery; 1,164 B'way (Fallows Buying Corp.).

SPRINGFIELD, Tenn.—Dulin, Glenn & Co.; N. Glenn, general mdse.; 106 Grand (Jay Co.).

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Wheeler & Motter Merc. Co.; H. W. Walker, underwear; 43 Leonard, Room 603.

ST. LOUIS—Scrugge-Vanderveort-Barney D. G. Co.; E. J. Martens, upholstery, draperies; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Merc. Co.; Miss E. J. McCrane, toilet articles, stationery; Martinique.

SUMTER, S. C.—Denmark Co.; J. Denmark, fur coats, wraps; Grand.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—A. Herz; Miss M. M. Henry, books, leather goods, stationery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; P. S. Hammer, colored wash goods, woolen dress goods, linings, silks; F. A. Gerdes, domestics, white goods, linens, beddings; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

UNION CITY, Tenn.—Childs' Specialty House; Mrs. W. B. Scates, piece goods; 47 W. 34th, Room 821.

UNION CITY, Tenn.—Child's Specialty House; Mrs. W. B. Scates, cotton piece goods, cutter fold; 47 W. 34th, Room 821.

VICKSBURG, Miss.—A. Rose & Co.; D. Laudenheimer, notions, fancy goods; 48 Leonard, Room 310.

WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; A. Fishgall, housefurnishings; 19 E. 24th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Hecht Co.; Miss L. Langenkamp, jobs coats, dresses; P. Strauss, boys' clothing, furnishings; 115 W. 30th (Weil & Hartmann).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; R. D. Mensie, mdse. manager; 432 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal; F. Shleids, cotton piece goods; 37 W. 28th (B. F. Levis).

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons Co.; Miss A. M. Hagan, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; I. Jones, piece goods, silks, wash goods; I. Williams, domestics, linens; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—J. Bergman; J. Bergman, cotton guimpe dresses; 117 W. 32d (Hoffman & Harthiay).

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Forecast:

Illinois—Fair Thursday, probably Friday; warmer Thursday, in south Friday.

Missouri, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska—Fair Thursday, probably Friday; warmer Thursday.

Minnesota—Fair Thursday, probably Friday; somewhat warmer in east and south Thursday.

North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Montana—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Wyoming—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

North Carolina—Local thunder showers and cooler Thursday; Friday fair.

South Carolina and Georgia—Local thunder showers Thursday; Friday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Florida—Local thunder showers Thursday and Friday.

Extreme Northwest Florida—Local thunder showers Thursday and probably Friday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy Thursday, with local thunder showers in south; Friday generally fair, except probably showers near coast; little change in temperature.

Tennessee—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday.

Kentucky—Fair Thursday and Friday, with slowly rising temperature.

Ohio, Lower Michigan and Indiana—Fair Thursday and Friday; somewhat warmer Friday.

Upper Michigan—Fair and somewhat warmer Thursday; Friday unsettled, probably showers.

Wholesale Only.

AMERICA'S LARGEST MANUFACTURERS.

GIRLS' COATS

CHILDREN'S FLAPPERS

WITH AN ESTABLISHED REPUTATION OF THE BEST AT THE LOWEST PRICES

REISMAN, ROTHMAN & BIEBER

1372-1382 BROADWAY AT 37TH ST., N. Y.

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Semi-Annual Manufacturers Women's Wear EXHIBIT

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CHILDRENS

MISSES and LADIES WEAR

ALL UNDER ONE ROOF

IN THE GRAND BALL ROOM

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA

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1133 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Only

STOUT DRESSES

These Stout Dresses are favorites of fashion in style and fabrics. $8.75 to $37.50.

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129-133 West 27th St. New York City.

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GOLDBERG BROTHERS

OFFER A PHENOMENAL BAG VALUE

Hand Tooled Leather; Fitted with 5 Fittings; Box Style.

$1.00 Retailer

Ladies' Hand BAGS

Also a Complete Line of $1.00 Retailers That Are Sales Makers for Your Bag Dept.

Goldberg Bros GOOD BAGS

"The House of Better Values"

38-40-42-44 West 21st St. N.Y.C.

Wholesale Only.

GO TO GOTHAM
The Sweater Capitol

It's an old proverb—but true:

"Go where the crowd goes"

Our immense stock for Fall is the Mecca for many buyers. Everything you want in sweaters. Any style, shade or material is here.

Come and see for yourself.

Immediate Delivery.

CLEARING SUMMER STOCK REGARDLESS OF PRICE

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Serge Velvetine Corduroy Silk, Net Organdie and Voile DRESSES

Sizes up to 14 Year

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In All Colors
At Closing Out Prices
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CHILDREN'S BATH ROBES
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$4.50 TO $12 PER DOZEN.

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Women's & Misses' Coats of all Kinds
FUR TRIMMED SPORT COATS
MOTOR—STREET AND RAINWEAR

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WELLINGTON WOOLEN CO.
TRICOTINES, POIRET TWILLS.
$1.62½ UP.
40 EAST 34TH ST. 6TH FLR.

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CANTON CREPE
CREPE BACK SATIN,
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DRESSES

On the Racks for Quick Action

To Retail At $25 25 Styles

NOW IS THE TIME

Get the Sale business in your City with these Rapid Fire Sale dresses.

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SUITS $10.75 to $25.00
SERGES—VELOURS
TRICOTINES
Silk lined, embroidered and fur trimmed. All well tailored.

COATS $8.75 to $35.00
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NORMANDIES—BOLIVIAS
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ENORMOUS VARIETY OF ATTRACTIVE MODELS.

TUXEDO CLOAK CO. INC.
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OUR FALL LINE PRICED TO BEAT ALL COMPETITION.
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Newest Creation From Paris

TAILORED BLOUSE FROCKS

The leading merchants of Fifth Avenue and out of town have adopted these creations.

See them at once—be the first in your locality to feature this blouse. The demand is enormous.

JACOBS-WECHSLER, INC.
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ANNOUNCE THEIR REMOVAL TO THE GARMENT CENTER CAPITOL
500 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
ENTRANCE ON 38TH STREET
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Founded 1876
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We offer, subject to prior sale and change in price:

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IN addition to the very attractive yield, these bonds have a feature by which holders will participate in the Company's future earnings.

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Due August 15, 1926

To Yield 6¼%

Blodget & Co.
34 Pine St.
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New Issue

UNITED STATES TREASURY CERTIFICATES

5¼% Certificates Due March 15, 1922
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Bought—Sold—Quoted

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FINANCIAL MARKETS.

Advance and Reaction on Stock Exchange—Money Market Continues Easy.

Although the money market remained in a distinctly easy condition yesterday, prices on the stock market, as a rule, went fractionally lower. The decline did not occur until after another substantial advance of both railways and industrials. The later reaction was clearly enough a result of profit-taking sales by professional speculators who bought stocks a week or more ago and who were now disposed to test the staying power of the market.

The bond market as a whole was somewhat more irregular than of late, but United States Victory 4¾ per cents, of 1923 went above the previous highest price of 1921, reaching a price not touched since the middle of January, 1920. The early cotton market resumed the advance which was interrupted by yesterday's skepticism over the Government crop estimate of Monday. It is not without interest to observe that each successive recovery in that market should be followed by reports of "Southern selling." The South, with its mass of unsold cotton and its long list of unpaid debts, is necessarily a seller at each inviting opportunity; the real question of the cotton market is, how readily and how rapidly its sales will be absorbed by purchasers who see ahead of them a possible readjustment of actual supplies and trade demand.

Yesterday's report of the country's iron production in July emphasizes in a rather extraordinary way the condition of that industry. The output as compiled by The Iron Age shows decrease of no less than 20 per cent. as compared with June; it was lower by 64 per cent. even than in January, and nearly 74 per cent. below October, the best month of last Autumn. Such a fall in the rate of production during so short a period is quite unprecedented; the immediate after-war reaction brought the iron output of May, 1919, only 40 per cent. below the September maximum of 1918 and the "war panic" cut it down only 35½ per cent. from the highest monthly record of 1914, that of March, to the worst of the period in the following December. The Iron Age points out that last month's iron production is actually the smallest since December of 1903—which was itself a month of profound depression in the steel trade.

This dismal showing will not greatly surprise people who had watched the course of last month's steel trade. Except for peremptory requirements, home business has been in almost complete abeyance pending the universally expected further reduction of prices, while foreign business, which in a good year makes up 15 per cent. of the largest steel producer's trade, has been pretty nearly paralyzed. In the old days of the Carnegie régime, the policy used to be pursued of lowering prices rapidly until the buyer was attracted back. Whether that would meet the necessities of the present occasion, with foreign trade in its present disorganized condition, is at least debatable. Nevertheless, the facts remain that the steel trade was very late in accepting the inevitable readjustment of its market and is therefore correspondingly delayed in finding a solid footing on which producer and consumer can come together. So far as the July iron-trade figures bear on the question of recovery in industry at large, the old-time "trade barometer" certainly would not seem to indicate any robust revival for this coming Autumn. But experience shows that its prophecy does not cover a very much longer period.

The first of the August compilations of average commodity prices, that of Dun's Review, calculates an advance of 3¼ per cent. during July, making that the first month since April of last year in which the average has not gone lower. Even with the increase reckoned for July, the general average by this calculation shows a decline of 37¾ per cent. from the highest monthly record of 1914, that of March, to the worst of the period in the following December. May 1, 1920, and indicates that present prices are only 35½ per cent. above August, 1914.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

Call money on the stock Exchange was quoted all day at 5½ per cent. this rate covering both new loans and renewals. The Government withdrawals from the local depositories announced for Thursday were a factor in the firmness of the market. Time money was quoted at 5¼@6 per cent., but most of the business was at the higher figure, especially where the maturity was beyond ninety days, the concession in favor of the latter period amounting to a quarter of 1 per cent. Commercial paper was quoted at 6@6¼ per cent., but business was more restricted, the firmer tone of call money lessening the inquiry.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Final.
	5½	5½	5½	5½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@6
4, 5 and 6 months.....5¼@6
All industrial collateral, 60 to 90 days.5¼@6
4, 5 and 6 months.....5¼@6

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....6 @6¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....6¼

Discount Rates Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 5½; 16 to 90 days.....5½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 5½; 16 to 90 days....5½

Open Market Rates.

Call loans against acceptances.....5
Prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	5¼	5
60 days	5¼	5
90 days	5¼	5
4 months	5¼	5¼
6 months	5¼	5¼

Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days.....5¾ 5¾

London Market.

Money on the London market was up ¼ at 2¾ per cent.; short bills were unchanged at 4½ per cent.; three months bills unchanged at 4¾ per cent.

Gold bullion on the London market unchanged at 115s 5d. Taking the British Mint's standard price of 84 shillings per fine ounce as par, the market quotation would represent a price of 133 1-3 for gold at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold this year was 126¾, on Jan. 3; the highest of the period 149¾, on Feb. 6, 1920.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $668,600,000; balance, $90,600,000. Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $446,200,000; clearings this day a year ago, $736,597,244.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London off ¼d at 38¾d. New York price for domestic bar silver unchanged at 99¼ cents per ounce, the Mint price; "foreign" silver off ¼c at 61c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the present year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	42¼d Jan. 3	30¾d Mar. 5
New York	68c Jan. 3	53½c Mar. 9

Range for the year 1920:

London	89¼d Feb. 11	35¾d Dec. 10
New York	$1.37 Jan. 22	59½c Dec. 10

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	58.09	55.21	56.31	— .84
25 industrials	74.66	73.16	73.62	— .31
50 stocks	66.37	64.18	64.46	— .43

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 2	65.10	64.08	64.89	+ .08
Aug. 1	64.61	63.82	64.21	+ .45
July 30	63.87	63.33	63.76	+ .42
July 29	64.03	62.80	63.34	— .08
July 28	64.56	62.96	63.42	— .44
July 27	64.51	63.32	63.86	+ .06
July 26	64.54	63.62	63.80	— .51

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

August.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1921.	65.37	Aug. 3	63.82	Aug. 1	64.46
1920.	81.14	Aug. 2	75.04	Aug. 9	76.58
1919.	80.46	Aug. 1	79.63	Aug. 21	85.95
1918.	74.20	Aug. 26	71.13	Aug. 1	73.41
1917.	82.07	Aug. 6	74.40	Aug. 31	75.17

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1921.	78.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	64.46
†1920.	84.07	Apr. 8	74.45	Feb. 18	79.52

Full Years.

1920.	84.07	Apr. 8	62.76	Dec. 23	67.34
1919.	90.30	Nov. 8	79.74	Jan. 21	85.60
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.38
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	71.18	+.09	+2.68	+3.86

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Aug. 2	71.09	+.09	July 22	69.67	+.12
Aug. 1	71.00	+.05	July 21	69.55	+.19
July 30	70.95		July 20	69.36	—.04
July 29	70.95	+.31	July 19	69.40	+.12
July 28	70.64	+.23	July 18	69.28	—.18
July 27	70.41	+.15	July 16	69.45	—.02
July 26	70.26	+.21	July 15	69.48	—.08
July 25	70.05	+.16	July 14	69.56	+.08
July 23	69.89	+.22			

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1921.	71.60	Jan. 30	67.56	June 30	71.18
†1920.	72.54	Jan. 10	65.57	May 21	67.32

Full Years.

1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.56
1919.	79.05	June 3	71.05	Dec. 19	72.00
1918.	82.34	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.90

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

New French Loan Is a Success.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Subscriptions of nearly 5,500,000,000 francs have been received by the Government for the issue of 6 per cent. Treasury bonds, which will mature in two years, says The Journal. The newspaper declares that the bond issue has been successful.

Stern Brothers to Increase Capital.

The New York Stock Exchange has received notice of an increase in the capital of Stern Brothers by the proposed issue of $4,000,000 8 per cent. preferred stock.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Pressure Develops Against Guilders as London Exporters Offer Them on the Market.

Beyond a depression in guilders, which carried them from the high of 30.56 down to 30.44, as compared with the close of the previous day of 30.58, a net loss of .14, the foreign exchange market was quiet yesterday and without activity or unusual feature. As on the previous day the range of all the exchanges was an extremely narrow one, without pressure of importance on either side and representing merely the ins and outs of ordinary commercial transactions. Most of the business yesterday originated in London, and, in fact, it was reported by dealers here that most of the pressure against guilders originated there. Exporters in London who have been paid for their products in guilders were the heaviest sellers. The Scandinavian exchanges continued quiet and without outstanding feature.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Yesterday's Final.	Previous Final.
London	$3.56⅝	$3.58⅝	$3.56¾	$3.56⅝
Paris	7.65¾	7.61¼	7.62¾	7.62¾
Rome	4.31½	4.19	4.20¾	4.22½
Amsterdam	30.56	30.44	30.44	30.58
Berlin	1.22¼	1.20¾	1.22	1.22
Madrid	12.77	12.75	12.75	12.76

Closing Rates.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the U. S. Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.56⅜	3.57	3.62
Cables	3.56⅝	3.57¼	3.62⅛
Com., 60 days	3.53⅝	3.53¾	3.56
Com., 90 days	3.51⅝	3.51¾	3.53⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	7.62¼	7.70¾	7.31¼
Cables	7.63	7.71½	7.32½
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	4.30¼	4.08	5.08
Cables	4.31	4.08½	5.09
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	7.32	7.50	7.80
Cables	7.33	7.51	7.81
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.22	1.26	2.19
Cables	1.22½	1.26¼	2.21
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.11⅝	.12	.50
Cables	.12	.13	.52
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.25	1.27	1.90
Cables	1.26	1.29	1.93

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.13	15.05	15.15
Cables	15.18	15.10	15.25
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	1.55	1.54	1.90
Cables	1.57	1.56	1.90
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	5.52	5.62	12.30
Cables	5.58	5.65	12.35
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	30.44	30.58	33.00
Cables	30.46	30.60	33.125
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.24½	.27¼	...
Cables	.25	.27¾	...
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.56½	.59½	1.32
Cables	.57	.60	1.35
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	12.65	12.80	15.25
Cables	12.70	12.85	15.35
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.05	.05¾	.04
Cables	.05½	.06	.05
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.25½	1.23¾	2.37
Cables	1.26½	1.30¾	2.40
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.26	2.37	5.20
Cables	2.28	2.39	5.25
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.75	12.71	14.38
Cables	12.77	12.72	14.95
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	20.25	20.35	20.35
Cables	20.30	20.40	20.45
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	16.43	16.39	16.67½
Cables	16.45	16.41	17.03

Far East.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	50.50	51.25	76.60
Hongkong, cables	50.60	51.35	76.70
Peking, demand	74.25	75.00	113.00
Shanghai, demand	71.60	72.50	106.00
Shanghai, cables	71.50	72.50	106.25
INDIA—Calcutta, cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	25.50	25.125	37.00
Cables	25.75	25.375	37.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	47.00	46.50	47.25
Cables	47.25	46.75	47.50
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.00	32.00	...
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.125	51.125
Cables	48.625	48.375	51.375

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.			
Demand	28.625	29.25	38.00
Cables	28.75	29.375	39.10
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per milreis.			
Demand	12.375	11.125	21.65
Cables	12.50	11.25	21.75

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	89.3	89.0	84.9

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.25	.35
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.20	.22

URUGUAY IN MARKET FOR AMERICAN LOAN

National City Co. in $7,500,000 Negotiation; Equitable Trust, $10,000,000.

FIRST APPLICATION HERE

Money Will Be Used to Build Telephone System—Announcement Expected in Two Days.

Uruguay is in the American market for her first loan, and negotiations now are under way with two separate banking groups. The arrangements are expected to be completed within the next forty-eight hours. The National City Company heads one group in the negotiations, in which the figure of $7,500,000 has been discussed. The Equitable Trust Company heads the other group and a $10,000,000 loan is being discussed. Both loans, of course, will not be made, and formal announcement is expected within a short time from Uruguay of the successful bidder.

The loan is interesting the financial district because it is the first loan to a southern country since the dissolution of the so-called South American group of bankers.

Negotiations, particularly with the group headed by the Equitable Trust Company, have been under way for several months. Bankers express the opinion that Uruguay has an excellent credit here and that the bonds should sell well. The proceeds of the issue are to be used for the construction of a telephone system.

The offering price of the bonds has not been determined, and probably will not be determined until the deal is closed and certain enabling legislation enacted by the governmental authorities of Uruguay. It probably will be on an 8 per cent. basis.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Paine, Webber & Co., and Eastman, Dillon & Co., head a syndicate offering $2,500,000 Empire Tank Line Company ten-year 8 per cent. equipment trusts at 99¼ and interest, to yield 8.10 per cent. They are guaranteed by the Empire Gas and Fuel Company.

The Guaranty Trust Company will receive bids until 10 A. M. Aug. 24 for the sale to it as trustee of sufficient bonds of the New York Telephone Company at not exceeding 110 per cent. of par and accrued interest, to exhaust the sum of $212,972 held in the sinking fund. The bonds are thirty-year sinking fund 6 per cent. gold debentures, dated Feb. 1, 1949.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Profit-Taking in the Stock Market.

As the result of the recent advance in security prices, which has gone on almost uninterruptedly for ten day or more, the stock market yesterday experienced some profit-taking which brought about a reaction of a point or more in the prominent issues. The movement was not an unnatural one in view of the circumstances, and in some quarters the opinion was expressed that, taking the reaction as a whole, the market acted well in view of the late advance. The profit-taking was first noticed in the rails, but it developed in this group only after a strong opening, in which some new high records for the movement were established, and some issues, in fact, made new high records for the year. The reaction in the rails caused some sympathetic selling of the industrials, but in the case of these stocks the selling also appeared only after a firmer start. Mexican Petroleum, for instance, sold as high as 110⅝ during the forenoon, but later reacted to 106⅞ and closed at 107¾, a loss of 2 points for the day. With the exception of the sugar stocks, however, this proved to be the maximum decline among the active issues, as most losses averaged about 1 point. Business was on a slightly increased scale.

***

The "Barometer of Trade."

In the old days Wall Street used invariably to study the monthly figures of iron production as a key to the industrial future. A study of the record shows, however, that while iron output is usually an excellent "barometer of trade" when business revival is on the horizon, it is a very doubtful indicator of business reaction, being in fact often one of the last of the industries to contract. This was certainly so last year, when the iron output was nearly at the year's monthly maximum as late as October, although trade reaction had begun in May. The panic of 1907 broke out in the month of October and had been foreshadowed since March, yet the actual October iron production of the country was close to the year's best monthly record. When the output has fallen to the low level of a period of depression, however, any increase is apt to be a safe forecast of general trade revival. After the reaction following the armistice iron output began to increase in June, 1919. On the outbreak of the war production decreased until January, 1915, when an increase began, first slow, then very rapid. Yesterday's report for July, showing the smallest production of any month in eighteen years, gave no indication of such industrial revival. The next few months will therefore be watched with particular interest.

***

Dividend Meetings in Prospect.

A number of dividend meetings in which the Street is vitally interested will be held between Aug. 8 and Aug. 25. Although in most cases, it may be said ? those mentioned in the appended list, no dividend change is anticipated, till in other cases, particularly in the case of American Sugar and Haskell & Barker, some sort of a readjustment is likely. The dividends of the month in which Wall Street is more than usually interested will occur on the following dates: Aug. 8 Canadian Pacific, Famous Players; Aug. 9, Chicago, Northwestern, General Asphalt; Aug. 10, American Sugar; Aug. 11, American Locomotive, California Packing, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific; Aug. 12, General Electric; Aug. 17, Replogle Steel, New York Air Brake; Aug. 18, Industrial Alcohol, Haskell & Barker; Aug. 23, Railway Steel Spring and Lackawanna Steel.

***

Northern Pacific.

A close student of the stock market called attention yesterday to the remarkable course of Northern Pacific since June 14, when the Directors decided to "dip into surplus" and pay the dividend. In that week the stock touched the low mark of 61¼. Yesterday it sold at 80¾, to which must be added the 1¾ points for the dividend, bringing the stock to the equivalent of 82½, or a 21¼ point rise during the course of a month and a half. It was argued that this was a remarkable record, in the face of market conditions which have obtained during that month and a half.

***

Sugar Stocks Again Under Pressure.

The sugar stocks, under the leadership of American Sugar, were again under pressure yesterday. This, no doubt, is due to the approach of the date upon which the directors of that company will take action on the quarterly common stock dividend. Considerable uncertainty has prevailed in the financial district as to what action the officials may take in this matter, but within the last few weeks less has been heard about any reduction in view of the reports of improvement in the sugar situation. American Sugar ended the day with a net loss of 3 points at 68. Earlier in the day it sold down to 65¾. Manati Sugar lost 4¼ points, American Beet Sugar ¾, Cuban American ½, while Cubar Cane common gained a fraction.

***

Atlantic Gulf Report Due Monday.

According to information obtained in semiofficial circles it is expected that the annual report of the Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines for the year 1920 will be published on Monday. According to predictions made in Wall Street the report is not expected to show anything earned on the common stock, but it is expected to show some improvement in the general balance sheet. This, according to the gossip, is said to reveal a reduction in bank loans to about $1,500,000, while cash on hand is said to equal that amount.

***

Requirements of the Investor.

The head of an investment house yesterday called attention to the vast difference between the attitude towards an investment at the present time and say, two years ago. "Just at the moment three requirements are made by the investor: They will be fulfilled or he simply will not invest. The first of these is that the security must have a good name; second, it must be a long-time security, and it might be added that the non-callable feature of many recent issues is proving an attractive argument; third, the security must carry a moderately high rate of interest. For such a bond there is a ready and active market. They must, however, meet every one of these requirements."

***

The West and the East.

A banker, who has just returned from a swing around the circle which took him as far as the Pacific Coast, said yesterday that there is as much difference between sentiment in the East and sentiment in the West as there is between day and night. "I found that many communities in the West just now are going through what we went through five or six months ago, the hurried selling of anything negotiable. The further East I came the more optimistic I found the people with whom I talked. Much of the pessimism of the West will be wiped out if there is a good crop this year. And all present indications point to the belief that it will be about the average, although acreage for practically everything, I understand, has been reduced."

***

Railway Earnings for June.

That the recent estimate of $50,000,000 for June net operating income for class 1 railroads of the country will probably be reached is borne out by the figures made public yesterday for 131 carriers. This report shows net earnings for June amounting to $49,986,000, as compared to a deficit for the same month in 1920 of $10,998,000. The report for 175 roads showed a net of $46,550,000 so that the sixteen additional companies which have reported added only about $400,000 to the total. The total operating revenues for the 131 carriers stands at $405,186,000, as against $403,217,000 last year.

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Power and Light Company Earnings

Pacific Pow. & Lt. Co.

YEAR	GROSS	NET
1912	$1,257,364	$609,317
1913	1,288,059	624,385
1914	1,387,685	715,361
1915	1,456,953	743,794
1916	1,461,699	709,987
1917	1,647,401	363,683
1918	1,862,968	873,084
1919	2,186,014	1,049,587
1920	2,697,731	1,281,078

Bond Interest Earned 2.70 times
Earned on Preferred Stock 14.00%

Circulars on request

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago	Year to Date.	Same Period 1920.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.
506,510	309,110	404,725	761,392	1,331,850	103,025,083	138,150,061½	179,813,730	82,628,312

1921. High.	1921. Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rates.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net. Chge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
46¾	26⅛	100	Adams Express	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	— ¼	44	45
39½	18	500	Ajax Rubber	23½	23½	23½	23½		20½	24
1½	½	100	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1⅛	1¼
55¼	35	900	Al. Chem. & Dye (4)	37¼	37¼	37	37	+ ½	36¾	37¼
39¼	28⅞	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. (4)	32	32	32	32		31½	32¾
65½	34⅛	100	Amer. Agri. Chem.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	— ½	34	36
51	25¾	200	Amer. Beet Sugar	31	31	30	30	— ¾	30	33
65¾	60	200	Amer. Bosch Mag.	30	30¾	30	30¼	— ¾	30¼	31
32⅝	23¾	4,900	American Can	27⅜	28¼	27⅜	28	+ ¾	27¾	28
128⅜	115¼	400	Am. Car & F. (12)	124½	125¼	124½	125¼	— ¼	124	125
114	108	100	Do pf. (7)	109½	109½	109½	109½		109½	110
8¾	4½	100	Am. Drug. Syndi.	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛	4½	4⅝
13⅝	8	500	Am. Hide & Leather	11⅜	11⅞	11¼	11½	+ ¼	11¼	11⅝
57⅝	40½	400	Do pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½		53¾	54½
53⅜	29¾	1,100	Am. International	35	35⅝	33¾	33¾	— 1	33¾	34¼
23¼	21	100	American Linseed	25	25	25	25		24½	25
93	56	100	Do pf. (7)	60	60	60	60		58	62
91½	73½	3,900	Am. Locomotive (6)	83½	85¼	83½	84¾	+ 2¼	84	84½
107¼	98¼	200	Do pf. (7)	100	100	100	100	— 1½	101	103
10	4	400	Am. Safety Razor	4⅛	4¼	4⅛	4⅜		4⅛	4¼
14	6¼	800	Am. Ship & Com.	7	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛	6⅞	7
44⅜	32⅝	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	37¾	37¾	37⅜	37¾	+ ½	37⅜	37⅝
83	67	900	Do pf. (7)	71¾	71¾	71	71	— ½	70	71
31⅜	24	100	Am. Steel Foun. (3)	26	26	26	26	+ ⅛	26¼	26½
96	63¼	17,800	Am. Sugar Ref. (7)	69⅜	69⅜	65¾	66	— 3	65¾	66
107¾	85¼	200	Do pf. (7)	88⅝	88⅝	88	88	— 1	87½	88¼
58	40¾	1,900	Am. Sum. Tob. (6)	49¾	50	49¼	49¼	— ⅝	49	49½
108½	95¾	2,900	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	105¾	105¾	105⅜	105⅝		105¾	105⅞
129¾	111½	1,300	Am. Tobacco (12)	124½	124⅞	123	123⅜	— ½	123½	123⅝
127¾	110	400	Do, Class B (12)	125	125	123½	123½	— ½	123¾	124
82¼	57	13,700	Am. Woolen (7)	70⅝	71¼	69½	69⅝	— ½	69⅜	70
98	93	200	Do pf. (7)	96⅞	97	96⅞	97	— ⅛	97	98½
39½	22⅜	100	Anaconda Copper	27⅞	28	27⅞	28	+ ⅛	27¾	28
43½	33⅛	300	Anaconda Copper	37⅜	37⅜	37⅛	37⅜	+ ¼	37½	37⅝
3½	1	100	Assets Realization	1½	1½	1½	1½		1⅝	1¾
63¾	45	100	Asso. D. G. 2d pf. (7)	57	57	57	57		56	58
107¾	93	1,000	Associated Oil (6)	99	99	97¾	97¾	— 3¼	98	100
87½	76¼	1,700	A., T. & S. F. (6)	85	85¼	84¾	85	— ¼	84¾	86
79⅝	75½	300	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	79¼	79¼	79¼	79½	+ ¼	79	79½
76	18	16,400	A. G. & W. I.	22½	23⅜	22½	22¼	+ ½	22⅜	22⅝
44½	15⅜	300	A., G. & W. I. pf.	18¼	19	18¼	19	+ ½	18½	20
23¾	12½	700	Atl. Petroleum (2½)	13	13	13	13		12½	15
94¾	62¼	17,000	Baldwin Loco. (7)	79½	80¼	78¾	78½	— ¾	78⅝	78⅞
42⅜	30⅜	3,900	Balt. & Ohio	40¼	40¾	39¾	39⅝	— ¼	39⅝	40
54	47	800	Balt. & Ohio pf. (4)	52¼	52¼	51¾	51½	— ¼	51	52
22½	8¾	400	Beth. Steel (5)	51	50	50	50	— 1	48	51
65	41¾	9,400	Beth. Stl. Cl. B (5)	52¾	52¾	51⅜	51⅝	— ¾	98½	99¼
107½	93¾	500	Beth. Steel pf. (8)	12	12	12	12		12	12¾
14⅜	9½	100	Brooklyn Rapid Tr.	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼	+ 1½	68½	70
72½	51	200	Brooklyn Un. Gas	90¼	90¼	89½	89½	— ½	89	90¼
93	81¼	300	Burns Brothers (10)	13	13	13	13		12¾	15
28	14½	300	Butterick Co.

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SWISS MINTED GOLD SHIPPED TO AMERICA

Germany Seized It in Russia and Rumania and It Was Sold in Open Market.

$200,000,000 MORE COMING

It Will Be Accepted Here Bearing the Stamp of a Friendly Government.

Germany is shipping to Switzerland gold which she seized in Rumania and Russia. It is being offered for sale, the Swiss mint mark placed upon it and then reshipped to the United States. Approximately $7,000,000 of this gold has been imported into the United States, having been purchased in the open market in Switzerland. It is acceptable to the United States Assay Office, since it bears the mint mark of a foreign Government. Early in the year considerable gold came to the United States bearing the mint mark of the Swedish Government, and this, like the gold just received from Switzerland, was acceptable to the Assay Office, because of the fact that it bore the mark of a Government not at war with the United States. It was evident to the bankers, then, that the gold coming via Sweden had originated in Russia.

It is explained by the governmental officials that the mint mark of a friendly Government on gold is to be considered by them as the endorsement of the metal by that Government, and that it would no more be refused than would a check signed by a solvent Government.

In some quarters it was estimated yesterday that Germany has corralled not less than $200,000,000 of Russian and Rumanian gold, and that most of it will find its way to this country.

Germany, too, is shipping silver directly to the United States. The steamship Maumee Carroll of the Seawmut Steamship Line has arrived from Germany with 221 cases of silver, valued at $6,611,000 paper marks, of which 155 cases are coin from the Reichsbank, consigned to the Equitable Trust Company. The Reichsbank coin is valued at 65,000,000 paper marks, or approximately $1,000,000. The other specie on the steamer, eighty-six cases of bar silver, was consigned to Charles Hardy & Ruperti Company, Inc. Its value is 1,611,000 paper marks.

Although no official announcement has been made as to the exact purpose of this silver shipment, which is one of a number which are expected to follow to various banking institutions here, it is expected that the German white metal will be used in connection with reparation payments and as collateral here for credits for the purchase of grain, cotton and copper.

ADVANCE IN AVERAGE PRICES DURING JULY

Dun's Review Compilation Shows First Increase of Any Month Since April, 1920.

The Dun's Review index number of average American prices as of Aug. 1, the first compilation to be published for that date, shows the first increase reported in that compilation during any month since April, 1920. For June, although several other compilers reported a slight increase in the price average, the Dun index number figured out an average further decline of 3.7 per cent. The index number for Aug. 1 shows an increase of 2.4 per cent. in the average during July. The averages by separate groups of commodities show that last month's advance was most marked in breadstuffs, in meat products and in dairy and garden commodities. The average price of clothing shows practically no change; in metals there is a distinct decline.

The total index number for a series of months and years compares as follows:

	Aug. 1, '21.	July 1, '21.	Aug. 1, '20
Breadstuffs	$36.968	$36.573	$49.974
Meat	14.796	14.114	22.124
Dairy and garden	20.388	16.012	26.450
Other food	17.612	17.268	25.502
Clothing	28.136	28.004	49.588
Metals	21.961	23.037	32.046
Miscellaneous	23.734	23.795	46.666
Total	$163.677	$159.833	$252.288

MIDVALE STEEL CO. REPORT.

Statement for Second Quarter of 1921 Shows $1,289,393 Deficit.

The statement of earnings of the Midvale Steel & Ordnance Company for the quarter ended June 30, like that of the Republic Iron & Steel Company and the Lackawanna Steel Company, showed a loss for the period. The Midvale deficit, after all expenses, interest charges, depletion and depreciation, was $1,289,393 compared with a surplus of $4,349,493 reported in the second quarter of 1920.

Detailed figures of the last report, compared with that of one and two years ago, follow:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
*Loss	$87,490	†$6,500,213	†$5,136,650
‡Adj. profit 1st quarter	859,014		
Profit	$571,594	$6,500,213	$5,136,650
Interest	756,432	770,564	787,979
Depr. and depl.	1,105,478	1,470,151	1,404,404
Deficit	$1,289,393	$84,249,498	$2046,267

*After provision for taxes. †Profit. ‡Surplus. §Operating profit, adjustment from first quarter.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Steadiness in Prices on the European Exchanges.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, 49½; British 5 per cent. war loan, 88¾; 4½ per cent. war loan, 81¾, all unchanged.

Rand Mines, ¼ point higher at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, ⅛ higher at 10⅝.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, unchanged at 56 francs 30 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 81 francs 45 centimes.

Exchange on London, 2 centimes lower at 40 francs 95 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 12 francs 15 centimes, against 12 francs 16 centimes yesterday.

Houston Oil Sales for Quarter.

Gross sales of the Houston Oil Company for the quarter ended June 30, 1921, amounted to $408,984. Net income before deduction of depreciation and depletion charges aggregated $356,201. These earnings are reported to be exclusive of the funds derived from the settlement of the Houston Oil Company with the Kirby Lumber Company.

Meat Stocks Drop From Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Export sales of 3,000,000 pounds lard were made by a local packer overnight, and some investment buying of January was noted. Stocks at Western points of all lard on Aug. 1 were 132,696,000 pounds, 11,600,000 less than a month ago, but 13,400,000 pounds more than last year. Stocks of all meats are 304,496,000 pounds, a decrease of 20,182,000 pounds during July and compared with 256,789,000 pounds last year.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's Sales	$11,510,600	$11,581,350	$9,311,100
Year to Date	1,796,956,185	2,273,134,200	1,920,070,837

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
140	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	87.94	88.20	87.94	88.10	+.10	88.10	88.20	4.29
1	—Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-'47						87.80	88.10	4.32
1	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	87.64	87.84	87.64	87.64	+.04	87.56	87.74	4.30
116¾	—Liberty 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-'47	87.96	88.10	87.90	88.06	+.10	87.90	88.06	5.49
904	—Liberty 2d cv. 4½s, 1927-'42	87.76	87.82	87.66	87.66	—.06	87.66	87.70	5.21
6	—Liberty 2d cv. 4½s, reg	87.62	87.62	87.40	87.52	+.10			
586	—Liberty 3d 4½s, 1928-'33	87.76	91.30	91.76	91.80	+.02	91.82	91.84	5.62
2	—Liberty 3d cv. 4½s, reg	91.66	91.66	91.66	91.66	—.04			
1,887¾	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	87.74	87.90	87.74	87.80	+.06	87.78	87.80	5.33
5	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	87.68	87.68	87.60	87.60	—.06			
58	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	98.76	98.86	98.72	98.86	+.10	98.86	98.88	4.40
1,966	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	98.72	98.86	98.72	98.86	+.10	98.86	98.88	5.37
	—Victory 4¾s, reg	98.56	98.70	98.56	98.70	+.14			

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s 13.... 48 2.... 47½ 1.... 48 2.... 48½ 3.... 48¾
City Bergen 8s tamp ctfs 2.... 99 3.... 99¼ 2.... 99½ 1.... 99½ 2.... 99½
City Bordx 6s 5.... 83½ 5.... 83¾ 6.... 83¾ 20.... 83 1.... 83½
City Christiania 8s, K-L & Co ctfs 1.... 78½ 20.... 79 1.... 79¼
City Copenhagen 5½s 47.... 78¾ 1.... 78¾ 20.... 79¾ 2.... 79¾ 1.... 79¾
City Lyons 6s 5.... 83½ 5.... 83¾ 2.... 83½ 20.... 83 2.... 83½
City Marseilles 5s 5.... 83½ 5.... 83¾ 10.... 83
City Paris 6s 20.... 90½
City Zurich 8s receipts 1.... 99½ 2.... 100 2.... 100¼ 5.... 100¼ 3.... 100¼
Danish Municipal s f 8s, A 10.... 102 5.... 101½
Ser B 5.... 101¾ 1.... 102
Dom Rep 5s 5.... 79¼
Dom Can 5s, 1926 1.... 92¾ 2.... 92¾
5½s, 1923 5.... 93¾ 5.... 93
1.... 93¾ 10.... 93¾ 1.... 93¾
8s, 1931 1.... 00
French Gov 8s 2.... 100¾ 3.... 100¼ 2.... 100¾ 1.... 100¼ 4.... 100¼ 6.... 100¾ 6.... 100¾
7½s 1.... 96½ 1.... 96 10.... 96¼ 55.... 96¼ 2.... 96¼ 1.... 96 13.... 96½ 2.... 96¼ 4.... 96¼ 101.... 96¼ 83.... 96¾ 1sef.. 96 5.... 96¾ 6.... 96¾ 10.... 96¾ 19.... 96¾ 83.... 96¾ 2.... 96¾ 5.... 96¾ 7.... 96¾ 81.... 96¾ 28.... 96¾ 15.... 96¾ 14.... 96¾ 5.... 96¾ 10.... 96¾ 27.... 96¾ 5.... 96¾ 18.... 96¾
Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan 4.... 85¼ 4s, ster loan 6.... 76¾ 2.... 76¾ 1.... 76¾ 2.... 76¾ 10.... 76¾ 1.... 76¾ 20.... 76¾ 2.... 76¾
K Denmark 8s 1.... 102½ 2.... 102¾ 1.... 102¾ 2.... 102¾ 10.... 102¾ 1.... 102¾
K Norway 8s 1.... 103¾ 5.... 103¾ 4.... 104 2.... 103¾ 3.... 103¾ 4.... 103¾ 3.... 103¼
K Sweden 6s 1.... 102¾ 15.... 86½ 2.... 86¾ 2.... 86¾ 1.... 86¾ 9.... 86¾ 1.... 86¾ 2.... 86¾ 9.... 87
Rep Chile 8s, trust rects 1.... 98¾ 1.... 98 5.... 98¾ 6.... 98¾ 8.... 98¾ 5.... 98¾ 7.... 98¾ 1.... 98¾ 24.... 98 2.... 98½ 10.... 98¾ 2c.... 104
Rep Cuba 5s of 1926 9.... 79¼
4½s 20s30f. 67
Sao Paulo s f 8s 10.... 88¾ 5s6f.. 88½ 10s5f.. 87¾ 1.... 88¾ 53.... 99 5s6f.. 98 1.... 98¼ 12.... 98 3.... 98¾ 10.... 98¾ 1.... 98¾ 1.... 98¾ 1.... 98¾ 2.... 98¾ 5.... 98¾ 7.... 98¾ 1.... 98¾ 2.... 98¾ 10.... 98
Swiss Confed s f 8s 5.... 106 1.... 105¾ 1.... 106 5.... 105¾ 11.... 106 2.... 106¾ 2.... 106¾ 1.... 106¾ 10.... 98
Un Kingdom of G B & I 5½s, '37 6.... 95¾
Sinc. 1925 25.... 98

Aban Rubber 8s 3.... 96¼ 1.... 96¼ 1.... 96¼ 2.... 96¼ 1.... 96¼ 1.... 96¼ 1

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Simmons Hardware Jr. 1926
Union El. L. & P. St. Louis, all issues
United States Public Service 6s, 1927

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OUTPUT OF PIG IRON LOWEST SINCE 1903

July Tonnage Was 864,555, or About One-Fifth the Country's Capacity.

LOW STEEL PRICES RULE

Wage Cut of Cambria Steel Company Will Put Unskilled Labor at 25 Cents an Hour.

Pig Iron production in the United States during the month of July was the smallest of any month since December of 1903. The output for July amounted to only 864,555 tons compared with 846,093 tons in December, 1903. The production last month was at the rate of 27,889 tons a day, or more than 20 per cent. less than the daily output of June, when the output averaged 35,494 tons per day.

The July output was at the rate of about 10,000,000 tons for the year, or about 20 per cent. of the country's capacity. The month showed a loss of seven in the number of active furnaces, there being sixty-nine in blast on Aug. 1, with a capacity of 28,175 tons per day compared with seventy-six on July 1, representing a daily capacity of 32,195 tons.

The production by months during the last three years, as compiled by The Iron Age, compares as follows:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
July	864,555	3,067,043	2,428,541
June	1,064,833	3,043,540	2,114,738
May	1,221,221	2,965,682	2,106,056
April	1,103,041	2,739,797	2,478,218
March	1,595,529	3,275,907	3,090,243
February	1,097,257	2,978,879	2,940,168
January	2,410,292	3,015,181	3,302,260
	1920.	1919.	1918.
December	2,703,855	3,033,398	3,483,617
November	2,934,908	2,892,350	3,354,074
October	3,202,597	1,863,538	3,486,941
September	3,129,828	2,487,965	3,418,270
August	3,147,402	2,743,386	3,389,585

The average daily output by months for the last four years was as follows:

	1921.	1920	1919.	1918.
July	27,889	98,937	78,340	110,855
June	35,494	101,451	70,495	110,135
May	39,394	96,615	68,002	111,175
April	39,768	91,327	82,607	109,907
March	51,468	108,900	99,685	103,648
February	69,187	102,720	105,006	82,855
January	77,478	97,299	106,525	77,799
	1920.	1919.	1917.	
December	87,222	94,944	110,782	92,997
November	97,830	79,745	111,802	106,859
October	104,212	60,515	112,482	106,550
September	104,319	82,599	113,189	104,465
August	101,529	88,496	109,341	104,172

Compared with the peak production of 1920, which was in October of that year, current output shows a drop of more than 73 per cent.

The general average of steel mill operations in the Pittsburgh, Youngstown and Wheeling districts during the last week has been increased somewhat, says The Iron Age in its weekly summary of steel trade conditions, but adds that a maintenance of the new activity is dependent on the developments of the next few weeks.

Latest transactions in steel products, the journal says, have shown substantially the same low prices that were uncovered in the previous week, with some new declines, sheet and plates apparently being the lines of least resistance. Willingness to name a price that will take the business, where the tonnage is larger than usual, is still the attitude of the leading steel companies, although sentiment is better in view of a somewhat larger volume of orders and inquiries.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Chicago reports agree as to continuing irregularities in nearly all finished products. Some bars have been taken at 1.70 cents, Pittsburgh. At Chicago, 1.60 to 1.70 cents, Pittsburgh base on plates, has been the usual range, whereas Cleveland reports 1.70 to 1.75 cents. Smaller transactions are at $2 to $3 per ton above these levels. The $5.25 price on tin plate, which is referred to in some quarters this week as new, is the formal recognition of recent competition, aided by the new wage scale. Hoops and bands has shown new price cutting, and in all markets irregularities are reported in nuts, bolts and rivets.

The Iron Trade Review says that the latest reduction announced by the Cambria Steel Company, amounting to 16¼ per cent., effective Aug. 15, will place unskilled labor on a basis of 25 cents an hour. This is believed to be the lowest scale in the industry at the present time. The H. C. Frick Coke Company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, has posted a second reduction of 10 per cent. applying Aug. 1, which restores wages to the 1917 level.

A smaller change is shown in the weekly composite market average of prices, which this week is placed at $36.56. Last week the average was $36.69 and two weeks ago $37.55. The July average was $38.14, as compared with $68.69 in July of last year and $26.34 in July of 1913.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesrooms Wednesday:

For Account of Executors.

204 Shares H. S. Rhynsburger, Inc., of Oskaloosa, Iowa, preferred; 160 shares H. S. Rhynsburger, Inc., of Oskaloosa, Iowa, common, $100 lot.

For Account of Whom It May Concern.

100 Shares Fort Dodge, Des Moines & Southern Railroad, common. V. T. Ctf., $40 per share.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rats.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic Coast L.	1922-36	6½	6.65	6.30
Balt. & Ohio	1921-27	4½	7.20	6.70
Bethlehem Steel	1921-30	7	7.40	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1921-33	4½@5, 6	6.70	6.45
Canadian Pacific	1921-32	4½@6	7.00	6.40
Ches. & Ohio	1924-35	6½	6.75	6.40
Chi. & N. West	1921-23	4½	7.00	6.50
Do	1925-36	6½	6.75	6.30
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1921-27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1921-24	5	7.10	6.50
C., St. P., M. & St. L.	1921-29	5@6	6.80	6.40
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.00	6.50
Erie Railroad	1921-28	4½@5, 6	8.00	7.00
Illinois Central	1921-27	4½@5	7.00	6.50
Do	1925-36	7@6½	6.70	6.30
Louis. & Nash.	1922-23	5	7.00	6.50
Do	1925-36	6½	6.75	6.30
Marland Tank L.	1921-27	8	9.25	8.50
Michigan Central	1921-32	5@6	6.70	6.30
Minn. & St. Louis	1921-27	5@6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Texas	1921-24	5	8.00	7.00
Nat'l Steel Car L.	1921-26	8	9.00	8.10
New York Central	1921-32	4½@5	7.00	6.37
Do	1921-33	7	7.00	6.30
Norfolk & West	1921-24	4½	7.00	6.50
Northern Pacific	1921-30	7	6.90	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1921-29	4½, 5, 6	8.25	7.25
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1921-38	7	6.70	6.30
Pa. Gen. Freight	1921-23	4½@4½	7.00	6.50
Pitts. & L. Erie	1921-35	6½	6.75	6.35
Reading Co.	1921-27	4½	7.00	6.40
Seaboard Air Line	1921-27	4½@5, 6	7.75	7.00
Sinclair Refining	1921-23	6	8.75	8.25
Southern Pacific	1921-25	4½	7.00	6.50
Do	1924-35	7	6.75	6.30
Southern Railway	1921-28	4½@5	7.50	6.75
Union Pacific	1924-35	7	6.85	6.50
Virginian Railway	1921-30	6	7.20	6.50

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Closed	Previous Clos'g. Bid.	Clos'g. Bid.
Spot				8.75	8.75
August	No sales			8.80	8.75
September	8.90	8.90	8.91	8.91	8.85
October	9.02	8.91	9.02	9.02	8.95
November	8.84	8.80	8.70	8.70	8.62
December	8.67	8.58	8.67	8.67	8.64
January	8.69	8.59	8.65	8.65	8.63
February	8.84	8.61	8.72	8.72	8.62
March	8.74	8.74	8.80	8.80	8.76

Total sales, 9,900.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	6.84	6.78	6.74	6.78	9.70
December	7.25	7.18	7.19	7.19	10.05
March	7.63	7.57	7.54	7.54	10.25
May	7.83	7.75	7.74	7.74	10.39
July	8.00	8.00	7.94		

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 1@9 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	3.18	3.17	3.23	3.27
December	3.17	3.11	3.10	3.11
January	3.07	3.06	2.98	3.06
October	3.32	3.24	3.22	
March	2.94	2.90	2.84	
April	2.98	2.90	2.87	
May	2.90	2.90	2.90	
June	3.05	3.05	2.97	

$72,700 STOCK STOLEN FROM HOTEL IMPERIAL

Guest's Securities Gone With Suitcase Since June 28—Reward and No Questions Asked.

Securities valued at $72,700 were stolen on June 28 from J. B. Owens, head of the J. B. Owens Floor and Wall Tile Company, 137 West Twenty-fifth Street, while he was staying at the Hotel Imperial, Broadway and Thirty-second Street, it became known yesterday. Mr. Owens has offered $4,000 for their return, and agrees to ask no questions. It was the belief of the hotel management that Mr. Owens's suitcase, in which he placed the papers, was stolen by a sneak thief.

The value of the securities was based on their par value at the time they were stolen, according to Mr. Owens, consisting of stock in the Pittsburgh-American China Company. This stock, Mr. Owens explained, was worthless to any one but himself because it would require a clever forgery of his signature for the thief to realize cash on the stock.

Mr. Owens, also head of the Empire Floor Tile Company, having a plant in Metuchen, N. J., made a trip to Metuchen on the afternoon of the theft. He returned to the hotel and found his suitcase missing.

From the management of the hotel it was learned that there had been several thefts there, but of an inconsequential nature. It was said that other hotels recently had been experiencing an epidemic of losses on account of sneak thieves.

CROP CONDITIONS MIXED.

Drought in Corn Belt Partly Relieved—Insect Damage to Cotton Checked.

The Government's weekly bulletin on conditions in the crop districts was as follows:

Winter wheat harvest has advanced rapidly in the late northwestern districts under generally favorable weather conditions, although there was interruption in some Central Rocky Mountain sections.

Harvesting of Spring wheat was well along to the northern limits of the belt, and threshing was in progress in the southern portion, with interruption by rain reported in a few localities. Late Spring wheat needs rain in some far northwestern districts. As threshing progresses, reports of unsatisfactory yields of Spring wheat continue.

Copious rains in much of the corn belt, especially in the northern portion, relieved to a great extent what was fast becoming a serious drought. Rainfall checked rapid deterioration in most districts of the Ohio Valley States, although it was sufficient in some sections of this area, particularly in Kentucky and in Southern Illinois. Rainfall was general in Iowa, but came too late to be of much benefit in drought-stricken areas of the north-central, central and eastern portions, while much curling and firing were reported from the uplands of Eastern Missouri. Damage had been done in Central and Western Kansas, but considerable recovery is now possible and the crop continues in excellent condition in the eastern portion of the State. Corn is in good to excellent condition in Oklahoma, and has progressed under favorable weather in Nebraska. Early corn is a poor crop in much of the South, but the late-planted shows improvement.

Rainfall was generally very light or entirely lacking in the cotton belt, except for moderate to heavy falls in the Atlantic Coast district. Temperatures averaged considerably above normal in Central States of the belt and nearly normal in western and more eastern localities. Cotton made fairly good progress in Texas, but is needing rain in some localities, with complaints of shedding and plants dying. Progress ranged from poor to fairly good in Mississippi, and was fair generally in Alabama and Tennessee. The condition and progress are reported as poor in Georgia, where cultivation is mostly finished.

Fairly satisfactory growth was made in South Carolina, but fruiting is generally reported as ranging from poor to only fairly good, while weevil are very numerous and doing much damage except in the northern portion. No material change in the condition of cotton was reported from North Carolina, but continued rains caused shedding in portions of Florida. Dry weather has resulted in noticeable decrease in weevil activity in Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, but much damage continues in many localities, and weevil continue very active in many sections east of the Mississippi River, especially in Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co.	6	Nov., 1925	98½	98¾	7.35
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sep. 2, '24	80½	90½	9.65
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	98¼	98¾	6.90
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	97¼	97½	7.15
Am. Tob. Co.	6	Dec., 1926	96¼	97¼	6.45
Am. Tob.	7	Nov., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.40
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	100¾	100¾	6.60
Anaconda Co.	6	Jan., 1929	88¼	89	9.02
Anaconda Co.	7	Jan., 1929	93¼	93½	8.20
Ang.-A.O. Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	100¼	100¾	7.30
Armour & Co.	7	July 15, '30	97¼	97½	7.45
Be'l T. Can.	7	Apr., 1925	95¾	96¾	8.00
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '22	99¾	100¾	6.75
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '23	98¼	98¾	7.60
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar., 1924	97¼	98¼	6.75
Cent. Arg.		Feb., 1927	82	83½	9.95
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	99	99¾	
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	93¼	96	7.30
The B.F Goodrich Co.	cv.7	Apr., 1925	90¼	91	10.05
Gulf Oil Cor.	6	July, 1923	97¼	97¾	7.23
Gulf Oil Corp.	7	Feb.,1925	97¼	98¼	7.35
H.J.Heins Co.	7	Dec., 1930	99¼	99½	7.05
Hocking Va.	6	Mar., 1924	93½	94½	8.50
Hum. O. R.		Mar., 1923	97¼	98	8.42
Int. Rap Tr.	7	Sept., 1921	79¼	80¼	
Lon. C. Ter.	6	Nov.15,'23	79½	80	
Kannecott Co.	7	Feb., 1930	89¾	90¼	8.60
Lacleds Gas.	7	Jan., 1926	90¾	91¼	8.60
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	99¾	100¼	5.36
Nat. Cloak&S.	7	Sep., 1930	98	93½	9.10
*Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	100¼	100¾	8.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	100¾	100¾	5.70
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	100¾	100¾	6.50
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	cv.7	Mar., 1922	96¼	97¼	
R. J. Ry.dr.	T.6	Aug., 1922	99¾	100¼	8.00
Sears, R.&Co.	7	Oct., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.95
Sears, R.&Co.	7	Oct., 1922	99¾	99¾	7.77
Sears, R.&Co.	7	Oct. 15,'23	97	97½	8.26
Sloss-Shef.S.&I.		Aug., 1929	83	85	8.60
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	97¼	97¾	10.80
S'west. B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	98¾	99¼	7.83
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)	7	Jan., 1931	103	103¼	6.60
Stand. Oil Co. N. Y.	7	Jan.25,'31	100¾	105	
Swift & Co.	6	Aug.15,'21	99¾	100	6.00
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'23	97¼	97½	7.70
Texas Co.	7	Mar. 1,'23	99	99½	7.08
Utah Sec. Corp.		Sep. 15,'22	90¾	92	
Westt. El. c.	7	Apr., 1925	100¼	101	6.75

*Bonds called for payment on Oct. 1, 1921, at 100½.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	62¾	64
Belgian (reston'n)	5	1925	60	62
Belgian (Perm.)	5	1920	69	72
British Victory	4	1919	266	281
British F.	5	1960	259	265
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1927	361	366
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1923	358	373
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1920	345	355
Canada	5½	Nov., 1925	96¼	96
Canada	5½	Dec., 1937	83¾	85½
French Govt. Vic.	5	1931	56¼	56¾
French Loan, '17	4	1943	45	47
French Prem.	5	1920	66¾	68¾
French Loan	5	1920	69¾	71¼
Italy Treasury	5	1925	39	42
Italy War Loan	5	1918	30	32
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1920	6	8½
Russia, Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	17¼	21
Sweden	6	1939	89½	97
Switzerland	5½	1920	97¼	98

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company	Rate.	Amt.	Payable.	Holders of Rec'd.
Hortman Corp.	$1.75	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 19
Lit. Bros.	.50	A	Aug. 26	Aug. 9
Do	5½	EX	Aug. 20	Aug. 9
Ludlow Mfg.	$1.50	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 8
Do	$1	EX	Sept. 1	Aug. 8
Mahoning Interest	$1.50	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 22
Old Colony Trust	$3	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 2
Stand. Oil Cal.	$1	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 20

EARNINGS.

WINNIPEG ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

	1921.	1920.	Increase.
June gross	$446,309	$407,625	$38,684
Net earnings	118,734	118,606	128
9 mos. gross	3,286,715	3,645,747	*10,973
Net earnings	710,105	710,731	*624

*Decrease.

ROADS TALK WAGES WITH UNION CHIEFS

Big Four Brotherhood and Switchmen's Leaders in Conference With Executives.

FINAL ACTION POSTPONED

Operating Officials to Put Proposals Up to Full Meeting of Eastern Presidents.

Following a meeting yesterday between the sub-committee of the Eastern Presidents' Conference and the chiefs of the Big Four Brotherhoods and the Switchmen's Union, at which wages and working conditions were discussed, the officials decided to report next week to the entire Eastern Presidents' Conference before taking final action. E. E. Loomis, President of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, acted as Chairman of the Executive Committee in the absence of L. F. Loree, Chairman of the Eastern Presidents' Conference.

In addition to Mr. Loomis, the railroads were represented by W. W. Atterbury, Operating Vice President of the Pennsylvania; E. N. Brown, Chairman of the Pere Marquette, and Percy R. Todd, President of the Bangor & Aroostock Railroad. The unions were represented by W. S. Stone, Grand Chief Engineer, Brotherhood of Engineers; W. E. Sheppard, President, Order of Railroad Conductors; W. S. Carter, President, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; James Murdock, Vice President, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and T. C. Cashen, President, Switchmen's Union of North America.

The union leaders said that in seeking the conference they were desirous to ascertain whether the operating officials would restore the wage rates in effect on June 30, 1922, and also if all demands for wage decreases would be withdrawn. They likewise inquired "if all demands for the elimination of time and one-half for overtime and radical schedule revision would be withdrawn and not again proceed, for a stated period."

The United States Railway Labor Board recently ordered a reduction of 12 per cent. in wages, effective July 1. At that time the board decided that time and one-half should be paid for overtime on roads where such payment was made prior to Federal control.

In answer to the union chiefs the executives pointed out that to grant their requests would mean an increase in wages of approximately 12 per cent. at a time when all other wages were coming down, and would also assume that no further decreases are or will be warranted by reductions in the cost of living. It was likewise explained that acquiescence by the carriers would take time and a half for overtime out of the hands of the Labor Board, where it is now under further discussion, and violate every agreement the men now have with their respective roads, each of which has a terminating or revision clause.

There was considerable surprise in the appearance of the Switchmen's Union at the conference. One railroad executive said the brotherhoods and the switchmen must have "come to admire each other."

It is expected that the entire Eastern Presidents' conference will meet next week to hear the report of the subcommittee and resolutions will then be drafted to be sent to the unions.

Canada to Cut Freight Rates.

MONTREAL, Aug. 3.—Promise of an early reduction of freight rates on Canadian railways was made today in a letter from F. B. Carvel, chief of the Board of Railway Commissioners, to the local Board of Trade. The letter answered a resolution passed by the Board of Trade asking a reduction in freight rates equal to the recent 12 per cent. reduction in the wages of railway employes.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Bergen 8s	93½	96¾
City of Berne 8s	93½	99½
City of Christiania 8s	98	99
City of Zurich 8s	100¼	100¾
Argentine 5s	86¾	86¾
Belgium 8s	100¾	101
Belgium 6s	94¾	94¾
Belgium 7½s	101½	102
Kingdom of Sweden 8s	97	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	92½	92¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	92½	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	89	90
Danish Municipal 8s, Series A	101	101¾
Danish Municipal 8s, Series B	101½	102
Denmark 8s	102¼	102½
Chinese Government 5s	48¼	49
Norway 8s	103½	104
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1914	78	79½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	78	80
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	69	69¾
Brazil 8s	99¾	100
Republic of Chile 8s	98	98½
Dominican Republic 5s	78¼	79¾
City of Lyons 6s	83	83½
City of Marseilles 6s	83	83½
City of Bordeaux 6s	83	83½
City of Paris 6s	99¾	100
City of Copenhagen 6½s	78¼	78¾
French Government 8s	100¼	101
French Government 7½s	96¾	96½
Swiss Confederation 5s	105¾	105¾
Japanese 4½s	85¼	85½
Japanese 4½s, second series	85¼	
Japanese 4s	70¾	71
City of Tokio 5s	60¾	61
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	99¾	100
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	99	99¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	89¼	89¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	87¼	87½
United States of Mexico 5s	44¼	
United States of Mexico 4s	33	34
Italy 6½s	88½	
San Paulo 8s	98¾	99½

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	100¼	101¼
2s, c. 1930	100¾	101¼
4s, r. 1925	104¾	
4s, c. 1925	104¾	
Pan 2s, r. 1961	75	
Pan 2s, c. 1961	75	
P I 4s, '24	78	
P I 4s, '35	73	
P I 4s, '36	73	
Dist of Col 3-65s	93	
Pan 2s, r. 1938	100¼	101¼
Pan 2s, c. 1938	100¼	101¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely	13	15
Do pf	35½	40
Air Red.	30	32
Alas G M	½	⅝
Alb & Sus.	135	
A A Cables	104	106½
All Ch pf	85	87½
Allis-Ch M pf	73	74
Am S 1st pf	85	90
Am Ag Ch pf	60	61
Am Bk N.	66½	53
Do pf	46	49
Am B S pf	62	70
Am Ex Eur Fdy	44	46
Do pf	92	92½
Am C pf	81	82
Am Chicle	10½	17
Am Cock	74	
Am Cot O.	18½	19
Am Exp	118	122
Am Hide	57¾	58
Do pf	62½	63
Am La F Fire Eng.	8¾	9
Am M & G.	11½	13
Am Rad.	67½	70
Am Sm pf A	67	69
Do pf B	73	
Am Snuff	99¾	105
Do pf	72	82
Am Stl Fd pf	79½	82
Am S Tob pf	78	79¾
Am T C.	48	54
Am Tob pf	90¾	91
Am Whl pf	82	85
Am Zinc	8	8¼
Do pf	25½	27
Anaconda	41	15
Atl Ref	900	975
Do pf	106	106
Ann Arbor	6	15
Do pf	15	30
Assn D G. pf	30	31
Do 1st pf	62½	66
Atl Fruit	4¾	5
Atlas T	15¾	17
A. B & A	2¾	3¾
Atl C L	87	88
Aus Nich	8¼	9¼
Do pf	50¼	57
Auto Sales	3¼	3¾
Do pf	12½	13½
Bald L pf	80	88
Bar Leath.	40	55
Do pf	76	96
B'dall, A.	15	25
Do B	15¼	18
Batop M	½	¾
Bayuk Bros		26
Beth S 7% pf		91
Booth Fish	3¾	4
B'klyn Ed.	91	98
B R T ct.	7¼	8
Brown Sh.	29¾	41
Do pf	75	83
Bruns Ter.	3	5½
B. R & P.	55	70
Do pf	80	90
Buff & S.		78
Do pf	43	60
Burns Bros pf	100	115
Bush Ter.		100
B C & Z.	4¼	
Cal Z & L.	4¼	
Cal & Ariz.	48	49
Calif Ca.	40	45½
Case Flow.	4½	
Case (J I) pf	70	73
C R & I pf	170	190
C'tain-teed	22	30
Do 1st pf		67¾
Do 2d pf	70	75
C & A pf.	9	12
C & E Ill ctfs.	1¼	1¾
Do 1st pd	6½	7
C & N W pf	101	110
Chi St P pf	80	
M & Om	50¼	55
Do pf	72	90
Chino Cop.	22¾	23¾
C, Cl, C & St L pf	60	64
Cl & Pitts.	58¼	63¾
Do spec.	32	35
Col F & I.	23	24
C & S 1st pf	51	53
Do 2d pf	46	48
Comp T R.	32	33
Con Text.	15¼	15¾
Cont C pf	75	95
Cont Ins	60	62
Corn P R pf	97	102
Crex Carp.	25	50
Cruc S pf	80	81
C-Am Sug pf	74	80
Dav Chem	34	36
De Beers		22
D & Co pf	69	80
Det Ed.	93	95
Det & M.	45	
Do pf	50	
Det U Ry		70
D. S S & A pf	3½	4
Do pf	5½	9
Dur Hos'y	20	30
Do pf	70	83
E Kodak	131	132
Do pf	105	
Elk H Coal	17½	19½
Do pf	37¾	40
Exn Brant		7
Do pf	20¾	28
Erie & P	45	58
F M & S	6	9
Do pf	21	24
Fisher Body	83	95
Do pf	97	107
F B O pf	62	64
G. W & W	1¼	1¾
Gen Asp	80	90¼
G A T Car	39½	45
Gen Cig pf	88	100
Do d pf	83½	90
G Oil pf	90	95
Gen M pf	65	66
Gray & D	11	
Guan Sug	9	9¼
G, M & N	7	8¼
Do pf	20	23
G S S 1st pf		100
Hack W pf		20½
Hartman	60	
Hendee	14	15
Hyd Steel	7½	9¼
Homestake	56½	57
Ill Cen	99½	
Int-Cons pf	11¼	11¾
Indian Ref.	7¾	9
Int Agric.	1	1¼
Do pf	27	32
Int H pf	87	96¼
Int-Mer M.	10¾	11¼
Int Mot Tr 1st pf	69	70
Do 2d pf	59	62
Int Nick pf	75	82
Int P pf	90	103
Do pf sta	90	70
Int Salt	41¼	
Iowa Cent.	4	7
Iron Prod.	22	25
Jewel Tea pf		90
Jol & Chl	98¼	
Jones B T	18	22
K C, Ft S & M pf	61¼	
Kayser (J)	75	85
Saxon Mtr.	3½	3¾
Scab A I.	6¼	6½
Do pf	10	11
Sears-R. pf	92	96
Shat-Ariz.	6¾	7
Stand M pf	66	77
Strouh C.	50¾	51¼
Studeb Co pf	92¼	95
Sup Steel	28	32
Do 1st pf	96	98¼
Tenn Cop.	7¾	8
Tenstor, A	6	8
T P

WAITING?

There has recently been abundant evidence that a steady decline in interest rates will bring about higher Bond prices.

The further reduction of the discount rate by four of our Reserve Banks has been accompanied by firmness in Bond prices, many sound issues seeking higher levels. Of a representative list comprising 105 issues offered during the past year and a half, over 50% are selling above the issue price.

As this price movement progresses, it will be increasingly apparent that delay in the investment of idle funds will prove expensive.

A timely suggestion on request for letter T-21

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ROCKEFELLER LOSES $996,359 TAX SUIT

Judge Hand Decides Oil Stock Received From Dissolution of Company Is Income.

HARKNESS SUIT DISMISSED

Court Upholds Revenue Officials in Protest by Estate Involving $168,044.

John D. Rockefeller, by a decision handed down yesterday by Judge Learned Hand in the United States District Court, lost an income-tax suit involving $996,359. In the same decision Judge Hand upheld income tax officials in suits brought by the estate of William L. Harkness, involving $168,044.

The suits involve taxes on holdings in the Prairie Pipe Line Company and the Ohio Oil Company, later reorganized as the Illinois Pipe Line Company, in which Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Harkness were associated. The two companies were organized as the result of an Interstate Commerce Commission order severing the pipe line properties from the Prairie Oil and Gas Company.

Following the reorganization, which was effected in the Winter of 1914-15, Mr. Rockefeller, as a stockholder in the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, received shares in the pipe line companies. He contended that this property so received was not income. Under protest he paid to the Government $703,681, representing the tax on the par value of the stock. The Government contended that Mr. Rockefeller owed not only the $703,681, but also $292,678 additional, representing the difference between the par value and the market value of the stock. The Government brought suit for this difference.

The executors of Mr. Harkness's estate on the same issue brought suit against the Government to recover $43,557 paid in taxes for the pipe line holdings. Richard S. Holmes, Assistant United States Attorney, said three other suits brought by the Harkness executors were affected by the same decision, making a total in the Harkness suits of $168,044.

Judge Hand held that the shares acquired by Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Harkness were not dividends, but income. He awarded recovery with interest against Mr. Rockefeller and dismissed the Harkness complaint.

"A dividend," he says in the decision, "may be income to the stockholder, though declared out of property which has long since become a part of the economic capital of the corporation. True, it must not be a dividend in liquidation, and perhaps it must on that account be from a corporate surplus, since otherwise it is hard to avoid regarding it as in liquidation. But it makes no difference that it distributes to the stockholder property which is not current profit, but the means of producing current profit. He must still pay an income tax upon it, though in his eyes it is a part of his capital. Therefore, in the cases at bar, the only question is of the completeness of severance of the property declared, i. e., the control of it acquired by the stockholder and lost by the corporation.

"Disregarding all formalities, it appears to me that the pipe line properties were as effectually severed from the old corporations as though they had been distributed in kind. I think that the shares were income under the law, and that the tax was legal."

George Wellwood Murray and Harrison Tweed appeared for Harkness and Rockefeller, who probably will appeal the case. Richard S. Holmes, Charles A. Mapes and Newton K. Fox, Assistant United States District Attorneys, appeared for the Government.

INITIAL WRIGHT DIVIDEND.

Aeronautical Corporation Declares 25 Cents a Share.

The directors of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation at their meeting held on Tuesday declared an initial dividend of 25 cents a share on the 224,390 shares of capital stock now outstanding. Although described as "a dividend" the presumption prevails in official circles that with a continuance of its present earnings the stock will be put on a regular annual dividend basis of $1 a share.

The report of the company for 1920 showed net earnings after all deductions of $411,349, equal to $1.88 a share on the stock. The gross sales were $1,486,000. It is stated that the company at the present time has $3,000,000 in orders on its books, mainly for Government account, or double the amount turned out in 1920 and equal to one year's capacity.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester-day. Bid.	Tues-day. Asked.	Bid.
D., L. & W. Co.	Aug. 20	28¼	29	28¼
Reading	.....	15½	17	15½

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	4.60	4.70	4.60	4.70
Quicksilver	.....	$46.00	.....	$46.00
Aluminum	21.00	22.00	22.00	23.00
Iron, No. 2X	.....	23.00	24.00	23.00	24.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 11¾c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	70	5	0	70	5	0
Copper, futures	70	12	6	70	12	6
Tin, spot	157	10	0	158	10	0
Tin, futures	159	15	0	160	10	0
Spelter, spot	25	0	0	25	5	0
Spelter, futures	25	15	0	26	2	6
Lead, spot	23	15	0	23	12	6
Lead, futures	23	7	6	23	2	6

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Arix Exten	1	2	Iron Blos...	14	16
Arix Silver	18	20	La Rose...	15	25
Arix. T. Y.	5	6	Majestic...	6	7
Black H.	6	8	Mex Mot...	..	40
Boat Mont.	70	72	Milway M...	..	26
Chief Cons	2½	3¼	Mit D T.	27	28
Calumet	70	74	Monarch	..	15
Crystal, n.	84	85	Nat L & Z.	..	8
Denbigh	7	9	Nixon	3	7
Eagle B B.	2	1¼	Rainier	4	6
Eureka C.	43	48	Seven Mot.	6	7
Fortuna	2	3	Silver Reef	3	5
Gadsden	40	50	U V Exten	22¼	23
Roma	6	6	Yukon	1	1¾
Iron Cap	5¼	6¼			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Andes	.12	Extension	.32
Best & Belcher	.10	Gold Reef	.05
Caledonia	.10	Hermill	.11
Chollar	.05	Hasbrouck	.03
Con. Virginia	.17	Kernick	.06
Gould & Curry	.05	Knox	.10
Justice	.05	Levert	.02
Mexican	.10	Midway	.02
Ophir	.10	West	.02
Savage	.07	Western	.03
Scorpion	.03	Zone	.11
Sierra Nevada	.05	GOLDFIELD.	
Union	.15	Booth	.02
TONOPAH.		Consolidated	.07
Belmont	1.60	Goldfield	.03
Cash Boy	.06	Florence	.40
Jim Butler	.07	Jumbo Extension	.04
McNamara	.15	Silver Pick	.12
McNamara Cresc.	.03	Speculator	.02
Midway	.13	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Monitor	.03	Arrowhead	.02
North Star	.05	Broker Hills	.06
Rescue	.03	Bullwhacker	.10
Tonopah Exten	1.30	Hamilton	.08
West End	.75	Holly	.38
West Tonopah	.09	Round Mountain	.13
DIVIDE.		Silver Mills	.11
Alta	.03	Simon	.03
Belcher Exten.	.02	Simon Mine	.05
Brougher	.06	Sterling	.06
Divide Extension	.75	Uncle Sam	.14
Dividend	.03	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2¾	3¼	Isabella	84	85
Dr. J'pot	2½	3	Mary Mack	4	5
Elkton	3	3	Portland	48½	49
El Paso	8	11	U. Gold M.	10	13½
Golden C.	6½	7	Rose Nicol	2¾	4
Granite	1	1¾	Rochester	21	23

COTTON GOES UP 30; CLOSES AT 7-14 RISE

Buying Aggressive, but Reaction Comes as Material Is Encountered on the Advance.

Cotton rose 30 points at one time yesterday, carrying prices back to the week's high level. Buying was aggressive, and it required an advance to bring out a sufficient supply of contracts. The weekly weather report, while indicating deterioration in places, was not so unfavorable as many had anticipated. Temperatures were decidedly lower over the greater part of the belt, though Texas had warm weather. So much cotton was encountered on the advance that prices reacted, closing 7 to 14 points over Tuesday.

Wire houses executed overnight selling orders at the opening, causing a few moments depression. October opened at 12.70, a decline of 8 points, but later months lost only 3 or 4 points. Liverpool lost ground at one time, but prices there recovered steadily, leaving little selling pressure on New York. Effort to buy a few hundred bales of October started an upturn that gained in momentum. Rather heavy buying by a house frequently operating for Wall Street interests led prices to rise steadily. Cotton was for sale in large quantities, but demand absorbed all offerings at rising prices. Blocks of October at 13 cents were taken, and all months worked up to about the high level touched on Monday.

Favorable reports from dry goods centres had a direct influence on cotton, helping sustained prices during the afternoon. With less selling pressure room traders again attempted to work the market up and succeeded in carrying October from 12.82 to 12.96. But the moment profit-taking started and prices ran off 10 points, with little support, new speculative buying appeared on any recession. That December decreased its premium over October to 47 points was attributed to less urgent trade buying. As a result December only gained 7 points on the day, while March gained 14.

A comparison of the contract market with Southern spot quotations shows that both have moved upward to a fairly uniform degree. Since the extreme decline in June, October contracts in New York have advanced 170 points. Spot prices in Southwestern markets have gained 175 to 195 points. Prices in Atlantic sections have risen 176 to 200 points.

Exports amounted to 24,366 bales yesterday, making the total this week 77,636 bales, compared with 36,370 bales in the entire week last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	12.70	13.07	12.70	12.88@12.90	12.78
Dec.	13.23	13.54	13.23	13.54@13.55	13.27
Jan.	13.12	13.45	13.12	13.27	13.15
Mar.	13.40	13.68	13.40	13.67	13.41
May	13.50	13.73	13.48	13.68	13.52

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 12.90 for middling upland; sales nil. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 12.25, 10 points advance; New Orleans, 11.75, unchanged; Savannah, 11.75, 10 points advance; Augusta, 11.63, unchanged; Memphis, 11.25, 25 points advance; Houston, 12.10, 10 points advance; Little Rock, 11, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	6,600	12,468	4,151
Exports	24,366	10,562	.....
Exports, season	25,381	5,508,866	16,181
N. Y. stock	156,784	156,577	41,531
Port stocks	1,328,634	1,404,327	745,434
N. Y. arrivals	1,501	1,650	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, more demand, 9.27d, 5 points advance. Sales 6,000, American 5,000; imports 9,000, American 7,000. Future opened quiet, 5 to 8 points advance, closed very steady, 1 decline to 3 advance. Prices, October, 8.73; December, 8.87; January, 8.87, March, 8.98; May, 9.03. Manchester: Yarns and cloths quiet.

Walter W. Templin Elected.

The Manhattan Electrical Supply Company announced that Walter W. Templin, formerly of the Western Electric Company, has been elected a Vice President of the corporation.

M., K. & T. RAILROAD REPORTS NET LOSS

Figures for Last Year $7,301,376, as Compared With $5,162,634 in 1919.

INCREASE IN EXPENSES

Gross Income $11,089,860 Larger, but Operating Cost Went Up $13,000,000.

The annual report of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Lines for the year ended Dec. 31, 1920, according to consolidated Federal and corporate income account, shows a net loss from last year's operations of $7,301,376, as compared with $5,162,634 in the previous year. Gross income aggregated $72,914,737, an increase of $11,089,360 as compared with 1919. The figures for 1920 and 1919 follow:

	1920.	1919.
Operating revenue	$72,914,737	$61,825,376
Operating expenses	69,880,978	56,988,805
Net operating revenue	3,033,858	4,836,480
Railway accruals	2,058,855	2,037,898
Uncollectable revenue	17,497	12,941
Total	2,106,352	2,044,110
Total operating income	927,505	2,792,370
Non-operating income	761,013	2,484,553
Gross income	1,688,519	5,276,923
Deductions, including interest and rentals	8,989,895	10,441,557
Net loss	7,301,376	5,162,634

C. E. Schaff, receiver for the road, in his remarks to stockholders says that the amounts due under the Government guarantee cannot be stated until all transactions applying to the guaranty period have been ascertained and the allowances for maintenance of the property determined by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Advance payments to Dec. 31, 1920, on account of the guarantee have been made by the Government to the receiver as follows: Missouri, Kansas & Texas, $700,000; the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway of Texas, $3,870,000, and the Wichita Falls & Northwestern Railway, $287,000.

Mr. Schaff adds that the annual compensation which the Director General is obligated to pay under contract for the use of the lines is as follows: Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway, $6,586,871; Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway of Texas, $735,001, and Wichita Falls & Northwestern, $144,003.

FIRST COTTON 50 CENTS.

Proceeds of Auction on Exchange Will Go to Charity.

The first bale of Georgia cotton to be brought to market for the 1921 season was auctioned on the floor of the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday and brought 50 cents a pound for each of its 395 pounds.

The proceeds of this sale, as well as the sale of the same bale on the Savannah Exchange, where it brought 85 cents a pound, will go to charity. The cotton was classed as strict low middling.

Air Reduction Co. Reports.

Gross income of the Air Reduction Company, Inc., for the second quarter of 1921 amounted to $1,337,784. Net profits available for the outstanding stock before allowances for Federal taxes were $184,314.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

E. C. Granberry of Harris, Forbes & Co. sailed Wednesday on the Adriatic for Cherbourg. Mr. Granberry will be absent for six weeks on a business and pleasure trip.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co. are issuing a booklet on the subject of "The Reparations Question and Its Effect Upon Industry" prepared by George A. C. Christianey, a member of that firm.

The Federal Light & Traction Co. and associated companies have moved their offices to 52 William St., New York.

The American Express Company has opened a new office at Amsterdam, Holland.

The Oil City Derrick has issued a report covering all the wells drilled in the Kentucky field showing a production of 100 barrels or more.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 3.—Forty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,572,000, were chartered today. They include:

First National Home Building Corp., Manhattan, realty, &c., $500,000; M. Wickham, D. O'Sullivan; attorney, A. L. Wells, 13 East 47th St.

Sound Tire Service, Brooklyn, $10,000; C. J. Cochran, W. H. Katz, S. Streit; attorneys, Tuller & Kunstler, 233 Broadway.

Rubin Holding Co., Bronx, $75,000; A. Rubin, E. H. Ebin; attorney, G. Feinberg, 171 Madison Av.

Memorial Highway Tire Corp., Buffalo, $25,000; W. C. Dargan, A. R. Hanson; attorney, G. C. Riley, Buffalo.

Hatter Danheim, Manhattan, haberdashery, $5,000; C. and J. Danheim, C. Oppenheim; attorney, D. F. Mayer, 253 West 34th St.

Ideal Piano Co., Brooklyn, $24,000; M. and J. Joseph, M. Morehal; attorneys, Burnstein & Cohn, 351 Stone Av., Brooklyn.

Winkler & Wieson Co., Manhattan, make dresses, $5,000; C. P. and E. W. W. Winkler, J. Wieson; attorney, W. Koerner, 220 Broadway.

Johnson & Prelle, Neponsit, building and contracting, $10,000; C. W. and J. W. Prelle, I. H. Johnson; attorney, F. P. Davies, Rockaway Beach.

La France Costume Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. W. Vadja, G. Hechler, A. Cohen; attorney, M. Salpman, 9 Beekman St.

Paul Gerard Smith, Manhattan, motion pictures, $5,000; E. K. Nadel, F. G. Smith, H. Crawford; attorney, D. Steinhardt, 1,540 Broadway.

Typo Re-Inker Co., Manhattan, make inking machines, $10,000; J. F. Markey, E. E. Allison, A. K. Dohrmann; attorney, G. F. Allison, 115 Broadway.

Accommodation, Manhattan, securities, $50,000; P. Lippner, A. Solomon, V. Brown; attorneys, Kopp, Markewich & Perlman, 51 Chambers St.

Hoffman European Patents Corp., Buffalo, $5,000; W. M. and G. Hoffman; attorney, H. B. Milward, Buffalo.

John F. Smythe & Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $100,000; J. F. and M. M. Smythe, G. R. Templeton; attorney, H. Goldman, 120 Broadway.

235-237 West 50th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $75,000; J. S. Halliman, J. J. Drake, H. F. Swift; attorney, J. A. Behe, 233 Broadway.

Ten-Eleven Highland Avenue, Rochester, realty, $10,000; S. Z. Davidson, J. Pirsimo, A. Fabry; attorneys, Bryan & Bryan, Rochester.

Gifford-Hintze-Baker Engineering Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; G. E. Gifford, T. P. Hintze; W. H. Baker; attorney, H. R. Bayne, 299 Broadway.

Park Slope Association, Brooklyn, realty, $25,000; N. A. Johnson, A. J. Abrahamson, V. W. Holmberg; attorney, H. S. Ziegel, 160 Broadway.

Jones & Lutz, Manhattan, house furnishings, $5,000; L. and G. Jones, W. J. Lutz; attorney, G. W. Winans, 104 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Excel Fried Cake Corp., Brooklyn, $7,000; H. Silverman, N. and J. Shoenberg; attorney, D. G. Goerin, 195 West 81st St.

Schlang & Co., Manhattan, dress goods, $15,000; A. Schlang, I. Sampson, S. Deutsch; attorney, J. Miller, 51 Chambers St.

Carrazzo Shoe Co., Rochester, $250,000; J. G. Menihan, W. P. Carrazzo, G. A. Lenihan; attorney, T. J. Nighan, Rochester.

Gallagher-Weeks Co., Manhattan, make shirts, $10,000; W. Gallagher, J. M. Weeks, S. Goldberg; attorney, N. S. Kohn, 154 Nassau St.

S. A. Guthman Co., Brooklyn, druggists, $50,000; E. A. Guthman, V. B. Frank, J. Pirozzi; attorney, C. Firestone, 299 Bway.

University Buffet Lunch, Manhattan, $20,000; M. Schreiber, J. and W. Krupka; attorney, J. M. Frost, 114 Rivington St.

Easton Candy Co., Manhattan, $15,000; G. L. Easton, A. J. Lyons, C. R. Griffith; attorney, J. M. Landy, 49 Broadway.

Grand Avenue Building Co., Bronx, $15,000; R. G. Plass, V. and B. Hartinger; attorney, M. Silverstein, 309 Broadway.

S. Hollander, Manhattan, realty, $5,000; S. and I. Hollander, J. Taub; attorney, J. Rieger, 458 Broadway.

K. B. F. Brooklyn, realty, $24,000; A. Klein, S. Eisenberg, S. Fohr; attorney, D. B. Getz, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Jefferson Film Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; N. M. and J. M. Schenck, D. Bernstein; attorney, L. Friedman, 1,540 Broadway.

Wholesale Buying Syndicate, Manhattan, $5,000; H. F. P. Milligan, 21 E. Elger; H. E. Brower; attorneys, Hastin & Hass, 30 Pine St.

Arcy Toy Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Shapiro, K. Krell, L. Manilesse; attorney, S. L. Ortenger, 299 Broadway.

Hudson Farms Corp., Manhattan, $75,000; G. V. Reilly, S. B. Howard, A. R. Myers; attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Ronald Press Co., Manhattan, $62,000 to $110,000, and 400 shares of common stock, no par value, to 10,000; 600 shares preferred stock, $100 each.

Sol. Mutterperl, Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

Keiner-Williams Stamping Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $500,000.

Sam Fried, Manhattan, $3,000 to $33,000.

J. Charles Toepe, Manhattan, $20,000 to $70,000.

General Illuminating Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Arthur E. Lane Lumber Corp., Manhattan, 150 shares common stock, no par value.

Paramount Automobile Sales Co., Spring Valley, $10,000 to $30,000.

MERGER.

James W. Elliott's Business Builders, Manhattan, with Chidsey Krahe Finance Corp.

NAME CHANGES.

International Autoxray Sales Co., Manhattan, to X-Ray Sales Co.

L. & S. Mfg. and Trading Co., Brooklyn, to Capitol Bronze and Brass Works.

Durie & Davidson Co., N. J., to Davidson Bros.

McLain-Hadden-Simpers Co., Pa., to McLain-Simpers Organization.

DISSOLUTION.

Dehls & Stein, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Aug. 3.—New charters granted:

Eagle Hat Band Manufacturing Co., Haledon, $50,000; Ernest Mutzberg, Haledon; Albert Mutzberg, Otto Mutzberg, Paterson.

Sayre Motors Corp., Pitman, $50,000; Fenton I. Sayre, Frank Sayre, John Howell, Pitman.

American Woodwork Corp., Bergenfield, $125,000; James Lomedico, Corona, L. I.; Frank J. Caronia, Elmhurst, L. I.; E. Howard Foster, Bergenfield.

L. & L. Realty Co., Newark, $100,000; S. G. Deixel, O. H. Rogers, F. Nimaroff, Newark.

Robert J. Metzler, Newark, deal in machinery, $100,000; Robert J. Metzler, East Orange; Samuel Kaufman, Newark; Annie MacMillan, East Newark.

Universal Stamp Works; Newark, $100,000; John H. Vancourt, Elmer H. Herman, John I. Vancourt Jr., Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Aug. 3.—Charters filed today:

Fibrine Products Corp., $1,000,000; attorney, Delaware Charter Co., Wilmington.

Fink Cotton Co., cleaning and raising, $500,000; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.

Bruno Mining and Milling Co., mining, $500,000; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.

Washington Finance Corp., automobiles, $250,000; attorney, Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co., Philadelphia.

Ohio Rock Island Sales Co., tractors and automobiles, $250,000; attorney, Colonial Charters Co., Wilmington.

Pennsylvania Synthetic Gas and Chemical Co. Sales Corp., gasoline, $125,000; attorney, Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co., Philadelphia.

Cumberland Motor Co., automobiles, $100,000; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.

Carter Laboratories, toilet preparations, $100,000; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.

Wilkinson Equipment Co., furniture, $50,000; Bright S. Erickson, Joseph C. Wilkinson, Philadelphia; James L. Wolcott, Dover; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of Delaware.

Lorraine Garage Corp., $20,000; Frank A. Calvert, Haverford, Pa.; Edward L. Reeves, Paulsboro, N. J.; Harold C. Lansinger, Philadelphia; attorney, U. S. Corporation Co.

Nohls Cafeteria, $25,000; Frank P. Nohls, Mina Nohls, William Shinn, Wilmington; attorney, Frank P. Nohls, Wilmington.

Hudson Shipping Co., $20,000; attorney, Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co., Philadelphia.

Clausen & Crause, boats, $20,000; attorney, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.

NAME CHANGE.

S. J. Rigar Automobile Co. to Pilot Pittsburgh Automobile Co., Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Price Watchman Co. to Price Watchman Sales Co., Cleveland, $100,000 to $200,000.

Building Materials Co., Norristown, Pa., $500,000 to $850,000.

Automobile Finance Co., Wilmington, $100,000 to $500,000.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Reaction in Grains—Printcloths Firmer—Butter and Eggs Higher—Tin at Low Record.

Grain prices experienced a reaction in yesterday's cash markets following the rise of Tuesday. Wheat dropped 1¾ cents a bushel, while corn was lower by ¾ of a cent. Butter and eggs appear to be witnessing their seasonal movement, as the former advanced another ½ cent a pound and the latter 1 cent a dozen. Butter is now 16 cents above the low record of the year reached in May and eggs 13½ cents above the low for the year made in the same month. Tin prices dropped to a new low record for the year. Printcloths advanced another ⅛ of a cent a yard and are now quoted ⅛ cent above the low for 1921. Other commodities were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Aug. 3, a week before, and a year ago:

	Aug. 3, 1921.	July 27, 1921.	Aug. 4, 1920.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.38½	$1.41½	$2.45
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.77¼	.80¼	1.62
Oats, No. 2 white	.51	.52½	.99
Flour, Minn. patent	10.00	10.00	13.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.07¼	.06½	.10⅝
Sugar granulated	.06	.059	21.00
Butter, cream, 92 score	.45	.42¼	.55
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.38	.36	.53
Lard, Mid. W.	12.85	12.75	18.65
Pork, mess	24.50	24.00	38.00
Beef, family	15.50	16.00	20.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	21.35	21.75	52.00
Steel billets, Pitts.	30.00	33.00	65.00
Lead	4.35	4.35	9.00
Copper	11.75	11.875	19.00
Tin	25.87½	25.875	48.25
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	12.90	12.00	39.50
Printcloths	.04⅛	.04⅜	.13

Highest and lowest prices for the year 1921 to date are as follows:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat (new)	1.56¾	July 14	1.31¼	July 6
Wheat (old)	2.12	Jan. 12	1.42	July 25
Corn	.83	Jan. 3	.74¼	June 28
Oats	.60¾	Jan. 3	.46	July 5
Flour	10.50	Jan. 13	8.00	Apr. 14
Coffee	.07¼	Jan. 12	.06¾	Mar. 15
Sugar	.08¾	Mar. 15	.052	June 28
Lard	13.85	Jan. 7	9.50	May 31
Butter	.57	Jan. 3	.39	May 26
Eggs	.70	Jan. 17	.29¼	May 27
Pork	33.50	Feb. 2	24.00	July 19
Beef	29.00	Jan. 28	14.00	July 9
Iron	33.25	Jan. 25	21.00	July 28
Steel	43.50	Jan. 8	33.00	July 28
Steel billets	43.50	Mar. 15	30.00	July 28
Copper	13.00	Jan. 4	11.75	Mar. 11
Tin	30.50	Jan. 10	25.87½	Aug. 3
Cotton	13.25	Jan. 10	10.85	June 20
Printcloths	.06	Jan. 19	.04⅛	June 24

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 12,560 packages. Market firmer, with most sales of fresh table grades ½c advance; ladles higher. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 45¼@46c; extras (92 score), 44½@45c; firsts (90 to 91 score), 42@44c; firsts, (88 to 89 score), 38@41c; seconds (83 to 87 score), 36@38½c; lower grades, 32@35c; unsalted, higher than extras, 47@47½c; unsalted, extras, 46@46½c; unsalted, firsts, 40@45c; seconds, 36½@39c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 42@44c; good to prime, 40@42c; common to fair, 33@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 31½@32½c; seconds, 28@29½c; lower grades, 26½@27½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 28½c; No. 2, 27½c; lower grades, 25@27c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 32,475 cases. High grade fresh firm; medium and lower qualities quiet; very fancy whites scarce and higher. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 42@44c; extra firsts, 39@41c; firsts, 35@38c; seconds, 29@34c; trade sells, 25@30c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 26@28c; dirties, No. 2 and poorer, 20@25c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@24c; refrigerator, charges paid to expiring dates, special marks, fancy, 38c; firsts, 35@37c; seconds, 31@34c; whites, 40@44c; sterilized browns, 39@40c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, 53@55c; extra firsts, 51@54c; firsts, 47@50c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 47@54c; undergrades, 38@43c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 55@58c; extra firsts, 51@54c; firsts, 47@50c; undergrades, 40@46c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 34@47c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 46@49c; browns and mixed colors, gathered, extras, 42@44c; firsts to extra firsts, 36@41c.

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I. M. M. NET EARNINGS $11,307,441 IN 1920

Decrease of Nearly $4,000,000 Revealed in Annual Report—Cash Position Strong.

$30,556,973 SURPLUS FUND

Franklin Says Improvement in Company's Business Will Depend on Europe—Expenses Heavy.

The official report of the International Mercantile Marine Company can obtain the earnings of the subsidiary companies only through dividends declared. These, together with the other earnings of the International in 1920 and 1919 were as follows:

	1920.	1919.
Total net earnings of I. M. M. Co. plus dividends from subsidiary companies, after deducting taxes and general expenses	$11,307,441	$15,193,831
I. M. M. Co. bond interest	2,231,679	2,309,232
	$9,075,762	$12,884,599
Deduct—Depreciation on steamers directly owned	768,478	660,405
	*$8,307,283	*$12,224,194

*Dividends received from British subsidiary companies have been converted at the market rate of exchange on date received.

The general balance sheet shows net current assets of $96,514,205, of which $17,022,952 was in cash; $55,522,220 in marketable securities; $20,477,254 in accounts receivable, and $2,366,989 in inventories. Current liabilities aggregated $61,350,051, of which $47,323,454 was in accounts payable, including reserves for taxes; $3,940,871 for loans and bills payable, and $8,676,433 as reserves, for liabilities. The profit and loss surplus amounted to $30,556,973.

COMMERCIAL LEASES.

Phenix National Bank in $1,000,000 Seventh Avenue Rental.

Approximately $1,000,000 in rentals during the next forty-two years will be paid by the Chatham and Phenix National Bank for the corner store and part of the basement in the new building at the Pictorial Review at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street.

The lease recorded yesterday shows that the bank will pay a graduating rental of from $25,000 to $35,000 for the first ten years beginning Sept. 1. The bank has an option of two renewals, totaling thirty-two years, at a graduating rental of from $30,000 to $35,000 a year.

The bank's lease of the store and part of the basement in 434-438 Broadway, which has just been placed on record, shows that the rental is on a graduating basis of from $10,000 to $15,000. This lease began in November, 1919, and runs until Oct. 31, 1940.

Maurice Wertheim leased for the Artbilt Realty Corporation the store at 372 Lexington Avenue, at the southwest corner of Forty-first Street, to Abendroth Brothers, manufacturers of boilers, stoves and ranges, whose plant is at Port Chester, N. Y. The Lexington Avenue store will be occupied as offices and display rooms.

The White-Goodman Company leased the entire building at 236 Fourth Avenue for Dr. Albert Pittis to Goldschlager & Schweitzer.

Goodwin & Goodwin rented for "Herbert," jeweler, the store at Seventh Avenue and 125th Street to the Hygrade Fur Stores for a term.

The Rand Company, manufacturers of visible business control equipment and filing devices, leased through Cross & Brown Company the store and basement at 140 West Forty-second Street for a period of years.

Bauer, Milbank & Molloy leased the store at 30 West Thirty-ninth Street to the Artistic Novelty Company for a term of years.

Louis Schrag leased for the Ethols Realty Company the store and basement at 114 West Thirty-first Street to the Mankop Drug Company for a term of years.

Henry Shapiro & Cot sub-leased for the Eighty-sixth Street and Third Avenue Company the corner store at Third Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street to the Schuite Cigar Stores Company; the large store on Third Avenue to Kaufman, hats; stores on Third Avenue and on Eighty-sixth Street to the Paramount Shirt Shops, and store on Eighty-sixth Street to Henry Osterweil, jeweler. These leases are all for a term of ten years. The total rent involved in the above leases aggregates approximately $400,000.

B. Metz & Co. leased for twenty-one years the four-story building at 85 East Fourth Street, near Second Avenue, for the B. H. Cohen estate to I. A. Bernson, who will remodel it into a catering building. The rental will amount to approximately $95,000.

Suburban Buyers.

Raymond W. Storms sold the dwelling and one-half acre of land, held at $45,000, at the corner of Monterey and Colonial Avenues, Pelham, N. Y., to George H. Jones. Prince & Ripley were the brokers.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Estates of Tappan Zee, a plot in the Philipse Manor section of Tarrytown, N. Y., to H. C. Boschen.

Thomas S. Burke sold for the Land Estates, the dwelling at 102 Wendover Road, Yonkers, to Thomas Burroughs.

W. S. E. Hall resold the cottage at 34 Dongan Street, St. George, S. I., to Mrs. Caroline Lankow.

Long Island Deals.

J. Wilson Dayton sold for the estate of James Stewart a plot of one acre on the east side of Bell Avenue, Bayside, to Mrs. Evelyn M. Chalsty, and to vincent Foscato, the plot 90 by 100 on the east side of Fairview Avenue.

Thomas O'Connell sold the Ralph P. Barnett house on Onderdonk Avenue, Manhasset, to Thomas W. Moffat.

Bronx Site for Ice Plant.

D. A. Tretta has sold for the John Simpson estate a plot 140 by 350 feet, on the southwest corner of Whitlock and Bryant Avenues, in the Hunts Point section. The purchasers intend to improve the property immediately with one of the largest ice plants in the Bronx.

EXPORT SALES DROP, WHEAT WITH THEM

Despite Its Strong Statistical Position and Unfavorable Crop Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The action of the wheat market in refusing to advance in the face of sensational bullish weather and crop reports and a very strong statistical position is taken as indicating a very limited speculative interest, and, while yesterday there was sufficient investment by millers and seaboard buying to absorb the heavy sales, the buying today was less aggressive, and prices declined and closed within a fraction of the bottom, with a net loss of 1⅞ cents. Local sentiment is generally very bearish regarding the immediate trend of values and almost unanimous in looking for a much higher level ultimately.

Those who have bought recently on the bullish statistical position of the world have made little or no money, as there is not sufficient outside interest to maintain bulges, and the general disposition at the present time is to sell on the upturns until the period when the export demand becomes of large proportions again. The export sales today were limited at 100,000 bushels, with August and September at the Gulf quoted at 10@10½ cents over Chicago September, the outside figure being named at the last.

Despite the slow foreign demand, spot prices were ¼@½ cent better relative to the September, with No. 2 red ¾@1 cent and No. 2 hard ¼ cent under the future on spot. Country offerings and consignments are light; and, while the movement continues much above the average for this season, it shows a decided falling off as compared with last year. There was some talk of a reduction of 7½ cents per 100 pounds on grain for export and 4½ cents per 100 pounds on domestic grain from Chicago to the Atlantic seaboard. The reduction is not expected to apply to grain in transit or in store, and no rate was mentioned as to when it is to go into effect.

The Spring wheat crop of the three Northwestern States is privately estimated at 114,000,000 bushels, compared with 141,000,000 bushels a month ago and 121,000,000 bushels harvested last year. Private reports are now centring around 270,000,000 bushels for the Canadian crop, compared with 263,000,000 bushels harvested last year; and, based on the private estimates, the total North American crop and carry-over is around 175,000,000 bushels less than last season.

The export sales of 1,500,000 bushels of corn reported at the seaboard today are regarded by the local trade as simply a reflection of the business done at Chicago recently and which was given out earlier in the week. Cash corn on track moved up ½-cent to 1½ compared with futures today to 2½ cents over September for No. 2 yellow and white, with a leading industry a good buyer early. Rains over the belt have checked deterioration in some sections of the belt, but the detailed Government weekly weather and crop report showed irreparable damage in some sections with one-half to three-quarter crop of late grain indicated in Ohio. Sentiment is mainly bearish and the close was ⅜-cent lower.

Oats were off 1/16@¼ cent, after showing fair strength early on buying by houses with Northwestern connections. The crop of the three Canada Northwestern provinces is privately estimated at 260,000,000 to 300,000,000 bushels, compared with 350,000,000 a month ago and 315,000,000 harvested last year.

Grain traffic continues much above the average, and the Atchison Road handled 2,092 cars more in July than last year. Primary arrivals of wheat for three days aggregate 10,028,000 bushels, compared with 12,284,000 last week and 5,661,000 last year. Shipments were 5,443,000 bushels; last week, 4,484,000; last year, 3,823,000.

Corn receipts were 2,159,000 bushels; last week, 2,515,000; last year, 1,594,000, and shipments, 2,340,000 bushels; last week, 2,914,000; last year, 942,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.25¾	1.23⅞	1.23¾	1.25¾	
Dec.	1.29	1.26¾	1.26¾	1.28⅛	2.32

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.58¾	.58⅜	.56¾	.59⅜	1.42¼
Dec.	.60	.59	.59½	.59⅝	1.23¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.42⅜	.42	.38	.37⅜	.71
Dec.	.41¾	.41	.41	.40¾	.70¼

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.13¾	1.12	1.12	1.18	1.74½
Dec.	1.12	1.10⅛	1.10¼	1.12¾	1.67½

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	12.20	12.12	12.20	12.30	16.95
Dec.	12.30	12.25	12.30	12.30	13.32
Jan.	10.40	10.30	10.35	10.37	..
Ribs—					
Sept.	10.70	10.65	10.65	..	15.90

Manhattan Dwelling Sales.

The five-story apartment at 158 Lenox Avenue, southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 118th Street, on a plot 26 by 100, was sold by L. Friedheim.

F. J. Feuerbach and George S. Runk sold for Mrs. J. H. Jackson the five-story double flat at 328 East Eighty-third Street, to an investor.

The five-story flats, on a plot 100.11 by 65 at the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and 123d Street, were resold by Tomback & Fischer to Ethel Silver.

The Franklin Savings Bank sold to Henry W. Hoflin for $71,500 the six-story flat, on a plot 46.5 by 134.9, at 849 St. Nicholas Avenue, south of 158d Street.

M. H. Gaillard & Co. sold for Miss A. Nigro the four-story residence at 19 West Ninety-first Street, held at $30,000, to Theodore Vastratzen. The purchaser was represented by H. P. Hines.

Fitz Howell sold for Rosa Hornberger the three-story dwelling at 208 West 139th Street, on a lot 17 by 99.11, to Willie A. Edrope.

The three four-story dwellings, each on a lot 16.4 by 98.9, at 147 to 151 East Twenty-first Street, were sold by Mattie McKee to the Land Map Realty Corporation.

The Bronx Market.

The Nabelle Realty Corporation sold to Harry Gross the five-story flat, on a plot 40 by 100, at 930 Kelly Street, north of Longwood Avenue. The property, which brings a yearly rental of $8,060, was valued at $40,000. Morris Hyman was the broker.

The Madison Finance Corporation sold to Joseph Fertel 2,035 Creston Avenue, an apartment house, on a plot 62.6 by 100.

Gregory N. Fischer sold to Hannah Sherman 2,071 Vyse Avenue, a four-story flat, on a plot 37.9 by 82.10.

D. A. Tretta sold for Edwin G. Brady the plot 75 by 100, on the west side of Clarence Avenue, 150 feet south of Philips Avenue.

Buying in Brooklyn.

Meister Builders, sold to Michael Cammarotta, the four-story, four-family dwelling at 157 Tenth Street, on a lot 16.8 by 100.

J. Lacov sold for Elizabeth Fisher to Andrew Nelson Jr., 982 East Twenty-third Street, a two-story, one-family house with garage, on a plot 40 by 100 for $17,500.

The A. J. Shannon Company sold the four-family brick apartment house at 515 Eighth Avenue, near Sixth Street for Samuel Ashkinasi, owner, to a client for investment, and 214 Garfield Place, a three-story residence for James Sheehan, owner, to a client for occupancy.

E. B. Knowles Company sold 760 Havemeyer Street, a three-story dwelling for M. Hughes to a client.

Meister Builders, sold to G. Fogliani a one-family dwelling on a lot 31 by 100, recently completed on Avenue X, east of Coney Island Avenue.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Acme Coal	1¼	1	1¼
1,000 Acme Pack	1¾	1¼	2⅛
100 Alum Co	88	18	18
100 De pf	62	62	62
900 Amal Leath	12⅝	11¾	12
2,300 Beth Motors	62¾	62c	62c
700 Car Light	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
200 Carlisle Tire	4⅛	4	4
25 Celluloid pf	102	102	102
200 Cen Ter Sug	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Chi A L Ill	14¾	14¾	14¾
50 Com & Mont	48	48	48
175 De pf	62	62	62
100 Conley T F	14¾	14¾	14¾
200 Elk Con Pr	31½	30⅝	31½
1,200 Emerald	13	12¾	13
200 Gil Sat Raz	130½	129¾	130½
2,100 Glen A Coal	34¾	34	34½
100 Goldy Piet	4	4	4
2 Gravely TAR	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
200 Hall Sw A Spr	6¼	6	6¼
1,500 Hayden Ch	2¼	1⅞	2
300 Holsr's, Inc	11¾	11¼	11¾

MINING STOCKS.

2,000 Alas-B C Met	37c	35c	37c
5,500 AmSpMf of A	58c	58c	58c
500 Belcher Dev	2c	2c	2c
9,000 BigLeggeCop	25c	23c	25c
2,000 BonEllyCon	49c	49c	49c
116,000 Bonanza Dev	3c	2c	3c
300 Con Copper	1¼	1¼	1⅛
100 Corp M of A	22c	20c	22c
4,400 Dexter Silver	60c	78c	80c
100 CreaConGldm	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
300 Darwin Sil	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 DeloresEsper	2¼	2¼	2¼
4,800 Divide Ext	33c	32c	33c
15,500 El Sal Min	27c	23c	23c
2,000 Emerald Cr	42c	42c	42c
13,400 Gold'd Flor	43c	42c	43c
10,100 Gold Z. Div	12c	10c	11c
1,000 Harmill Div	11c	11c	11c
75 Hecla Min	4¼	4¼	4¼
100 Hol G M.new	6¾	6¾	6¾
100 Howe Sound	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000 Hull Copper	35c	35c	35c
1,200 Jim Butler	8c	8c	8c
10,100 Jumbo Ext	4c	4c	4c

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

200 Anglo-Am	15¼	15¼	15¼
100 Atl Lobos	12⅛	12¼	12⅛
20 Galena Sig	32	33	33
10 Ohio Oil	260	260	260

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

2,200 Allied Oil	5c	4c	5c
500 Do new	36c	26c	36c
1,400 Ark N Gas	9¼	9	9¼
600 Am Fuel O	25c	25c	25c
2,500 Boone Oil	17c	16c	17c
2,100 Bos-Wyo Oil	35c	35c	35c
1,700 Carib Syn	4¼	4⅜	4¼
25 Cities Ser	119	119	119¼
350 Do pf	46	44½	45
200 Cosden	60	60	60
50 Do PrB scr	52	52	52
400 Do bkrs sh	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
400 Col Em	75c	70c	75c
2,000 Cush Oil	13c	10c	10c
200 DomOofTex	7⅝	7¼	7½
3,100 Elk B Pet	6¼	6	6¼
700 Eng Pet	49c	47c	49c
800 Emp Ky Oil	27c	27c	27c
700 Federal Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Gilliland Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 Glen Rock O	93c	91c	93c
1,100 Gladden Oil	2	2	2
1,000 Guffey-G O	12½	12	12
5,700 Hudson Oil	18c	17c	17c
1,900 ImpOilofDel	10¼	8	10

BONDS.

(In lots of $1,000.)

10 Allied Pack 8s	46½	46	46¾
3 Alum Mfg 7s	98½	98½	98½
16 A T & T 6s '22	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
2 Am Tob 7s '23	100¼	100¼	100¼
10 Anaconda 6s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
8 Anacon 7s, '29	93½	93⅜	93⅜
14 Ang-A O 7½s	100¾	100¾	100¾
10 Armour 7s	97¼	97¼	97¼
5 Beaverb'd 6s	80	80	80
5 Beth St 7s '22	100	100	100
2 Do 7s '23	98¾	98¾	98¾
25 Do 7s '35	91¾	91¾	91¾
23 C N R 7s '35	100¾	100¾	100¾
4 Can F 6s '24	98	97¾	98
10 Ch U Stk 6½s	105	104¾	105
10 Consol Gas 7s	100¼	100¼	100¼
12 Cons Tex 7s	102	102	102
12 CopExA 8s '22	101½	101½	101½
10 Do 8s '23	100¾	100¾	100¾
2 Do 8s '25	102¼	102¼	102¼
2 Gen Asph 8s	100	99¾	100
4 Gr'ich B F 7s	90¾	90½	90¾
7 Gd Trunk 6½s	94¾	94¾	94¾
10 Gulf Oil 5s	87¾	87¾	87¾
3 Helns 7s, '30	99½	99½	99½
58 Humble Oil 7s	98	97¾	98
7 Ill C 6½s, '36	101¼	101¼	101¼
144 Int M M. 7s	80¾	80¼	80¾
1 Kennec Cop 7s	93¾	93¾	93¾
13 L. McN & L 7s	95¼	95¼	95¼
9 Laclede Gas 7s	91	90	91
8 Morris 7½s	99½	99	99½
1 Nat Cl & S 8s	92¼	92¼	92¼
20NY,N H & H 4s	58	58	58
5 Pr Pay Sug 7s	100¾	100¾	100¾
10 R Gov 5½s, '21	20	17	17
Do ctfs	19¾	19¾	19¾
15 Do 6½s, '19-'21	20	20	20
23 Do ctfs	18¼	17	17
13 S-Roeb 7s, 2 yr	98¾	98¾	98¾
8 Do 7s, 3 yr	97¾	97¾	97¾
2 Solv & Che 8s	99	99	99
14 South Ry 6s	97¼	97¼	97¼
89 S W Bell T 7s	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
28 SONY 6½s, '23	100¾	100¾	100¾
15 Do 7s, '25	102¼	102	102
2 Do 7s, '26	102¾	102¾	102¾
1 Do 7s, '27	102½	102½	102½
7 Do 7s, '28	102¾	102¾	102¾
1 Do 7s, '30	104	104	104
2 Do 7s, '31	104¾	104¾	104¾
50 Swift 7s, '25	97¾	97¾	97¾
22 Do 7s, '31-'wi	97¾	97¾	97¾
2 Sun Oil 7s	92¾	92¾	92¾
6 Swiss Gov 5½s	87½	87½	87½
10 Texas Co 7s	99¾	99¾	99¾
12 Unit Drug 8s	100	100	100
7 UnOfC 8s '31	100½	100¼	100½
1 Va Ry & Pow 5s	85¾	85¾	85¾
21 Vac Oil 7s '36	101¼	101	101½
9 West Elec 7s	100¾	100¾	100¾

German Bonds.

75 Berlin 4s	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜

PUBLIC UTILITIES

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Am Gas & Elec	103	104	
Am Gas & Elec pf	36¾	37¾	
Am Light & Trac	90	93	
Am Light & Trac pf	55	56	
Am Power & Light	55	55	
Am Power & Light pf	64	65	
Am W W & Elec	3	5	
Am W W & E 1st pf	46	49	
Am W W & E partic	7	9	
Appalachian Power	2	3	
Appalachian Pwer pf	30	35	
Carolina Pow & Light	26	30	
Cities Service	121	122	
Cities Service pf	45½	48¾	
Cities Service pf B	4	6	
Cities Service bkrs shs	13⅜	14	
Colorado Power	6¼	7½	
Colorado Power pf	70	75	
Columbus Electric pf	55	75	
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	10	12	
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	37	40	
Eastern Power pf	74	80	
Eastern Texas Elec	75	78	
Eastern Texas Elec pf	73		
El Paso Elec	98	101	
El Paso Elec pf	79	82½	

Am W W & Elec con	56	57½	
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41	69	71	
Cities Service deb B	95	100	
Cities Service deb C	75	80	
Cities Service deb D	73	75	
Con Power 5s, '43	83	86	
East Tex Elec 8s, '42	73	77	
Empire Gas & F 7s, '24	86	92	
El Paso Elec 5s, '32	78	83	
Galveston El 1st 5s, '40	70	75	
Galveston-Hous 5s, '54	70	75	
Louisville G. & E 8s, '23	94	98	

Above quotations of public utilities are obtained from representative brokerage houses.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	90	90¾	90
4½s June, 1965	90	90¾	90
4½s Mar., 1963	90	90¾	90
4½s Nov., 1957	90	90¾	90
4½s May, 1957	90	90¾	90
4½s Apr., 1966	85¼	86¼	85
4½s May, 1964	85¼	86¼	85
4½s Mar., 1963	85¼	86¼	85
4½s Sept., 1960	85¼	86¼	85
4½s Mar., 1960-30	84¾	86¼	85
4s May, 1965	80	81¼	80
4s Nov., 1955	80	81¼	80
4s Nov., 1956	80	81½	80
4s Nov., 1957	80½	81½	80
4s Nov., 1958	80¾	81½	80
4s May, 1959	80¾	81½	80

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	15¾	15¾	15¾
Atlantic Lobos	7	15	
De pf	50	60	50
Borne-Scrymser	340	360	340
Buckeye Pipe Line	80	83	80
Chesebrough Mfg	160	165	160
Do pf	95	98	95
Continental Oil	105	106	105
Crescent Pipe Line	20	25	20
Cumberland P L	115	120	115
Eureka Pipe Line	77	79	77
Galena Signal Oil	32	34	32
Do pf, new	87	90	87
Do pf, old	90	94	90
Illinois Pipe Line	150	154	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	83	83	83
Indiana Pipe Line	85	90	85
Int Pet, Ltd.	11	11¼	11¼
National Transit	22½	23¼	23¼
New York Transit	140	145	140

Northern Pipe Line	87	90	87
Ohio Oil	257	262	260
Pa-Mex Fuel	19	22	19
Prairie Oil & Gas	430	435	420
Prairie Pipe Line	185	190	187
Solar Refining	330	350	330
Southern Pipe Line	79	81	79
South Penn Oil	185	190	189
S W Pa. Pipe Lines	87	90	87
S O of Cal. $25 par	75	76	75
S O of Ind $25 par	70¾	71	69¾
Std Oil of Kan	530	540	530
Std Oil of Ky	230	240	235
Std Oil of Neb	155	165	155
Std Oil of N Y	320	325	318
Std Oil of Ohio	380	390	390
Vacuum Oil	107	110	107
Washington Oil	25	30	25

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Am Brass	146	150	146
Am Chicle	10	12	10
Do pf	30	40	30
Amal Leather	13¾	15¾	13¾
Do pf	48	50	50
Atlas Powder	115	120	115
Do pf	65	68	63
Babcock & Wilcox	104	106	104
E. W Bliss	23	28	22
Borden & Co	91	94	91
Do pf	85	88	85
Celluloid Co	100	103	100
Do pf	101	103	101
Chiclets Co	93	96	93
Do pf	97	100	97
Dry Dock	60	70	60
Do pf	97	99	95
General Baking	85	90	85
Do pf	100	102	100
Gil Safety Razor	139	143	139

Hercules	130	136	130
Do pf	81	83	81
Ingersoll-Rand	150	160	146
Do pf	100	94	
Mesch & Co	76	78	76
New Jersey Zinc	115	118	115
Niles-Bem-Pond	47	50	47
Do pf	82	88	82
North Securities	72	80	72
Royal Bak Pow	70	75	70
Do pf	76	79	76
Safety C H & L	60	67	60
Scoville Mfg	280	315	285
Singer Mfg, new	90	93	90
Stand Screw	200	220	210
Va Realty	92	98	100¾
Ward Baking	80	88	80
Do pf	97	99	97
Yale & Towne	220	238	220

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	70	78	70
Do pf	93	97	93
Am Tobacco scrip	104	106	104
Geo W Helme	150	160	150
Do pf	90	94	90
Mac'y & Porges	75	80	75
Do pf	73	83	73
Mengel Co	40	45	40
J S Young	70	90	70
Do pf	90	96	90

Porto Rico-Am	60	70	90
Do pf	77	82	77
RJReynolds,new A	80	82	80
Do pf B	94	96	94
Universal Tob	13	16	15¼
Do pf	100	110	110
Weyman-Bruton	150	165	155
Do pf	88	95	90

STOCK EXCHANGE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 3, 1921.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
60 Allis-Chalm	32¾	32¾	32¾
90 Am S Sugar	51	50	50
475 Am Can	39¾	39¼	39¾
225 Am C & F	125¾	124¾	125¾
50 Am H & L	11¾	11¾	11¾
110 Do pf	54¾	54¾	54¾
750 Am Int Corp	35	34¾	34¾
200 Am Linseed	35¼	34¾	35¼
400 Am Loco	85	83¾	84
430 Am Sat Rad	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
170 Am S & C	37¾	37¼	37¾
80 Am Sm & R	37¾	37¾	37¾
80 Am Sil Fab	28¾	26¾	28¾
6,770 Am Sugar	66¾	65¾	66⅜
995 Am Su Tob	50¾	49¾	49¾
200 Am T & T	100¾	100¾	100

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Lively Bidding by Investors for Local and Suburban Properties Offered at Auction.

WHITE PLAINS ESTATE SOLD

The Oasis, Consisting of Sixty-Five Acres of Park Land, Bought for $114,000.

There was some lively bidding in the Vesey Street Salesroom yesterday, when a number of properties located in Manhattan, Bronx, and the suburbs were offered at public auction by Bryan L. Kennelly.

The crowd was large, despite weather conditions, and the majority of the buyers were investors.

Among the suburban offerings interest centred in the sixty-five-acre tract at Harrison and White Plains, Westchester County, known as "The Oasis." Bidding started at $50,000 and the figure was advanced rapidly until it was finally sold to James J. Finnegan for $114,000.

Mrs. G. W. Mellow bought the completely furnished cottage at the southwest corner of Bryant Avenue and Beacon Road at Highland Park, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., on a bid of $13,000.

In the Bronx Mrs. R. W. Rawson paid $8,750 for the two-story dwelling at 2,017 Vyse Avenue.

John Clarkson took over 1,000 Melville Street, a two-story two-family house, for $9,350.

No. 1,736 Van Buren Street, a three-story two-family house, was bought by H. L. Sonand for $8,300.

Four lots, 100 by 100, on the south side of Teasdale Place, 234 feet east of Third Avenue, offered for the estate of G. Emily Reynolds, were sold for $3,400 to R. W. Mason.

The most important of the Manhattan properties was secured by James Mahoney. It consisted of a five-story remodeled dwelling at 68 West Eighty-third Street, which was sold, subject to three mortgages aggregating $36,900, for $47,500.

The five-story remodeled dwelling at 103 West Seventy-sixth Street was also sold to Mr. Mahoney for $44,500. There are two mortgages totaling $37,500 on the house, which adjoins the corner of Columbus Avenue.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Bailey Av, s w corner of 230th St, 57x109.10 x irregular, vacant; Philo C. and Sarah Blaisdell against Eva Hartman et al; Henry M. Bellinger, attorney; amount due $3,801.74, taxes, &c., $204.35; to Edith Pasiovico for $5,775.

THE COMMONWEALTH HOTEL

Ground Broken for Proposed Structure on West Fifty-Sixth Street.

Ground was broken yesterday for the proposed Commonwealth Hotel to occupy the block bounded by Broadway, Seventh Avenue, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Streets.

Several hundred people stood in a drizzle while former Governor Alfred E. Smith, J. A. Almirall, President of the Commonwealth; Jason Rogers, former President, and W. J. Hoggson outlined the aims and purposes of the project. Jason Rogers pulled the steam shovel throttle that set the excavation machinery in motion.

Mr. Smith briefly outlined the hotel history of New York, tracing the march northward. "The district from Forty-second Street to Fifty-ninth Street is now the hub or heart of the city," he said. "The Commonwealth, I am sure, is destined to be the mammoth hotel in Greater New York."

Mr. Rogers said that the breaking of ground for the Commonwealth will mark an epoch in the financial and big industrial developments throughout the United States.

In a statement issued yesterday afternoon Mr. Hoggson said: "The first work will proceed in the vacant lot on Fifty-sixth Street, midway between Broadway and Seventh Avenue. Immediately following the vacating of the Van Corlear Apartments and the other buildings on the Seventh Avenue half of the block in September, these buildings will be torn down.

"The hotel will be erected in two sections, the first half, on the Seventh Avenue end, to contain approximately 1,400 rooms. The demolition of the buildings and excavation work will be done by the George J. Atwell Company, Inc."

BUSINESS PROPERTIES.

The Aldrich Building Transferred to Hill Meadow Realty Corporation.

The Aldrich Building, a five-story structure at 143 to 147 Church Street, and taking in the entire block front, 175 by 25, between Chambers and Warren Streets, was resold by the Albany Savings Bank to the Hill Meadow Realty Corporation.

A mortgage of $190,000 was obtained by the purchasing interests from the bank, which acquired the property in foreclosure proceedings, two weeks ago, for $190,000.

Byrne & Bowman sold for the Frandor Realty Corporation to Ida Lerner for investment 53 West Twenty-fourth Street, a six-story loft building, on a lot 20 by 100, renting for $16,000 a year. It was held at $85,000. Gettner, Simon & Asher represented the seller as attorney, and Stoddard & Mark the purchaser.

The two five-story store buildings, on a plot 125 by 100.5 by irregular, at 738 to 739 Eighth Avenue, northwest corner of Forty-sixth Street, were sold by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to the 738 Eighth Avenue Corporation.

Three four-story buildings known as 138, 140 and 142 Eighth Avenue, including the southeast corner of Seventeenth Street, owned by the Edward F. Smith estate were sold by Piradisa J. Smith, as executor, for $35,000.

Libby's Baths Adds East Side Realty

Max Bernstein, acting for Libby's Baths, Inc., added another parcel to those recently acquired by him for this company by the purchase of 28 Delancey Street, now Schiff Parkway, held for $75,000, from the estate of Nathan Hutkoff. This company has now acquired the entire northeast corner of Chrystie Street and Schiff Parkway, embracing by 20, 22, 24 and 26 Schiff Parkway and 154, 156 and 158 Chrystie Street.

The purchaser has plans for the demolition of the seven five-story stores and tenements on this site and will erect the largest Russian and Turkish baths in the world. Benjamin Bernstein acted as attorney for the purchaser and Nathan Diamant and Jacob Oppenheimer were the brokers.

Building Plans Filed.

58th St, 243 and 245 West, for a nine-story factory and stores, 24.2x38.9; Cohenrill Realty Co., 2 East 33d St, owner; Gronenberg & Euchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost $250,000.

Alterations.

1st Av, 1,359, to a four-story moving picture theatre, &c.; J. Dornfeld, 729 Bushwick Av, Brooklyn, owner; G. and E. Blum & I. G. Feiner, 505 5th Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

36th St, 7 West, to an eleven-story lofts, &c.; M. Friedman, owner; Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
W. E. FINN, 165 Broadway.
Mortgage Loans Exclusively

REAL ESTATE.
Good News for Brokers and Realty Men
Despite the prevailing "scarcity" of money, I'm prepared to convert your 1921 rent income into cash on the most reasonable terms available. Strictest confidence and no "red tape."
Tel. Fitzroy 3916.
Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 34th St., N. Y.

SUB-LEASE
$3 a square ft. and up
Overlooking Central Park at Columbus Circle
Unit of 299 sq. ft.
" " 300 " "
" " 338 " "
" " 379 " "
" " 546 " "
" " 963 " "
Larger units can be arranged
HENRY M. BIRDSEYE
Gotham National Bank Building
1619 Broadway
Tel. Columbus 1425

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
816 Fifth Avenue
22 ft. 6 in. front.
5 story American basement dwelling, 17 rooms, 6 baths.
Elevator, electric light.
Possession August 1.
Reasonable rent.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'way

FOR SALE
523 WEST 113TH STREET
4 Story & Basement Dwelling
POSSESSION OCTOBER 1ST.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
70 WILLIAM STREET.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
KEW GARDENS
New one-family, corner, stucco, 7 rooms and 2 baths; plot 50x184; near Kew Gardens station and elevated; also 6 smaller adjoining; others; fine restricted suburb. CLASSIC CONSTRUCTION CO., Myrtle and 110th St.; also 84th Av. and 118th St., Richmond Hill.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
A WONDERFUL BARGAIN
at Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Attractive stucco house, 8 years old, 9 rooms, 2 baths; large living room; side porch; plot 150x200; beautifully landscaped; trees, shrubs, fruit, garden; walks; running brook in rear. Garage with gasoline tank; convenient to trolley and school. No occasion to spend one dollar on repairs. Possession October 1st.
Anderson Realty Co. Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Sole Agent.

Houses With Grounds
On the Hudson, at Yonkers, 30 minutes from Grand Central, with half acre or more; garages, gardens; $20,000 to $30,000; some bargains. Variety of cottages, about two city lots each, prices $10,000 to $14,000, easy terms. BELLOWS & WARREN, Getty Square, Yonkers.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Opportunity on Long Island
to secure a country home at a bargain, 10 rooms, 2 baths; hollow tile stucco house; all improvements; on corner lot, 100x125 Cost to build $35,000; 50 minutes from Penn Station; 8 minutes from boating, bathing and fishing. Will sacrifice for $19,500 Terms $2,000 cash balance on monthly payments like rent. Address Box F, 1515 3d Ave.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
SUBURBAN STUDIO HOME—Will sacrifice new, artistic country-suburban place; only $5,500 needed; balance on easy terms, almost like rent, buys it; $5,000 new on 1st mortgage can remain; ready for occupancy; has eight large rooms, tiled bath; splendid studio, 25 ft. x 35 ft.; fine northern light; parquet floors, running water, electric light; every convenience; beautifully situated on plot 100x180 feet; fine garden, shrubs and flowers in profusion go with the place; close to pretty lake, stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors; good markets, schools and churches near by; this is a chance of a lifetime to obtain a home at a fraction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $14,500; ideal commuting to New York City. Earnest, Box 908 Times Downtown, 5 Beekman St., N. Y. City.

FARMS.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
FREE ILLUSTRATED CATALOG
Choicest NEW JERSEY farm bargains with stock, tools, crops included, fully described—many in commuting zone, others near seashore resorts; prices range from $600 up with others on easy terms. Write or call today for free copy. NEW JERSEY FARM AGENCY, 154-E Nassau St., N. Y. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
OFFICES
PUTNAM BUILDING
N. Y. THEATRE BUILDING
IN
TIMES SQUARE
SEE SUPT.,
1493 BROADWAY, ROOM 416.

1658 SQ. FT.
To Sub-Lease at Once
FIFTH AVE., Cor. 38th St.
Splendid light; four windows facing Fifth Ave., each eight feet wide; ideal space for offices or showrooms for high-grade business.
X 2727 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
Public Auction Sale
TO CLOSE THE CEDARHURST ESTATES
4 Handsome Dwellings
41 Residential Plots
from one quarter to one acre plots.
Cedarhurst, L. I.
On Broadway, Cedarhurst, Washington Aves. and Sealy Drive.
Saturday, August 13th,
at 2:30 P. M., under tent on Cedarhurst Ave., south of B'way
70% on Mortgage
Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
Policies Free to Buyers.
Write for Booklet
Larkin, Rathbone & Perry, Attys.
60 Broadway, N. Y. C.
67 LIBERTY ST., N. Y. C.
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer
PHONE CORT. 0744.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
COUNTRY-SUBURBAN HOME BARGAIN
5 YEARS TO PAY 2ND MORTGAGE; BIG DISCOUNT FOR CASH ABOVE MORTGAGE
Because the purchaser for whom it was finished could not complete the financial part of his contract, this very attractive, pretty Colonial type of suburban home, located in a beautiful, strictly residential section, near New York, specially built for comfortable year-round occupancy, can be bought for ¼ less than cost to-day. The desires of the neighbors as to personality of buyer will be respected. The house itself is in perfect condition, ready to occupy immediately, and contains ten very large rooms and two tiled baths. The price includes an electric range, electric fixtures and shades. There is also a completely equipped garage, corresponding to the house in architecture. The plot consists of about one-third acre, with 100 ft. street frontage. Unusual care and taste have been used in landscaping the grounds, which are beautifully shaded and contain many shrubs and flowers. The elevation is about 700 ft.; wonderful scenery, very healthful living conditions. Water rights to a chain of beautiful lakes run with the title. The railroad station is within easy walk. Commuting facilities to the city are of the best. Immediate occupancy and title can be had on payment of $3,500, and the balance of $12,250 may remain on mortgages at convenient terms. Special discount for cash. Complete details and pictures can be obtained from GEO. C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Sq. Hotel, 71st and Broadway, N. Y. City. Tel. 8400 Columbus.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Waldorf Building,
2-16 West 33rd Street,
TO SUBLET—1600 Square Feet,
To January 31, 1925.
Highly desirable show and sales room space, wonderful light. Opportunity to buy especially ordered fixtures.
For further particulars apply tenth floor, 229-239 West 36th Street or telephone Longacre 2200.

The Wing Building

Exceptionally Well Located
13TH ST. 9th Avenue to Hudson Street.
Office Building Entrance
2 Light Lofts
23,000 SQUARE FEET
Will Divide
Fully sprinklered, 2 freight and 1 passenger elevators; light on 4 sides, adjacent to elevated, subway and all surface cars; low insurance, moderate rent. Call, write or phone
WING & SON, 9th Ave., 13th St. Chelsea 1776.

Chance of a Life Time
We Offer For Sale at The Four Corners
IN NEWARK, N. J.
adjoining the second best business corner in the United States.
The property, Nos. 796-798 Broad Street, consisting of two four-story brick mercantile buildings, covering entire plot, 50x200; running through to alley in rear.
50,000 square feet of floor space, two large stores, basement and upper lofts; immediate occupancy; the very best business site in this city; exceptional opportunity.
KRAEMER,
776 Broad St., phone 780 Mulberry, Newark, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
FOR RENT
Corner Store & Basement
20-Foot Ceiling
12,500 SQ. FT.
107-111 4th Av., cor. 12th St.
Suitable for Bank or High Class Commercial Business
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
International Tailoring Co.
On Premises

5-7-9 West 37th St
Light Lofts
75x100; Possession Feb'y 1st, 1922
SPRINKLER.
H. J. Sachs & Co. 38 W. 21st St.

LOFTS & OFFICES
FOR RENT IN THE
PARTOLA B'LD'G
20th to 21st Sts. & Sixth Ave.
Suitable for manufacturing; exceptional light; sprinkler system. Immediate occupancy. Apply Partos Realty Corp., 100 West 21st St. Phone Chelsea 2044.

2,000 Sq. Feet
Attractive Suite of Offices
TO SUBLET.
National Association Building
23 West 43rd St.
Possession at once; term 4 years; rent very reasonable.
BRETT & GOODE CO.
849 5th Ave. Bryant 9893.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
New Cor. Building
742
7th Ave., Cor. 49th St.
Stores, Lofts, Offices
With Subway Entrance
Wonderful for executive offices. 125 ft. glass front; elevator.
2 stories being added, top floor will be built for artist, architect or photographer.
Available Immediately
Renting Agent on Premises
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS
SCHWARTZ & JAKOBSON
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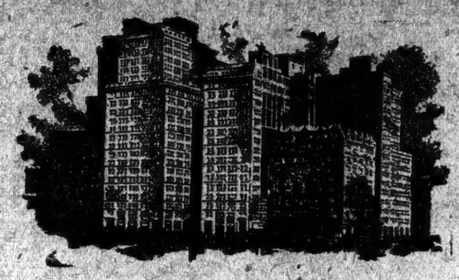
249 West 34th Street
New Imposing Building
Fireproof, Elevator, Opposite Pennsylvania & Long Island R. R. Station Entrance.
Offices & Show Rooms TO LET
Small and Large Units, $40.00 per Month and Up.
BROKERS PROTECTED.

7TH AVE. & 56TH ST.
CORNER STORE
FOR RENT
EXCELLENT LOCATION FOR AUTOMOBILE SERVICE STATION; STORE ROOM 25x45; GARAGE WITH REPAIRING PRIVILEGE 17x80. LOFT OVER THE GARAGE 15.10. ALSO THREE LOFTS ABOUT 1,100 SQUARE FEET EACH.
Inquire Hotel Wellington.
TELEPHONE CIRCLE 1065.

1412 to 1416 B'WAY
North East Corner 39th.
5,500 square feet; will divide; smaller space $35.00 up. Supt., or Boglia, 1,532 Broadway.

A few
Choice Apartments
for rent
Attractive, recently constructed house in select section, has a few small non-housekeeping apartments unoccupied.
Unusual opportunity to secure unique, homelike quarters at a moderate rental.
1, 2 and 3 rooms with alcove and bath. Large rooms, some with open fireplace. All modern conveniences.
Restaurant on premises; excellent cuisine.
Convenient transit facilities for subway, "L", Bus, and surface lines.
Apply C. J. Stimpson
S. E. cor. 79th and Madison Ave.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

GARMENT CENTER CAPITOL
Seventh Ave., 36th to 38th Streets
FOR RENT
STORES—BASEMENTS
OFFICES—SHOWROOMS
Apply to
ZOLTAN FRIEDMANN
210 Fifth Ave.—498 7th Ave.
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Or Your Own Broker

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Hear what a
GARDEN APARTMENT
FAMILY
Has to say:-

says father—
"Words cannot express my satisfaction with owning a "Garden" apartment at Jackson Heights. From the financial standpoint, I consider this the best investment I ever made. From the viewpoint of enjoyment, I have a Golf Course, Tennis Courts and a Club House right at hand."
says mother—
"Until we came to Jackson Heights I never dreamed of having all the advantages of living in the suburbs combined with the conveniences of a beautiful, modern apartment. Well, we have that ideal combination here, and all of us are happy at Jackson Heights."
and the children say—
"We have great fun on the playgrounds with the swings, slides, and other things, and of course, there's no danger of our being run over—like in the city streets."
Call or write for Full Details, Floor Plans, and a copy of the "Jackson Heights News."
4, 5 & 6 Room "Garden" Apartments
Ready for Occupancy. Tax Exemption—10 years.
Visit JACKSON HEIGHTS To-day
22 Minutes from 42nd Street
Queensboro Subway from 42nd St. to 25th St. Station (Corona Line). Jackson Heights Office opposite.
Queensboro Corporation, 50 E. 42nd St.
Right in New York City
JACKSON HEIGHTS

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Rent or Sub-Let
All or any part 940 sq. ft. furnished or unfurnished office, with telephone. Reduced rate.
Room 1502
National Association Bldg.
25 West 43rd Street.
Phone Vanderbilt 7381.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT
OFFICE SPACE
Special Rate
2,000 Square feet and 400 square feet.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
25 Liberty St. Telephone Rector 6640.

STORE
At subway corner at two prominent streets; heart of Manhattan; 45-foot frontage; rent $10,000; long lease; suitable men's and women's line; principals only. Mr. Denner, 287 Madison Av. Phone 6340 Vanderbilt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
15 East 57th St.
5 Story Building
43 x 100
Adapted for Club
Display of Art, Modes, Millinery, Antiques, etc.
HUBERTH & HUBERTH
2 Columbus Circle

CONVENIENT OFFICE IN HEART OF NEW YORK
1,700 sq. ft. on sixth floor Buckley-Newhall Bldg., opposite Bryant Park.
Call 709 Sixth Ave., or phone
AMERICAN OPTICAL CO.,
Bryant 7207, or thru your broker.

Brooklyn.
WITH RAILROAD SIDING.
FACTORY SPACE TO LET
New reinforced concrete b'ld'g; 62,400 sq. ft. on each floor; large and small units; sprinklered; open daylight all sides; subway station at door; 15 minutes' ride to Park Row; remote from other factories in residential neighborhood. PREN-BROOK CORP., on premises, 5,611 14th Av., B'klyn. Brokers protected.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

Westover Court
Bachelor Apartments
210 WEST 44th ST.
Furnished, Unfurnished
2-3-4 Rooms & Bath
A real home for business men in Times Square. Hotel Service rendered which takes care of every want.
S. A. TERREY, Mgr.

Unfurnished—West Side.
SMALL APARTMENTS
840 Seventh Ave., Corner 54th St.
Three and Four Rooms
321 West 55th St. West of Broadway
Three and Four Rooms
350 West 55th St. West of Broadway.
1, 2 and 3 Rooms
300 Central Park West Corner 90th St.
One and Three Rooms
434 West 120th St. Corner Amsterdam Av.
2, 3 and 4 Rooms
45 Tiemann Pl.
Old No. 609 West 127th St. One Block South of B'way & 125th St. Subway Station.
Two Rooms
NON-HOUSEKEEPING
Hotel Sevillia
117 West 58th St.
2, 3 & 4 Rooms
Hotel Beresford
Central Park West & 81st.
1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
For Other Apartments, Possession Oct. 1st, Apply
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Bryant 6416.

Possession at Once
350 WEST 71ST ST.
8 Rooms & Bath; $1,900 to $2,100
172 WEST 79TH ST.
8 Rooms & Bath; $2,200 to $2,500
225 West 80th St. (Cor. Broadway)
6 Rooms, 2 Baths; $2,500
18 WEST 82ND ST.
2 Rooms and Bath; $1,500 up.
BELNORD, 225 WEST 86TH ST.
8-9-10 Rooms, 3 Baths; $4,250 upward
131 Riverside Drive (Cor. 85th St.)
9 Rooms, 3 Baths; $5,000
321 WEST 92ND ST.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,500
209 WEST 97TH ST.
8 Rooms, 1 Bath, $2,000
622 WEST 113TH ST.
6-7 Rooms, $1,700 to $2,100
NOTE:—Oct. possession in few cases.
Wood, Dolson Co., INC.
80th St. & B'way. Phone Schuyler 1100

6 & 7 Rooms
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Large Exterior Rooms
MODERN HOUSE
Service that will please the most discriminating
RENTS FROM $1700
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES
210 West 107th St.

Hotel des Artistes
1 West 67th St.
FACING CENTRAL PARK WEST.
Most unique apartment hotel in the city.
STUDIOS, DUPLEX APARTMENTS.
3 TO 6 ROOMS
MAID SERVICE.
Free Cooking and Refrigeration. Restaurant, Swimming Pool.

Hotel Peter Stuyvesant
Central Park West, at 86th St.
Suites now being shown for rental
UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED
1 Room and Bath, $900 up
2 Rooms and Bath, $1600 up
3 Rooms and Bath, $3200 up
To as many as desired.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE.
WM. F. INGOLD, MANAGER

140 West 79th St.
9 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
Possession October 1st, 1921, or sooner.
$4,800
J. C. & M. G. MAYER
347 Madison Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 8655

10th St., 31 West
Exclusive house; 7 very large rooms, bath, heat, electricity; $2,400. Superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—East Side.
MASON
6-12 East 58th Street
Overlooking Central Park Plaza.
Apartments of 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; reasonable rents.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY
141 Broadway

1133 MADISON AVE.
Near 84th St.
3-room apartment; regular kitchen; all improvements; rental $75 and $90 a month.
Inquire Superintendent on premises.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Builders.
CAMP MERRITT.
SPECIAL 30-DAY SALE.
Remarkable low prices on all building materials, doors, hardware, paint, roofing material, plumbing and heating supplies.
Call or write for catalogue.
HARRIS BROTHERS COMPANY.
Phone Englewood 1050. Tenafly, N. J.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
SPECIAL FUNDS, MORTGAGE MONEY for Manhattan and Bronx real estate.
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BLDG. BRYANT 7780-1527.
$1,000,000
to Loan on Mortgages.
Duross Co., 261 Broadway, Barclay 3784.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
HAVE money to loan on real estate, first and second mortgages, leaseholds, interests in estates, merchandise or other good collateral. Cohen Brothers, 35 Wall St.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.
5% INTEREST.
Will pay to private party for $20,000 first mortgage on my Long Island residence. Worth $35,000; will save broker fee; confidential. F 515 Times.
WANTED, loan $4,500 on guaranteed first mortgage, one to five years, netting 6%. Paine, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
RESPONSIBLE business people desire first mortgage of $10,000 on property valued at $45,000. W 69 Times.

CITY REAL ESTATE.
Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.
FOR SALE OR LEASE.
MADISON AV., NEAR 68TH ST.
1st and 2d floors suitable for business purposes; 3d, 4th and 5th floors contain 6 master bedrooms, all with connecting modern baths; also 5 servants' rooms and bath; 4-story and basement, modern building; interior decorating, telephone, direct and indirect steam heat, &c. Otting & Nassau St., or your own broker.
353 WEST 87TH ST.
Five-story American basement dwelling for sale; 15 rooms, 3 baths; well built and tastefully decorated; next door but one to the corner of Riverside Drive. William White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 3706.
BUILDING, 4 story, 50x100; near Chelsea piers; elevator 8x16; price $80,000; immediate possession; rent $6,000; excellent light; suitable warehouse, laundry, garage, factory. Duross Co., 261 Broadway, Barclay 3784.
ONE TENANT INVESTMENT.
This is ideal for the investor with $27,000, satisfied with 10 per cent. net, and seeking a carefree purchase; a plot of two lots, with low buildings, Washington and Desbrosses Sts., paying $2,700 net income, high class, well rated tenant; a realty investment of the best type; will consider small parcel in part payment. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.
STORE SEEKERS, ATTENTION.
Essex St., corner; also Clinton St., corner store properties; possession; terms to suit.
BARGAIN HUNTERS, ATTENTION.
West 111th Stt., 5-story walk-up; 35-foot front; modern construction; rent $20,000, price $110,000.
ARTHUR CUTLER & CO.,
291 Broadway. Tel. Worth 3190.
NO. 107 WEST 76TH ST.,
between Columbus and Amsterdam Aves., for sale only, four-story dwelling, 20x103; 15 rooms and 2 baths; needs renovating; suitable for rooming house; immediate possession; vacant. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.
IN GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
No. 301 Madison Av., between 41st and 42d Sts., four-story dwelling, lot 24x100; suitable for any business for which the superb location is essential; sale, lease or exchange. William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.
FOR BARGAIN HUNTERS.
Greenwich Village—6-story and stores; a bargain; rent $14,000; price $69,000; less than five times the rent.
ARTHUR CUTLER & CO.,
291 Broadway. Tel. Worth 3190.
WALK-UP apt. house, 10-family, on west side, near sub. station; rents very low; $8,200, October $7,000; will sacrifice at $33,000; cash $8,000; up-to-date improvement. Coughlan & Co., 200 West 72d.
NO. 174 WEST BROADWAY,
near Worth St., opposite Claflin's, one-story building, 25x50; excellent location for lunch room; price $13,500. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.
NEAR 72D ST. SUB-STATION—4 story and basement, 22x102; 14 rooms, 3 baths; perfect for rooming house or alteration; price $27,500; cash $3,000. Coughlan & Company, 200 West 72d.
88TH ST., WEST, few doors from Drive, 13 rooms, 3 baths, electricity, parquet floors; perfect condition; owner leaving city, will sacrifice at $35,000, worth $45,000; cash $5,000. Coughlan & Co., 20 West 72d.
BUSINESS compels me to sell my 5-story corner apartment house on Heights; 70x80; 2-6, 2-5 and 1-4; 5 stores; rents $19,657; cash required, $20,000; good terms. Haste, Box W 11 Times.
NINE ROOMS, modern, detached; lawn, garden, garage space; 50x200 feet to street; 2 blocks Broadway, 225th St., Manhattan (21 Adrian Av.). Phone Marble 3761-R.
COLUMBUS AV.—106TH ST.
Five-story double, two stores.
Asking $28,000. Rents $3,500.
HERMAN ARNS COMPANY, 505 5TH AV.
SIX-STORY elevator apartment house, 2-3, 1-7 ground floor; 1-5, 1-7, 1-8 upper floors; low rents $20,950; price $102,000, cash $9,000. Coughlan & Co., 200 West 72d.
EAST SIDE cold-water double; 30 per cent. net on investment; operation expense is very small; $7,000 cash, balance on mortgage. T. M., 138 Times.
CORNER property in Greenwich Village, with 4 houses, 55x60 feet; will sell separately or as a whole. Apply Williams-Dexter Co., Inc., 72 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 6096.
LEASE house West 90's, near Central Park; 15 rooms, 3 baths; newly decorated; $4,000; bargain. Phone Bryant 6914.
BARGAIN in the 70's; dwelling, 15 rooms, 3 baths; electric light; price $27,000, cash $5,000. Telephone Columbus 224.
16-ROOM house, 4 baths; all improvements; well furnished or unfurnished; beautiful location; good business opportunity. Harlem 5437.
126TH, WEST—Small house, six rooms, bath; completely furnished; year's lease; garage; $125 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.
DWELLING bargain; 25 feet front; 5 story; near Broadway and 79th; price $66,000. Duross, 261 Broadway, Barclay 5784.
MUST sell private dwelling between Park and Madison Avs. on 125d St.; reasonable. Hofmann, Times Building, Bryant 3941.
DAYLIGHT FACTORY, 14,800 sq. ft.; Grand Central Terminal section; sell reasonable. Owner, Murray Hill 3667.
908, WEST—Houses (3 adjoining), 40 rooms, 12 baths; $800 month; sell lease and furnishings. Elberson, 25 West 42d.
WEST 40S.
Four-story, wide house; 21 years. GEORGE COMFORT CO., 489 5th Av.
EAST SIDE HOUSES for sale from $10,000 up. Mitchell, 643 3d Av.
HARLEM—5-story; good income; bargain; terms. H. S., 203 Times.
SALE—Two private houses, 124th St., near Madison Av. E 251 Times.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.
$3,000 CASH will purchase a five-story double flat with stores on Willis Av.; hot water only; rent $3,400. Apply Goodwin & Goodwin, 280 Lenox Av.
WEST SIDE, corner, near Concourse; rent $17,000; price $100,000; great bargain. Edward Polak, Inc., 887 Tremont Av.
NEW 1-story and light basement, 33x135, best location Bronx; brokers protected. Box 65, 1,021 3d Av.
SOUTH BRONX—5-story brick double flat, no heat; rents $2,700; cash required $4,000. Koop, 1,460 Amsterdam Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.
BIG BROOKLYN BARGAIN.
Must be sold in 3 weeks, beautiful 2-family white brick house; 2-story and basement; electricity; excellent condition; worth $9,000; will sacrifice for $7,800; rock bottom. Call evenings, 442 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Grab this quickly.
$2,000 CASH. PRICE $18,000.
Handsome home, large plot, garage; 382 Argyle Road, Waverly station, near Prospect Park South. Spencer, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 2685.
NEW two-family stucco, in Brooklyn, 5 and 6 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 30x100; $12,000; reasonable terms arranged for quick buyer; brokers protected. W 44 Times.
EASTERN PARKWAY SECTION—Two-family, semi-detached; all improvements; $15,800. Cortlandt 8702.
TWO-FAMILY, 13 rooms, 2 baths, newly decorated; electric; 9 minutes 4th Av. subway. 324 60th St., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.
ELMHURST—One-family house, 7 rooms, electric light, gas, power, steam heat, parquet floors throughout, sun parlor, driveway, sleeping porch, weather strips throughout, screens; near 3 car lines, and train; must be sold at once, owner leaving city; price $12,000. Call Astoria 710 for appointment.
ELMHURST (87 Jennings St.)—House for sale, seven rooms and bath, electric light, steam heat, parquet floor, enclosed porch, screened, awnings, storm windows, and garage.

Staten Island—For Sale or To Let.
NEW DORP, S. I.—FLAT TRADE; ALMOST NEW 11-room house, all improvements; garage, chicken house and plenty of fruit trees; 100 feet from trolley and three blocks from station; also a short walk to the bay; must be seen to be appreciated; term home all around plot; price $12,500; cash $4,000. Frank Riegel, 116 Nassau St., New York. Beekman 7800.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.
FOR SALE—14-room brick house, all improvements; lot 110x175x230; 30x60 for $25,000, worth double; take back mortgage for nearly all. 11 Woodland Av., Tarrytown, N. Y. Phone 68, Beekman.

Continued on Following Page.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Continued from Preceding Page.

BRONXVILLE APARTMENTS.
Eight of the twelve apartments now sold; one 3 room, two 5-room, six-room or seven-room; thoroughly modern; seven-room available now, others Oct. 1st; for up to date place to live, combined with investment features this is the best offering in Westchester. Inquire on premises.

PARKWAY MANORS, CARE OF BUSKE STONE INC. BRONXVILLE 1480-1.

NEW ROCHELLE.
For sale, beautiful stone and stucco residence, 12 rooms, 3 baths; heavy construction, hardwood floors, panelled ceilings, fireplaces, leaded weather strips on doors and windows, hot water heat, big porch, large plot; garage; best location in town; near schools, stations and trolley; big bargain; owner leaving for Europe. 59 Hamilton Av., Rochelle Heights Park.

WHITE PLAINS—Owner who built for his own occupancy due to conditions, is compelled to sell new nine-room house; steam heat, gas and electricity; hardwood floors; ½ acre plot in exclusive residential section; permanent bank mortgage; price reasonable if sold at once. Phone Murray Hill 9326. Maunsey B. Griffen & Co.

FOR RENT OR SALE.
Unfurnished brick, stone and stucco, 12 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, electricity, open fireplaces, 3-car garage, 2 acres, shade, all kinds of fruit, tool and chicken house; a very desirable place, 23 miles out; station 10 min.; rent $250 per month. Robert Thedford, 17 East 42d. Murray Hill 6855.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Modern home of seven rooms and two baths, sleeping porch and sun parlor in fine suburban location; will sell below cost price; immediate possession; seen by appointment. Y. C. Young, 16 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 6500.

BUILDING one year old; 4, 6 and 7 rooms; now rented until October for $1350, $1680 and $1750; available under our plan of ownership for $75, $100 and $125 respectively; possession of one four and one six-room apartment; immediately. ROBERT STONE, INC., BRONXVILLE 1480-1.

CRESTWOOD, $9,000.
Frame house of seven rooms and bath, nicely located; plot 50x100; price low to allow for repairs and decorations; monthly tenant. Burke Stone Inc. Bronxville 1480-1.

LOCATION LARCHMONT, seven-room house, stucco, sun porch and garage; all improvements; corner plot, 92x137. Apply to Charles & Pietri, 272 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

A FINE LINE OF NEW HOUSES
at Mount Vernon, N. Y., restricted sections; $15,000 and upward; easy terms.
Anderson Realty Co., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

RENT handsomely furnished Colonial house, 12 rooms, 2 baths; lease year or two; reference required; $800 monthly. Park Hill. Particulars, call Yonkers 4618 R.

COTTAGE, South Yonkers, attractive, modern improvements; rental $85. 191 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BARGAIN—House, 6 rooms, bath, all improvements; $7,800, terms; plot 50x100. Brown-Brown, Depot Square, Harrison, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

NEW GARDENS
HOUSES AND PLOTS.
Owned and controlled by the NEW GARDENS CORPORATION. The soundest values in high-class residential property.
Million plots, facing Forest Park ($600-acre city park), have just come on the market.
New 6, 7 and 8 room houses, on favorable terms.
EDGEWORTH SMITH, Inc., Sole Agents, 1 West 34th St. Richmond Hill 1713.
Fillmore 3000. Richmond Hill 1713.

A REAL COUNTRY HOME.
40 minutes N. Y., 10 minutes station; exclusive, residential section; house is attractive; 8 rooms and bath, laundry, electric light, gas, hot water heat, sun parlor and sleeping porch; large plot, garden, fruit and shade; nice barn and poultry house. Property is at Baldwin; is not a speculative offering; owner's business in Jersey necessitates sale; price, $8,000; reasonable terms. Phone, particulars. THOMAS J. MORRIS, 1270 Broadway, N. Y.

FLUSHING.
Opportunity at Flushing, tax exempt; $1,000 cash, balance like rent; 6 and 7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; thoroughly modern homes; large plots; high elevation; near schools and station; built by day's labor; investigate. Parker Ross Freeman, 2 Depot Lane, Broadway-Flushing. Telephone 3508 Flushing.

NORTH SHORE houses ready for Fall; 6 to 9 rooms, 1 to 3 baths; vapor heat, oak floors, enclosed porches, copper screens, storm weather strips; complete equipment; ready for occupancy. Pennsylvania Station under 30 minutes; these houses are high grade; prices low; terms very reasonable. F. G. Snyder, 1 West 34th St. Pitarov 2570.

HOME BARGAIN, SIX BED ROOMS.
Hollis, near station, well built, elegant home, exceptional large living room, colorful sunny dining room, kitchen, pantry, bath, six bedrooms, steam, electricity, piazza, large plot, fine hedge, shrubbery; $13,800. F. W. Scutt Co., 300 Hilton St., Jamaica.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND.
Tapestry brick, 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage; large plot; fine trees and shrubs; sewer, water, gas, electricity; 30 minutes Penn. Station; private bathing beach; reasonable price, terms, &c. Stephenson, 800 West 34th St. Longacre 5010.

VICTORIA, L. I.—Mansion 166x142 with garage; 18 very large rooms with all up-to-date improvements; large porch; 15 minutes from Central Park; subway; good for speculation; price $25,000; very easy terms. Frank Ricart, 316 Nassau St., N. Y. Beekman 7230.

NEW TAX EXEMPT HOME.
Colonial, tiled kitchen and bath, steam heat, electricity, gas, parquet floors, near station, 20 mins. to N. Y.; $8,250, first mortgage $5,250, balance easy terms. A. L. Kingsley, 1 West 34th St. Pitarov 6830.

TO RENT furnished for one year, possibly longer, desirable home of eight rooms, two baths, two-car garage, large plot, restricted location; price $3,500. For appointment to inspect phone J. Wilson Dayton, Bayside, L. I. Telephone Bayside 1641.

NEW COLONIAL HOME, 7 rooms, 2 baths, built-in tub, showers, modern in every respect; near station, school and golf club; 30 minutes to New York; substantial reduction for cash or liberal terms. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Pitarov 6830.

OWNER must sell 7-room stucco house; 4 bedrooms; all improvements; 2 open fireplaces corner plot; 50x100; planted with fruit trees, shrubs; only 5 blocks from station; 45 minutes out; $10,500; terms. B 271 Times.

BARGAIN—Must sell at once, modern home, 6 large rooms, bath; excellent condition, fine location; near station; double garage, large plot, beautiful exterior; fruit trees, garden. Phone owner, Broad 5510.

FLUSHING—Eight large rooms and bath; corner for garage, 40x100; good location; near station, stores and school. S 877 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE or rent, furnished, unfurnished house fourteen rooms, five open fireplaces, four baths, lavatory, heat, gas, electricity; excellent repair; two-car garage. Flushing 8541.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
41 Slocum Crescent—Detached house, 8 rooms and bath; sun porch; attractive grounds. Phone Boulevard 6393W.

GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB; ample acreage; most accessible; best suited for the purpose in Westchester County. Zodiac, Scarsdale.

WESTBURY—Fine 8-room house; all modern improvements; corner plot; sacrifice; $6,500, cash $1,000. Owner, Weitzel, Bryant 3100.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

AN ABANDONED FARM.
Only 90 miles from New York in Rockland County; 26 acres and an old Dutch stone house with big trees for $8,000; an unusual proposition; send for details and photo. HOWARD GOLDSMITH, 63 Park Row. Phone 3696.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE.
80 acres, one-quarter mile on river; large house, cottage and extensive outbuildings; to close estate will sacrifice at $50,000; terms arranged. Jordan & Clarkson Corporation, 31 East 40th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ROCHELLE PARK, N. J.
$1,000 CASH—$40 MONTHLY.
Nine homes, 6 rooms, bath and pantry, all modern improvements; 3 blocks to railroad station and trolley; price $7,500. Paul M. Tilson Inc. Builder, 50 Church St., Room 2006. Tel. Cortlandt 4616. Resident Phone, Hasbrouck 1315 J. Photos on request.

WIDOW MUST SACRIFICE
8-family house, steam heat, large plot, all modern improvements; residential section; one trains and trolley, 20 minutes; commuting distance; $8,000, easy terms; act quickly. Kerrigan, Broad Av., Central Boulevard, Palisades Park. Phone Leonia 264.

A HOME—Six large rooms, tiled bath, enameled dining room, parquet floors, open brick fireplace, steam heat, finished attic, plot 80x125 near station; price $5,000 cash. Palmer Rental Corpn., Geo. B. Palmer, Pres., Bogota, N. J. Tel. Hack. 2.

ABSOLUTELY well-built house, attractively located; hills Northern New Jersey; 45 minutes Manhattan; 7 rooms (4 bedrooms); every improvement; very convenient; modern conveniences; easiest terms. Asahel Chapin, 29 Broadway.

COLONIAL dwelling, large living room, gas kitchen, tiled bath, three porches; shed, workmanship; fruit, garden, shade, Ridgewood, N. J.

$6,500—New six-room house, all improvements, three blocks station. O. N. Zimmerman, Owner, New Milford, N. J.

THIRTY minutes house, improvements, near station; immediate possession; $4,500; cash $500. HOUSE, two acres fruit; convenient $7,250. Dexter Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—$6,800, beautiful craftsman home, six rooms, tiled bath, finished attic, hardwood trim, beamed ceilings, parquet floor, open fireplace, steam heat with hot water connection, modern gas kitchen; also gas hot water heater, electric light, sewer, paved street; all assessments paid; near station, stores and schools; also five-room California style bungalow; $500 cash, balance $65 monthly, including principal and interest; come out today. John A. Baldwin, opposite station.

$1,000 cash, balance $7,300; very easy terms; seven-room modern home, tile bath, sleeping porch, gas, electricity, steam, fireplace, beamed ceiling, parquet, screens, large plot, driveway, beautiful paved street; possession now; near station, schools, stores; ½ hour Manhattan; commuting 9 cents. Clark Henschel, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park. Phones, Hackensack 8407, Cortlandt 1726.

CRAFTSMAN Summer home, restricted community, Ramapo Hills; 45 minutes out; seven rooms, two glassed and screened sleeping porches, three baths, studio living room with fireplace; furnace, electric light, telephone; corner lot; beautiful trees, flowers, rock garden pool; space for garage; $10,000, half cash. Owner, M 915 Times Downtown.

MAGNIFICENT six room residence, $6,500—electricity, gas, hot water heating; tiled bathroom, fireplaces; breakfast-sleeping porches; artistically decorated; hardwood throughout; copper screening; commodious garage; magnificent corner; unrestricted thoroughfare; immediate possession. Frederick Bruno, Ridgefield Park, Hackensack 2170.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Old fashioned farm house, seven rooms, one acre fine land; near shore; privilege of private bathing beach and boat anchorage; convenient to station; easy commuting distance; $5,000, terms arranged. Box 851 South Norwalk, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

WE specialize in West Side properties; list your vacancies or property for sale with us; management solicited; close personal attention. Louis P. Dowdney, 247 West 72d St.

DESIRE leasing, prepar. to purchase, high location Westchester property, amply detached house, minimum 10 rooms, all improvements; commuter. X 2319 Times Annex.

HAVE applicants for rooming houses, sale or lease; send particulars. J. Friedman, 317 West 48th. Bryant 8160.

FOUR property managers; low fees; at enormous savings. J. Friedman, 317 West 48th. Bryant 8160.

RELIABLE Christian wants to lease small modern house and garage, Westchester; limit $50. B 278 Times.

PROPERTY leased, managed if occupied by colored tenants. Pugsley, 25 West 90th.

Country Property.

WANTED

to rent from Sept. or Oct. 1, in the Oranges, Montclair, or Westchester, modern 8-room house with two baths; rent $125. R. A. K., P. O. Box 872, City Hall Station.

WANTED—7-room house, 3 or 4 bedrooms, with garage, within 35 minutes from New York; Long Island, Westchester preferred; will pay $7,000 to $9,000, $500 cash and balance like rent. Box 540, 852 Columbus Av.

WANT to lease small home or part of two-family in Westchester County. Daly, 620 West 190th.

YEAR'S lease, option buying, amply detached house, commuting distance. G 528 Times.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FARM acreage, fine buildings, at half value; Dutchess County; also one in Connecticut. G. A. Moses, 115 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FARM for sale, near Atlantic City, at bargain; beautiful 6 acre home, high ground, all in orchard; buildings new, modern. M. A. Devine, Law Bldg., Atlantic City, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Westchester County.

FOR RENT, nicely furnished 6-room Colonial house with garage, August and September; immediate possession; near Oakland Beach. 21 Hill St., Rye. Phone 858-M.

Long Island.

FIVE-ROOM bungalow at Ferry Beach, Bayville, Oyster Bay, for rent for season, furnished, $250. H. Oliver. Tel. 407 Oyster Bay.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE—Attractive house, 8 rooms, well furnished; every convenience; garage; rental August and September if desired; $325 monthly. 287 Hempstead Av.

HOUSEBOAT, 12x28; three decks; immediate occupancy; price $800; terms. 925W Belle Harbor, Jamaica Bay, Rockaway.

LONG BEACH—Excellent accommodations, refined guests, special rates. Phone Long Beach 593.

Miscellaneous.

BETHLEHEM, N. H.—Three furnished housekeeping rooms; fuel, dishes, bedding, everything supplied; modern farm; all improvements; $175 for season. Williams, care Agassis Hotel, Bethlehem, N. H.

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage for balance of season at Manchester-in-the-Mountains. W. B. Edgerton, Agent, Manchester, Vt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Rate 55 cents an agate line.

Factories and Lofts — *Stores at Central Points*

PARK ROW BUILDING.
WILL SUBLET LARGE OFFICE OR SUIT OF TWO VERY DESIRABLE LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT OFFICE FURNITURE; SACRIFICE BELOW PRESENT LEASE RENTAL. APPLY ROOM 611, 15-21 PARK ROW.

EXTRAORDINARY SERVICES
Manufacturer will rent private desk in large downtown office, together with stenographic and telephone service; also space for stock in large building, together with services of shipping and receiving clerk; all for $35 monthly. Write for Appointment, V 861 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT, 17 East 24th St., opposite Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. Building, 2 lofts, each 25x100 feet; freight elevator, Holmes protection, equipped with office, stock and lighting fixtures; near 2 subway stations; attractive rental; subleases. Phone 4301 Madison Square, or write L. S., W 73 Times.

150 SQUARE FEET of space, suitable for offices or show rooms; light manufacturing no objection; telephone service. 1,263 Broadway at 32d. Inquire Room 409.

LOFT for rent, light manufacturing, 50x100; best labor section Bronx; 60 sewing machine tables, 2 motors and other equipment for sale, cheap. Philips, Weil & Norton, 349 Broadway.

STORAGE AND BASEMENT, about 20,000 square feet, fireproof building on East 23d St.; suitable for any wholesale house; will divide to suit tenant. Phone Madison Square 1062.

WONDERFUL DISPLAY SPACE.
ENTIRE FIRST FLOOR FRONTAGE.
3 West 29th St., CENTURY BLDG., 150, 300, 550, 600 sq. ft.; pass now. Supt. on premises. Fitzroy 5089.

DESIRABLE OFFICES.
5th Av. and Times Square section.
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION
TIMES BUILDING. BRYANT 7738-1527.

920 BROADWAY (at 21st St.)—3,500 sq. ft. in modern corner building; flooded with light; immediate possession. Cross & Brown Company, Midtown office, 175 5th Av. Ashland 7432.

LOFTS 5,000-7,000 SQUARE FEET
100 per cent. sprinklered. Garment Section
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION
TIMES BUILDING. BRYANT 7738-1527

SPACE FOR RENT.
About 800 square feet; light all around, including telephone service; no manufacturing. Ben Levin, 37 West 22nd.

LOFT OR OFFICE FOR RENT.
33 to 39 West 34th St., 680 square feet; immediate possession. Telephone Fitzroy 6347.

BUILDING TO LEASE.
6-story; elevator; totals 45,000 sq. ft. Rent 35c. ft.; immediate possession; W. 20th. AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 50 FT. FRONT; LIGHT LOFTS, WILL DIVIDE 16 OR 24; LUNCH COUNTERS ALSO CIGAR STAND, ELEVATORS; HEAT. 252-258 W. 29TH.

WOOLWORTH BUILDING, 800 square feet to sublease; office equipment may be purchased; long lease may be obtained. S 586 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT—Stock room, 1,500 square feet, with set of fixtures in stock room, show room and office; cheap rental. F. Rubenstein, 251 5th Av.

OFFICE SPACE to rent, light, airy room, second floor, electric appliance business preferred; $25 a month. Fabst Electric Co., 70 Cortlandt St.

FOR LONG term lease, two-story white stone building, antique front, 50x100, in the 60s, near Broadway; reasonable rental. G. M., 251 Times.

SUBLET offices, furnished, unfurnished, fine retail exporting district, 700 feet south side; telephone switchboard; principals only. Inquire Room 36, 35 South William St.

WILL sublet portion of our offices at 110 West 42d, with stenographic and telephone services; office furniture. Detroit Steel Products Co.

PRIVATE OFFICE, large, delightful, three windows, completely furnished, City Hall, telephone, private entrance, service if desired. Cortlandt 6066.

FACING BROADWAY and 32d St., completely furnished office, with temporary use of telephone; high-class building. Room 802, 1,270 Broadway.

CORNER BUILDING,
8 rooms and bath; large store, suitable for restaurant, 78 Laight St., corner Washington; keys at 80 Ottinger Bros., 31 Nassau St.

CITY ST.—Part fine, light loft, suitable showroom or studio; rent, $2,500; only high-class tenant considered. Phone Mar. 2800. Murray Hill.

DESK space and private office, telephone and stenographic service; reasonable rental. Holland Building, 5th Av. at 30th St., Room 701. Longacre 7590-7602.

TWO private furnished offices, with large waiting room, telephone; light on three sides; rent $125; no lease required. Call Stuyvesant 10127. Wonderful light.

FOR RENT—Desk room or office space, light, airy offices. 77 Cortlandt St. Telephone Rector 641.

TWO offices, completely furnished, telephone and stenographer services; also light bookkeeping included. Call Barclay 10065.

SHOW ROOM suitable for cleaks, with phone service, 11 West 25th, 8th floor. Phone Watkins 9965.

SMALL OFFICE SPACE.
1,100 square feet at 396 Madison Av., near Grand Central. Inquire Room 504.

DESK or part beautifully furnished office, showroom; reasonable. 1,270 Broadway, Room 817.

DESK ROOM with telephone and stenography services. 52 Vanderbilt Av. Address C. E. Mager.

DESK ROOM in well-appointed office; moderate rental. Apply Room 905, 261 Broadway.

BROADWAY (corner 30th)—Floor, approximately 1,000 square feet; 12 windows, facing street; low rent. Longacre 2532.

BROADWAY DESKROOM.
Mail and telephone privileges
DUANE, 296 Broadway. Tel. 250 Worth.

7TH AV., southeast corner 24th St., stores, lofts, basement, yard; exceptional opportunity.

25,000 SQ. FT., 10-year lease, $17,500 yearly; two elevators, between 40th and 50th Sts. M. L., 252 Times.

PART of store to let, with window space; busy transient thoroughfare, New York City. X 2370 Times.

DESK ROOM OR MAILING PRIVILEGE.
TELEPHONE, STENOGRAPHER, ROOM 4, 1,440 BROADWAY.

PRIVATE OFFICE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, TELEPHONE, STENOGRAPHER, ROOM 4, 1,440 BROADWAY.

HOTEL COMMODORE.
Beautiful street level floor; splendid future assured. Phone 63 Murray Hill.

OFFICE and showroom, about 3,200 feet, 424 Broadway (corner above Canal); light 3 sides; brokers protected. Bryant 2941.

LIGHT loft to rent, fully equipped for dress manufacturing; ideal location. 145 Madison Av., 1st floor.

56TH ST., 46 WEST—Second floor store with large workroom at rear if desired; alteration to suit.

54TH ST.—Best location; half of double store; reasonable terms; suitable any business. 7 Hox 106, Station F.

CONCESSION—Broadway hotel cigar and news stand to let high class. 21 B., 99 Times.

DESK ROOM with large roll top desk; also services, reasonable. Room 810, 261 Broadway.

SEMI-FURNISHED office; telephone, typewriting; $25 month. Spot-Cit. 2 Rector Street.

LOFTS—Possession, 21 White St., 50x100; also 25x100, 123 West 24th St.; 25x110, 128 Bleecker St., store and basement, 25x100; also basement, 25x100; 243 West 26th St., 63x100, top floor; 200 pounds capacity. Owner, Fitzroy 4842.

SUBLET light, airy office on 32d St., between Broadway and 5th Av.; up-to-date, modern building; telephone connection; Holmes protection, good quartered oak partitions; immediate possession; suitable for waist or dress house. W 52 Times.

LOFTS.
7,500-10,000 square feet; 100 per cent. sprinkler; bargain rental; vicinity of 23d St. and above; manufacturing and office space.
ELBOTUB T. HACKUS,
7 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2346.

MILLINERY—Retailers, a chance to locate on 116th St., in the heart of the district, a splendid store, 16x25; possession at once; rent $3,000; lease five years; price $3,600. SHAW, ROCKWELL & SANFORD, 1 West 125th St.

PRIVATE OFFICE to rent, about 10x24, 6 windows, lavatory, steam heat, electric light, $50 per month. 284 West 55th St., near Broadway.

PRIVATE OFFICE and desk room to let in corner suite facing City Hall Park. Apply 505 Tribune Building.

JEWELRY ROOM, separate, excellent light, to sublet diamond setter, engraver or dealer. Room 606, 7 West 45th.

PART of light office; telephone; freight; conveniences. Room 1702, 104 5th Av.

DESK ROOM or office space; complete service. 220 West 42d St., Room 1603.

OFFICE ROOM, $20, Bishop Building, 125th, 8th Av., Room 406. Morningside 7488.

AT 500 5TH AV. (corner 42d St.)—Desk room with service; mailing privileges. Room 402.

OFFICE to sublet, beautiful location; big bargain. 225 5th Av., Room 1005.

FINE remodelled parlor floor, suitable for office; also front room. 148 East 53d.

48TH, 34 WEST—First floor, above mediate; possession 15th or later.

PART OFFICE, Hartford Building, 41 Union Sq. Call afternoons only. Henry Cowan.

OFFICE to sublet, splendidly equipped. L. W. Goodkind, 225 5th Av., City.

OFFICE, 300 feet, furnished. Call mornings, evenings. Dr. Mondell, 280 Madison Av. (40th).

OFFICE SPACE to let in store at 111 West 29th St. Inquire.

TIMES SQUARE office, Broadway address, sublet cheap. Phone Bryant 1919.

79TH (near Broadway)—Ground floor, 14x32; suitable ultra private trade. Schuyler 7014.

STORE, 1,442 Boston Road (near 171st St); one window, busy section. Hanover 7722.

STORE, 47 East 59th, beautiful, high, light. Housing Bureau, 507 5th Av. 5022 Mur. Hill.

LIGHT AIRY OFFICE—Sublet, $55. 82 Union Square, Room 1006.

DESK ROOM in light furnished office, service. Room 1507, 1,133 Broadway.

LIGHT, airy office; low rent. 32 Union Square, Room 1006.

OFFICE SPACE, Room 6, 115 Nassau St. Desirable for services.

PRIVATE office desk room, with service. Suite 306, 51 East 42d St.

5TH AV., 507—Private office, reception room. Office Renting Exchange, 507 5th Av.

LARGE light office to rent, downtown section. Phone 845 Cortland.

LARGE or small office for rent; private entrance; moderate. 2 Exeter St.

58TH, 3 EAST—Floor to sublet, $2,500 per annum. Lockne Milly Stores.

FACTORIES.

FOR SALE, factory building (unlimited water supply), engine boilers and dynamo suitable for dye house, bleachery, &c.; 20 miles from New York; 8 miles from Paterson. W 46 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST—Business woman will share 8-room elevator apartment with woman couple; evenings after 7. Barker, Apartment 52.

16TH, 102 EAST (Hotel Laclede) — Two rooms, bath; $18 week up.

30TH ST., AT LEXINGTON AV.—1-2-3 ROOMS, WITH BATH. RUTLEDGE HOTEL, UNEXCELLED SERVICE AND CONVENIENCES; IDEAL HOME FOR DISCRIMINATING PEOPLE; ROOM WITHOUT MEALS, $10 WEEK AND UP; ROOM WITH MEALS, $17 WEEK AND UP.

31ST ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.—Attractively furnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, complete; $75. Stuyvesant 6738. Tonneson.

31ST ST., 29 EAST (near 5th Av.)—Two room apartment, bath, well furnished; excellent service, well kept. Hampton Apts.

33D, 22 EAST—Bedroom, living room, kitchen and bath, ideal for bachelor or couple; immediate occupancy to Oct. 1, with privilege of lease one year that date; very reasonable. Phone Murray Hill 2036, 9 to 10 A. M., 6 to 8 P. M.

37TH, 147 EAST—Large room, bath; foyer; fireplace; fronting garden.

44TH, 9 EAST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; exclusive roof. Murray Hill 8500.

47TH, 3 EAST—Two large rooms and bath to lease, furnished, until Oct. 2; references required. Phone Vanderbilt 2486.

48TH, 25 EAST (corner Madison Av.)—Two large corner rooms, handsomely furnished; immense tile bath with shower, kitchenette; wood burning fireplace; hotel service, telephone; rent 3 months to year, new or October. Apply Superintendent.

48TH, 20 EAST—Nicely furnished 1 room, bath, piano; summer rate. Supt.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
One to three room apartments; service.

60TH ST., 14 EAST—Sublet, sacrifice, divide apartment, 1, 2, 3 rooms; rate; quiet; section. Kramer, Jacinto Hotel.

33D ST. AT MADISON AV.—1, 2, 3 ROOMS WITH BATH; ASHTON; UNEXCELLED SERVICE AND CONVENIENCES; IDEAL HOME FOR DISCRIMINATING PEOPLE; SUMMER RATES $25 UP.

128TH, 9 EAST—Large second floor front room, kitchenette, adjoining bath; owner's private home; newly decorated; refined people.

31 ROOMS—6 BATHS.
An unusual opportunity for rent, furnished, for two years from Oct. 1, a large, beautifully furnished apartment; it is located on an upper floor in one of the best of Park Av. apartment houses below 60th St. can be rented at approximately value of unfurnished apartment. Peter Grimm, 522 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7857.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ARTISTIC, COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS.
FOR REFINED PEOPLE.
Two and three rooms, bath and kitchenettes, in hotel and theatre district; exquisitely furnished; must have good references; $75-$100-$150 and $200. Phone Owner, Plaza 646.

EAST SIDE APARTMENTS.
Furnished, choice localities. Clark Realty Co., 347 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

FOR ladies only. Hotel Martha Washington, 29 East 29th St., and 30 East 30th St.; rooms $2 per day, with bath $3.50 per day.

FROM 1 TO 6 MONTHS.
2 rooms and bath apartment, linen and all service, $75 monthly. Hotel Van Rensselaer, 1 East 11th St. Phone Stuyvesant 5414.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

LADY, alone, would like couple share expensive apartment, Murray Hill district; exceptional apartment and furnishings. X 2823 Times Annex.

LEXINGTON AV., 221—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; corner apartment; electricity, parquet floors; furnished or unfurnished.

MADISON AV., 970—Comfortably furnished two rooms, bath and kitchenette, gas, elec., phone; sacrifice for less than rent; unfurnished for Aug. and Sept., $65 per month. Apply Mrs. Vinten.

MADISON AV., 230—Large room, beautifully furnished; Steinway grand, suitable music; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen; elevator. Enquire Gay.

MADISON AV. — Two-room apartment, kitchenette; piano, Victrola; $75. Telephone Regal 5066.

MADISON AV., 287—Studio room and bath. Call Thompson.

PARK AV., 565—Six and seven room apartments, exceptional furnishings; long or short lease; seen any day between 11 and 5 o'clock. Mrs. Pinch.

PARK AV. (65th)—6 rooms, 2 baths, elegantly furnished; immediate possession; $800 monthly until November. Rhinelander 9027.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH, 111 WEST (Greenwich Village)—Attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette; 11-5.

137TH ST., 128 WEST—Light, clean, homelike two rooms, bath, kitchenette, completely furnished; gas and electricity free; elevator, telephone.

22D, 216 WEST—4 rooms, beautifully furnished, until Sept. 1; shower, telephone, tiled kitchen; $125 month. Superintendent.

25TH, 246 WEST (The Arcadia)—3 furnished rooms and bath, private telephone, steam heat, hot water, gas, electricity.

28TH, 11 WEST—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Madison Square 5147. Traynor.

31ST, WEST—Two-room hotel apartment; victrola; rent $85. Broad 5066.

37TH, 32 WEST—Large two rooms and bath, excellent location, $30 weekly. Keeler.

42D, 321 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

44TH, 210 WEST (Westover Court)—Bachelor apartment; high-class hotel service; reasonable rent. Resident Manager, Bryant 5880.

46TH, 341 WEST—New exterior building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $75-$125 up monthly. Longacre 8240.

50TH ST., 4 WEST.
Mrs. Prescott has a beautiful 4-room housekeeping apartment on the 4th floor of the handsome apartment house at 4 West 50th St., 2 doors from 5th Av., within sound of the Cathedral chimes; parlor, 2 bedrooms, each with twin beds; grand piano. Telephone Circle 2199. Mrs. Prescott. Seen all day. Big Summer bargain.

50TH ST., 76 WEST—Finely furnished, very cheerful small apartment; electric light; large gas stove; every convenience; very moderate rent; lease to suit. Telephone Circle 5202.

50TH ST., 46 WEST—Attractive two room and bath apartment, unusually well furnished three large windows on street; all improvements; $125.

51ST (near 6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

52D ST., 222 WEST (COR. B'WAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY REFURNISHED, HOTEL SERVICE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $70 UP; TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

53D ST., 55 WEST—Attractive skylight studio, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Windsor.

56TH, 40 WEST—Lease 2 rooms, bath, newly decorated; 3 flights; $1,500.

57TH, 5 WEST—Apartment of rooms, bath, piano, $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

ANY desirable person who wants to rent DESK ROOM or a LARGE or SMALL private office, furnished or unfurnished, with TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD SERVICE, $20 up, where all your calls will be properly answered, where the light is good, office kept clean, including towel service, space for name on office door and hall directory; also mail and telephone service to responsible party, $5 a month. NO LEASE REQUIRED. Call Stuyvesant 8130.

ENTIRE FIREPROOF BUILDING,
40,000 SQ. FT.
Near West Broadway and Franklin Street. To lease for 5 or 10 years.
Every Modern Convenience.
Excellent Light and Equipment.
A. E. MAPHEWS, 144 MAIDEN LANE.
Cortlandt 0318.

SHOP TO SUBLET.
Shop located in one of the best manufacturing neighborhoods in Harlem; windows on all sides; low rent, including power; fixtures and machinery for sale if desired. Inquire of S. Kantor, 261 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURING LOFTS.
5,000 sq. ft., 44c. sq. ft.
7,500 sq. ft., 46c. sq. ft.
10,000 sq. ft., 46c. sq. ft.
12,500 sq. ft., 55c. sq. ft.
26,800 sq. ft., 65c. sq. ft.
100% sprinkler; excellent labor market.
Lofts and buildings from 1,200 to 180,000 square feet. Reasonable rental.
Martin Company, 32 Court St., Main 7708.

TO LEASE—Several choice stores in heart of Brooklyn retail shopping district. Nielsen Offices, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

WANTED, loft or store, about 2,000 square feet, for woodworking business; preferred in New York or Brooklyn near Bridge; cheap rent. Valley of Farfection Woodworking Co., 550 West 42d St. Longacre 3357.

WANTED, office, 150 to 200 feet, downtown, Grand Central or Times Square section, furnished or unfurnished; state full particulars, size, rent, &c. M 655 Times Downtown.

SPACE for dental office, Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 125th St., 140th St., preferred; state full particulars of what you can offer. Dr. Steinhauser, 30 West 42d St.

MANUFACTURING space, 5,000-7,000 square feet; must have good shipping facilities, in vicinity of New York; all particulars in first letter. G 540 Times.

SPACE WANTED for pool parlor. Immediate or later possession. Lars Petersen, 57 West 21st.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

LADY, alone, would like couple share expensive apartment, Murray Hill district; exceptional apartment and furnishings. X 2823 Times Annex.

LEXINGTON AV., 221—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; corner apartment; electricity, parquet floors; furnished or unfurnished.

MADISON AV., 970—Comfortably furnished two rooms, bath and kitchenette, gas, elec., phone; sacrifice for less than rent; unfurnished for Aug. and Sept., $65 per month. Apply Mrs. Vinten.

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50TH ST., 76 WEST—Finely furnished, very cheerful small apartment; electric light;

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

87TH, 317 WEST—Studio, excellent location, suitable business or professional; Summer rate.

88TH, 230 WEST (Central Park South)—Small room, $7; quiet, private apartment.

88TH, 68 WEST—Handsome large rooms, electricity; phone; parquet floors; refined residence.

88TH, 80 W.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14.

89TH, 11 WEST—Large room, dressing room, twin beds, two gentlemen; also large room, breakfast room, bath; housekeeping.

89TH, 63 WEST—Large back parlor, kitchenette, bath, or entire parlor floor.

89TH, 14 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, $6.

90TH, 209 WEST.
90TH, 227 WEST.
90TH, 305 WEST.
90TH, 134 WEST.
High class rooms, single, en suite.

90TH, 40 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS; SUMMER RATES.

90TH ST. ("The Nevada," 2,025 Broadway)—Large, beautifully furnished room, three windows on Broadway; bath, kitchen; high class; apartment 5A. Phone 8820 Columbus.

90TH, 135 WEST (71st, 37 West)—Remodeled houses; cool rooms; private baths; single rooms; lavatory; cleanliness; reduced rates.

90TH, 59 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER ROOMS; $12 UP.

90TH, 28 WEST—Attractive, large, medium-sized and hall rooms, private, adjoining baths, electricity; gentlemen; references; always hot water.

90TH, 200 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, kitchen privileges, running water. Apartment 14.

91ST, 19 W.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; COMPLETE; ALSO FRONT PARLOR.

91ST, 62 W.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH; LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; TWIN BEDS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; WEEKLY; OTHER ROOMS; REASONABLE.

91ST, 61 WEST — TWO CONNECTING ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; COMPLETE; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; OTHER ROOMS; SPECIAL RATE.

91ST, 86 WEST — ATTRACTIVE FRONT BASEMENT; DISHES, SILVER; OTHER DOUBLE ROOMS.

91ST, 30 WEST—Well-furnished rooms, with or without private bath; reasonable.

91ST, 28 WEST—Large, airy room, private bath; newly decorated, all conveniences.

91ST, 130 WEST—Rooms with and without running water. Columbus 5158.

91ST, 20 WEST—Just opened, newly furnished residence; rooms $12-$14-$16.

92D, 20 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM, BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; WEEKLY; MONTHLY.

92D, 126 WEST—Beautiful large rooms, private baths, electricity; convenient subway express, "L" stations, bus; Summer rates.

92D ST., 261 WEST—American home, large rooms, private baths, twin beds; reference.

92D, 121 WEST—Beautiful large front room, twin beds; southern exposure.

93D, 140 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE FRONT ROOMS; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

93D, 55 WEST — Beautifully furnished, large, small rooms, private bath, conveniences; references.

93D, 101 WEST—Attractive front room, refined gentleman, $8. Columbus 1146. Bruns.

93D, 251 WEST—One door west Ansonia Hotel; attractive front parlor; references.

94TH, 8 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH; LAVATORY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS.

94TH, 139 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, ELECTRICITY, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; $10 UP.

94TH ST., 45 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ALSO 2 CONNECTING ROOMS; REASONABLE.

94TH, 41 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE ROMAN BATH, TWIN BEDS.

94TH, 145 WEST—Large double and single rooms, running water, reasonable; references.

94TH, 105 WEST—Large room, bath; small room also, select house; reference.

94TH, 130 WEST—Attractive rooms, electricity, twin beds; $4, $7, $12, $16.

94TH, 5 WEST—Beautiful front room, one flight, private bath; Summer rates.

94TH, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms, private baths. Wheeler.

94TH, 2 W.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; OTHER ROOMS; REASONABLE.

95TH, 140 WEST—Just opened, newly furnished residence; rooms $12-$14-$18.

95TH, 63 WEST—Newly renovated rooms, electricity, with or without baths; rooms $8-$10-$16; select residence, near park.

95TH, 116 WEST—Cool, comfortable double and single rooms; telephone, electricity; reasonable.

95TH, 42 WEST—Large room with running water, and single room; exclusive.

95TH, 237 WEST—Large room, twin beds, bath adjoining, running water; reasonable.

95TH, 7 WEST—Attractive large and medium room, shower bath. Schuyler 9384.

95TH, 241 WEST—Room, private bath; $16; front parlor, $11; clean, attractive.

95TH, 44 WEST—Front parlor; other large rooms; private baths; reasonable.

97TH ST., 225 WEST—Unusual furnished room, bath; accommodate two; reasonable. Schuyler 1080.

97TH, 106 WEST—Newly furnished single room; electricity; bath floor; gentleman; $7.50.

97TH, 106—Newly decorated single room, electricity, bath floor; gentleman; $7.50.

97TH, 108 WEST—Large, cool, attractive room, alcove, private bath; $15.

97TH, 111 WEST—Desirable small room, conveniences; references; reasonable.

98TH, 230 WEST—Attractive room, private bath, kitchenette privileges; single room, $7.

79TH ST., 212 WEST.

Large and small rooms, nicely furnished, hot and cold water; half block from subway. Tel. Schuyler 6584.

79TH ST., 212 WEST.

Large and small rooms, nicely furnished; hot and cold water; half block from subway. Tel. Schuyler 6584.

79TH, 216 WEST (Near Broadway)—Large suite; also room, private bath; residence.

79TH ST., 123 WEST—Comfortable room, hot and cold water, kitchenette.

81ST, 110 WEST—Large room, shower bath, front basement, housekeeping; small rooms.

81ST (92 Riverside Drive)—Exceptional view, elegant furnishings, piano, private bath.

82D, 213 WEST—Front, clean rooms, suitable one, two people; in private family; all improvements; private entrance. Gable.

82D, 38 WEST—Beautiful large, comfortable, clean rooms, newly furnished; reasonable; references.

82D, 31 WEST—Large double room, private bath; near park.

83D, 18 WEST—Beautiful large front room, all conveniences, electricity; reasonable.

84TH, 305 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS.

84TH, 139 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, ELECTRICITY, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; $10 UP.

84TH ST., 45 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ALSO 2 CONNECTING ROOMS; REASONABLE.

84TH, 41 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE ROMAN BATH, TWIN BEDS.

84TH, 145 WEST—Large double and single rooms, running water, reasonable; references.

84TH, 105 WEST—Large room, bath; small room also, select house; reference.

84TH, 130 WEST—Attractive rooms, electricity, twin beds; $4, $7, $12, $16.

84TH, 5 WEST—Beautiful front room, one flight, private bath; Summer rates.

84TH, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms, private baths. Wheeler.

84TH, 2 W.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; OTHER ROOMS; REASONABLE.

85TH, 140 WEST—Just opened, newly furnished residence; rooms $12-$14-$18.

85TH, 255 WEST—Splendid large room, private bath and shower; twin beds.

85TH, 220 WEST (Near Riverside)—Magnificently furnished room, $17.50 weekly. Schuyler 6062.

85TH ST., (249 West End Av.)—Large room, shower; private house; $10; gentleman.

85TH, WEST—Beautiful large room, apartment, adjoining shower. Phone Schuyler 6062.

85TH, 187 WEST—Single and double rooms, bath; furnished, unfurnished; very reasonable.

85TH, 50 WEST—Beautiful double rooms, also front parlor; all improvements; reasonable.

85TH ST., 135 WEST—Large, bright room, suitable for electricity; Summer rate.

85TH ST., 139 WEST—Large, cheerful room; running water, gas, electricity, phone.

85TH, 40 WEST—Beautiful small, large rooms, private house; all conveniences.

85TH, 344 WEST—Absolutely first-class every particular; front room (twin beds), elevator; medium room, lavatory; gentlemen.

85TH, 338 WEST—Nice, light skylight room; electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

86TH, 203 WEST—Two choice rooms, private bath; newly decorated; other rooms.

86TH, 321 WEST—Large bay window room, private bath; other rooms; residence.

86TH, 44 WEST—Large and small rooms; private baths; kitchenettes privilege.

90TH, 311 WEST—Newly renovated, large, small rooms, $10 up; select; references.

91ST, 304 WEST—Large, attractive room; private bath, electricity; references; beautiful outlook.

91ST, 203 WEST—Attractive room, adjoining bath; telephone; gentleman; $7. Trepp.

92D, 31 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath, twin beds; electricity; hall rooms.

93D, 303 WEST—Beautiful large room, one flight, front, private bath; refined.

94TH, 59 WEST—Owner's residence, near park; every convenience; double, single; references.

96TH, 161 WEST—Attractive front parlor, bedroom; phone, electricity; adults preferred.

97TH, 1 WEST (corner Central Park)—Elegant, newly decorated front rooms; hotel service, running water, restaurant; $9 up.

97TH, 128 WEST—Large room, private bath, twin beds, shower, telephone.

97TH (758 West End Av.)—Two front rooms, running water, gentlemen. Fleischman.

97TH, 816 WEST (near Riverside)—Two rooms, adjoining bath. Apt. 1B.

97TH, 306 WEST (near Drive)—Comfortable, cool room; references; subway. 5 West.

97TH, 260 WEST—Newly furnished small and medium room; reasonable. Collier.

102D, 320 WEST—Cool, double front, back, private bath, kitchenettes; phone; references.

102D ST., 303 WEST—Large outside room, private house, excellent location, near Riverside.

102D, 302 WEST — Small room, running water, large closet, electricity; $7.

105TH (Broadway)—Hall room, private toilet, high-class apartment; gentleman. Academy 1518.

107TH, 306 WEST—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, LAVATORIES, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ALSO SINGLE ROOMS; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

107TH, 220 WEST (Apartment 38)—Cosy, airy room; conveniences; gentleman; reasonable.

108TH, 241 WEST—Room, front, for two; conveniences; private family. 1B.

110TH (Riverside Drive)—Beautifully furnished room, suitable for couple, facing Riverside Drive, adjoining bath. Telephone Cathedral 7070, Apartment 1-I.

111TH, 507 WEST—Attractive furnished parlor and bedroom, all conveniences. Apt. 4B.

111TH, 311 WEST—Large front room, kitchen privileges; seen after 5. Hodges.

111TH, 200 WEST (Apt. 29)—Large room, convenient location; references; reasonable.

112TH, 352 WEST (Apt. 22)—Nicely furnished rooms, modern improvements, near Riverside, car lines; telephone; $7 to $10.

112TH, 542 WEST (10ZE)—Overlooking Hudson River; twin beds; light, cool; refined family.

113TH (between 7th and 8th)—Exquisitely furnished, beautiful, large front room; every convenience; gentleman preferred. Phone Cathedral 6159.

114TH, 609 WEST—Home privileges, strictly private family; references.

116TH ST. (Near Riverside)—Overlooking Columbia Park, beautifully furnished room, refined, congenial surroundings. Morningside 4824. Churchill.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL). ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 415 WEST—Rooms, $8-$10; hotel appointments; Columbia, subway. Morningside 1427.

119TH, 55 WEST—Elegantly furnished room, running water, all conveniences; moderate price.

125TH (239 St. Nicholas Av.)—Large front room, connecting bedroom; gentlemen. Marius.

126TH, 611 WEST—Single room; no other roomers; two in family. Furey.

129TH, 609 WEST—Comfortable light room, near buses and subway; business men only. Inquire Apartment 4-C, evenings.

130TH, 609 WEST (Apt. 4B)—Large room next bath; $9; also smaller.

144TH, 615 WEST—Two bedrooms, sitting room; conveniences; gentlemen, business people. Tenenbaum.

146TH, 478 WEST—Front room, small family, electric, phone reference; $8. Gibb.

149TH (3,609 Broadway)—Spacious, cheerful, comfortable room, kitchen privileges; elevator; $12. Hobson.

150TH, 509 WEST (Apartment 52)—Cheerful front room, running water; breakfast; reasonable.

150TH ST., 310 WEST—Business girl would like rent room or share apartment with business girl. Pfaff.

165D, 539 WEST—Large, comfortable room, all conveniences, suitable one; $7.50, two, $10. After 6 P. M., Audubon 5350, Apt. 25.

A LARGE front furnished room; 3 windows, bath, kitchenette, in select private residence. Phone Audubon 4317.

BROADWAY (180th)—Large, airy room for two, with Christian couple; mahogany furnishings, elevator, telephone. Wadsworth 8900, Apartment 51.

BUSINESS woman, 1 or 2 rooms, private family, kitchen privileges. Schuyler 0825.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 506 (1-B)—Upper west side, room adjoining bath; new apartment; no other roomer; breakfast privilege.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

LARGE, attractive, beautifully furnished; conveniences; subway, bus. Write X. R. 3,525 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 263—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER ROOMS.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Well-furnished room (running water, closet) in private family; no other roomers; references. Phone 345 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102 (852)—Elegant large studio suite, private bath; exclusive residence.

RIVERSIDE, 202—Beautiful large room, adjoining bath; one-two gentlemen; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 521 (104th)—Exceptionally attractive double, single studios; kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (148th)—Front room; privilege electric grill; $14. 7E.

ROOM, adjoining bath; couple or gentlemen; kitchen privileges; elevator; family two; references. Wadsworth 6700, Apt. 3H. Browne.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 43—Large and small rooms, private house, telephone.

WEST END AV., 290 (near 73d)—Just opened, nicely furnished 1 and 2 rooms, bath; $12, $14, $20.

WEST END AV., 759 (97th)—Attractive double room; kitchenette privileges; Summer rates.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Room to let, week-ends, reasonable. Inquire store, 311 Lexington Av.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

166TH ST., WEST BRONX—Woodycrest Av. apartments to rent, 3 to 5 rooms and bath, $60 to $80 per month; all modern improvements. Apply Mrs. Casp, Supt., 1,123 Woodycrest Av. Telephone Jerome 2670.

69TH, 220 WEST (Apartment 5)—Clean, cool, airy, comfortable room, suitable refined business woman; use shower; household privileges; respectable neighborhood; $4. Call 5-9 P. M.

VANDERBILT STUDIOS, 37, 39, 41 West 9th, 125 East 37th—For business people, superior, modern, interesting; unique quaint basement studios, $35-$100.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

QUIET young man wants large, cool room; convenient to east side subway; give particulars in first letter. W. E. Odom, 227 East 30th St.

ROOM with private bath, located between 18th and 42d, east 5th Av., by business couple. B 513 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, desires small, comfortable room; $5 week. B 520 Times.

Unfurnished.

ROOM or studio, north light, water. W 53 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large rooms, piano, private bath, French cooking, electricity, telephone.

70TH, 23 WEST—One large and one single room; refined Jewish household; excellent cuisine; table boarders. Mrs. Newburg.

74TH, 140 WEST—Beautiful double, suitable four persons; bath; ideal location; single.

76TH, 9 WEST—Elegant large airy rooms, private bath, every convenience; refined surroundings; excellent table; Summer rates. Berger.

76TH, 183 WEST—Rooms, high class boarding house; table guests; Summer rates.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; steam heat.

80TH, 143 WEST—One large, one single room; excellent table board; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Spacious parlors, lounge, steam heat; rooms, single, en suite.

93D, 254 WEST—Large and small rooms, conveniences, bath, hotel service, home cooking.

93D, 307 WEST—Desirable rooms, running water; home-cooking. Apt. 3 West.

95D, 128-130 WEST—Rooms, high-class boarding house; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST—Newly renovated, large, small rooms; table boarders; references. Strandgaard.

142D, 611 WEST—Elegant room, all conveniences; Jewish family; excellent table.

154TH, 428 WEST—Attractive, large front room, lavatory, dressing room; wholesome table.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294—Attractive double, single rooms; private bath, elevator; excellent meals.

Brooklyn.

PARK PLACE, 160—Attractive room; all conveniences; two people; reference; both subways.

BOARD WANTED.

BOY, 19, Catholic, wishes to be the only non-member of private family; good locality. G 567 Times.

YOUNG business man, Jewish, desires room and board with refined family; state particulars. E 918 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

AN ideal Summer hotel, 25 minutes on the Lackawanna Railroad, 100 rooms with private bath, screens, awnings, telephone and new furnishings; en suite or single; fresh vegetables and the best of food served; families and bachelors; single $21, double $35 weekly, including meals. ELMWOOD HOTEL, EAST ORANGE, N. J. 1 block from station. Phone Orange 1461.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY—35 minutes from Grand Central; beautiful surroundings; modern conveniences; excellent table; one double and one single room; $20 and $25 per person. P. O. Box 326-F, New York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY—Large rooms, all conveniences, excellent table; 5 minutes' walk to Rye and Oakland beach; near R. H. Mosford, 448 Forest Av., Rye. Phone.

RIVERDALE REST—For aged and incurables; nurses' care; rates reasonable. 292 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Yonkers 4017.

BEAUTIFUL private home, one single, one double room; excellent table; attractive grounds; shade. 102 Summit Av., Mount Vernon.

LONG BEACH—Excellent table; beautiful rooms, suite, with bath; private home, refined surroundings. 30 Laurelton Boulevard. Telephone 484.

HILLCREST COTTAGE, Eldred, Sullivan County, N. Y., near Highland Lake, select boarding house, excellent table; rates on application. F. Schoverling, Prop.

REFINED family will take old people, invalids; nurses' care; day, night. 53 Arthur St. Tel. 638-R Yonkers.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Excellent rooms and board for week, week-ends or season; private home. Phone Belle Harbor 2815.

THE BETHESDA SANITARIUM receives chronic invalids and aged. Address Supt., White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 241.

NERVOUSE AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT. Certified Reports. Part time bookkeeping arrangements. Books Opened, Closed, Systematized. PAULINE BROWN, Pennsylvania 4512.

ACCOUNTANT, 10 years' experience, capable handling controlling accounts, financial statements; excellent references; salary $40 a week. 1 Times Sq.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced. Florence Levy, 246 East 97th. Rhinelander 4512.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by woman of refinement and education as housekeeper where children need intelligent care; at least one maid employed. Mrs. A. Greenwich, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry; trial balance controls; $25. B 230 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced, competent, reliable; best references; will start for $30 a week. B 256 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; 7years' experience trial balance, controlling accounts. G 573 Times.

BOOKKEEPER — Experienced, thoroughly competent, initiative, tact; Sabbath observer. B 506 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced office manager; college graduate; financial statements; $30. G 572 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to take full charge. Box 26, 2119 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER—Part time; trial balance; reasonable. 1073 Times 2 Rector St.

BUSINESS WOMAN, take charge tea room, club, boarding houses; experienced; excellent cook; references. Box 104, 852 Columbus Av.

COOK, Hungarian, seeks situation, small family. Altman, 788 4th Av., from 2-5 P. M.

COUPLE, colored, want housework, city or country. 9 East 119th. Inquire Basement.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

DENTAL NURSE, 8 years' experience; one term in class of oral hygiene. Solow, 1,246 2d Av., Rhinelander 4037.

DRESSMAKER—Dresses made, wash $8, silk $12. Miss Longmate, 158 West 97th.

GIRL, colored, position nurse, light housework; Grant, care of Burton, 25 East 131st.

GIRL, colored, general; small family. Call Ettie, Morningside 0620. 152 West 109th.

GOVERNESS—Languages, music; experienced; companion, advanced music, languages. N., 286 Columbus Av.

GOVERNESS, housekeeper, supervise house; full care 1 or 2 children; middle-aged lady; $75 monthly. B 290 Times.

GOVERNESS, American, experienced, college education; excellent city reference; piano, sew. Orchard 2110.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young widow with infant desires position as housekeeper in refined family; industrious, economical references. B 1067 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER—Reliable household, where trustworthiness is appreciated; good cook; full charge small family, country; references. B 237 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, manager; best references. Phone Flatbush 8508.

HOUSEKEEPER, assistant, hotel or linen room; girl. Call 83, 1,059 3d Av.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, wishes position; good reference. 1073 Times 2 Rector St.

HOUSEWORKER — Couple, colored; good wages. Richardson, Academy 720, all week.

LADY'S MAID, English, wishes position, visiting or permanent. E. 1098 Times Harlem.

MAID, part time; no Sundays. Call Audubon 9168.

MAID, housework; part time, morning preferred. Call Audubon 3165.

MIMEOGRAPHE OPERATOR will exchange work for office space. E 921 Times Downtown.

NURSE—Young woman, care nervous, mental woman. Audubon 2745, Apt. 53.

NURSE, afternoons, 1 child; best city references. Hoffman, 530 East 79th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally capable and dependable, rapid, accurate in dictation and possessing a fine sense of what constitutes good English; able to relieve employer of burdensome details; salary $35. W 59 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent; experienced, skillful, efficient; highest references; $27.50 to $30. Address Webster, W 90 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, responsible, refined, able correspondent; 5 years' experience; unquestionable references; $28. B 519 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, manage office, experienced, accurate, filing; good English. B 238 Times.

SECRETARY — STENOGRAPHER, experienced, alive, seeks responsible position. M 982 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, knowledge bookkeeping, 10 years' experience, familiar with office details; initiative, capable; $30. B 897 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Thoroughly experienced and competent; qualified for secretarial duties. Rosenberg, 8 West 111th St., University 6940.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, competent, reliable; references; salary $30. M 654 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, assume responsibility; rapid dictation; moderate salary. E 259 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Six years' experience; conscientious, reliable; reference; $25. M 646 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, experienced secretary, capable details, filing; $30. R 1064 Times Harlem.

TYPIST—A1; 5 years' experience; architecture, engineering; $18. F 831 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Closing office, highly recommend our expert American stenographer; Cortlandt 2880.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced high school graduate; knowledge Spanish and bookkeeping. Tremont 1530.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, educated, refined; $23. Brody Agency, Barclay 8135.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, experienced; Christian; initiative; take charge small office. B 511 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, well educated, conscientious, reliable; references; $25. G 568 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school education. Rose Behrin, 758 Gauldwell Av.

YOUNG college woman desires traveling position with firm or private family; unusual education; varied business experience; references exchanged; answer by letter. B 279 Times.

YOUNG LADY, educated, knowledge stenography, bookkeeping, typewriting, speaks and writes French and Russian. B 458 Times.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, desires position in office where there is chance of advancement; salary $18; have office experience. F 632 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with best of references wishes to go to Europe as companion to lady or governess during trip. X 2364 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, stenographer, experienced and capable of taking complete charge of office; excellent references. E 354 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN will take charge of office or will do mimeographing in exchange for office. E 922 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls; investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Quick Industrial Exchange (Agency), 314 West 50th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY, 2,236 Broadway, corner 82d St. Phone Schuyler 1076.

SERVANTS — Tinka Andresen Scandinavian Agency, 2,294 Broadway, near 83d St. Schuyler 7992.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY — Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 125d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced manufacturing, mercantile establishments; college graduate, age 24; salary $30. G 130 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, 2½ years' public experience; handles audits without supervision; college graduate; desires position. B 512 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, SEMI-SENIOR, DESIRES CERTIFIED FIRM; UNIVERSITY GRADUATE; 7½ YEARS' EXPERIENCE. E 233 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, many years' experience, corporation and public accounting; capable managing large force; available immediately. E 234 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 33, married, first class senior public; available position with accountant or as comptroller, chief accountant, &c.; heavy negotiations. F 645 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior Pace graduate, 23, 5 years' bookkeeping, desires public accounting connections; willing to travel. B 299 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, university graduate; financial statements; cost work; references. G 565 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, certified public, New York; wishes temporary engagement. F 646 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 38, general, railroad, marine, insurance, export; $45. M 650 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, experienced, desires temporary engagement with accounting firm. B 471 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, capable semi-senior, analytical ability; rapid clicker; credentials. B 281 Times.

ADVERTISING EXECUTIVE.

Strong, forceful copy writer; three years' experience publicity and national advertising; $4,000. W 89 Times.

ADVERTISING and sales manager, bright, energetic, thoroughly experienced, practical; positive results; successful record; desires position with young growing concern. G 519 Times.

ADVERTISING—Graduate of Page-Davis Advertising School, capable of writing effective sales copy, wishes position. B 264 Times.

ADVERTISING FREE LANCE WRITER, formerly copy chief for big agencies; effective advertisements, booklets, sales letters, house organ. D 596 Times.

ADVERTISING—Young man, 23, desires position, experienced, newspaper, agency, department store, production, mechanical work. 49 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING MAN, prepares campaigns, writes copy; reasonable rates. G 533 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 10 years' experience, manufacturing and jobbing houses; proven ability; best references; office manager, credits and collections, correspondence, financial statements, &c. B 606 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, competent, trial balances, controlling accounts, &c.; references as to ability and honesty. G 76 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced manufacturing and mercantile establishments; good correspondent; college education; new $35; salary $28. G 564 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONDENT, expert controls, trial balance, financial statements; experienced modern office and factory methods. M 649 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 5 years' experience, stenographer, typist; available. F 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; experienced high school graduate; full charge. 82 N Y Times Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced. N. Y., U. junior; entire charge. F 633 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER, experienced efficiency, initiative system; capable; $40. B 258 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, competent; excellent references; start $25. Daniel Reardon, 239 East 48th St.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, correspondent, desires part time position. R 1069 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-SALESMAN, useful man, 26; hard worker; willing tackle anything; no canvassing or stock proposition. G 149 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, controlling accounts, trial balances, &c. F 540 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, desires bookkeeping or clerical position; experienced; $22. G 540 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, foreign exchange, import, export, German, French, Italian; references. E 983 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, experienced, competent controlling accounts, trial balances, &c. B 295 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 9 years bookkeeping, 4 years accounting, desires position. B 277 Times.

BUYER—American, experienced buyer and converter of cottons, silk and cottons and kindred lines, would consider association with concern desiring either to open a new department or to have an old one profitably managed at present connected; can furnish satisfactory references and proof of success in this line. M 639 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CARETAKER or janitor, will go out of city. E 222 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC — Norwegian, married, 14 years' experience, 3 years with last employer, wishes position with private family; city, country, careful driver; best references. Field, 502 Amsterdam Av. Schuyler 4830.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, Danish American, wants position; good mechanic and machinist; can handle any make; $35 a week; city or country. M 903 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, age 33, desiring to change, wishes private position; last place 5 years; driving Cadillac cars; best references. Albrecht, 153 East 86th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' experience; any car; can furnish reference; colored. William Harris, 2,470 7th Av., Apt. 6I, Phone Audubon 1850.

CHAUFFEUR — Chinese, disengaged, good mechanic, experienced any car, desires private position; references. Chan, 258 West 118th. Morningside 8593.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, careful driver, twelve years' city experience, best references, wishes position, private family. Schmidt, 66 East 85th.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic, 12 years' experience, desires position, private; experienced aviator. Chauffeur, 1,766 Topping Av., Bronx. Tremont 4118.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes private position; over five years with last employer; best references; mechanic. Phone Longacre 3684, Eric Thadden, 442 West 45th St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced driver, desires night work with private family. B 300 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experience; Pierce, Packard, Cadillac. Richards, 438 West 40th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 41; married; A1 references. Lipp, 120 West 84th St.

CHEMIST, recent college graduate, wishes position in laboratory or sales department of manufacturer. Address G 554 Times.

CLERK, experienced bookkeeper, auditor, store, factory or office; can handle switchboard, typewriter; day or night work. M 652 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR-INVESTIGATOR, part or full time, long business experience. B 507 Times.

COLLECTOR, real estate experience; understands repairs; age 28. B 286 Times.

COMPANION and athletic instructor to boy, refined, sociable; age 28; can teach swimming, body-building, gymnastics. Maxoldi, 304 West 118th.

COOK, butler; two brothers open for engagement. T. M. Sasaki, 148 West 65th St., City.

COST and production, factory experience several years; permanent place. E 222 Times.

COUPLE, man, good butler; wife, good cook; best references; wish a position; letters only. D., 2,568 Broadway.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical engineer; thirteen years' office, shop; experienced, competent designer, heavy, light machinery, various lines. G 570 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, engineering, technical graduate, 12 years' experience structural steel, reinforced concrete, bridgework; competent, reliable. M 636 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, machine designer, desires additional work. E. D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

ENGINEER and superintendent of office building or apartment house; best references; 20 years' experience. R 1068 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE of long experience, high-grade office and system man, capable assume charge office and complete system large retail women's factory-to-wear; also experienced in every phase of department store system; can take entire charge of expense and of business; wish permanent position; can furnish best references. B. E., 55 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 36; Christian; married; experienced wholesale credit man and office director, qualified department store manager; honest credentials; ability; let me handle your problem; will leave city, no. B., 223 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Daytime telephone Madison Square 5514.

EXECUTIVE — General sales manager for local or national distribution seeks connection with responsible modern wire fabric; will be assured as results obtained; highest credentials offered, covering period of 20 years' successful sales work. B 295 Times.

EXECUTIVE, residence Cleveland, seeks connection, automobile industry preferred, either in Cleveland or New York; until recently head of own business; young; married. F 555 Times.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

MANY YEARS' EXPERIENCE WITH LARGE MANUFACTURERS; THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR BOTH DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN CREDITS AND BANKING; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES. ANSWER, 158 W. 86TH ST., APT. 10A.

GARDENER, farmer, 25 years' experience on large estates; excellent recommendations; available Aug. 15. E 227 Times.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR SALESMAN.

Competent, experienced man, now employed, traveling South, wants to make change; highest references furnished. Room 720 Hotel Hargrave.

INTERPRETER, translator, French, German, Dutch, wishes situation. E 228 Times.

JAPANESE student, schoolboy; good cook. Yamada, 102 West 123d St.

MACHINIST—Active, middle-aged man, first-class mechanic, wishes work of any kind. Ernst, 1,636 Stephen St., Brooklyn.

MAN, speaks English, German and Slavish; intelligent; not afraid of work; desires position where he can make good; security. Hahn, 1,040 1st Av.

MAN, educated, desires employment; best references. E 223 Times.

MAN, 31, wishes position, houseworker or in a hospital. G 561 Times.

MASSEUR, license 2862, would take few more patients; proficient; specialty weight reducing; high-class references.

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line
(Minimum space two lines.)
Situations Wanted 40c
Situations Wanted (Educational) 40c
Help Wanted 80c
Help Wanted (Educational) 80c
Male and Female 80c
Business Opportunities 80c
Real Estate 80c
Automobiles 80c
Boats and Supplies 80c
Pets 80c
Live Stock 80c
Poultry and Supplies 80c
Dogs 80c
Country Board 80c
Marriages 80c
For Sale 80c
Automobile Exchange 80c
Agents Wanted 80c
Employment Agencies 80c

Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c

For insertion in the Sunday issue the advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon today. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 2 P. M. Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the Daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Continued from Preceding Page.

TYPIST wanted by downtown bank; must be familiar with Ellis and Burroughs machine; salary to start $15; state experience; good opportunity. S 873 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid, to operate Underwood billing machine; permanent position. Rice & Hutching, Duane, corner Hudson.

TYPIST, experienced; salary $22. Benjamin F. Sachs & Co., 860 Madison Av., N. Y.

WOMAN
fitter, experienced in making garments from sketches; must be good sewer and fitter; permanent position; state full past experience and salary; preference given to woman with paper pattern house experience. Box 922, 200 Cable Bldg.

WOMAN wanted, white, for general housework; all the year, in town of Red Bank, N. J.; convenient house. Mrs. Will Hale, mail, 9 Prospect Place, Red Bank, N. J.

YOUNG GIRL in selling office; knowledge typewriting required. B 923 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, strong personality, assist young woman in responsible position; interesting business; attractive commission. P 924 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 17 years, to assist in office of jewelry factory; salary $12; references required. Untermyer, Robbins & Co., 38 Ferry St., between Gold and Cliff Sts.

YOUNG LADY, clerical work in office of large uptown corporation; good chance for advancement; state salary, nationality and experience. R 1059 Times Harlem.

YOUNG WOMAN who has had experience in handling magazine instalment accounts where premiums are used; must be rapid, plain writer; also who can operate typewriter; capable taking entire charge small department; references; salary expected. Write R. O., 220 Presbyterian Building.

YOUNG WOMAN with creative and executive ability to direct work in commercial photograph studio; must have knowledge of fashions; permanent position. Call Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, for book store. Apply Womrath, 21 West 45th, 5th floor.

STEADY WORK
AS
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
WE TRAIN YOU.
$15 TO START.
REGULAR AND FREQUENT INCREASES.
APPLY
1,158 Broadway, cor. 27th St., N. Y. C.
58 W. Fiqueion St., New York City.
81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.,
26 JOHN ST.
STENOS. (2), law, $35; engineering, $28.
STENOS. (10), various locations, $18-$35.
BILLER (Ellis), typist, $20.
TYPISTS (3), uptown and downtown, $16-$24.
TELEPHONE OPER., Long Island City, $22.
CLERKS, H. S. Grads., Al openings, $18.
NO REGISTRATION FEE. CALL 9 TO 2.

RADCLIFFE BUSINESS POSITIONS,
30 East 42d St.
Room 304A. Vanderbilt 10071.
We have the following positions with prominent Christian firms: Stenographers (2), $100 a month; comptometer operators (2), $25 a week; typists (2), $75 a month; file clerk (2), $65 a month, and telephone operators (2), $65 a month. No registration charge.

REFERENCE INVESTIGATION CO. (AGCY.)
SUITE 601-603, 132 NASSAU ST.
BOOKKEEPERS, complete set, $25-$35.
STENOGRAPHERS, various lines, $20-$30.
TYPISTS, various lines, $15-$20.
DICTAPHONE & E. FISHER OPER., $18-$20.
Above positions available immediately.

EMPLOYMENT SPECIALISTS,
Employment Specialists Building,
Many law and commercial stenographers needed at once, $25-$30-$35; steno. and reception clerk, $20; woman familiar multigraph machine, $20; bookkeeping, brokerage house, $30; Elliott-Fisher operator, $25. Registration free.

CANADIAN AGENCY, LTD., 350 Broadway.
STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$25; stenographers, practically every line, $25; several juniors, $15-$18-$20; bookkeeper-stenographer, $30-$35; bookkeeper, $25-$30; several clerical typist openings. No fee to Address Co.

COMMERCIAL
REFERENCE COMPANY,
148 Nassau St., 38 Park Row.
STENOGRAPHERS (9), $20, $25, $30.
TYPISTS (4), $20, $25, $30.
Elliott-Fisher Operator, $33; Typists, $20.

H. M. LAKE, 16 EAST 40TH, M. HILL 3123
Immediate, courteous, personal attention. Steno., good educ., excellent opening, $28. Literary asst., receptionist, $30. Typists, office assistant, $20-$25. Typists, $18.

BLANCHE REID AGENCY
orders being filled by Brown Agency, 200 Broadway; excellent openings for bookkeepers, assistant bookkeepers, junior clerks and office boys with high-class Christian firms.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
874 6TH AV. (47TH ST.)
SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS,
CLERKS,
ALSO SEVERAL EXECUTIVE POSITIONS.

FITCH PERSONNEL SERVICE,
15 East 40th. Murray Hill 2060.
SECY.-STENOG., Typists, Dictaphone Oper., Comptometer Oper., $1100; BEKEEPERS, $25-$35.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, $25; stenographers, $20-$22; typists, $15-$17. Greater New York Employment Agency, 558 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

ELEANOR D. McCOY,
15 JOHN ST. (cor. CORTLANDT) 5780.
STENOGRAPHERS, $15-$25. Must be filled at once! Christian firm.

ITALIAN - ENGLISH stenographer, $35; stenographers, beginners, $15; experienced typists, $15; Telephone Operator nights, $15. HORRIGAN AGENCY, 145 Nassau.

DAVID AGENCY, 17 West 42d. Stenographers, bookkeepers, Elliott-Fisher operators; Christian firms.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
1170 Broadway (28th St.). Stenographers $16-$25; Typist, $20.

ALBERT AGENCY, 489 5th Av. Stenographers, Christian firms, $25-$30, many permanent; bookkeepers, Elliott-Fisher op.

Instruction.

A PRIVATE SECRETARY.
Fifty employers, owners an executive of position that is truly enviable. YOU will do well to give thought to training in Secretarial Service Course, comprising shorthand, business—open the way. Drake Business Schools, New York and Brooklyn. Phone Stuyvesant 8753, or Prospect 7486 for catalogue.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained women; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses; uncrowded field; fine living; quick advancement; our methods endorsed by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 125, Washington, D. C.

SELF SUPPORT IN A MONTH.
Write, call or send for catalogue. Over 8,000 graduates; day, evening and correspondence courses. New York School of Filing, 1170 Broadway.

LEARN HAIR AND BEAUTY CULTURE.
Wonderful career for ambitious girls; special summer classes. Call, write. Bogkier F. Hilfred Academy, 136 West 44th.

EARN $25 weekly through Prof. Rohrer's (Famous Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 40th St., or Brooklyn, 15 4th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, for public accounting office; must be an A1 bookkeeper; state age, salary, experience. G 947 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—One experienced man with daily newspaper work and trailer with Brooklyn territory; write stating full particulars, salary expected, &c. J. P., Box M 883 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted; must be experienced man of good appearance; state salary, nationality and experience. R 1059 Times Harlem.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—New publication; good commission. 1,480 Broadway, Room 811.

ARTISTS.
Only advertising artists that can show they are good; all morning. Mr. Wish, 214 West 34th, Room 31.

BILL CLERK, for automobile concern; must be accurate and of neat appearance; write, giving past experience, references and salary expected. A. E., 40 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to take charge of office; knowledge of automobile business preferred; apply by letter, stating full qualifications and references; good salary. Leroy Auto Sales Co., 1,028 Central Av., Far Rockaway, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER, to take entire charge of books for wholesale meat and poultry corporation; must present highest references as to honesty, ability and character. W 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in the passenger department of a steamship company; must be a good writer and able to assimilate office details. Address, stating experience, age and salary, S 869 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man, by New York Stock Exchange house; must write excellent hand. Answer in own handwriting, giving experience, age and salary expected. V 892 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER by mercantile concern; address by letter only, stating experience, reference and salary desired. Brushes, 29 Mercer St.

BOOKKEEPER—Collection correspondent to actively take charge of above work for wholesale jewelers; state age, references, experience, salary. P 889 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—One who has worked for a stock exchange house preferred; state experience and salary. W 88 Times.

BOY,
17-18 years, to assist in shipping department; light work, with opportunity to learn testing business; must have good education; do not call, but write, stating age, education, experience.

ELECTRICAL TESTING LABORATORIES,
80th St. and East End Av., New York.

BOY, in office of large corporation; state age, education, experience; good opportunity for the right kind of boy; state age, education, experience and salary. M 961 Times Downtown.

BOY or young man to assist in office; good chance to advance; moderate salary to start; must have unquestionable references. 1,901 Broadway, 8th floor.

BOY, knowledge stenography, typewriting, Spanish, general export work; state full particulars and salary expected. S 889 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in woolen commission business. W 74 Times.

BOY wanted, school graduate, references, to work in book shop. Call after 9, 127 4th Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; give full particulars; references; telephone number. F 947 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced on Reo and White, for ambulance. Apply Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn.

CLERK for night watch, small family hotel, Jamaica; handle telephone. Apply Arlington, Hotel Harding, 54th and Broadway.

COAT and suit salesman wanted, for city and vicinity; only those with large following need apply; splendid opportunity for right party; commission basis. Richman Bros., 22 West 21st.

CORRESPONDENT and office manager, man with some experience in building material lines or construction preferred; must have best references. Address P. O. Box 9, Madison Square Station.

COST CLERK—WIDE AWAKE MAN NOT AFRAID OF HARD WORK; MUST HAVE PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES FROM MANUFACTURER. APPLY PERSONALLY. WOODWORKING CONCERN. FICKS REED CO., 228 BORDEN AV., L. I. CITY, NEAR HUNTER'S POINT SUBWAY STATION.

COST CLERK
in large factory; quick, accurate at figures; $30 to start; good opportunity; state full particulars. E 236 Times.

COUPLE, man, wife, white, no entire work six in family, New Rochelle; good home for right couple; salary $115. Telephone for interview, New Rochelle 2081.

CREDIT MAN wanted; experienced bank credit manager, with knowledge merchandising credits; write experience fully, salary expected, age, nationality; telephone number, confidential. B 921 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, EXPERIENCED
panel board and switchboard for light and power. Call or write Sprague, Grand St., Garrison Av., Maspeth, L. I.

ELECTRICAL INSTRUCTOR.
Man of considerable experience in all branches of electrical installation work; must have instructing ability; hours 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Apply between 10 A. M. and 11 A. M. Ask for Mr. Wilson, East Side Branch Y. M. C. A., 153 East 86th St., New York.

ELECTRICAL WIREMEN.
Wanted, a few electrical wiremen, experienced in the installation of power switchboards, motors and generators.
Write, stating age, education and experience, to
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
227 East 30th St., N. Y. City.

ESTIMATOR and draftsman; a high-grade interior woodworking concern has an opening for an experienced and capable man; salary and position permanent; only those stating fully previous employment, salary, &c., will be considered. W 82 Times.

HEATING ENGINEER wanted; one familiar with and able to make heating plans, also electric wiring layout; state salary. Box 404, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

INVESTIGATOR and adjuster wanted; large casualty company must have had similar experience; beginners not considered; reply very fully, giving full experience, references; salary $125 monthly. Box 426, City Hall Station, New York.

LEDGER CLERK, BY DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED CHECKING REMITTANCES, ALSO POSTING SALES AND CREDITS; NONE OTHERS NEED APPLY. S 893 TIMES.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS. McGraw Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St., 11th floor.

MACHINIST,
familiar with repair work, experienced on bookbinding machinery; write stating full particulars and references. Box 853, 209 Cable Building.

MANAGER for apartment hotel; must have at least 5 years New York City Hotel experience and understand thoroughly renting of apartments; salary $200-$225 monthly. Hotel Colonial, 81st St. and Columbus Av.

MAN
of unquestioned integrity and of recognized ability can command of us an unusual opportunity, very liberal inducement and the assurance of permanency of connection and increasingly remunerative future opportunity, selling life insurance contracts; we want especially a man who is willing to work hard when hard work leads immediately to exceptionally big commissions. Call 9 to 12 A. M., Mr. H. A. Shome, Suite 1150, 711 Broadway.

MAN, strong, to carry salesman's samples; state age and salary wanted, to Ambitious, 645 Times Downtown.

MEN.
Get the jump on tomorrow today. Set your mark high. Leave your yesterdays forever behind. Tackle a job that holds a sure future in tow. We stand ready to help. We're growing by methods that insure the steady advancement of every man we admit to our staff. Our security sales campaign is talked about everywhere as one of the most remarkable and most meritorious on record, and the commission earnings of our men, even the most inexperienced of them, are the envy of many a salesman of long experience. Our present needs, due to our rapid expansion, call for us to welcome about five men, honest, ambitious and capable of responding to advance, who feel it in their bones that they've got it in them to hold down executive positions paying substantial incomes. These men must be selected within the next three days. We set a definite time, 9:30 A. M., to conserve both your time and ours. Call and see Mr. Kerr at 9:30 A. M.

SUITE 602, TERMINAL BLDG.,
80 COURT ST., BROOKLYN.
(Borough Hall subway station.)

MEN.
We can place a few men, experienced in the use of voltmeters, ammeters, on testing new type of telephone central office equipment.
Write, stating age, education and experience to
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
227 East 30th St., N. Y. City.

MEN, for good paying sales service, wholesale or retailing; salary and commission. 153 Liberty St., Suite 901.

MILLINERY.
A LARGE WESTERN MILLINERY JOBBING HOUSE WANTS AN EXPERIENCED MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF TRIMMED HAT DEPARTMENT; MUST BE CAPABLE OF RUNNING A LARGE WORK ROOM; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. WRITE BOX 897, 905 FITZGERALD BUILDING.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for general work; state age, religion, experience and salary expected. W 90 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER
who can hire and handle sales organization, take charge New York office for large corporation; one who has managed insurance or brokerage office preferred; must be able to give bond. R. A., 207 Times.

PLATE GRAINER wanted by lithograph house; first-class, thoroughly understanding the business; 48-hour week; pleasant surroundings; references required. Answer, stating nationality, wages expected. V 853 Times Downtown.

ROOM CLERK, cashier, required immediately for medium sized downtown hotel; previous New York City hotel experience absolutely necessary; others need not apply; steady position to right party; salary $40 per week, no meals; state full particulars, experience, age, reference in application. W 75 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK—Permanent position open to young man who has had experience in packing and shipping laces, trimmings and robes. In your letter give details of experience, references and salary desired. A. B., Box 887 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK for cloak house; experience necessary. Norwalk Brothers, 105 Madison Av.

SOLICITORS—Two trained, reliable special edition men; attractive proposition; commission basis; daily paper. Phone Jamaica 4200.

STENOGRAPHER.
Manufacturing concern of high standing, has opening for bright, ambitious stenographer, beginner or experienced; good chance for advancement; state age, education, experience if any and salary desired. Write Gaskell Chemical Co., 23 Thames St., or phone Rector 6823.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, young man about 19; accurate, alert; knowledge billing; ability and willingness will bring advancement; growing electrical business; answering give age, experience, nationality, salary wanted. V 886 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, some experience, in engineering work for street railway company; salary $100 per month. W 69 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of soap factory; unusual opportunity for man with good record; confidential. X 2362 Times Annex.

TRANSLATOR, Spanish; we offer one of office, desk, typewriter and telephone in exchange for services in writing a few Spanish letters daily. Gordon Liebig & Co., 64 Water St.

TYPIST wanted by New York Stock Exchange, young man; must also be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address G. P. O. Box 825, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

WINDOW TRIMMER of ready-to-wear and to assist on floor for out of town specialty store. T 18 Times.

WRONG ADDRESS CLERK.
A large New York department store requires for their delivery department an experienced man; only those having New York department store experience need apply. W 86 Times.

YOUNG MEN.
We have a number of openings for single young men, between the ages of 19 and 25 years, to learn the installation of telephone switchboards; no experience necessary; good pay while learning; apply by letter only.
J. G., 854 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, understanding accounting, to act as assistant bookkeeper; chance to go on the road in six months if satisfactory; excellent opportunity; answer in own handwriting, giving age, experience, salary desired. R. S., 2365 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, assistant, cigar department of wholesale grocery, wrapping packages and clerical work. Address with full particulars by mail only, Seaman Brothers, Cigar Dept., Hudson and North Moore Sts., City.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 22, for wholesale hosiery and underwear house, splendid opportunity for one who is intelligent and capable of taking care of floor trade; only experienced need apply. Washington Mills, 366 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, over 20, high school education, to learn to sell advertising by telephone; training salary $12; advancement. Apply after 10 A. M., Mr. Lamson, Buyers' Guide Dept., Brooklyn Citizen, 3d floor, Fulton and Adams Sts., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, for receiving department; must understand clerical work and write a legible hand; good opportunity for ambitious party. Reputi, Inc., 14th St. and Hy Av., Long Island City.

YOUNG MAN, over 20, with bookkeeping knowledge, to be generally useful in children's coat house; excellent opportunity and chance to learn business; state salary and references. M 86 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 16; CLERICAL POSITION IN WHOLESALE GROCERY HOUSE; OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE; STATE AGE, REFERENCES AND TO START $12. V 877 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wanted by large export house; high school education desirable; must be willing to start at bottom; good opportunity. E 920 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 18 years of age wanted in selling office of a manufacturer; preferably without any business experience. W 18 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old, office assistant; good penman; closed Saturday, work Sunday. S 864 Times Downtown.

A GREAT CHAIN OF RESTAURANTS, established 20 years, is extending its service and increasing its capital, and is offering its stock with a guarantee of 7% on preferred and certainty of large participation on 20% earnings; commissioned salesmen; experienced salesmen may find lucrative employment selling this stock by calling at 149 Broadway, Room 753. Mr. Rowland.

Salesmen.

COMB SALESMEN—Large, established manufacturer of mounted combs is looking for experienced salesmen for city and traveling, to call on jobbing and large retail trade; also several salesmen to carry a side line. To right parties we can offer excellent proposition, drawing against commission; replies confidential. W 94 Times.

CORSET SALESMEN—Two high-class men with following in city for good established line; drawing account against commission. Call mornings 9 to 12, until Saturday, 119 West 40th St., Room 903.

EX-SERVICE MEN WANTED
FOR HOUSE-TO-HOUSE CANVASSING OF A NEW UP-TO-DATE HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY. BIG SALES, LARGE COMMISSIONS FOR LIVE WIRES. CALL BETWEEN 10-12 THURSDAY, 145 CHAMBERS ST.

FORD SALESMEN
NEW PLEASURE CARS AND TRUCKS; COMMISSION BASIS. WILLIAM KRAUSE GARAGE CORP., AUTHORIZED AGENT, 110TH ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST.

HOSIERY SALESMEN with following jobbers and department stores to sell direct from mills; high-grade silk; only men who can prove their hosiery experience considered; all territories open; commission basis; send references with reply or no consideration. Address Mr. Swade, care Apt. 2M, 300 Central Park West.

LACE CURTAIN SALESMAN
L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J., require a lace curtain salesman; one who has a thorough knowledge of upholstery goods; only those thoroughly experienced will be considered. Apply to Employment Office, 7th floor, between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M.

MAGAZINE AND BOOK SALESMEN.
If you are not making $100 per week you are wasting your time. See us at once at once. Chas. Scribner Sons, 597 5th Av., 3d floor. See Mr. Wacker. Call 9 to 12:30. Commission basis.

PRINTING SALESMAN.
EXPERIENCED,
MAN FOR MEDIUM-SIZED JOB PLANT; SALARY. BORDEN PRESS PUBLISHING CO., 114 FARR PLACE, NEW YORK CITY.

REAL ESTATE
salesman on development without competition; this proposition is a money maker for salesman who can sell and will work; no other need apply; must be high class and furnish good reference; liberal commission; state religion. P 853 Times.

SHOE SALESMAN to carry a side line of benchmade evening slippers; commission basis. P. Alexander & Sons, 697 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN to sell new butter cutter to hotels and restaurants; liberal commission, drawing account when qualified; ambitious workers have large earnings; excellent opportunity for territory; write stating experience to
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
227 East 30th St., N. Y. City.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SECURITY SALESMANAGER.
Must have successful record to hire and train men in the investment field; one who is interested in participating in underwriting profits in addition to over-writing commissions; we underwrite securities of corporations of good rating and dividend payers; no promotion propositions; to the right man we have a very attractive proposition and every co-operation possible will be given to secure salesmen and business.
I. D. NOLL & CO.,
Established 1909.
170 Broadway, New York City.

SECURITY SALESMAN wanted; commission basis; call 10 to 12 or 2 to 4, Bernard King & Co., 150 Nassau St., dealers in foreign bonds and securities.

STOCK SALESMEN.
Foreign languages speaking stock salesmen, POLISH, ITALIAN, HUNGARIAN, &c. If you are looking for a real proposition, here is an opportunity to establish yourself with a strong industrial institution. If you wish to better your conditions and provide for a bright future, tell us so. We will help you to do the real requisites of your past experience. What we want is men to prove that they possess real red blood. Representatives needed in every city in U. S. and Canada; commission. Write, call or phone today to
DAVIS CAN SERVER CORP.,
176 5th Av., Room 611.
CHELSEA 7083.

STOCK SALESMAN—Established concern, a leader in refrigeration, requires experienced security salesman of clean record who can get quick results with an attractive offer; commission basis. Inke, 25 West 44th St.

USED TRUCK SALESMAN,
experienced in handling all makes of trucks; reply, stating experience, salary and present and past employers. S. T., 296 Times.

SALESMEN,
Opportunity for Permanent Position.
Industrial corporation in New York City, owning and operating two complete factories is offering to a few salesmen the opportunity to make permanent connection in factory and sales organization.
For expansion purposes we need additional financing; our products have been nationally advertised for past 15 years; to men who are between the ages of 30 and 45, who are hustlers and desire to have a permanent future, we offer a very liberal commission and bonus during financing period; after necessary funds are secured, to men who have made good we offer a permanent position; men with proven records will find it to their advantage to investigate. Phone Circle 5183, or address W 89 Times.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED MILLINERY MAN WITH DEPARTMENT STORE AND GOOD RETAIL FOLLOWING, FOR ALL OF NEW YORK STATE, INCLUDING GREATER NEW YORK; ALSO NORTHERN NEW JERSEY AND NEW ENGLAND STATES, FOR HAND-BLOCKED LINE OF TAILORED MILLINERY; SPECIALIZING ON HATTERS PLUSH SAILORS, POSITIVELY PRICED ON $914 BASIS; ONLY HUSTLERS NEED ANSWER; ALL INFORMATION CONFIDENTIAL AND CORRESPONDENCE RETURNED; ANSWER BY LETTER FOR APPOINTMENT; COMMISSION. BOX 980, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN.
THE LARGEST FINANCIAL INSTITUTION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD REQUIRES SALESMEN IN THEIR BANK DEPARTMENT ON STRAIGHT COMMISSION. IF YOU ARE OVER 25 AND CAN QUALIFY YOU MAY COMMENCE WITH THIS LIFE WORK FOR A CONCERN WITH OVER $25,000,000 ASSETS.
NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY,
C. E. CONNELL, 25 WEST 45D ST.
ALSO
AL. H. KECK,
136 MARKET ST.,
NEWARK, N. J.

SALES MANAGER.
The largest candy manufacturers in Baltimore offer a fine opportunity to a high-class sales manager controlling firm business; must have held similar position for at least 5 years; only that type of man who will have no time untuned to make himself and his associates a huge success need answer; no personal interviews granted. Address C. C., Benedetti Chocolate Products Co., Baltimore, Md.

SALESMAN WANTED BY LARGE MANUFACTURER OF FACTORY SUPPLIES WHO IS DESIROUS OF PUTTING A SPECIALTY OF UNUSUAL VALUE AND GENERAL USE ON THE MARKET; MEN WHO UNDERSTAND ESTABLISHING DEALERS' TRADE AND WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK HARD AND CONSCIENTIOUSLY WILL FIND AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. WE PAY SALARY AND EXPENSES; STATE AGE, REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. V 881 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.
We want three aggressive, capable salesmen; we pay a liberal commission, and an aggressive worker can easily earn up to $500 per week, commencing at once; also further advancement is sure to the successful ones; this is a business service, not a stock proposition. G 509 Times.

SALESMEN.
Educated Men—Chance to connect with live Christian organization that is managing a drive for funds for a large local institution along publication lines as now offered; permanent selected position will be offered to those that qualify; men should be matured, well educated, have a pleasing personality. See Mr. Barden, between 3 and 5, at 1,819 Broadway, Room 1407.

SALESMEN.
We are financing production in our two operating Western factories; we need successful commission basis salesmen of more than average ability; we are internationally known and our products have made good; we can measure up to your standards; can you to ours?
CAMERON MOTORS CORPORATION,
2 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN WANTED BY IMPORTING FANCY GOODS AND BEAD HOUSE FOR NEW ENGLAND AND MIDDLE WEST TERRITORY; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH BUYERS OF THESE LINES; MAN CARRYING A KINDRED LINE PREFERRED; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION OR SALARY AND COMMISSION. Y. W. 920 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

SALESMAN—If you are really a capable salesman and can show a clear record we have an interesting proposition for you based on salary, bonus and commission; we sell paints and protective coatings in general to the highest type industrial trade and now have several openings in New Jersey territory; write fully. W 108 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell Protex signals to motorists; thousands have been sold in Greater New York; every Protex sold creates a demand for another; hundreds of prospects in your city; aid large advertising campaign to assist you; you can make real money at 33 1-3 per cent. commission. Aero Auto Supply, Inc., 8th Av., at 59th St.

SALESMEN wanted to handle a well-known Imported French perfume line on commission basis; only those able to furnish A1 references will be considered. X 2340 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, with following, for line of ladies' ready-to-wear, to call on dry goods stores; salary and commission. Box 937, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN,
competent to take charge of dress goods and silk departments; good opportunity.
CHARLES LYON,
786 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced mail now covering the retail hardware stores, offering a line of tools; drawing account, give experience in first letter. S 880 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, Continental Casualty Co., accidents, health department, personal producer; permanent renewals; advancement; rare opportunity; commission. Ask for Mr. Ford, 76 Fulton St.

SALESMEN—Three live men; experience not necessary; for specialty; drawing account and commission paid; only hustlers need apply. Call 9 A. M., Manhattan Lamp Co., 469 West 34th St.

SALESMAN—Exclusive city territory for phonograph cabinets; graduate of high school essential; base experience; opportunity to become district manager; commission. W 96 Times.

SALESMAN, well acquainted with architects, aggressive, whose personality commands respect, has unlimited opportunity with flooring concern; strictly commission basis. G 944 Times.

SALESMEN in hardware and house furnishing salesmanship to cover entire line of patented cooking utensils on commission. Square Products Co., Times Bldg.

SALESMAN, to call on ladies hat manufacturers; one who has proven record; commission basis. M. Shapiro, 705 Hart St., Brooklyn. Evergreen 2967.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Salesmen.

WANTED SALESMEN.
450 MEN NEEDED FOR EXECUTIVE POSITIONS.
The Business Builders has contracted to expand seven GOING industrial concerns by supplying them with men and with money.
We shall need during the coming year 450 men to aid the work of expanding these concerns and to take over the direction of the sales force as permanent jobs in these concerns.
These organizations have been accepted as clients by the Business Builders, after rigid investigation by industrial engineers of national repute, who attest to their sound value and worth.

QUALIFICATIONS.
The men who are needed by Business Builders and these concerns are men of native intelligence who have the ability to work and who can be trained to fill positions of authority and responsibility. If they have these qualities, we shall bear the expense of training them, and they will earn while they learn. They are put to work under a staff of men who rank with the greatest salesmen in America, under the personal direction of James W. Elliott; 50 per cent. of the successful men in this organization never had any previous experience in salesmanship.

107 MEN PROMOTED.
One hundred and seven men have already been promoted to positions paying from $5,000 to $15,000 a year. Four hundred and fifty more such positions are open to men who qualify.

INDUSTRIAL LEADERS AMONG DIRECTORS.
The men who are on the boards of directors of those concerns which Business Builders has contracted to expand or by supplying funds through the sale of securities and by supplying them with an executive man power, are an index to the character of these organizations.

Nicholas T. Ficker.	J. M. Gilbert.
E. St. Elmo Lewis.	H. w. Birkeen.
Charles Urban.	Otto w. Schrenk.
George E. Daniels.	Marshal J. Root.
N. E. Parish.	Judge Emil Fuchs.
Edwin S. Stokes.	Gedney Clyman.
Samuel K. Phillips.	Robert W. Fiske.
C. B. Knoeppel.	Ross J. Ellsworth.
William Gettinger.	Hon. John D. Works.
J. Bretz.	Hon. Chas. F. Murphy.
W. R. B. Whittier.	Charles Abbott.

JAMES W. ELLIOTT,
His Life in Its Work.
The Business Builders was founded a year and a half ago by James W. Elliott, who believed that building the man power of an organization should be in the hand with financing it. He started his organization with fifty salesmen. He has now a force of more than 1,000, and occupies the 12th and 13th floors of the Knickerbocker Building.
James W. Elliott is primarily a salesman. Before he was 20 he had sold goods in every State in the Union. His unusual ability as a sales manager is known to many salesmen throughout the country. He is writer of "Man Messages," which have been used by over 700 American industrial concerns to stimulate their sales forces. Every large institution in the United States is familiar with the products of his pen.

ADVANCEMENT AND OPPORTUNITY.
His organization has been built up under his personal direction and inspiration on a basis of merit. Success is achieved by any man who merits it. University graduates, lawyers, clergymen, college professors, telephone linemen, clerks, bookkeepers, work together and secure promotion on the basis of accomplishment.

EARNING WHILE LEARNING.
The selling of securities is the means through which executives are trained. The immediate earning power in commissions during the period of training is attractive. The average weekly checks of the men who are making good carry substantial figures—ranging from $75 to more than $100.
Call between 10 A. M. and 1:45 P. M., Sunday excepted, or between 7 and 8:30 P. M., Saturday and Sunday excepted. Ask for Mr. Wells, 12th floor.
JAMES W. ELLIOTT'S BUSINESS BUILDERS, INC.,
12th and 13th Floors,
Knickerbocker Bldg., 42d St. and Broadway.

SALESMAN,
CANDY.
Call on retail druggist and confectioners, New York City and Brooklyn, to sell well established line of candies; must be high calibre man with satisfactory credentials as to character and ability; drawing account and commission. S 878 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—BUSINESS MAN FOR LOCAL AND OUTSIDE TERRITORY; INTERVIEWING SUBSTANTIAL BUSINESS MEN REGARDING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; WORKING ON LEADS ONLY; COMMISSION; BONUS AND EXPENSES. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. BARCUS.,

SALESMAN WANTED BY IMPORTING FANCY GOODS AND BEAD HOUSE FOR NEW ENGLAND AND MIDDLE WEST TERRITORY; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH BUYERS OF THESE LINES; STATE PRESENT AND PREVIOUS CONNECTIONS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. W. R., 920 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

SALESMEN.
If you are a high-class securities salesman we have an unusually sound and profitable business proposition that will interest you; a short interview will convince you that this is the opportunity you are looking for to make big commissions. Suite 68, 2 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN visiting garages and motor trades; large refining company will pay commissions to men of right sort to sell motor oil as a side line; is steady business and will add nicely to income; opportunity to work into a branch manager's position open to those who show ability. T. H., 324 Times.

SALESMAN—LEADING FIRM IMPORTERS OF TINSELS, THREADS, TRIMMINGS, &c., SEEK ENERGETIC SALESMAN WITH FOLLOWING; ONLY APPLICANTS WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THIS BUSINESS CONSIDERED. ADDRESS, STATING COMMISSION, BOX 921, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN, OVER 30 YEARS OF AGE, WITH PRACTICAL BUSINESS TRAINING, FOR SECURITIES DEPARTMENT OF NEW YORK COMMERCIAL BANKING HOUSE; $7,500 TO $10,000 YEARLY ON COMMISSION. APPLY MR. WARREN, SUITE 604, 256 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN, covering New Jersey, Westchester or Long Island calling on garages, to handle S-A Piston Rings on commission.
PISTON RING CO.,
147 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN—Printing; commission man; not taking orders in sense; if dissatisfied at present it might be of mutual benefit to get in touch with E. C., 225 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, visiting out-of-town and city jobbers, notion and dress houses, to sell our Modelo hangers on commission. Modelo Garment Hanger Co., 108 Chrystie St.

SALESMAN for steel office furniture concern; splendid opportunity; selling experience not necessary; commission basis. Suite 901, 300 Madison Av.

SALESMAN—Traveling, calling on auto supply stores on New York and half light; 5 per cent. commission; pocket samples. X 2308 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—City agency sold-proof ink; commission; big money for right man. Call 9 to 1, Mr. Hall, Penn-Post Stops,

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Baker, Lt. Col. F. C., relieved from his additional duty as Prof. Mil. Sci. at North Pac. Dent Coll., Portland, Ore.

Gregory, Lt. Col. J. C., relieved from his additional duty as Prof. Mil. Sci. at Northwestern Dent. School, Chicago.

Tessaris, Maj. W. H., to Fitzsimmons Gen. Hos., Denver, for duty.

Adelotte, Maj. J. T., relieved from his additional duty with Thomas W. Evans Museum and Dental Inst. School of Dentis., Univ. of Pa.

Eberle, Maj. E. W., relieved from his additional duty as Prof. Mil. Sci. at St. Louis Univ. Dent. School.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Carpenter, Col. E., to Ft. Howard, with unit of the Organized Res.

Pitz, Maj. H. E., to Insp. Gen.'s Dept., Governor's Id.

Van Vecorst, 1st Lt. M., to 1st Signal Co., Camp Dix.

Infantry.

Schweickert, Capt. G. R., to Ft. McDowell.

Sherman, 1st Lt. J. B., to Camp Pike.

Field Artillery.

Armoman, Maj. G. E., from Finland to U. S. as student at Field Art. School, Ft. Sill.

Kranage, 1st Lt. O. J., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Miscellaneous.

King, Maj. A., Judge Advo., to Camp Benning, as camp Judge Adv., relieving Capt. A. D. Bolt, Judge Adv.

Bewley, Capt. S. H., Jr., Lateon, Capt. H. C. of E., from Hawaiian Dept. to U. S., and report by telegraph to Chief of Engrs. for duty.

Shirley, 1st Lt. B. E., Cav., to Air Svce., Carlstrom Field.

Leaves.

Coe, Maj., Gen. F. W., Chief of C. A., 10 days.

Bailey, Brig. Gen. C. J., U. S. A., 2 mos.

Kelley, Col. W. Jr., Adjt. Gen., 1 mo.

McNair, Col. W. S., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

Scott, Lt. Col. M. E., Dental Corps, 2 mos.

McAndrews, Lt. Col. J. R., Gen. Staff, 10 days.

Hilslip, Maj. W. H., Inf., 22 days.

Jewett, Maj. F. F., Inf., 2 mos.

Rogers, Maj. F. C., Qm. C., 1 mo.

Richardson, Maj. C. T., Ord. Dept., 2 mos. 20 days.

Patch, Maj. A. M., Jr., Inf., 15 days.

Brasina, Maj. F., P. S., 2 mos. ext.

Johnson, Capt. H. G., M. C., 1 mo.

Hopkins, Capt. G., Inf., 2 mos.

Heyser, Capt. M. C., Q. M. C., 1 mo.

Melin, 1st Lt. C. R., A. S., 2 mos.

Upstot, 1st Lt. J. E., A. S., 15 days' ext.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rebuilt cars offered by reliable dealers. Rate 65 cents a line.

LINCOLN 1921 touring, run 561 miles. Seen 630 5th Av. Cook-Macconnell.

LOCOMOBILE 1920 limousine, mileage 5,000; bargain.
YORK MOTORS CORPORATION,
Distributors Lincoln Cars.
217 West 57th St. Circle 1577.

MARMON 1922 NEW 34 DRIVEN 500 MILES; MUST SACRIFICE. BARGAIN. P 546 TIMES.

MARMON 1920 French brougham landaulet; fully guaranteed; bargain. Meyers-Stark, 1,930 Broadway.

MARMON 1920 sedan, practically new; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MERCEDES—Latest imported touring, 150 miles. Seen 630 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

MERCER USED CAR DEPT.—
STUTZ 1919 4-Pass.; reasonable.
HUDSON 1919 Touring, Limousine.
PAIGE 1918 Runabout.
ALSO
MERCER cars of all models, reconditioned and guaranteed.
Phone Circle 4967, Mr. Harris.

MERCER sport, 4-passenger touring; also Stutz roadster; excellent opportunity; time payments; trades considered. Knickerbocker Automobile Warehouse, 142 West 51st. Phone Circle 8902.

MERCER 1920 raceabout; also 1918 speedster; bargains. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MERCER 1914, 4-passenger touring, just rebuilt, sacrifice; make offer. 2,294 B'way.

NASH 1920 roadster, 3-passenger; also 1920 touring; both in splendid condition and offered exceptionally low to assure quick sale. Nash Agency, 1,400 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, near St. John's Place.

NASH coupe, 1920; like new; many extras; mechanically perfect. Col. 4648.

OLDSMOBILE 1920 touring, 7-passenger; like new; sacrifice. Warehouse, 152 West 90th.

PACKARD twin six landaulet limousine; custom body by Derham; perfect condition throughout; price $3,000. Panhard, 203 West 57th.

PACKARD "235" 7-passenger touring, unusual condition throughout; make offer. 2,294 B'way.

PACKARD 1919 touring, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3225.

PACKARD Fleetwood roadster, 1919, like new. Phone Perth Amboy 1514.

PIERCE-ARROWS.

Dual Valve and Series Four touring cars and limousines in guaranteed condition and newly painted. Prices are favorable.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
Pierce-Arrow Distributers in
New Jersey for 15 years,
418 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.

PIERCE-ARROW 1915 7-passenger B8 touring car, finest condition, appearance like new; any demonstration; bargain. Hess Bros., 212 West 43d. Bryant 3650.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 7-passenger limousine; coach work by S. R. Wood & Son; perfect condition; newly painted.
ROLLS-ROYCE,
785 5th Av. Tel. Plaza 8001.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 limousine, 48 H. P.; bargain. 10 West 60th. Columbus 5078.

PREMIER 1919 7-passenger touring, splendid condition; cheap.
YORK MOTORS CORPORATION,
Distributors Lincoln Cars.
217 West 57th St. Circle 1577.

RENAULT 4-passenger sport touring, demonstrator; imported body, like new; guaranteed. Renault Selling Branch, Inc., 719 5th Av.

REO 6-cylinder 7-passenger, like new; fully equipped; $650. Morningside 6943.

REO 1920 touring, practically new; sacrifice $1,100. 2,432 Grand Concourse (197th St.).

ROLLS-ROYCE.
Imported from Derby, England; Brewster coach work, open phaeton; looks like new; inspection invited; need cash. 1,891 Broadway, near 53d.

STANDARD 8, 1920, suburban sedan; finest possible condition; sacrifice price. Phone Mr. Emerson, Rector 9938, or Morn. 515.

STANLEY steamer, late model; can be seen any time. C. Banks Justice St., Elmhurst, L. I. Newtown 5005.

STEARNS 1920 five-passenger touring; best offer takes it. Taylor, Morn. 0151.

STUDEBAKER TOURING BARGAIN, $250. Balance $250, six monthly installments, purchase light 6-cylinder 5-pass. touring; inspected. 502 East 163d. Melrose 9490.

STUDEBAKER 1920 special "6" 5-passenger; guaranteed mileage 3,200; sell reasonable; no dealers. Hess Brothers, 212 West 43d.

STUDEBAKER, latest model, 6-cylinder 7-passenger, fully equipped; $1,350. Morningside 6045.

STUDEBAKER Special Six, 5-passenger, like new, equipped; $1,250. 208 West 128th.

STUTZ coupe, 1921, practically new; elegantly equipped; bargain; no dealers. Phone Chelsea 6072. Can be seen Herald Square Garage, 37th St., near 7th Av., New York.

STUTZ speedster, 1916, equipped with wire wheels, excellent condition, price $800. R. J. Maloney, 625 82d St., Brooklyn. Shore Road 0784M.

STUTZ 1921, 4-passenger, dark blue; perfect condition; run 2,100 miles only; owner leaving for Europe will sell for $5,000. X 3272 Times Annex.

STUTZ 1917 touring; splendid condition; attractive appearance; sacrifice. Kline, 418 West 54th.

STUTZ 1920 6-passenger; $1,800; many extras; 6 new tires. Col. 4648.

WESTCOTT touring, 1917, upholstery, paint and tires good; engine excellent; riding qualities exceptional; $500. Phone now, Jamaica 5080.

WESTCOTT 1920 coupe, like new; sacrifice, $1,900. 128 West 52d. Circle 8460.

AUTOMOBILE
REDUCTION SALE.

If there ever was an automobile opportunity this is it. To be able to secure high-grade automobiles at prices such as below for cars in perfect condition, late models and many extras is an opportunity that will never present itself again in motor car history.

SIMPLEX Limousine	$4,500
PACKARD Touring	2,500
COLE Sedan	2,500
PIERCE-ARROW Town	2,800
ROAMER Touring	1,000
OLDSMOBILE Sedan	2,000
KISSEL Touring	1,600
CADILLAC Phaeton	1,600
BUICK Coupe	1,450
DODGE Sedan	1,450
HUPMOBILE Coupe	1,250
LEXINGTON Suburban Sedan	1,200
BUICK Roadster	1,175
DANIELS Touring	1,100
STEARNS Limousine	1,100
REO Sedan	1,100
OLDSMOBILE Sedan	1,000
HUDSON coupe	1,000
WASH Touring	950
PAIGE Touring	900
CHALMERS Touring	650
MERCER Speedster	650
HUPMOBILE Touring	600
STUDEBAKER Coupe	500
OAKLAND Touring	475
STUDEBAKER Touring	450
CHALMERS Roadster	450
HUDSON Touring	250
ABBOTT-DETROIT Roadster	250

ROLLS-ROYCE.
Imported from Derby, England; Brewster coach work, open phaeton; looks like new; inspection invited; need cash. 1,891 Broadway, near 53d.

STANDARD 8, 1920, suburban sedan; finest possible condition; sacrifice price. Phone Mr. Emerson, Rector 9938, or Morn. 515.

STANLEY steamer, late model; can be seen any time. C. Banks Justice St., Elmhurst, L. I. Newtown 5005.

STEARNS 1920 five-passenger touring; best offer takes it. Taylor, Morn. 0151.

STUDEBAKER TOURING BARGAIN, $250. Balance $250, six monthly installments, purchase light 6-cylinder 5-pass. touring; inspected. 502 East 163d. Melrose 9490.

STUDEBAKER 1920 special "6" 5-passenger; guaranteed mileage 3,200; sell reasonable; no dealers. Hess Brothers, 212 West 43d.

STUDEBAKER, latest model, 6-cylinder 7-passenger, fully equipped; $1,350. Morningside 6045.

STUDEBAKER Special Six, 5-passenger, like new, equipped; $1,250. 208 West 128th.

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WESTCOTT touring, 1917, upholstery, paint and tires good; engine excellent; riding qualities exceptional; $500. Phone now, Jamaica 5080.

WESTCOTT 1920 coupe, like new; sacrifice, $1,900. 128 West 52d. Circle 8460.

Very Special Sale of
LOCOMOBILES,
Including our entire stock of
CURRENT MODEL TOURING CARS.
88 and 48 horsepower, 4, 6 and 7 passenger.
Rebuilt and Newly Painted With New Car Guarantee.
An exceptional opportunity to obtain the BEST the market affords at really remarkably low prices.
Particular attention is called to the fact that all cars included in this sale are practically like new in every respect.
LOCOMOBILE CO.,
Exchange Car Dept.,
16 West 61st St., Phone Col. 7780.

AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' ASS'N OF N. Y.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION
FOR USED CAR BUYERS.
EVERY USED CAR LISTED AND PRICED IN THE OFFICIAL USED CAR BUYERS' GUIDE IS GUARANTEED BY A RECOGNIZED AUTOMOBILE FACTORY AGENT. DO NOT BUY A USED CAR BEFORE GETTING A COPY OF THIS GUIDE. FOR SALE (5 CENTS) ON INTERBOROUGH SUBWAY AND "L" NEWSSTANDS, TYSON CO., LEADING HOTEL STANDS OR BY MAIL, POST FREE, FROM:
AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' ASS'N OF N. Y.,
1,545 B'WAY. PHONE COLUMBUS 3577.
FOR RELIABLE INFORMATION ON THE USED CAR MARKET CONSULT OR WRITE THE EDITOR OF THE GUIDE.

FOR SALE—Packard Twin Six, 2-25, four-passenger, chummy roadster; also Packard Twin Six Sedan, five-passenger, 2-25 model; both of these cars are in excellent condition and recently overhauled. Frank G. Albert, 94 Sanford Place, Bridgeport, Conn.

BODY—Cadillac suburban sedan, 1919, 7-passenger; bargain. Lawrence, 1,926 Broadway.

Unused Cars.

IMPORTED $10,000 ADLER CAR—Will sacrifice newest model 1920-21 7-passenger touring; disappearing top; finest coachwork; absolutely unused and perfect; V-shape radiator; push starting and lighting; wire wheels; need cash; accept German mark payment; low exchange your advantage; make liberal allowance for domestic car in part payment. 1,198 Ocean Av., Brooklyn. Apply Janitor or phone Mansfield 895.

PACKARD coupe, 8-35 model, custom built body; this car has never been used and can be bought at a bargain; no dealers apply. Frank G. Albert, 94 Sanford Place, Bridgeport, Conn.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED.
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

BACKARD AND CADILLAC, late models. Blue Bird Auto & Aero Service, 5 Columbus Circle. Columbus 5430.

FOUR-PASSENGER, late model, good condition; not over $800; no dealers. Phone Barclay 6318 today after 5:30 P. M.

HUPMOBILE 1919-1920 touring; pay spot cash; bargain. Mr. H., Circle 4163.

EXCHANGE two-family home for good car. Kean, 508 West 134th St.

CADILLACS 57 or 59 touring, rock bottom cash price. Telephone 1564 Circle.

Automobiles for Hire.

PIERCE-ARROW 7-passenger limousine, very attractive; new Brewster body. Arthur Anger, 1,750 Amsterdam Av. Phone Audubon 5396.

WINTON Six, attractive seven-passenger touring; perfect condition, fine appearance; easy riding; high-grade machine. Wadsworth 2071.

PACKARDS 1921, shopping, $3 hour; daily, weekly, monthly, special rates. Morningside 6894.

CADILLAC landaulet for hire; hour, day, month; rates reasonable. Callahan, Schuyler 6835.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, touring; calls; shopping; $3 per hour. Columbus 2151.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 W. 54th St. Circle 2800. First-class service at reasonable rates; monthly specialty.

PACKARD twin, beautiful landaulet; $3 hour, trips reasonable; owner drives. Schuyler 8528.

GENTLEMAN leaving city has for rent late model Marmon brougham. Riverside 2763.

PACKARDS, late model, $2 per hour and up or mileage. Circle 1893.

PIERCE-ARROW limousines by hour, day, trip or month. Phone Cliffside 1182.

PACKARD—Neat, touring twin six for hire, day, week, month. Harlem 296.

Automobile Bodies.

PIERCE "38" suburban sedan, body only. Vytlaka, 256 West 69th. Columbus 7236.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen. Day and evening classes.
Get booklet and pass. special ladies' classes.
302 West 87th St., New York.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $66, with driving, $90; weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue 4.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.
Leading School—Founded 1909.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY—JOSEPH L. MARTIN, Plaintiff, against NORTHWESTERN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Defendant.—SUMMONS.—TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT:
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated, July 1, 1921.
JOHN M. COLEMAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address 29 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.
THE NORTHWESTERN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Defendant in above action.
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Julius Mayer Martin, Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 3rd day of August, 1921, and filed with the complaint in the Office of the Clerk of New York County, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.
Dated, New York, August 3rd, 1921.
JOHN M. COLEMAN,
Attorney for Joseph L. Martin, Office and P. O. Address 29 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:
It is hereby certified, That the trade mark and label of "MEYER RUDIN," doing business under the trade name of "MODERN PURE FOOD PRODUCTS CO.," was this day registered in this office. The principal place of business of said "MEYER RUDIN" is located in the City of New York.
SPECIMEN OF TRADE MARK AND LABEL

MALTHOP

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the City of Albany, this twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one.
C. W. TAFT, Deputy Secretary of State.

A LARGE STOCK of tourings in Lexington, Abbott-Detroit, Buick, Chalmers, Chandler, Cole, Haynes, Hupmobile, King, Locomobile, Mailbohn, Maxwell, National, Oldsmobile, Overland, Paige, Packard, Reo, Studebaker, Velie, Winton, Willys-Knight; bargain prices; liberal time payments. Lexington Motor Co., 16 West 61st St., 7th floor.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The disturbance that was central off the Virginia coast Wednesday night has been attended by general showers in the last twenty-four hours in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States and the Atlantic States, except in Northern New England and Northern New York. Over the remainder of the country generally fair weather has prevailed.

Pressure continued high Wednesday off the South Atlantic Coast and was high and rising over the Lake region and the central valleys. Another disturbance of moderate intensity was central north of Montana Wednesday night, moving eastward.

Cooler weather overspread the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the southern portion of the Middle Atlantic States Wednesday, while there was a reaction to somewhat higher temperature in the Lake region, the Upper Mississippi Valley, the plains States and the Central Rocky Mountain region.

Local thunder showers are probable in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States Thursday and in Florida Friday. Otherwise generally fair weather will prevail in the States east of the Mississippi River during the next two days. Moderate temperature will prevail in middle and northern sections east of the Mississippi River Thursday, followed by somewhat higher temperature on Friday.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Northern New England, Southern New England, Eastern New York and New Jersey—Fair Thursday and Friday, with moderate temperature.

Western New York—Fair Thursday and Friday; somewhat warmer Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1921.	1920.		1921.	1920.
3 A. M.	62	60	4 P. M.	65	75
6 A. M.	62	57	6 P. M.	64	75
9 A. M.	63	60	9 P. M.	64	70
12 M.	62	69	11 P. M.	64	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 63; for the corresponding date last year it was 68; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 8 P. M. it was 64. Maximum temperature, 65 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 61 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 97 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.99 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.03 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:00—607 E. 13 St.; D. Rosenthal	Not given
12:15—360 Cherry St.; M. Liebowitz	Not given
12:45—78 Eldridge St.; P. Weinkowski	Not given
2:40—87 to 89 Worth St.; Hoffman Hardware Co.	Not given
3:40—618 S. St.; Abe Sieg	Slight
4:25—217 Chrystie St.; L. & C. Plaiting Co.	Not given
5:15—251-7 Canal St.; Standard Drug Label Co.	Not given
8:40—372 South St.; Corrugated Paper Co.	Slight
8:50—88 Willett St.; Sarah Hyland,	Not given
11:35—196 Mercer St.; H. Richter	Slight
P. M.	
1:40—400 E. 161 St.; J. Felnberg	Slight
3:00—12 6 Av.; R. Terrone	Slight
4:00—130 W. 46 St.; Joseph Neyles Film Machine Co.	Not given
4:15—206 Delancey St.; M. Buck	Not given
5:05—29 Union Square West; Miska Importing Co.	Not given
5:30—611 Amsterdam Av. (auto); Raynor Meade	Not given
9:35—95 East Broadway; Lens & Merzin	Not given
10:50—183 Allen St., L. Lathan	Not given
11:05—490 Broadway, Federal Neckwear Co.	Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Another examination for patrolman, Police Department, has been ordered. Applications will be issued in September. Vacancies in the force are growing constantly. It has been calculated that the natural changes in the department, due to deaths, resignations, dismissals and retirements, average one man and three-quarters a day.

United States.

The commission announces for September 7 an examination for laboratory aid in agricultural technology, either sex, in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at $540 to $900 a year. Applicants may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be examined in general agriculture, 20; botany and microscopy, 25; free-hand drawing and elementary mechanical drawing, 25; education and experience, 30. At least two years' educational training of an agricultural character in a college or university or high-school standing, or two years' experience in a chemical or physical laboratory, is a prerequisite. In view of the retirement act, should the appointing officer so request, examination will not be made of eligibles who have reached their fifty-fifth birthday. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Whitehead, Cmdr. W. E., to temporary duty, Navy Yard, Boston.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS.

Harlow, H., to Dest. Force, Atl. Fl.

King, J. L., to command the Dyer.

Sampson, R. E., to Cmdr-in-Chief for assignment.

LIEUTENANTS.

Alexander, J. J., to the Wyoming.

Barringer, V. C., to the Buchanan.

Brandeis, C. A., to Navy Rifle Team, Nav. Acad.

Garrett, W. S., to temporary duty, Navy Yd., Boston.

Jacobsen, J. V., to the Wyoming.

Legge, K. D., to Cavite.

Kelly, R. G., to the Albany.

Smead, G. M., to the Wyoming.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	7:48	8:11	8:19	8:38	9:57	10:19	A. M.	P. M.
Low water	1:46	2:02	2:20	2:34	4:08	4:24	5:54	8:05

Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
United States	Copenhagen	July 22
Cardovia	Santos	July 11
Mariculbo	Curacao	July 24
Faduray	Hamburg	July 16
Veendyk	Gibraltar	July 17
Munarria	Colon	July 26
Henry R. Malloy	Havana	July 30
Dante Alighieri	Naples	July 22
Frieda	Marseilles	July 16
Munwood	Santiago	July 10
Taka Tybat	San Juan	July 21
John Plumer	Anlitis	July 27
Melville Dollar	Colon	July 24
Eastern Dawn	Antwerp	July 12
Blair	Palermo	July 16

DUE TODAY.

Lancaster	Naples	July 19
M. Luckenbach	Bordeaux	July 20
San Giorgio	Naples	July 12
Gen. Gorgas	Colon	July 23
Hampton Castle	Southampton	July 20

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Montclair	Falmouth	July 23
King City	Tenerifffa	July 18
Assyrian	Glasgow	July 23
Oregonian	Hamburg	July 22
Melford Hall	Perim	July 10
Anchovis	Hamburg	July 19
Vasari	Rio Janeiro	July 17
Archimedes	Manchester	July 23

DUE TOMORROW.

Cibita	Southampton	July 26
City of Lahore	Philadelphia	Aug. 4

DUE SATURDAY.

Niew Amsterdam	Rotterdam	July 28
Colon	Bristol	July 30
Francisco	Hull	July 25

DUE SUNDAY.

Old North State	Boulogne	July 28
Kroonland	Antwerp	July 29

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
France, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, &c.
Argentina, Trieste	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece, Jugoslavia.
Canada, Marseilles	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Azores, Portugal, Italy.
Mount Clay, Hamburg	12:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria, Hungary.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	12:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Finland.
Canto, Havana	5:00 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	Progreso, Tampico, Vera Cruz.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Latira, Danzig	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Germany, Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia.
Astrea, Port au Prince	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Haiti, Curacao, Venezuela.
Parmia, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Antigua, St. Kitts, Barbados.
Advance, Haiti	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Zeeland, Antwerp	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Plymouth, Cherbourg, Belgium, Congo.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Plymouth, Boulogne, Holland.
America, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	East Africa and Northwest Asia.
Calabria, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Vigo, Gibraltar.
Migali Hellos, Pireus	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy and Greece.
Hawaiian, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	
Ft. Hamilton, Bermuda	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	
Rosalind, St. Jonn	7:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Scotland.
Zacapa, Kingston	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Jamaica, Cuba, British Honduras.
Maracaibo, Mayaguez	8:30 A.M.		Anacao and Venezuela.
Echo	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Toloe, Canal Zone	7:30 A.M.	11:30 P.M.	Havana, Central America and West Coast of South America.
Morro Castle, Havana	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
E. Dollar	Shanghai	July 21
West Hepburn	Auckland	July 25
Hellig Olav	Copenhagen	Aug. 2
Nanario	Bombay	July 20
Vestus	Montevideo	Aug. 1
Mesaba	Manila	Aug. 2
Santa Ana	Valparaiso	Aug. 2
Aquitania	Southampton	Aug. 2

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
North America	Valparaiso	July 20
Black Sea	Alexandria	Aug. 1
Banholm	Darimouth	Aug. 2

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Crewe Hall, Piraeus	Aug. 10	12:00 M.
Vasconia, London	Aug. 4	10:00 A.M.
Elmland, Amsterdam	Aug. 4	10:00 A.M.
Kenowis, Hamburg	Aug. 5	12:00 M.
Cabo Villano, Cadiz	Aug. 6	11:00 A.M.
Mahopac, London	Aug. 6	10:00 A.M.
Galilleo, Hull	Aug. 6	10:00 A.M.
Lalande, B. Aires	Aug. 6	11:00 A.M.
New Britain, Antwerp	Aug. 7	10:00 A.M.
Flounda, Cadiz	Aug. 10	10:00 A.M.
Crewe Hall, Piraeus	Aug. 10	12:00 M.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 7 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Seattle ..... Keystone State....Aug. 4

Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco ..... Korea Maru ....Aug. 4

Hawaii, via San Francisco ..... Watsonia .....Aug. 5

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. ..... Empress of Japan.Aug. 6

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle ..... Eldredge .....Aug. 7

Hawaii, Philippine Islands and Straits Settlements, via San Francisco ..... Creole State .....Aug. 8

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Moukden, July 12; Kobe, July 15; Nichonan, July 16, which arrived per steamer Tyndareus—were despatched east from Seattle on July 29, and are due in New York today.

Postmaster Morgan invites attention to the following announcement by the Post Office Department: The Postal Administration of Italy had advised that the following articles may now be dispatched to that country through the medium of the parcel post: Cloth; linen; fans; feathers, ornamental; raw and manufactured; flowers, artificial; glassware, jaded, engraved, gilded, silvered; guns, pistols and revolvers; hair, manufactured; hats, women's, trimmed; jewelry, gold and silver; laces, net and cloth (embroidered); mother-of-pearl, standing, or two years' paper and cardboard, manufactured articles of; perfumery; precious stones, except those for industrial use; tea; toys, including those of wood.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Perth, June 29; Melbourne, July 6; Sydney, July 6; Wellington, July 11; Auckland, July 13, which arrived per steamer Makura were despatched east from Seattle on Aug. 1, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Aug. 6.

CUNARD ANCHOR

Passenger and Freight Services
From New York
CHERBOURG AND SOUTHAMPTON
BERENGARIA .....Aug. 18 Sept. 22 Oct. 29
AQUITANIA .....Aug. 23 Sept. 13 Oct. 4
EMPRESS OF CHINA .....Sept. 7 Oct. 1
LIVERPOOL
VASARI .....Aug. 9
CARMANIA .....Aug. 13 Sept. 10 Oct. 8
ALBANIA (new) .....Aug. 20 Sept. 17 Nov. 1
CARONIA .....Aug. 27 Sept. 24
SCYTHIA (new) .....Sept. 6 Oct. 11 Nov. 15
PLYMOUTH, HAMBURG AND DANZIG.
SAXONIA .....Sept. 15 Oct. 29 Dec. 13
LONDONDERRY AND GLASGOW
COLUMBIA .....Aug. 13 Sept. 10 Oct. 8
ALGERIA .....Aug. 20 Oct.
CAMERONIA (new) .....Aug. 27 Sept. 24 Oct. 22
VIGO, GIBRALTAR, PATRAS, DUBROVNIK, TRIESTE AND FIUME.
CALABRIA .....Aug. 6
HAMBURG AND DANZIG.
PANNONIA .....Aug. 18
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
ASSYRIA .....Aug. 13
CUNARD-MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, MONACO, NAPLES, ALEXANDRIA, PIRAEUS, PATRAS, TRIESTE. (Ports vary according to cruise.)
CARONIA .....Oct. 22 Dec. 7
CAMERONIA .....Nov. 19 Jan. 10
Cunard and Anchor Steamship Lines,
25 Broadway, New York.

U. S. MAIL LINE
100% Service 100% Service
NEW YORK TO EUROPE
Sailings from Pier 74, 34th St., N. R., U. S. S. Geo. Washington and America (Piers 3 and 1, Hoboken) excepted.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
AMERICA: Aug. 27—Sept. 28—Oct. 29
GEORGE WASHINGTON:
Sept. 3—Oct. 4—Nov. 5
PLYMOUTH—BOULOGNE—LONDON
New—Luxurious—Comfortable
OLD NORTH STATE:
Aug. 16—Sept. 20—Oct. 25
CENTENNIAL STATE:
Oct. 11—Nov. 15—Dec. 15
BREMEN—DANZIG
POTOMAC: Aug. 10—Sept. 22
PRINCESS MATOIKA: Aug. 25—Oct. 3
HULSON: Aug. 30
U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
45 BROADWAY 2050 Whitehall

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Short Route and through bookings to principal points in Scandinavia, Germany and Baltic States.
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. Stockholm...Aug. 20 Oct. 1 Nov. 12
S. S. Drottningholm...Sept. 3 Oct 15 Dec. 3
Superior Passenger Accommodations.
Passenger Office, 24 State St., New York

Transatlantica Italiana
Two of the Largest and Finest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between
NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES.
S. S. Dante Alighieri.....Aug 13
S. S. Giuseppe Verdi.....Sept. 10
1st Class, $280 up; 2d Class, $160 up.
McDONNELL & TRUDA, General Agents,
2 State Street, New York.

ITALIAN LINES
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA &
TRANSOCEANICA
AMERICA (Naples & Lavori) .....Aug. 6
TAORMINA (Palermo, Naples, Genoa) Aug. 19
EUROPA (Naples and Dubrovnik) .....Aug. 27
San Giovanni (Palermo, Naples, Genoa) Sept. 2
TAORMINA (Palermo, Naples, Genoa) Oct. 1
ITALIA AMERICA, 1 State St., N. Y.

COSULICH (Trieste) LINE
NAPLES—PATRAS—DUBROVNIK—TRIESTE
Argentina ..... Aug. 27
Persia ..... Sept. 27
PERELLO BROS. & CO., General Agents,
25 Battery Place, New

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

$5,000 to $10,000, with or without services, to extend manufacture and sale of quick desirable trade item; already on market; unlimited possibilities with necessary capital; this proposition is bona fide; no time to waste on disinterested parties. Harry S. Beale, 500 5th Av.

I WILL ASSIST ANY WELL-RATED BUSINESS THAT NEEDS ADDITIONAL CAPITAL; NOMINAL CHARGE; DO NOT REQUIRE FLEECING ACCOUNTS. G 562 Times.

WILL PURCHASE or loan moneys on notes receivable, open accounts, installment leases and mortgages, conditional sales, contracts and other negotiable securities. E 348 Times.

ACCEPTANCES purchased, loans on stapled merchandise. John A. Curtiss, 115 Broadway.

$5,000 to invest with services in going business. Sibley Co., 1,493 Broadway. Bryant 4277.

YOUNG MAN will invest $500, with services; expects drawing account; prefer retail business. B 290 Times.

CAPABLE business man will invest $10,000 with service in growing business. B 504 Times.

BUSINESS MAN has $5,000-$20,000 to invest with services; give full particulars first letter. M 963 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WANTED—Loan of $2,000 on personal note for one year at interest of 6% and bonus; principal and interest payable quarterly in equal instalments; a third interest in well-rated, paying business given as security; shares to be returned upon liquidation of note; quick action; write for interview. S 550 Times.

HIGH-GRADE manufacturer cloaks and suits, complete factory equipment now in complete operation, would like to get in touch with cloak and suit salesman with capital; or will combine with firm high-grade cloak and suit organization who lacks manufacturing facilities. Write only, G. M., 133 East 17th.

CONSERVATIVE, growing corporation with fine, exclusive product, selling nationally, offers position of Treasurer to responsible party willing to invest $20,000 to $50,000 if and as required to extend business. X 2231 Times Annex.

A MAN or group of men who will finance ready-to-wear contracts; excellent proposition where principal is protected and large returns assured. For particulars address B 465 Times.

RESPONSIBLE hotel man with capital can secure lease, furniture and fixtures of one of the largest hotels in New York; principals only will be given particulars. Address H. M., 101 Tim.s.

ACTIVE or silent partner wanted to finance patented meritorious and useful office article which is being manufactured and has great, immediate demand. B 872 Times Downtown.

ESTABLISHED dress jobber desires partner, one able to invest from $10,000 to $15,000 with services; all communications strictly confidential. Write X. Y., 520 Presbyterian Building.

WEST POINTER, with two years' service, now resigned, wants partner to back him in enterprise; highest references; communication confidential. Box 84, Times Square Station, city.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, established manufacturer, desires joining responsible party financing small patented device selling important industries; orders awaiting production. E 523 Times Downtown.

ESTABLISHED company requires investment of $1,000 for business expansion; thorough investigation invited. THOMAS, Room 705, 206 Broadway.

UNUSUAL opportunity for investors; missionary work and incorporation completed; small capital required for urgent business. E 861 Times.

MAN with $100,000 to $300,000 as partner in financial discount and credit business; principal secured. Call Schuyler 7867 before 11 A. M. or after 4 P. M.

WANTED—A partner to finance and market a new automobile lens, superior and cheaper than any made; liberal arrangement with satisfactory party. P 550 Times.

TOOL manufacturing corporation in New York City wants financial partner to invest from $5,000-$10,000 to increase production and enlarge plant. E 248 Times.

MULTIGRAPH business requires partner with $2,500 or will sell; exceptional opportunity. E 919 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

AN OPPORTUNITY WITH AN IMMEDIATE INCOME—We want a man in every large and small community to introduce—which means quick sales—the OPTO LENS. The only motor-light lens that complies with the law of every State and makes perfect night driving. Fits any headlight. Our exclusive district agents must have good credentials and enough capital to start in business immediately. We guarantee against every objection. Easy to organize a staff of salesmen that sell for YOU. We train our district managers to handle the big business that is sure to come their way. Your territory won't be vacant long. Write today. C. G. Zimmerman Company, Circle Studio Building, New York City.

SALES AGENCY.

Well established firm distributing nationally known products, has room for one or two more articles of merit; interested only in merchandising lines; splendid sales organization, with big following. W 8 Times.

WHO WANTS efficient, high-grade representation in the most prosperous section of the United States—the hard coal region of Pennsylvania? Have an office and car and storage facilities, if necessary. Only first-class offers from responsible business firms will be entertained. X 2254 Times Annex.

ENGLISH engineering firm, with connection in British dairies, desires to take up high grade American dairying machinery to manufacture in England; American engineers prepared to enter into arrangements are invited to reply to Box No. 1063, Dorland Agency, 16 Regent St., London, S. W. 1., England.

METAL SPECIALTY manufacturer, located in southeastern part of New England, and equipped with automatic machinery, wants to produce light metal stamped parts or fully assembled articles in quantity on contract basis. X 2256 Times Annex.

WE HAVE 400 lots, centrally located in Mamaroneck, which we would like to dispose of to close an estate; would like to negotiate with responsible builder. Estate of D. Carroll, 280 Ransom St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOVEJOY toilet preparations, widely known and sold throughout the States, desire to expand their sales through reliable representation. Write Lovejoy Laboratories, 226 Adams St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WILL LEASE following departments: millinery, cloak, hosiery, gloves, underwear, in Norfolk, Va. 100% location. For details call or write M. Doniger & Co., 154 W. 23d.

GOING business manufacturing staple article would consider taking one into corporation who possesses sales ability. S. D., 320 Times.

ACCOUNTANT desires extra work; systems, audits, bookkeeping; moderate charge. T 17 Times.

ADVERTISE in publications of Germany for business connections. M. Klein, 1,133 Broadway.

EXECUTIVE, experienced, legal and commercial training, desires connection. F 638 Times Downtown.

WILL import direct from foreign manufacturing concern. X 2260 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

CONFECTIONERY, soda, luncheite, store, Broadway, Times Square district. Sibley Co., 1,493 Broadway. Bryant 4277.

DRY GOODS STORE for sale; must sell immediately; no dealers. W 321 Times.

GARAGE—Fine location; new full 55 cars; wholesale sale. B 376 Times.

SAYS POLICEMAN ASKED $700 BRIBE

Alleged Victim of Extortion Tells of Giving $60 in Marked Notes for Freedom.

CAUGHT IN A DRUG RAID

Charges He Paid Several Instalments Before Trap Was Laid for Accused Officer.

Mrs. Grace Humiston, the lawyer, appeared in the West Side Court yesterday when Policeman Horace M. S. Matheson of the West Forty-seventh Street Station was held in $10,000 bail for examination tomorrow by Magistrate George W. Simpson on a charge of extorting $60 from Joseph Ciaccio of 108 Eldridge Street, who admitted he had been a drug addict.

Mrs. Humiston explained that although she was not Ciaccio's attorney she had taken him to the Meyer committee on Tuesday when he told her of his appointment with the policeman to deliver the $60 so as to avoid arrest for selling narcotics. She said that the Meyer committee had ignored the charge and that she personally brought Ciaccio to Chief Assistant District Attorney Joab H. Banton, who sent three detectives to trap Policeman Matheson at Eighth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street.

"Mr. Banton deserves all the credit in this case," she said. "He dug up the facts and is now prosecuting the policeman."

"Mrs. Humiston came here with Ciaccio," Mr. Banton said later, "and when Ciaccio related his experience with the policeman I immediately called in Detective Sergeants Thomas, Russo and Cunniff of this office and told them to accompany Ciaccio to the place of appointment with Matheson and arrest the policeman when he accepted the money."

Matheson pleaded not guilty. Mrs. Humiston sat beside Magistrate Simpson during the arraignment and later left the court with Ciaccio.

"I was arrested last week for having sixty grains of narcotic in my possession," Ciaccio said, "and was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station until I was released in $500 bail for examination tomorrow in the West Side Court. Last Saturday I was in the apartment of a woman friend in West Forty-eighth Street, when Matheson and another policeman came in. They searched me and found my bank book showing deposits of $900. They didn't find narcotics on me, but they found some on the woman. I had been an addict four months, and Matheson recognized me from seeing me in the police station when I was arrested several days before.

"The $900 had been left me by my wife for our child when she died several months ago. Matheson insisted that I go to the bank and give him the $900. I said that I couldn't give him all of it because I had to keep some of it for the baby. I said I would give him $700 of it, and a short time after I met Matheson and gave him $68. That night I met him again and gave him $100.

"Then he told me that I would have to meet him and other policemen Monday with the rest of the money. I got in touch with Mrs. Humiston and told her about the policeman's demand. I went to the appointed place on Monday, and under Mrs. Humiston's instruction, pleaded that I could not give them the money that day; but would have it at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Humiston took me to the Meyer Committee, but when they paid no attention to the matter she accompanied me to Assistant District Attorney Banton's office and arrangements were made for the policeman's arrest. The $60 in bills were marked by the detectives."

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents a word each insertion.

FOR SALE.

ELECTRICAL AND BATTERY SERVICE STATION FOR SALE.
STOCK, FIXTURES AND TOOLS.
GOOD REASONS FOR SELLING.
IN TOWN OF 100,000.
WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.
ADDRESS BATTERY,
X 2250 TIMES ANNEX.

FOR SALE.
At attractive price to quick buyer, silk mill, 14 plain broad silk looms, with all auxiliary machinery, with space for 36 additional looms, one story, up-to-date daylight brick building, 60x184 feet inside; humidifiers installed; will consider taking in partner with $25,000 capital. X 2257 Times Annex.

GASOLINE station auto supply store and vulcanizing on prominent corner of Brooklyn's busiest auto avenue; reason for selling other business interests; a good opportunity for live man with some capital. Address A. Fischer, U. S. L. Battery Station, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

FACTORY complete, for sale, sixteen machines, cutting tables and cutting machines, showroom and fixtures; good downtown corner location; complete plant, light and airy and suitable for skirt, dress or waist factory. Apply 27 West Houston St., sixth floor, New York City.

AGENCY for well-known popular price automobile in heart of Brooklyn's auto district; established business; long showroom lease; $10,000 cash. Address "Agency," 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE in the Catskill Mountains, an all-year-round business in a town of 1,000 population, making yearly $7,500; stock $25,000; building for sale or let. Inquire X 2217 Times Annex.

VALUABLE lease for sale, beautiful spacious store on 57th, near 5th Av.; with or without long established millinery business. W 57 Times.

MANUFACTURING PLANT, well rated, staple products, includes foundry and machine shop, doing countrywide business; $6,000. E. 924 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY SHOP, corner, good lease; money maker; strict investigation. G 826 Times.

LUNCHERONETTE in Broadway hotel, cheap lease, cafe restaurant, 23d St., West; bargains. A. Mosel, attorney, 115 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT, hotel, 60 rooms, with large restaurant on ground floor, seating capacity 200; hotel located in heart of business city; $15,000 cash required. Apply Henry Shonberger, Easton, Pa.

BUSINESS LOANS.

CASH advanced on outstanding accounts, merchandise, warehouse receipts, notes, trade acceptances at lowest rates. Capital, 317 Times.

NOTES, trade acceptances and warehouse receipts purchased; we are not brokers. A. R., 204 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

WANTED—Good going business; must stand investigation; clients waiting. Walter Sibley Co., 1,493 Broadway, Bryant 4277.

WILL sell your business confidentially; partnerships arranged. Howard Katz, 1,493 Broadway. Telephone Bryant 4646.

ADVERTISING, all kinds, everywhere; catalog free. Scott & Scott Adv. Agency, 220 West 42d. Bryant 8507; open evenings.

Bank and business references required for all advertisements of Business Opportunities.

BUSES DISPLACE TROLLEYS.

Put In Use in Des Moines When Car Service Ends.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 3.—A complete system of bus transportation will begin functioning on every street car line in Des Moines at midnight tonight, when street railway service will be suspended under an order issued by Federal Judge Wade at the request of the receiver of the car company and bondholders.

The service suspension is the culmination of a controversy of several years, street car company officers declaring the present situation is the direct result of the inability of the company to operate under a five-cent franchise without bus competition and under an eight-cent fare with unrestricted bus competition.

Judge Wade declared in his order that the property could not be operated longer without financial prejudice to bondholders and creditors, and it must therefore be sold to satisfy bonded and general debts.

An attorney for a bus association told the City Council today that sixty-one buses would be in operation tomorrow and that 75,000 riders could be handled daily. Approximately 750 employes of the car company will be thrown out of work by the suspension.

Sale of the railway property under the mortgage foreclosure will not be ordered by Federal Judge Martin J. Wade for at least a month, and probably more than sixty days, according to lawyers.

The outstanding bonds of the company total $4,875,000, but debentures and notes bring the total indebtedness up to $7,500,000. Approximately 700 employes will be thrown out of work when the cars are taken to the barns.

TOOK RARE COINS, ENDS LIFE

Dr. Gann, Curator of Collection, Followed Frauendorfer's Example.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 2.—On the heels of the sensational suicide of the Bavarian Minister, Dr. Frauendorfer, whose forgery of rare coins was recently exposed, another noted German numismatist, Dr. Gann, custodian of the State coin collection in Dessau, Anhalt, has committed suicide when faced with punishment for having misappropriated 600 rare coins, valued at 700,000 marks, including unique gold coins once part of the collection belonging to the Empress Catherine II. of Russia, who was a Princess of Anhalt. The custodian's thefts from the collection were discovered when a university student in Halle saw exposed for sale in a shop window several coins of which he was aware that only one specimen was known to exist in the world.

After her husband's suicide Frau Gann also killed herself.

HELD ON FORGERY CHARGE.

F. J. Heidrich of Lakewood Arrested at Watertown.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Fred J. Heidrich of Lakewood, N. J., a certified public accountant and former executive Superintendent of a hospital in New York City, was arrested here this afternoon on a charge of forgery in the second degree in passing two bad checks aggregating $1,488, to Fred Hamburg, a Lakewood feed dealer, two weeks ago.

Heidrich told the authorities that he was on his way to Montreal and had already purchased his railroad ticket for a train this afternoon.

Heidrich, the police say, has a prison record of two years' time at Sing Sing after he was convicted of misappropriating funds of a publishing company of New York, of which a Dr. Schwarz, suspected of being a German spy, was the head. Schwarz was under surveillance of the Federal Secret Service and died three days before he was to be arrested. The company, according to the police, was found to have been organized for the purpose of spreading German propaganda in the United States during the war.

FUNERAL OF WAR VETERAN.

Newark Father Explains Why Soldiers Left Coffin on Porch.

Funeral services for Silvinio Bufanio, a private from Newark in the 312th Infantry, who was killed in the Argonne Forest, were held yesterday in the East Side Presbyterian Church, Newark, N. J. Interment was in Fairmount Cemetery.

Correcting a report that soldiers had left the coffin containing his son's body on the porch of the Bufanio home, 128 East Kinney Street, Newark, Mr. Bufanio said the coffin had been delivered last Friday, instead of Tuesday, as first reported. He said the soldiers who brought it to the Bufanio home found the stairway too narrow for them to go up. Accordingly, Bufanio said, they were instructed to leave their burden on the porch.

COUPLE HELD FOR THEFTS.

Epidemic of Rooming House Robberies Laid to Prisoners.

Thefts from rooming houses in the vicinity of the West Thirtieth Street Police Station probably will cease through the arrest yesterday of Joseph Lambasis and his wife, Jessie, according to Detectives Lowenthal and Ford, who made the arrests. Information furnished the detectives by roomers in the house led them to enter the couple's room at 321 West Thirtieth Street and charge them with robberies in that house and others on the same street. Checks were found for five suitcases in the Pennsylvania Station said to have been filled with wearing apparel of all kinds. One was identified by Arthur Schultz, a room in the house, as his property. The loot was worth about $500, the police say.

ENJOINS SUGAR MORTGAGE.

Equitable Trust Company Submits Prior Claim of $76,000.

The Equitable Trust Company obtained a temporary injunction from Supreme Court Justice Martin yesterday restraining the Central Sugar Corporation from mortgaging its property to secure a proposed bond issue of $3,000,000 until it has paid an alleged indebtedness of $76,000 to the trust company. The petition for the injunction asserts that the sugar company has not sufficient funds on hand to meet existing liabilities.

A letter sent by officers of the company to stockholders states that the money to be raised by the mortgage is to be used for the development of the plant in Cuba and the planting of the sugar crop. A committee which investigated sugar conditions in Cuba reported, it is said, that without the funds the crop cannot be harvested.

BOY SENT TO ELLIS ISLAND.

Entry Held Up Despite State Department's Permit to Doctor.

from Stuttgart, Germany, arrived yesterday in the first cabin of the Scandinavian-American liner United States to be adopted by Dr. William Roeber of 847 South Fifteenth Street, Newark, N. J. He was ordered sent to Ellis Island as an alien and under the age of 16.

Dr. Roeber said that he had received written authority from the State Department to bring the boy into the country. He will go to Ellis Island this morning, when the case comes before a special board of inquiry.

Sentence Five to Go to Church.

WASHINGTON, N. C., Aug. 3.—Five young men of this city are under sentence to attend church regularly for one year. They were convicted of stealing automobile supplies, and Judge Horton gave them their choice of going to the county roads for one year or attending church regularly for the same length of time.

ATTACKS SHUSTER'S POLICY IN PERSIA

Baron Korff Says American's "Impatience and Tactlessness" Brought On Crisis.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN WAR SCARES

Edward VII. Gets Credit for Bringing Nations Together — Secret Diplomacy Aided Misunderstandings.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 3.—It was only by the narrowest of margins that war between Russia and England was averted many times during recent years, according to Baron Sergius A. Korff, former Deputy Governor of Finland, who lectured before the Institute of Politics today.

"The feeling of mutual distrust and hostility," said Baron Korff, "developed strong roots which spread deep into the psychology of the two nations, and it took a very long time and quite unusual circumstances to eradicate the enmity between them. Germany, with her mechanical conception of international relations, was even strongly counting on this when she was diligently preparing for the World War. She was hoping that the former enmity between England and Russia would help her to detach Russia from the Entente and bring her over to the side of the Teuton powers."

That war was finally averted and Russia and England appeared as allies in the great war was due in great measure, according to the speaker, "to the statesmanlike vision of Edward VII., who saw Germany as the threatening enemy."

In describing the situation in Persia, which at one time threatened to embroil the two nations in armed conflict, Baron Korff commented interestingly on the conduct of W. Morgan Shuster. He said:

"Finally in 1911 there appeared on the scene the American Treasurer General, Morgan Shuster, who by his impatience and tactlessness soon brought the crisis to a head. It was Persia, however, who had to pay the price for this diplomatic game. Morgan Shuster had a splendid chance of playing the role of Bismarck in 1878, of an 'honest broker' between the two contending sides, the Russian and English, if only he would have handled the situation cautiously and tactfully. He started, however, just the other way by violently antagonizing the Russians. One must say, however, that in no way did Shuster represent the United States; on the contrary, and this was rather unfortunate, he managed the situation single-handed. There was no moderating influence from Washington."

Secret Diplomacy at Fault.

Baron Korff closed with an earnest deprecation of the methods of secret diplomacy and an explanation of how this secrecy made it impossible for the British public to comprehend the reasons for the growing rapprochement of their Government with Russia.

"These feelings," he said, "could have been changed, and I contend they ought to have been changed, by one possible means, by public discussion of the foreign policy. It would have helped Russia immensely by forcing upon her Government constitutional reforms very much needed at that moment. Neither the British nor the French Government realized sufficiently that they were backing autocracy and not the Russian nation. On the part of France there might possibly be found some psychological reason for such a policy, explained by her great anxiety created by the very real German danger, though even then personally I have my doubts. In the case of England no possible excuse exists for this fatal mistake; it seems so much more strange, because at the head of the British Government there stood a liberal statesman of avowed liberal principles and ideals."

No Danger of Economic Reprisals.

Professor Achille Viallate of Paris, a prominent French economic authority, the second lecturer of the day, declared that as long as Europe was in imperative need of our foodstuffs, the United States had nothing to fear from foreign trade reprisals, no matter how independent her commercial policy may be.

"Since the United States," he said, "has been until recently an exporter almost exclusively of food products and raw materials, of all of which Europe was in imperative need, the nations of the Old World could not make use of reprisals against the United States, even when your Congress adopted an extremely protectionist policy."

CHINESE MAIL SENT BY AIR.

Peking-Shanghai Flights for Passengers Are to Begin Soon.

PEKING, Aug. 3.—Airplane flights between Peking and Shanghai, with stops at several places on the way to accommodate passenger and mail traffic, have been planned to begin this month, following the successful inauguration recently of a tri-weekly postal service between Peking and Tsinanfu, in Shantung Province.

The initial flight to Tsinanfu, 257 miles from Peking, was accomplished against a head wind in 2 hours and 55 minutes. The return, with the wind diagonally across the course from behind, was done in 2 hours and 30 minutes. The airplane was of an English commercial type, capable of carrying twelve passengers.

A corps of Chinese students is in training, and it is expected that natives eventually will take over the business of piloting the big machines. For some time to come, however, this will be done by foreign experts.

INDICT 21 JAPANESE IN RIOT.

Six Leaders Surrender at Honolulu, Six More Taken at Hilo.

HONOLULU, Aug. 3 (Associated Press).—Twenty-one Japanese, many of them prominent, were indicted here yesterday on charges of criminal conspiracy in connection with violence incident to the strike of sugar plantation workers last year.

Six of the indicted men surrendered; six others were arrested at Hilo, Island of Hawaii. Three are known to have escaped to Japan.

The culminating act of violence during the strike occurred June 30, 1920, when the house of a Japanese who refused to join the strikers was dynamited. The laborer, his wife and three children were asleep in the side of the house opposite the blast and were uninjured.

United States Wins Ontario Suit.

TORONTO, Aug. 3.—The United States Government today acquired the ownership of $370,000 worth of property at Brantford, Ontario, as a result of a judgment by Supreme Court Justice Kelly. The property was claimed by Motor Trucks, Limited, which made howitzer shells for the American Army during the war. When other contract adjustments had been settled, the question of who owned certain buildings and other property used by the manufacturers was taken into court.

Saxonia at Cherbourg, 4 Days Late.

CHERBOURG, France, Aug. 3.—The Cunard Line steamer Saxonia arrived here this morning, four days late, the delay being due to trouble with the liner's engines, which need overhauling she sailed from New York July 28.

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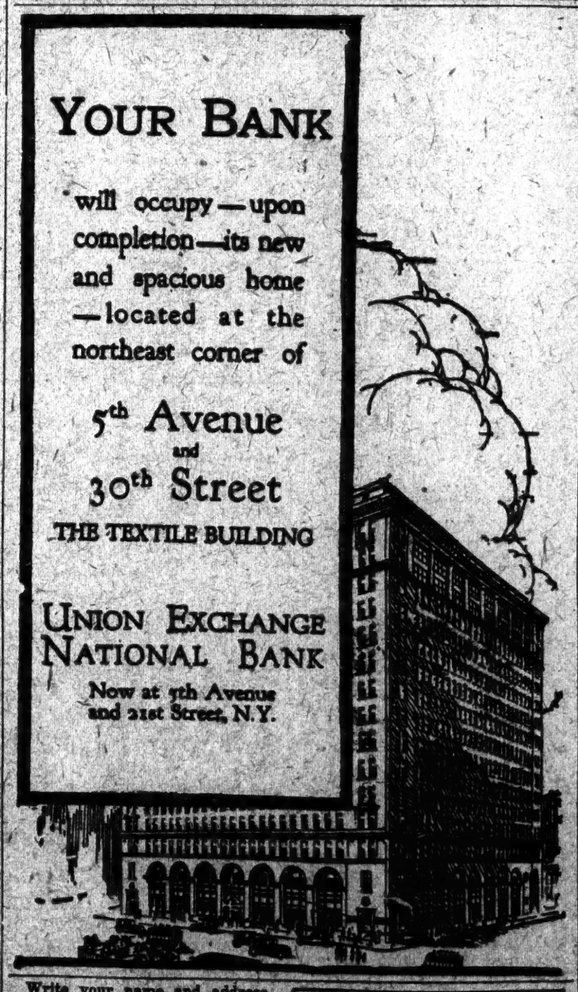
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